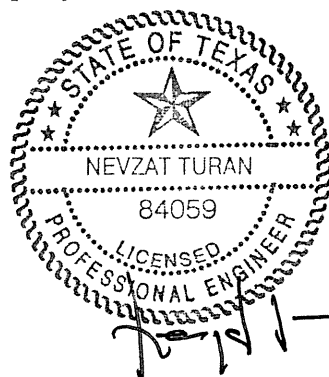


**TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
TCEQ PERMIT NO. MSW-1417D**

MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT APPLICATION

VOLUME 3 OF 6

Prepared for
Texas Regional Landfill Company, LP
February 2022



Prepared by

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WCG Project No. 0771-368-11-123

This document intended for permitting purposes only.

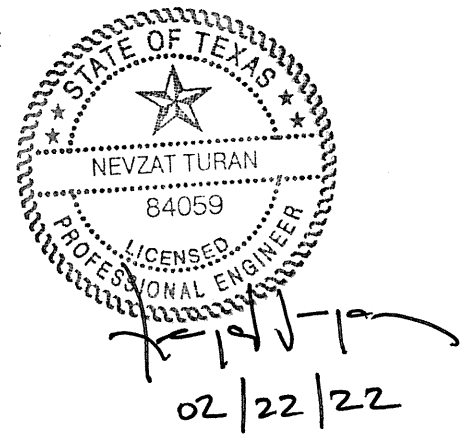
TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
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PART III - SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

Appendix III F – Surface Water Drainage Report



**TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
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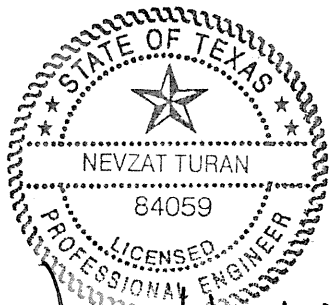
MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT APPLICATION

**PART III – SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN
APPENDIX III F
SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE PLAN**

Prepared for

Texas Regional Landfill Company, LP

February 2022



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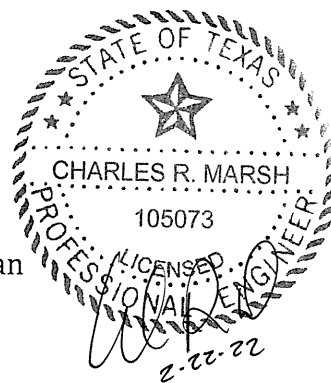
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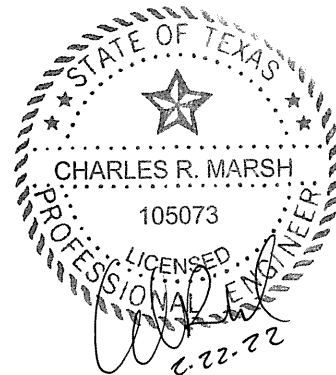
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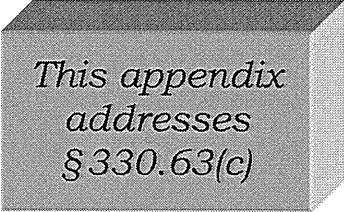
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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose

The Surface Water Drainage Plan is prepared as part of a permit amendment application for the Turkey Creek Landfill consistent with Title 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 330. This plan addresses surface water drainage design and erosion control. Permit level plans and details are presented for the proposed drainage system in this appendix. Appendix IIIF also includes a demonstration consistent with Title 30 TAC §330.305(a) confirming that the proposed landfill development will not adversely alter permitted drainage patterns.



*This appendix
addresses
§330.63(c)*

This appendix includes the design of the final cover erosion control structures (i.e., chute and swale system), perimeter drainage channels, detention ponds, as well as hydrologic calculations. Consistent with Title 30 TAC §330.63(c) and §330.305(b) and (c), these facilities are designed to convey run-off produced from the 25-year storm event. In addition, an Erosion Control Plan for all phases of landfill development is included in Appendix IIIF-F. All drainage facilities will be constructed and maintained in accordance with this plan.

1.2 Drainage Demonstration

Section 4 of this appendix includes a demonstration that the proposed landfill development will not adversely alter the existing permitted drainage patterns. As noted in Section 4, the proposed condition represents the final configuration of the site after the expansion of the landfill has been developed. Consistent with Title 30 TAC §330.63(c)(1)(C), §330.63(c)(1)(D)(iii), and §330.305(a), the proposed condition is compared to the existing permitted condition to demonstrate that the proposed expansion will not adversely alter the existing permitted drainage patterns.

1.3 Floodplain

As a part of the proposed expansion, a CLOMR was prepared for the landfill area as the 100-year floodplain is located within the proposed development areas. The

current effective FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map for the area of the landfill is provided on Figure 4.6 and excerpts from the proposed CLOMR are included in Appendix IIF-G. As shown in the excerpts, the 100-year floodplain will be contained around the landfill footprint and will not encroach on the limit of waste.

2 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

2.1 Drainage System Layout

Stormwater runoff collected in swales located on the top dome and sideslopes of the landfill will be conveyed to drainage letdown structures (chutes) down the slopes to the perimeter channel system. The perimeter channels will be constructed before fill is placed above existing grade in each adjacent landfill sector. The perimeter drainage system will be constructed as the site is developed. Additional details regarding the existing condition of the perimeter drainage system and the sequence of development for the drainage system is listed below.

- Currently the site drains toward the south/southeast through perimeter channels on the south and east sides, and toward the north through perimeter channels on the north and west sides of the fill area as previously (or currently) permitted.
- Consistent with the natural drainage patterns, the currently developed areas drain toward the southeast and north portion of the permit boundary as previously (or currently) permitted.
- The final stage in the perimeter drainage system construction is shown on the landfill completion plan on Drawings I/IIA.3 and IIIF.1. A detailed drawing of the perimeter channels located along the permit boundary is provided on Drawings IIIF.4 through IIIF.6.

As shown on Drawing IIIF.1 – Drainage Structure Plan, runoff generated from within the permit boundary will discharge north to Turkey Creek, which flows in a northwest to southeast direction on the north side of the landfill property adjacent to the landfill boundary on the north. Stormwater discharge from the north and west sides of the landfill will be attenuated by a detention pond located at the northeast side of the permit boundary before flowing off the permit boundary at the northeast. Stormwater from the west side of the landfill will be routed through proposed channels and attenuated by a detention pond and discharged into Turkey Creek from the northwest. Stormwater from the south side of the landfill will be routed through proposed channels and discharged into an unnamed tributary of Turkey Creek from the southeast.

The facility has been designed to prevent discharge of pollutants into waters of the state or waters of the United States, as defined by the Texas Water Code and the Federal Clean Water Act, respectively. Turkey Creek Landfill has a current Texas Pollution Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) multi-sector general permit

for industrial activity as stipulated under Section 402 of the Clean Water Act and under Chapter 26 of the Texas Water Code, the TPDES program. A copy of the multi-sector permit is included in Parts I/II, Appendix I/IIE. Any stormwater that has become contaminated by contact with the working face or with leachate will be handled in accordance with Appendix IIIC – Leachate and Contaminated Water Management Plan. The facility maintains a current Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan prepared consistent with TPDES permit requirements.

2.2 Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan

The Turkey Creek Landfill will use various interim and permanent erosion and sedimentation controls throughout the life of the site. The interim controls will be used around active areas and external embankment sideslopes and top dome surfaces. These controls will include temporary letdown structures, soil berms, and vegetation of intermediate cover areas to minimize the erosion potential from these areas. These interim controls will be used during all phases of landfill development to provide effective erosion stability for the external sideslopes and top dome surfaces. Refer to Appendix IIIF-F – Erosion Control Plan for All Phases of Landfill Operation for more information.

Permanent controls include swales and chutes that will be constructed upon completion of the final cover. As part of the final cover construction, an erosion layer capable of sustaining vegetation will be constructed. Areas that receive final cover will be vegetated in accordance with Appendix IIIJ – Closure Plan upon completion of final cover placement. Final cover vegetation will protect the erosion layer soil against erosive runoff velocities. A soil loss and sheet flow velocity demonstration for the erosion layer is included in Appendix IIIF-D. The erosion layer will include a vegetation layer that provides for a 90 percent ground coverage, to keep soil loss below the required design values. If there are areas that do not maintain at least 90 percent vegetative coverage, vegetation in these areas will be reestablished to maintain at least 90 percent vegetative cover.

Erosion will be controlled by vegetation in drainage structures with flow velocities less than or equal to 5 feet per second (fps). For drainage structures with flow velocities greater than 5 fps, rock riprap, gabions, or other surface reinforcing materials as designed will be used for surface reinforcement as depicted on the plans.

During site development, measures such as best management practices (BMPs) and sedimentation ponds will be employed to control erosion and sedimentation. BMPs may include the use of temporary rock riprap, silt fences, straw bales, check dams, interceptor swales and berms, temporary and permanent seeding and sodding, surface roughening, matting and mulching, sediment traps, and surface wetting for dust control (refer to Appendix IIIF-F for more information).

Sedimentation ponds used as erosion control BMPs may consist of (1) existing borrow areas converted to sedimentation ponds, (2) future cell excavation areas, (3) temporary ponds in undeveloped footprint areas, (4) permanent detention pond that will be installed at the south side of the permit boundary, and/or (5) temporary ponds outside the permitted footprint, all of which will be constructed to meet the requirements of the temporary sedimentation pond and located within the permit boundary. See Appendix IIIF-F for more information.

Runoff volume (25-year, 24-hour storm event) from the active fill area (i.e., working face of the landfill operation) will be contained by the containment berm (see Part III, Appendix IIIC – Leachate and Contaminated Water Management Plan for details) to prevent potential discharge of contaminated runoff from the site.

2.3 Stormwater System Maintenance Plan

In accordance with Title 30 TAC §330.305(e)(1), Turkey Creek Landfill will restore and repair constructed stormwater systems such as channels, drainage swales, and chutes in the event of wash-out or failure from extreme storm events. Stormwater BMPs installed during all phases of landfill development will also be replaced or repaired in the event of failure. Excessive sediment will be removed, as needed, so that the drainage structures (i.e., perimeter channels and detention ponds) function as designed. Site inspections by landfill personnel will be performed weekly or within 24 hours after any significant rainfall event (e.g., a rainfall event with 0.5 inch or more precipitation). Documentation of the inspection will be included in the Site Operating Record.

The following items will be evaluated during the inspections as further discussed in Appendix IIIF-F and Part IV – SOP:

- Erosion of daily and intermediate cover areas, final cover areas, perimeter ditches, chutes, swales, detention ponds, berms, and other drainage features.
- Settlement of intermediate cover areas, final cover areas, perimeter ditches, chutes, swales, and other drainage features.
- Silt and sediment build-up in perimeter ditches, chutes, swales, and detention ponds. Removed silt and sediment can be used as daily cover or to replenish intermediate cover soils.
- Obstructions in drainage features.
- Presence of erosion or sediment discharge at offsite stormwater discharge locations.
- Presence of sediment discharges along the site boundary in areas which have been disturbed by site activities.

- Presence of erosion over the bed and banks of the unnamed tributary of Turkey Creek. If any erosion problems are noted, necessary actions will be implemented to repair damaged locations.

Maintenance activities will be performed to correct damaged or deficient items noted during the site inspections. These activities will be performed as soon as possible after the inspection. The time frame for correction of damaged or deficient items will vary based on weather, ground conditions, and other site-specific conditions that may prevent access to the area requiring repair.

Maintenance activities will consist of the following, as needed:

- Vegetation reestablishment.
- Placement, grading, and stabilization of additional soils in eroded areas or in areas which have settled.
- Replacement or repair of riprap or other surface lining materials.
- Placement of additional riprap in eroded areas.
- Removal of obstructions from drainage features.
- Removal of silt and sediment build-up from drainage features.
- Repairs to erosion and sedimentation controls.
- Installation of additional erosion and sedimentation controls.

3 DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN

3.1 Methodology

Drainage calculations for the final cover system erosion control structures and perimeter drainage system are based on the peak flow rates resulting from the 25-year frequency rainfall event for the area. The United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) HEC-1 computer program was used to compute peak flow rates produced from the design storm for the completion conditions. The hydraulic methods employed in this study are consistent with those presented in the TCEQ *Guidelines for Preparing a Surface Water Drainage Report for Municipal Solid Waste Facility* (RG-417, May 2018) and the TxDOT Bridge Division Hydraulic Design Manual, September 2019.

Water surface profiles were determined for the perimeter channels using the Channel Analysis Program (HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS Version 2.0.1 for Windows, Dodson & Associates, 1996-2010) that is based on Manning's formula for uniform flow and HEC-RAS, A river analysis system computer program (version 6.0.0 2021) that is based on the solution of one-dimensional energy equation with energy loss due to friction. The perimeter channels are designed to collect and route runoff from the 25-year frequency storm event to the detention pond. Manning's "n" values for the channels and culverts were taken from the TxDOT Bridge Division Hydraulic Design Manual (Table 4-7, page 4-43; and Table 4-9, page 4-46), September 2019.

3.2 Hydrologic Analysis

3.2.1 Description of Computer Program

HEC-1 was developed by the USACE Hydrologic Engineering Center to simulate the surface runoff response of a watershed. The HEC-1 model represents a watershed as a network of hydrologic and hydraulic components. The modeling process results in the computation of stream-flow hydrographs at desired locations in the watershed. The hydrologic analysis for the post-development condition is presented in Appendix IIIF-A. The hydrologic analysis for the permitted landfill completion condition is included in Appendix IIIF-E.

3.2.2 Watershed Subareas and Schematization

The landfill areas that contribute flow to each detention pond were delineated into subareas to derive peak flow rates for the design of the perimeter channel and final cover drainage letdowns. Hydrographs are developed for each subarea and appropriately combined and routed through the swales and perimeter channels. The subareas are shown on Drawing IIF.2 – Post-Development Drainage Area Plan as well as in Appendix IIF-E for the permitted completion condition.

Offsite areas (areas outside the permit boundary) incorporated into the hydrologic analyses as appropriate have been delineated using topography obtained from the United States Geological Survey 7.5-Minute Quadrangle for Alvarado, Texas and Grandview, Texas. The offsite drainage area delineation is shown on Figure 4.3 for the post-development discharge analysis. The offsite areas are also included in the hydrologic analysis for the permitted landfill completion condition, as shown in Appendix IIF-E.

3.2.3 Time Step

The time step, or the program computation interval, is the time interval at which the flow rates for the hydrographs are generated by the program. Time step used for a design storm event hydrograph generation is 5 minutes.

3.2.4 Hypothetical Precipitation

The hypothetical storm data used in the post-project analysis was obtained from the NOAA Atlas 14 for the project area and is consistent with the existing permitted data. For the design storm event analysis, a return period (frequency) of 25 years and a duration of 24 hours is used. The precipitation is assumed to be evenly distributed over the entire area modeled for each time interval.

3.2.5 Precipitation Losses

Precipitation losses (the precipitation that does not contribute to the runoff) are calculated using the Soil Conservation Service (SCS) Curve Number (CN) method. CN is a function of soil cover, land use, and antecedent moisture conditions. A CN of 86 was selected to represent the final cover sideslopes, and a CN of 85 was selected for final cover top dome surfaces. A CN of 100 was used for the detention pond areas. Further discussion on selection of CN values is provided in Appendices IIF-A and IIF-E for post-development and permitted landfill completion conditions, respectively.

3.2.6 Hydrograph Information

Two different types of hydrograph generation methods have been used in the drainage analyses: distributed runoff methods and the Snyder unit hydrograph method using the Espey “10-Minute” method for parameter estimation. Muskingum-Cunge and pond storage discharge methods were used for hydrograph routings. Example hydrograph development information for both distributed runoff and Snyder unit hydrograph methods is provided in Appendix IIIF-A.

Distributed Runoff Methods

The distributed runoff method (e.g., kinematic wave method) is applicable to small stormwater catchments with uniformly sloped overland flow plains that drain into channels. Landfill final cover areas consist of relatively short (typically 100 feet on 3.5H:IV sideslopes) overland flow lengths that drain into landfill final cover swales. Distributed runoff estimation methods are applicable to landfill final cover areas because of the following:

- These methods were developed for uniform slopes that drain to collection channels. For a landfill final cover area, this translates to an overland flow segment of final cover that drains to a swale.
- These methods were developed for a network of relatively small drainage areas. Typically, to design the various perimeter channels, landfill drainage areas need to be subdivided to determine a peak flow at several points.
- These methods are also inherently conservative because it is based on watershed dimensions as opposed to other methods that use empirical information. Also, this method is conservative because flow attenuation is not accounted for.
- This method is also more conservative than the rational method because watershed lag time is computed as a function of real flow time without any limitations such as using a minimum time of concentration (i.e., 10 minutes), which is common practice for the rational method.

The kinematic wave method has been used for estimating peak runoff rates from the landfill final cover areas. A hydrograph from each drainage area with channelized flow (e.g., landfill final cover areas to swales) was developed using the kinematic wave method to simulate both overland and channelized flow. This method utilizes a simplified form of the energy equation and is based on the characteristics of the drainage area, swale, or channel. This method uses physical (measurable) characteristics (e.g., flow lengths, slopes, surface roughness coefficients, channel cross sections) of a watershed to estimate peak discharges.

Snyder Unit Hydrograph Method

The Snyder unit hydrograph method has been used mainly for non-landfill drainage areas (e.g., offsite drainage areas). The method is applicable to drainage areas with a wide range of characteristics. Several different methods have been developed to estimate Snyder unit hydrograph parameters (watershed lag and peaking coefficient). Espey "10-Minute" method was used in this project to estimate Snyder unit hydrograph parameters. The Espey "10-Minute" method was developed using flow records from 41 different watersheds in Texas and other states. The main advantage of the Espey "10-Minute" method is that it is one of the best methods for small-size drainage areas.

Hydrograph Routing

The Muskingum-Cunge Method (RD record in HEC-1) was used for routing of the flood wave through the drainage channels. This method is capable of accounting for hydrograph attenuation based on physical channel properties such as length, bottom slope, channel shape, and channel roughness.

Hydrographs at pond outlets were generated by routing the combined incoming flow hydrographs through the ponds. Pond routings (RS – Storage Routing record in HEC-1) were performed by using storage/elevation relationships for each pond by defining pond surface area versus depth. Additionally, discharge structure (low level outlet and spillway) characteristics of each pond are used for pond routing.

3.3 Hydraulic Analysis

3.3.1 Swale and Channel Analysis

Drainage structure details are illustrated on Drawings IIF.7 through IIF.12. The swales and channels are designed to convey the peak flow rate generated by the design storm event. These swales and channels will also reduce maintenance at the site after closure by minimizing erosion.

Hydraulic analyses of the swales and channels are conducted using Manning's uniform flow formula. The uniform flow assumption is applicable to long prismatic channels of uniform slope, as proposed at the site.

The general form of Manning's equation is

$$V = \frac{1.49 R^{0.667} S^{0.5}}{n}$$

in which

$$V = \text{Velocity of flow, fps (feet per second)}$$

- n = Manning's "n" (unitless)
 $R = \frac{A}{P}$ = Hydraulic radius, ft (feet)
 S = Friction slope for nonuniform flow or channel slope for uniform flow, ft/ft
 A = Area of water perpendicular to direction of flow, sf (square feet)
 P = Wetted perimeter, ft.

Using the relationship

$$Q = VA$$

Manning's equation can be written as

$$Q = \frac{1.49AR^{0.667}S^{0.5}}{n}$$

The uniform flow assumption equates the channel slope to the friction slope; therefore, the slope of the channel can be used for "S" in Manning's formula for computation of uniform flow.

Typical values for Manning's "n" are presented in the 2019 TXDOT *Bridge Division Hydraulic Design Manual* ("Suggested Manning's Roughness Coefficients" Table, Chapter 6, Section 1). A value of 0.030 is used for "n" for swales, a value of 0.040 is used for gabion-lined chutes, and a value of 0.030 is used for perimeter channels. These values represent typical roughness coefficients to the proposed drainage structures, after vegetation has become established.

3.3.2 Drainage Letdown Structure (or Chute) Analysis

A typical chute detail is illustrated on Drawing III F.9. The final cover drainage letdown structures are designed to convey the flow rate generated by the design storm event. Hydraulic analysis of the letdown structures is conducted under the principles of tumbling flow. Tumbling flow is a function of channel slope, discharge, spacing and sizing of energy dissipating elements. The tumbling flow regime consists of a series of hydraulic jumps and overfalls that maintain critical velocity down the chute. The spacing and sizing of the energy dissipators controls the velocity and flow of the water in the chutes, thereby reducing erosive conditions at slope transitions with the perimeter road low water crossings and chute/perimeter channel confluences.

Appendix III F-C presents calculations for the energy dissipators.

4 DRAINAGE PATTERNS

Consistent with Title 30 TAC §330.63(c)(1)(C), §330.63(c)(1)(D)(iii), and §330.305(a), this section provides a demonstration showing that the proposed changes to final cover grades will not adversely alter the existing permitted drainage patterns. The drawings depicting the two drainage conditions analyzed are listed below.

- Appendix IIF-A (Post-Development Condition Hydrologic Calculations) – This condition represents the proposed configuration of the site after development of the expanded landfill is complete.
- Appendix IIF-E (Permitted Condition Hydrologic Calculations) – This appendix contains analysis and supporting calculations for the updated permitted configuration of the facility. Section 4.3.1 includes a discussion of how the existing permitted drainage analysis has been updated to provide an equivalent comparison to the post-development condition.

Supporting calculations are presented in Appendices IIF-A for post-development conditions and IIF-E for existing permitted conditions.

The following three sections discuss: (1) regional drainage associated with the site; (2) site drainage patterns; and (3) effect of the proposed development on peak flows, volumes, and velocities discharged from the site.

4.1 Regional Drainage Information

As shown on Figure 4.1, the Turkey Creek Landfill permit boundary is located near the headwater of Turkey Creek. The permit boundary area drains to Turkey Creek on the northeast side of the permit boundary and to an unnamed tributary of Turkey Creek on the southeast side of the permit boundary. Turkey Creek discharges to North Fork Creek approximately 2 miles east of the landfill. North Fork Creek discharges to Chambers Creek approximately 7.5 miles northwest of Italy, Texas. Chambers Creek discharges into Richard Chambers Reservoir approximately 6.5 miles east of Corsicana, Texas.

4.2 Site Drainage Patterns

The permitted and proposed site drainage patterns are shown on Figures 4.4 and 4.5. As shown on Figures 4.4 and 4.5, the proposed drainage patterns are consistent with the currently permitted and drainage patterns. As shown on these two figures, most of the permit area drains from southwest to northeast and is discharged from the north and southeast corners of the permit boundary.

4.3 Effect of Site Development on Drainage from the Site

The purpose of this section is to evaluate the peak flow rates, runoff volumes, and peak flow velocities of the updated, permitted, and post-development hydrologic conditions. A summary of peak flow rates, runoff volumes, and peak flow velocities entering and exiting the permit boundary are provided in Table 4-1 and are shown on Figure 4.5.

4.3.1 Peak Flow Rates

As shown in Table 4.1, post-development peak flow rates for the 25-year frequency storm (design storm) are lower than the existing permitted design peak flow rates at the stormwater discharge location at the permit boundary. The major discharges from the site occur at discharge locations DCP1, DCP2, and DCP3. The proposed addition of two stormwater detention ponds results in lower post-development peak flow rates at the northeast, north, and southeast discharges of the site. Peak flow rates to the northeast have been reduced due to slightly lower total drainage area in the post-development condition. The peak flow rates to north and southeast have been reduced due to the additional detention ponds P1 and P3, and to different delineation of drainage areas.

4.3.2 Discharge Volumes

The total volume of runoff discharged from the site is increases slightly at DCP1 and DCP3 and decreases at DCP2. The increase in DCP1 and DCP3 is mainly due to the increased developed landfill final cover areas, sideslopes, and perimeter channels and the proposed stormwater detention ponds. The increased volume of runoff generated by the proposed development is mitigated by the drainage improvements proposed to be constructed that release at lower peak rates than the permitted condition.

4.3.3 Discharge Velocities

Consistent with the decreased flow rates at the permit boundary, the velocities at the permit boundary for the post-development condition are lower than the currently permitted condition because no change has been made to the drainage

conveyances at the permit boundary. Since the post-development peak design storm discharge rates are lower at the permit boundary, the velocities are lower compared to the currently permitted condition.

4.4 Summary

From the hydrological evaluations of the permitted and post-development conditions, the permitted drainage conditions at the permit boundary will not be adversely altered by the proposed development. Given that: (1) drainage patterns are not adversely altered, (2) total design stormwater peak discharge rate at the permit boundary is less than the permitted total stormwater peak discharge rate, (3) post-development runoff velocity at the permit boundary will not be increased from the currently permitted condition, and (4) the stormwater discharge outfall locations are consistent with the permitted configuration, it is concluded that the proposed landfill development will not adversely alter permitted drainage patterns consistent with Title 30 TAC 330.63(c)(1)(C), §330.63(c)(1)(D)(iii), and §330.305(a).

**Table 4-1
Permitted and Post-Development 25-Year Site Drainage Summary**

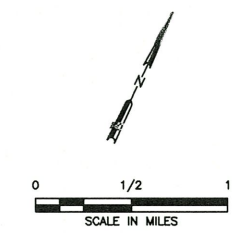
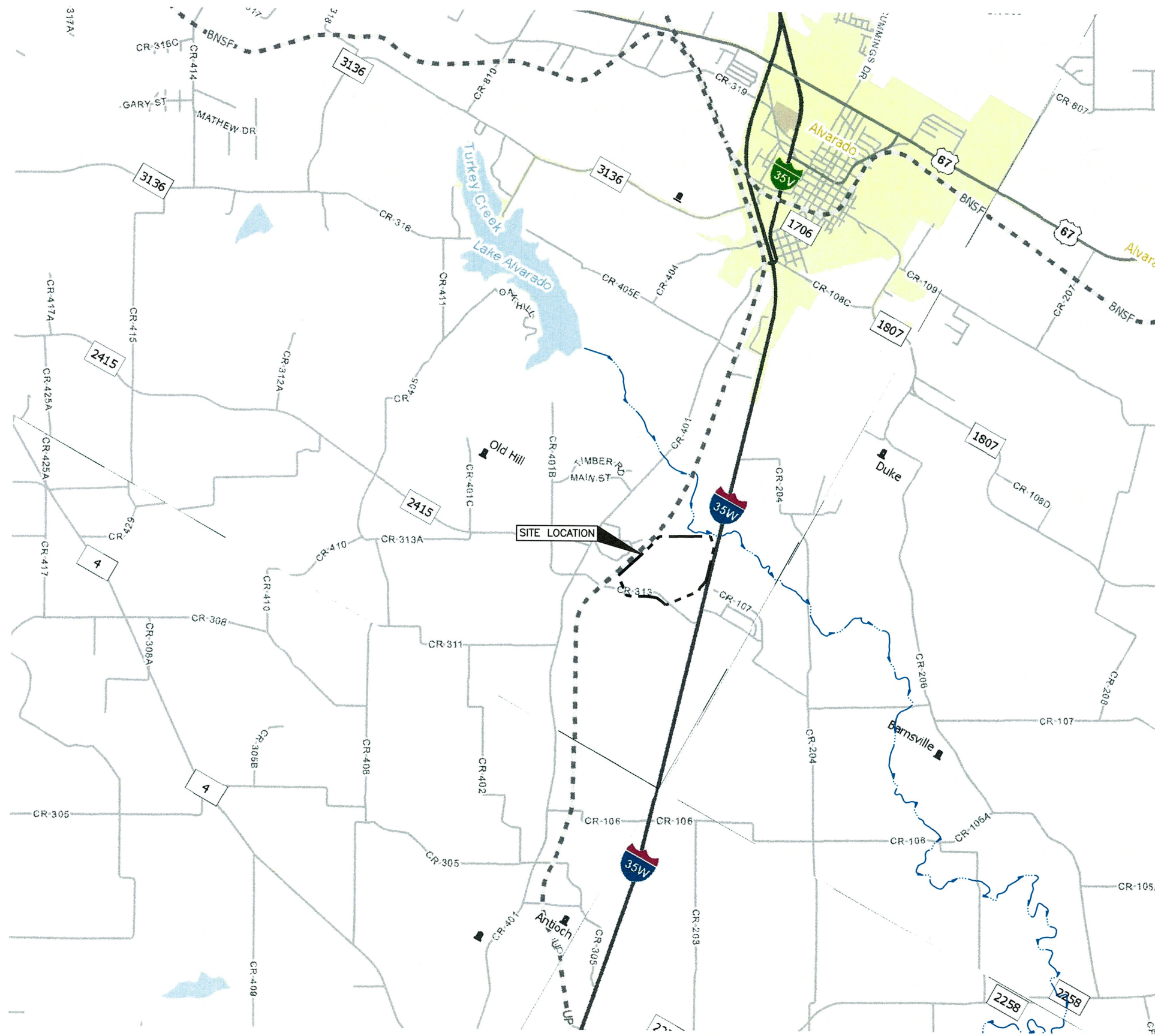
Stormwater Discharge Point ¹	Permitted Condition					Post-Development Condition				
	Flow Rate (cfs)	Drainage Area (acres)	Time to Peak (hrs)	Runoff Volume ² (ac-ft)	Velocity at Permit Boundary ² (fps)	Flow Rate (cfs)	Drainage Area (acres)	Time to Peak (hrs)	Runoff Volume ² (ac-ft)	Velocity at Permit Boundary ² (fps)
DCP01	466	180.49	12.58	82.0	8.38	466	180.49	12.58	82.0	8.38
DCP02	188	74.63	12.67	33.9	5.34	188	74.63	12.67	33.9	5.34
DCP03	206	69.25	12.50	31.5	6.47	206	69.25	12.50	31.5	6.47
DCP04	179	61.05	12.50	27.7	3.93	179	61.05	12.50	27.7	3.93
DCP05	22	6.34	12.42	2.9	1.84	22	6.34	12.42	2.9	1.84
DCP1 (Northeast)	297	69	12.17	32.6	7.37	289	67	12.83	34.1	7.31
DCP2 (North) ³	664	330	12.67	149.9	9.83	623	316	12.25	144.0	3.35
DCP3 (Southeast) ⁴	564	213	12.50	97.6	14.11	558	228	12.33	109.2	1.45

¹ Stormwater discharge points are shown on Figure 4.6. The volume shown is the total volume of runoff for the hydrograph duration.

² Runoff volume and velocity calculations are provided in Appendix III-F-A and III-F-E.

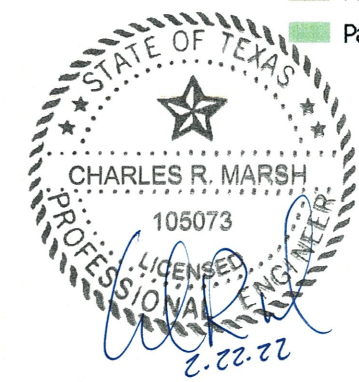
³ Discharge point DCP2 includes DCP01 and DCP02.

⁴ Discharge Point DCP3 includes DCP03, DCP04, and DCP05.



- LEGEND**
- PROPERTY/PERMIT BOUNDARY
 - CREEK FLOW LINE

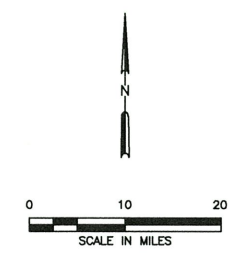
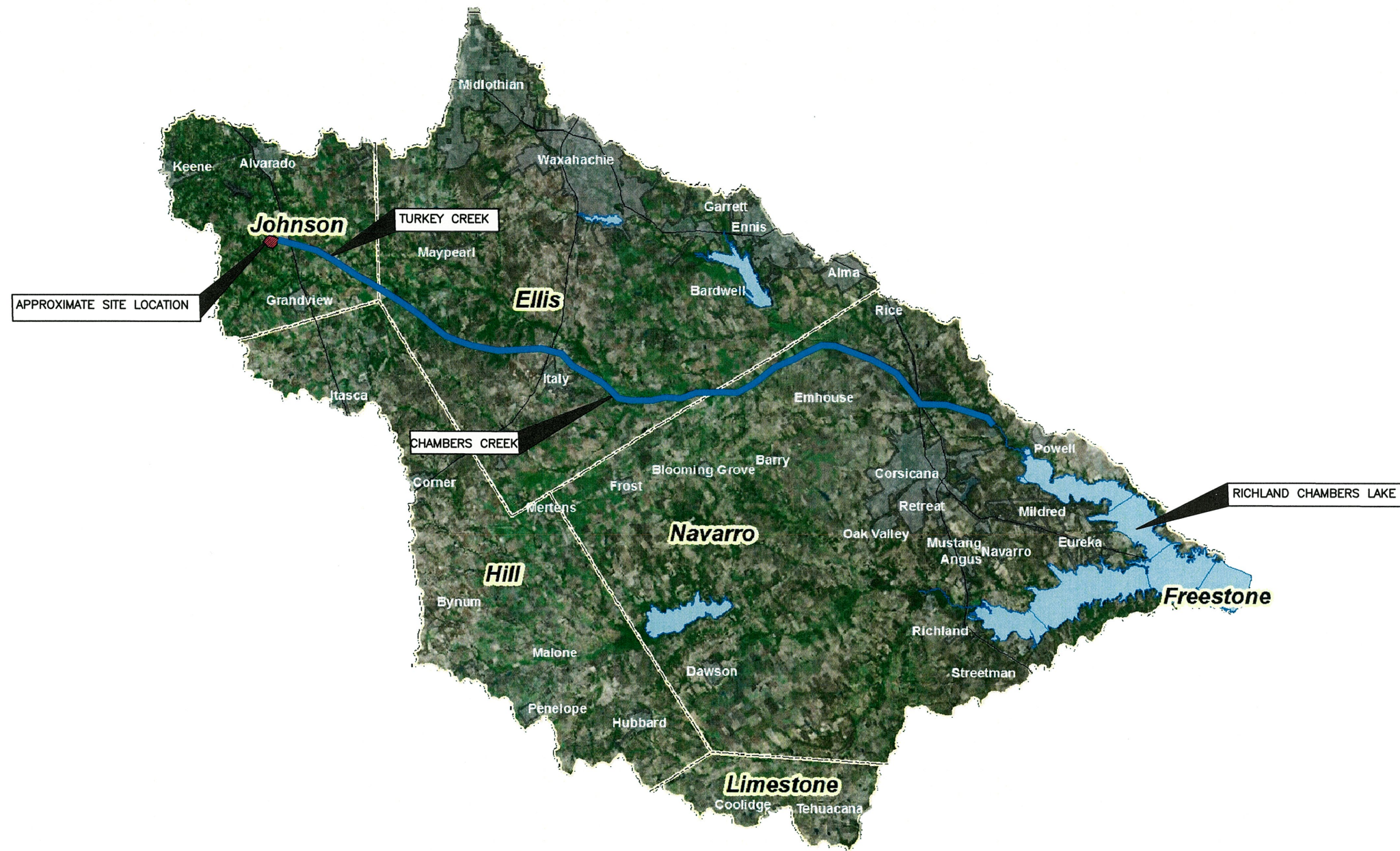
- Unincorporated Community
- County Seat
- Border Crossing
- Cemetery
- Cemetery (Inside City)
- Deep Draft Port
- Shallow Draft Port
- Railroad
- Dam
- River or Stream
- TXDOT District
- Lakes
- Education
- Military
- Airport Runway
- Airport
- Prison
- Parks and Other Public Land



NOTE:
 1. REPRODUCED FROM 2018 TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION COUNTY MAPS, JOHNSON COUNTY.

<input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	PREPARED FOR TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP		MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT SITE LOCATION MAP													
	DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: 4.1-SITE LOCATION MAP.DWG		DRAWN BY: JDW DESIGN BY: BPY REVIEWED BY: CRM													
Weaver Consultants Group TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727		REVISIONS		TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS												
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>NO.</th> <th>DATE</th> <th>DESCRIPTION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>		NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION										WWW.WCGRP.COM
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION														
				FIGURE 4.1												

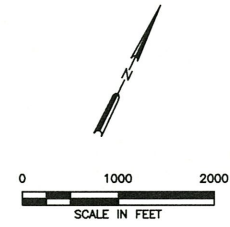
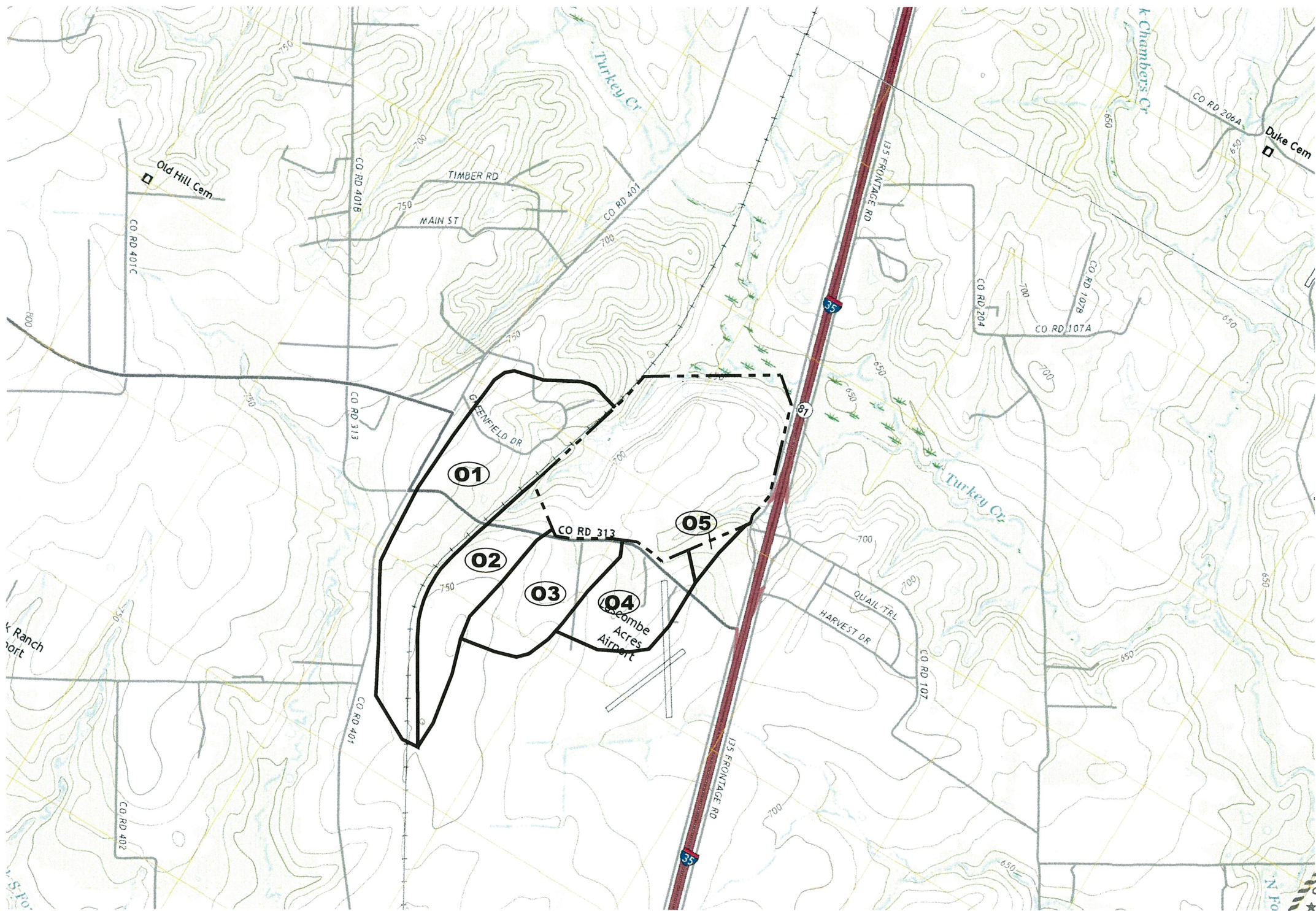
0:\0771\368\EXPANSION 2021\PART II\FIGURES\4.2 REGIONAL WATERSHED MAP.dwg, Farrington, 1:2



NOTES:
 1. RICHLAND-CHAMBERS TARRANT REGIONAL WATER DISTRICT'S
 RICHLAND-CHAMBERS WATERSHED PARTNERSHIP PRESENTATION,
 NOVEMBER 14, 2018.



<input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	PREPARED FOR	MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT REGIONAL WATERSHED MAP TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS												
	TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP													
DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: 4.2-REGIONAL WATERSHED.DWG	DRAWN BY: JOW DESIGN BY: BPY REVIEWED BY: CRM	WWW.WCGRP.COM												
Weaver Consultants Group TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727														
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="3">REVISIONS</th> </tr> <tr> <th>NO.</th> <th>DATE</th> <th>DESCRIPTION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		REVISIONS			NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION							FIGURE 4.2
REVISIONS														
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION												



LEGEND

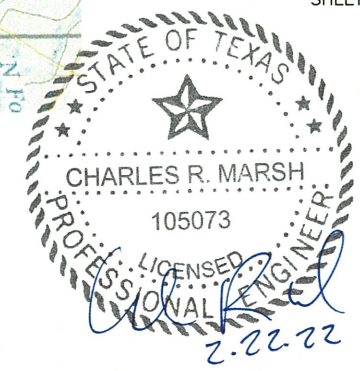
	PERMIT BOUNDARY
	DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY
	DRAINAGE AREA LABEL

DRAINAGE AREA NO.	AREA (ACRES)
01	180.49
02	74.62
03	69.25
04	61.05
05	6.34
TOTAL	391.75

ALVARADO, TX
2019

GRANDVIEW, TX
2019

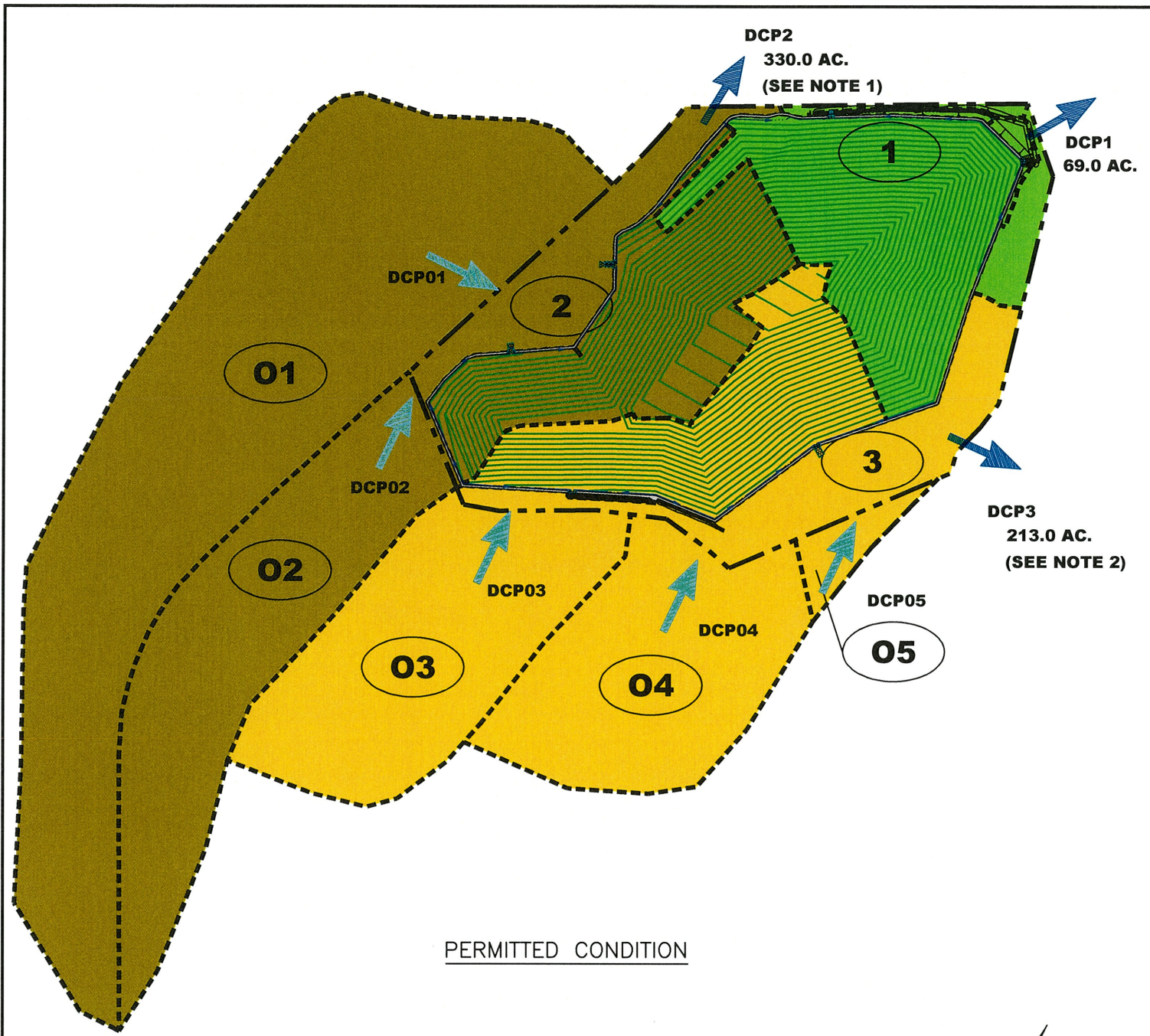
- NOTES:
- DRAINAGE AREA DELINEATION WITHIN THE PERMIT BOUNDARY IS INCLUDED ON DRAWING IIF-A-26.
 - ALL TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION REPRODUCED FROM UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY 7 1/2 MINUTE QUADRANGLE SHEETS FOR ALVARADO, TX AND GRANDVIEW, TX.



<input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	PREPARED FOR TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP	MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT OFFSITE DRAINAGE AREA MAP TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS									
	DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: 4.3-OFFSITE DRAINAGE.DWG		DRAWN BY: JDW DESIGN BY: BPY REVIEWED BY: CRM								
Weaver Consultants Group TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727		REVISIONS <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>NO.</th> <th>DATE</th> <th>DESCRIPTION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION						
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION									
WWW.WCGRP.COM		FIGURE 4.3									

O:\0771\368\EXPANSION 2021\PART III\IIF\FIGURES\4.3 OFFSITE DRAINAGE.dwg, Farrington, 1:2

0:\0771\308\EXPANSION 2021\PART III\FIGURES\4.4-DRAINAGE PATTERNS.dwg, Farrington, 1:2



PERMITTED CONDITION

DISCHARGE POINTS TOTAL = 391.76 ACRES

OFF-SITE AREAS

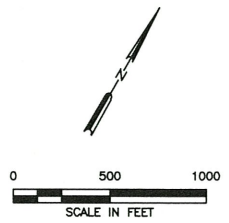
01 = 180.49 ACRES
 02 = 74.63 ACRES
 03 = 69.25 ACRES
 04 = 61.05 ACRES
 05 = 6.34 ACRES

OFF-SITE TOTAL = 391.76 ACRES

ON-SITE AREAS

1 = APPROX. 68.89 ACRES
 2 = APPROX. 74.46 ACRES
 3 = APPROX. 76.29 ACRES

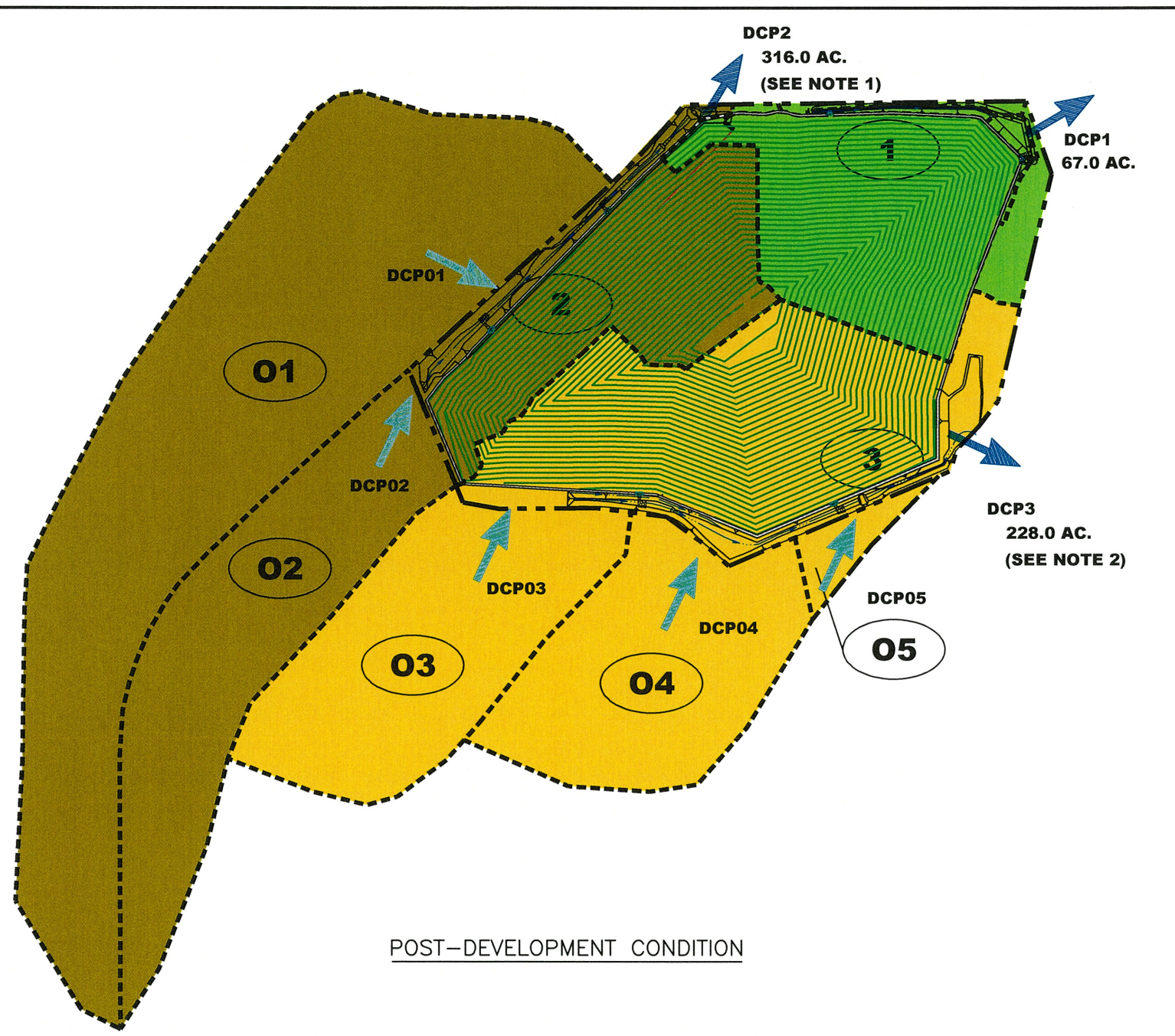
PERMIT BOUNDARY TOTAL = 219.60 ACRES
 GRAND TOTAL = APPROX. 611.36 ACRES



LEGEND

- PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- LIMITS OF WASTE
- DRAINAGE DIVIDE
- PERMITTED/PROPOSED FINAL COVER CONTOUR
- DRAINAGE AREA LABEL
- UPLAND DRAINAGE ENTERING SITE
- STORMWATER DISCHARGE POINT

- NOTES:**
- DCP1 AREA INCLUDES THE DRAINING AREAS FROM DCP01 AND DCP02.
 - DCP3 AREA INCLUDES THE DRAINING AREAS FROM DCP03, 04 AND 05.



POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITION

DISCHARGE POINTS TOTAL = 391.76 ACRES

OFF-SITE AREAS

01 = 180.49 ACRES
 02 = 74.63 ACRES
 03 = 69.25 ACRES
 04 = 61.05 ACRES
 05 = 6.34 ACRES

OFF-SITE TOTAL = 391.76 ACRES

ON-SITE AREAS

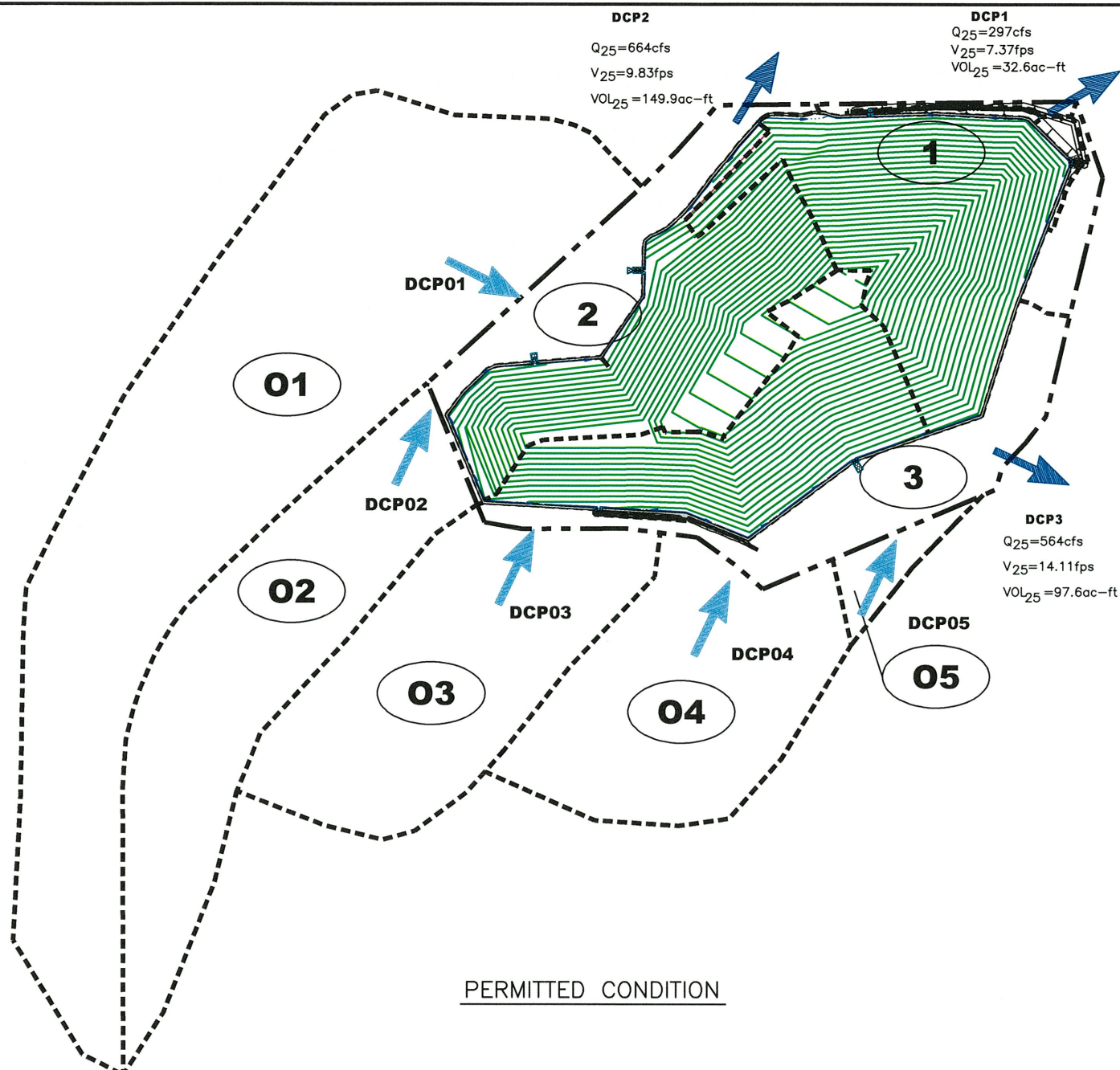
1 = APPROX. 67.15 ACRES
 2 = APPROX. 60.77 ACRES
 3 = APPROX. 91.68 ACRES

PERMIT BOUNDARY TOTAL = 219.60 ACRES
 GRAND TOTAL = APPROX. 611.36 ACRES

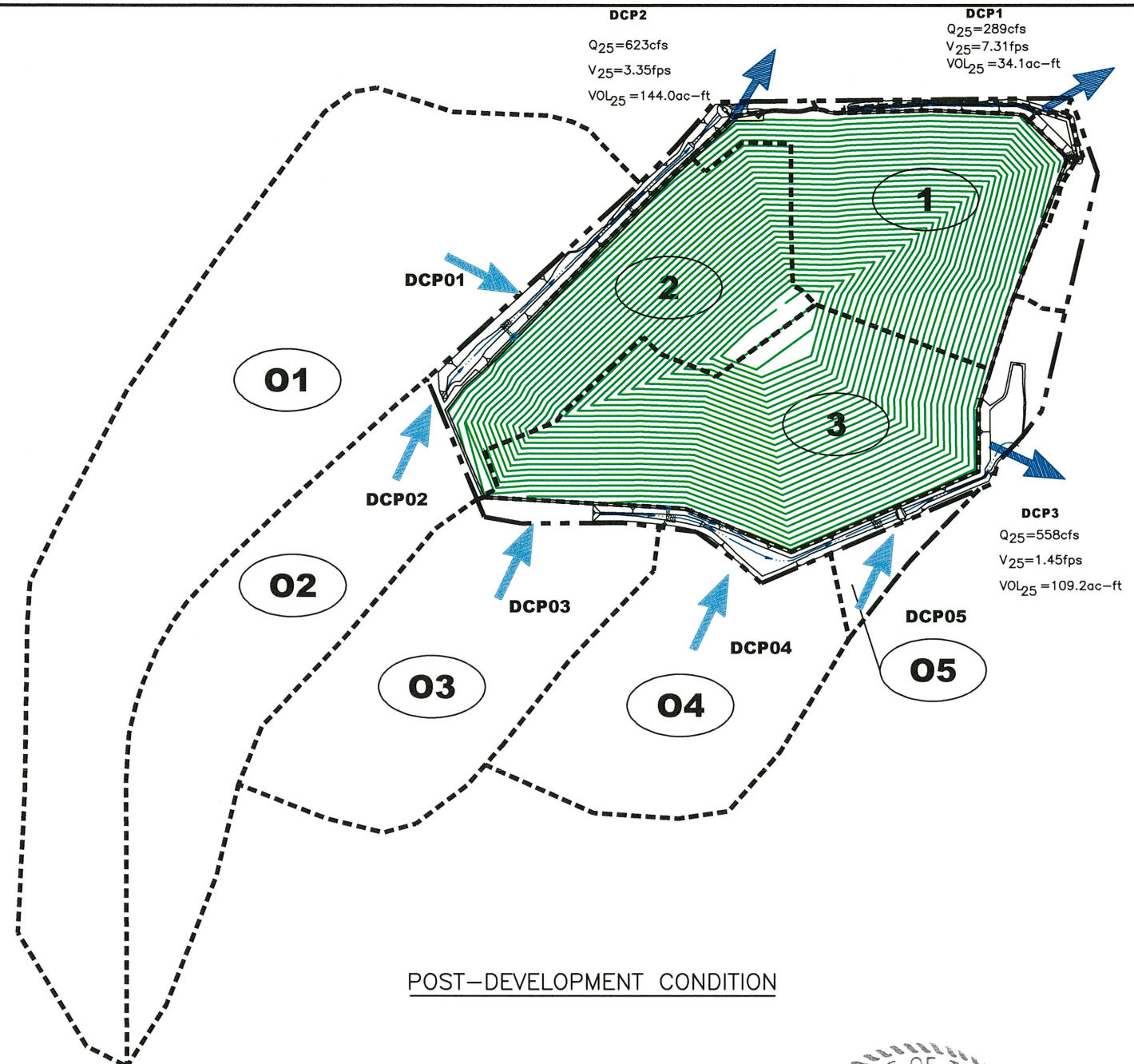


<input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	PREPARED FOR TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP		MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT SITE DRAINAGE PATTERNS	
	DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: 4.4 DRAINAGE PATTERNS.DWG		DRAWN BY: JDW DESIGN BY: BPY REVIEWED BY: CRM	
REVISIONS		TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS		
Weaver Consultants Group TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727		WWW.WCGRP.COM		FIGURE 4.4

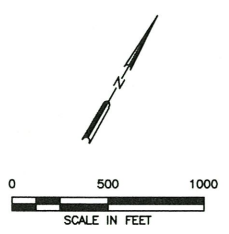
0:\0771\368\EXPANSION 2021\PART III\FIGURES\4.5- RUNON RUNOFF.dwg, rarrington, 1:2



PERMITTED CONDITION



POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITION



- LEGEND**
- PROPERTY BOUNDARY
 - LIMITS OF WASTE
 - DRAINAGE DIVIDE
 - PERMITTED/PROPOSED FINAL COVER CONTOUR
 - 05 DRAINAGE AREA LABEL
 - ➔ UPLAND DRAINAGE ENTERING SITE
 - ➔ STORMWATER DISCHARGE POINT



<input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	PREPARED FOR TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP	MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT SITE DRAINAGE PATTERNS RUNON/RUNOFF TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS															
DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: 4.5 RUNON RUNOFF.DWG	DRAWN BY: JDW DESIGN BY: BPY REVIEWED BY: CRM	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="3">REVISIONS</th> </tr> <tr> <th>NO.</th> <th>DATE</th> <th>DESCRIPTION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>	REVISIONS			NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION									
REVISIONS																	
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION															
Weaver Consultants Group TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727	WWW.WCGRP.COM	FIGURE 4.5															

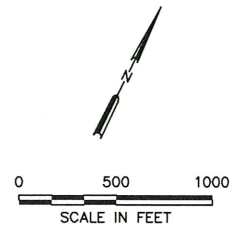
0:\0771\368\EXPANSION 2021\PART III\HIF\FIGURES\4.6-FIRM.dwg, rarrington, 1:2



FLOOD HAZARD INFORMATION

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR DRAFT FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS		Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) Zone A, V, A99
		With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR
OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD		0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X
		Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Zone X
		Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee See Notes Zone X
		Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D
OTHER AREAS		NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X
		Effective LOMRs
GENERAL STRUCTURES		Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D
		Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer
OTHER FEATURES		Levee, Dike, or Floodwall
		20.2 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance
		17.5 Water Surface Elevation
		8 Coastal Transect
		Coastal Transect Baseline
		Profile Baseline
	Hydrographic Feature	
	Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE)	
	Limit of Study	
	Jurisdiction Boundary	



LEGEND
 PROPERTY BOUNDARY

NOTES:
 1. REPRODUCED FROM FEMA FIRM NUMBERS 4808810350J AND 4808790350J FOR CITY OF GRANDVIEW, AND JOHNSON COUNTY, UNINCORPORATED AREAS, EFFECTIVE DECEMBER 4TH, 2010.

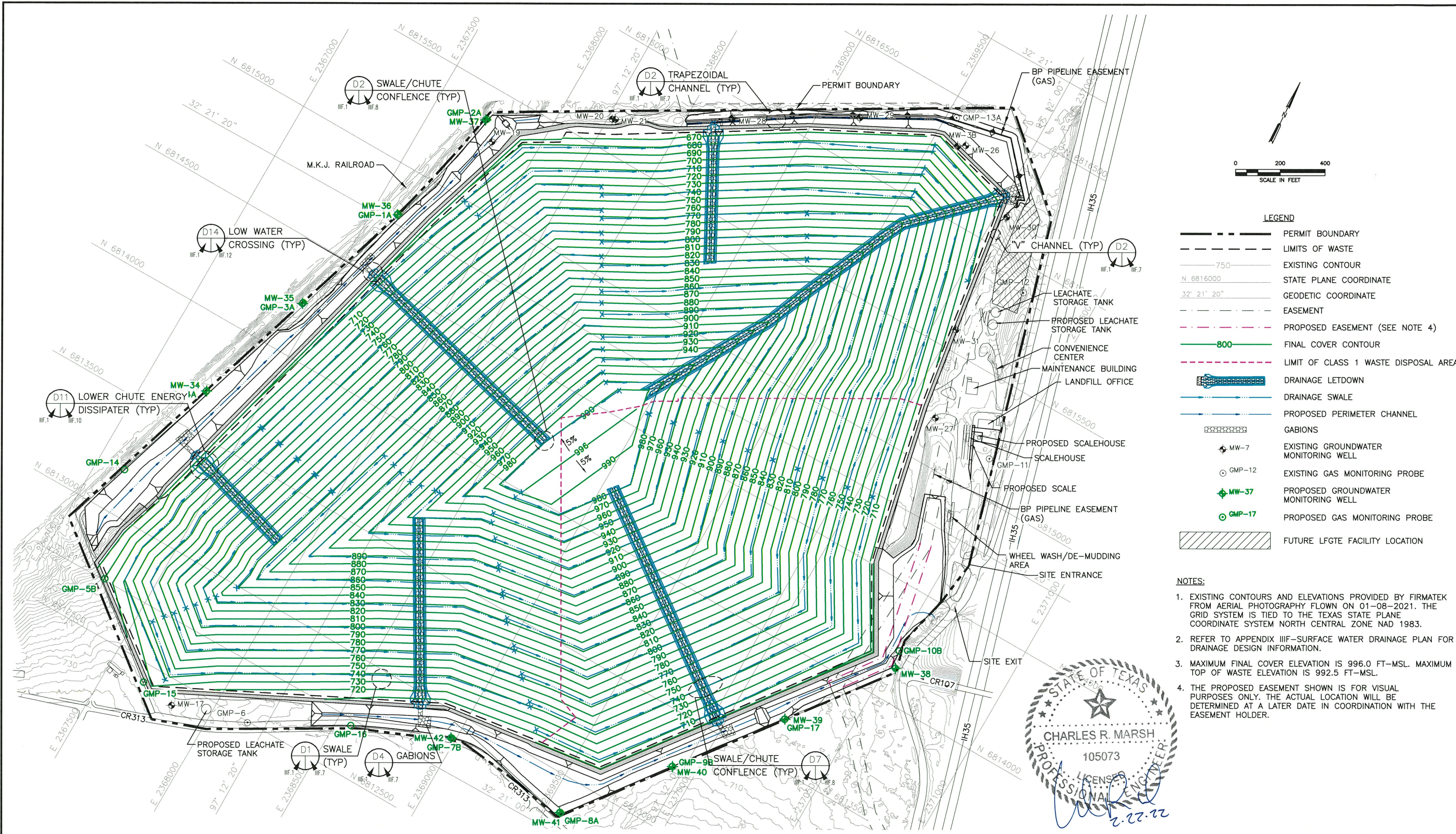
<input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	PREPARED FOR	MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS									
	TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP										
DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: 4.6-FIRM.DWG	DRAWN BY: JDW DESIGN BY: BPY REVIEWED BY: CRM	REVISIONS <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>NO.</th> <th>DATE</th> <th>DESCRIPTION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION						
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION									
Weaver Consultants Group TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727		WWW.WCGRP.COM FIGURE 4.6									

DRAWINGS

- IIIF.1 – Drainage Structure Plan
- IIIF.2 – Post-Development Drainage Area Plan
- IIIF.3 – Post-Development Offsite Drainage Areas
- IIIF.4 – Perimeter Drainage Plan
- IIIF.5 – Perimeter Channel Profiles
- IIIF.6 – Perimeter Channel Profiles
- IIIF.7 – Drainage Details
- IIIF.8 – Drainage Details
- IIIF.9 – Drainage Details
- IIIF.10 – Drainage Details
- IIIF.11. – Drainage Details
- IIIF.12. – Drainage Details
- IIIF.13 – Pond P1 Plan
- IIIF.14 – Pond P2 Plan
- IIIF. 15 – Pond P3 Plan



O:\0771\368\EXPANSION 2021\PART III\III.F-1-COMPLETION PLAN.dwg, Farrington, 1:2



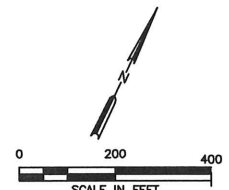
LEGEND

- PERMIT BOUNDARY
- LIMITS OF WASTE
- EXISTING CONTOUR
- STATE PLANE COORDINATE
- GEODETIC COORDINATE
- EASEMENT
- PROPOSED EASEMENT (SEE NOTE 4)
- FINAL COVER CONTOUR
- LIMIT OF CLASS 1 WASTE DISPOSAL AREA
- DRAINAGE LETDOWN
- DRAINAGE SWALE
- PROPOSED PERIMETER CHANNEL
- GABIONS
- MW-7 EXISTING GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL
- GMP-12 EXISTING GAS MONITORING PROBE
- MW-37 PROPOSED GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL
- GMP-17 PROPOSED GAS MONITORING PROBE
- FUTURE LFGTE FACILITY LOCATION

- NOTES:**
1. EXISTING CONTOURS AND ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY FIRMATEK FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 01-08-2021. THE GRID SYSTEM IS TIED TO THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM NORTH CENTRAL ZONE NAD 1983.
 2. REFER TO APPENDIX III.F-SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE PLAN FOR DRAINAGE DESIGN INFORMATION.
 3. MAXIMUM FINAL COVER ELEVATION IS 996.0 FT-MSL. MAXIMUM TOP OF WASTE ELEVATION IS 992.5 FT-MSL.
 4. THE PROPOSED EASEMENT SHOWN IS FOR VISUAL PURPOSES ONLY. THE ACTUAL LOCATION WILL BE DETERMINED AT A LATER DATE IN COORDINATION WITH THE EASEMENT HOLDER.



<input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	PREPARED FOR TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP	MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT DRAINAGE STRUCTURE PLAN												
DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: III.F-1-LANDFILL COMPLETION PLAN.DWG	DRAWN BY: JDW DESIGN BY: CAM REVIEWED BY: NT	TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS												
Weaver Consultants Group TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727		REVISIONS <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; font-size: x-small;"> <thead> <tr> <th>NO.</th> <th>DATE</th> <th>DESCRIPTION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>	NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION									
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION												
www.wcgrp.com		DRAWING III.F.1												

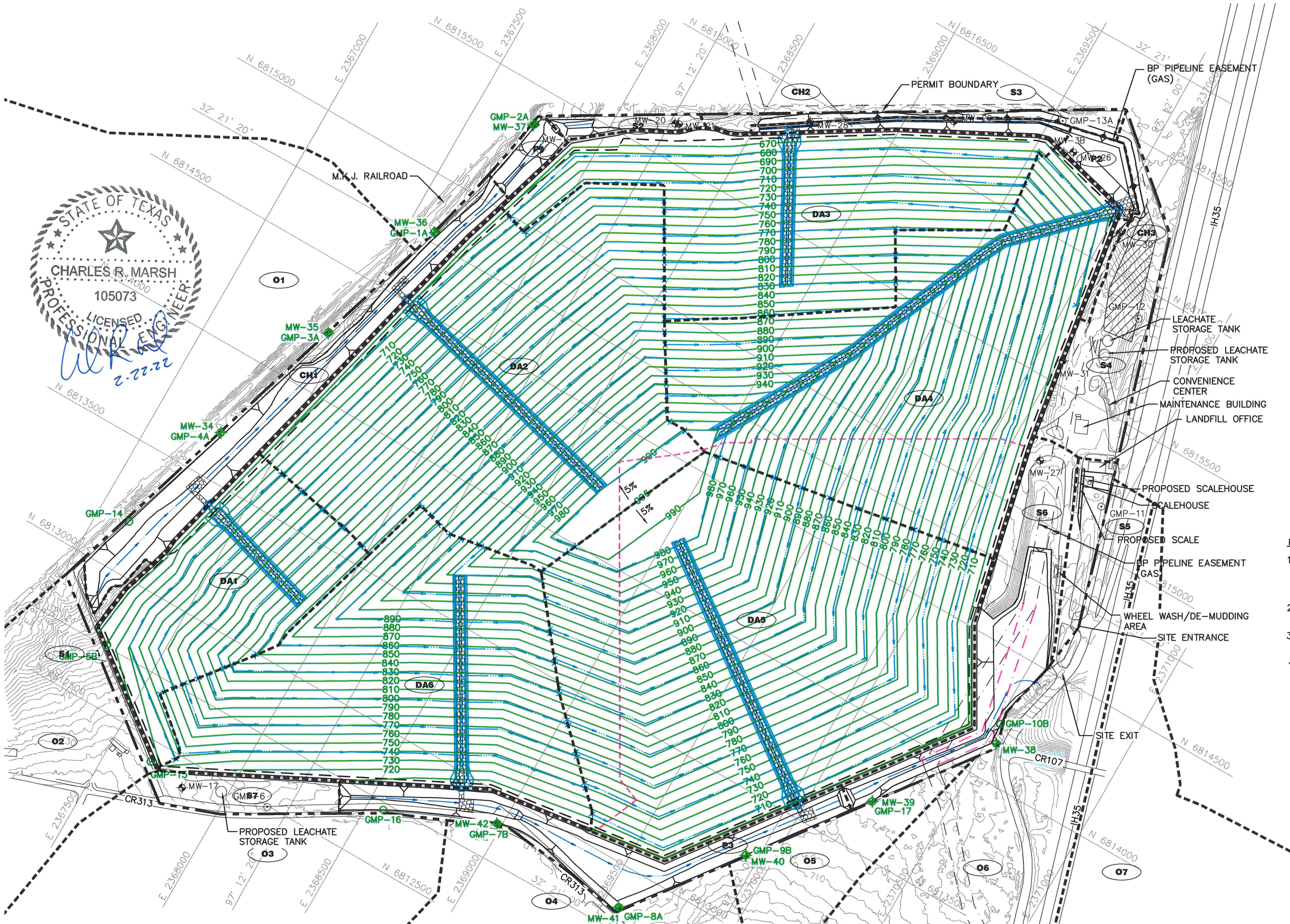


LEGEND

- PERMIT BOUNDARY
- LIMITS OF WASTE
- EXISTING CONTOUR
- STATE PLANE COORDINATE
- GEODETIC COORDINATE
- EASEMENT
- PROPOSED EASEMENT (SEE NOTE 4)
- FINAL COVER CONTOUR
- LIMIT OF CLASS 1 WASTE DISPOSAL AREA
- DRAINAGE LETDOWN
- DRAINAGE SWALE
- PROPOSED PERIMETER CHANNEL
- GABIONS
- MW-7 EXISTING GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL
- GMP-12 EXISTING GAS MONITORING PROBE
- MW-7 PROPOSED GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL
- GMP-17 PROPOSED GAS MONITORING PROBE
- DRAINAGE DIVIDE
- DA2 DRAINAGE AREA DESIGNATION
- FUTURE LFGTE FACILITY LOCATION

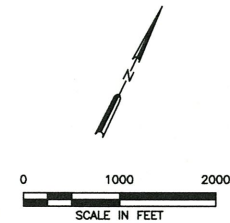
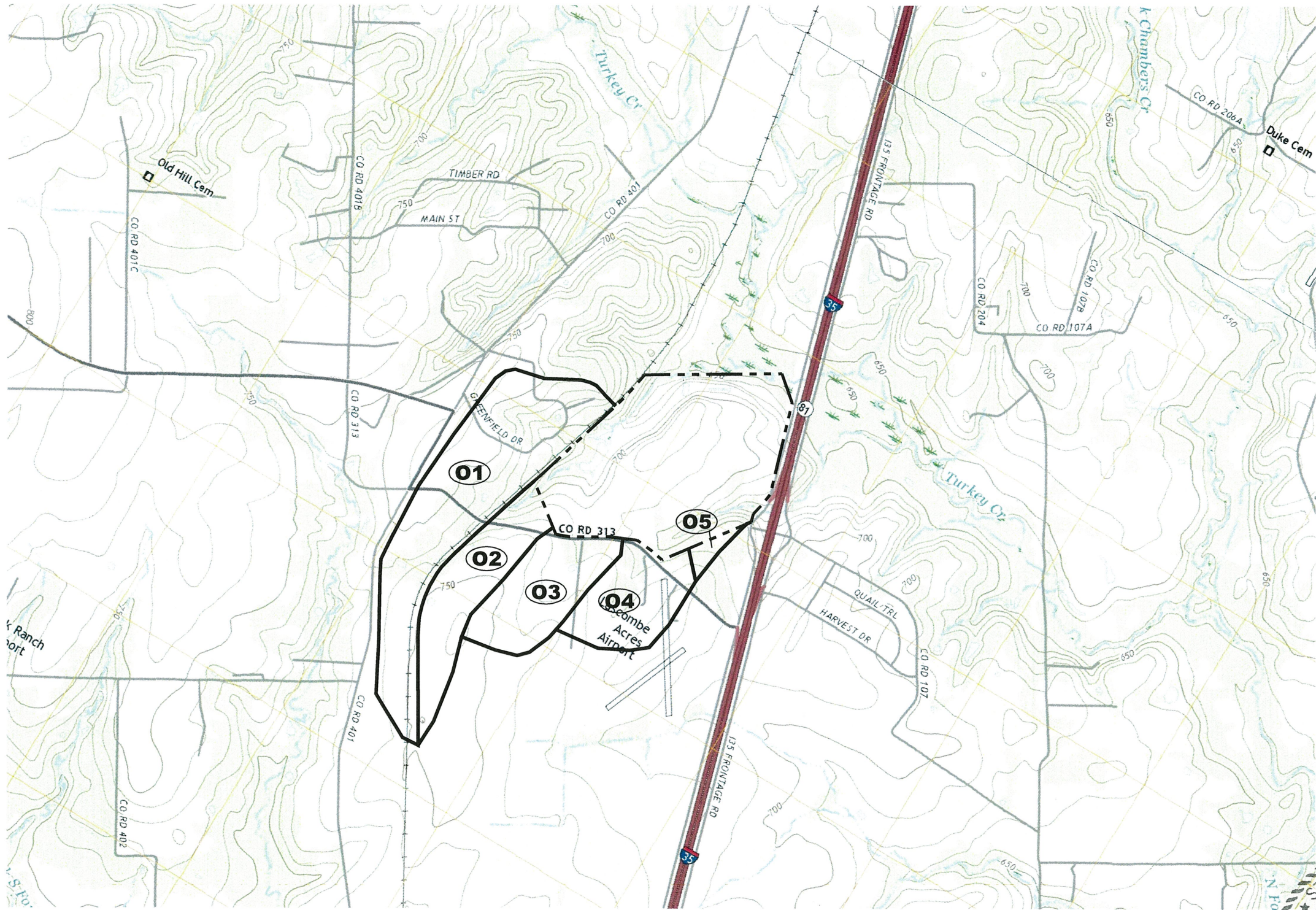
- NOTES:**
1. EXISTING CONTOURS AND ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY FIRMAKTEK FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 01-08-2021. THE GRID SYSTEM IS TIED TO THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM NORTH CENTRAL ZONE NAD 1983.
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 3. MAXIMUM FINAL COVER ELEVATION IS 996.0 FT-MSL. MAXIMUM TOP OF WASTE ELEVATION IS 992.5 FT-MSL.
 4. THE PROPOSED EASEMENT SHOWN IS FOR VISUAL PURPOSES ONLY. THE ACTUAL LOCATION WILL BE DETERMINED AT A LATER DATE IN COORDINATION WITH THE EASEMENT HOLDER.

DRAINAGE AREA NO.	AREA (ACRES)	DRAINAGE AREA NO.	AREA (ACRES)
DA1	12.96	P1	1.04
DA2	36.87	P2	1.27
DA3	22.58	P3	6.68
DA4	33.25	CH1	7.79
DA5	44.98	CH2	1.49
DA6	27.53	CH3	0.37
O1	180.49	S1	1.14
O2	74.63	S2	0.99
O3	69.25	S3	1.71
O4	61.05	S4	6.49
O5	6.34	S5	1.93
O6	52.40	S6	8.14
O7	48.73	S7	2.40



O:\0771\366\EXPANSION 2021\PART III\F\F-2-POST DEV DRAINAGE.dwg, jwilson, 1:2

<input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	PREPARED FOR TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP	MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE AREA PLAN TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS												
DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: IIF-2 POST DEV DRAINAGE.DWG	DRAWN BY: JDW DESIGN BY: BPY REVIEWED BY: CAM	<table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <thead> <tr><th colspan="3">REVISIONS</th></tr> <tr><th>NO.</th><th>DATE</th><th>DESCRIPTION</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>	REVISIONS			NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION						
REVISIONS														
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION												
Weaver Consultants Group TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727		WWW.WCGRP.COM DRAWING III.F.2												



LEGEND

	PERMIT BOUNDARY
	DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY
	DRAINAGE AREA LABEL

DRAINAGE AREA NO.	AREA (ACRES)
01	180.49
02	74.63
03	69.25
04	61.05
05	6.34
TOTAL	391.75

ALVARADO, TX
2019

GRANDVIEW, TX
2019

- NOTES:
1. DRAINAGE AREA DELINEATION WITHIN THE PERMIT BOUNDARY IS INCLUDED ON DRAWING IIF-A-26.
 2. ALL TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION REPRODUCED FROM UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY 7 1/2 MINUTE QUADRANGLE SHEETS FOR ALVARADO, TX AND GRANDVIEW, TX.

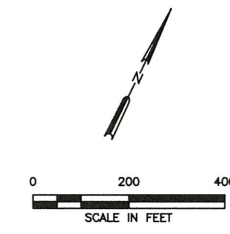
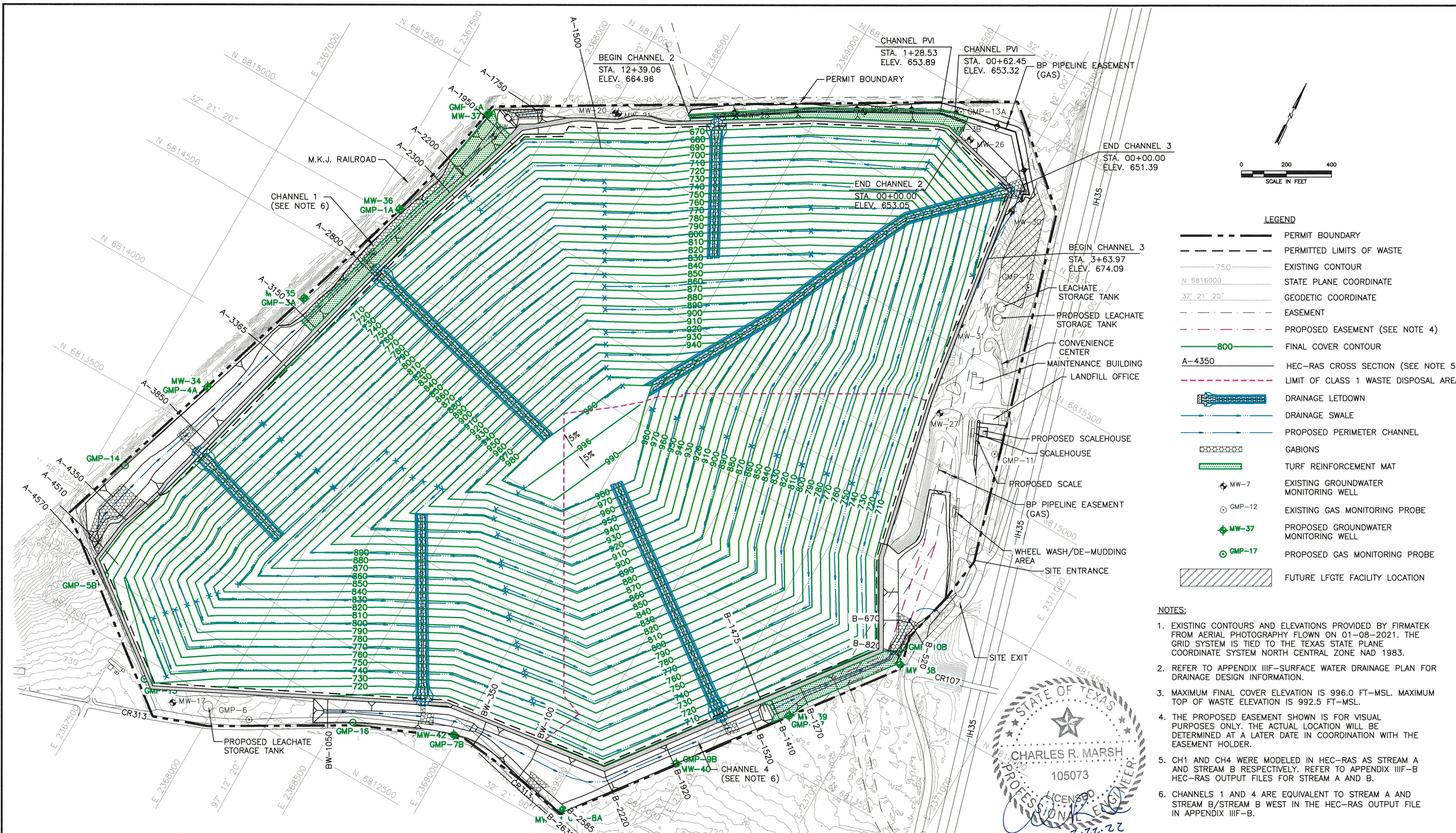


<input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	PREPARED FOR TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP	MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT POST-DEVELOPMENT OFF-SITE DRAINAGE AREAS TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS								
	DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: IIF.3-OFFSITE DRAINAGE MAP.DWG		REVISIONS <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>NO.</th> <th>DATE</th> <th>DESCRIPTION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION				
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION								
DRAWN BY: JDW DESIGN BY: BPY REVIEWED BY: CAM	www.wcgrp.com	DRAWING IIF.3								

Weaver Consultants Group
TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727

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O:\0771\3668\EXPANSION 2021\PART III\IIIF-4-PERIMETER DRAINAGE.dwg, rarrington, 1:2

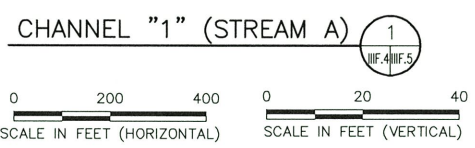
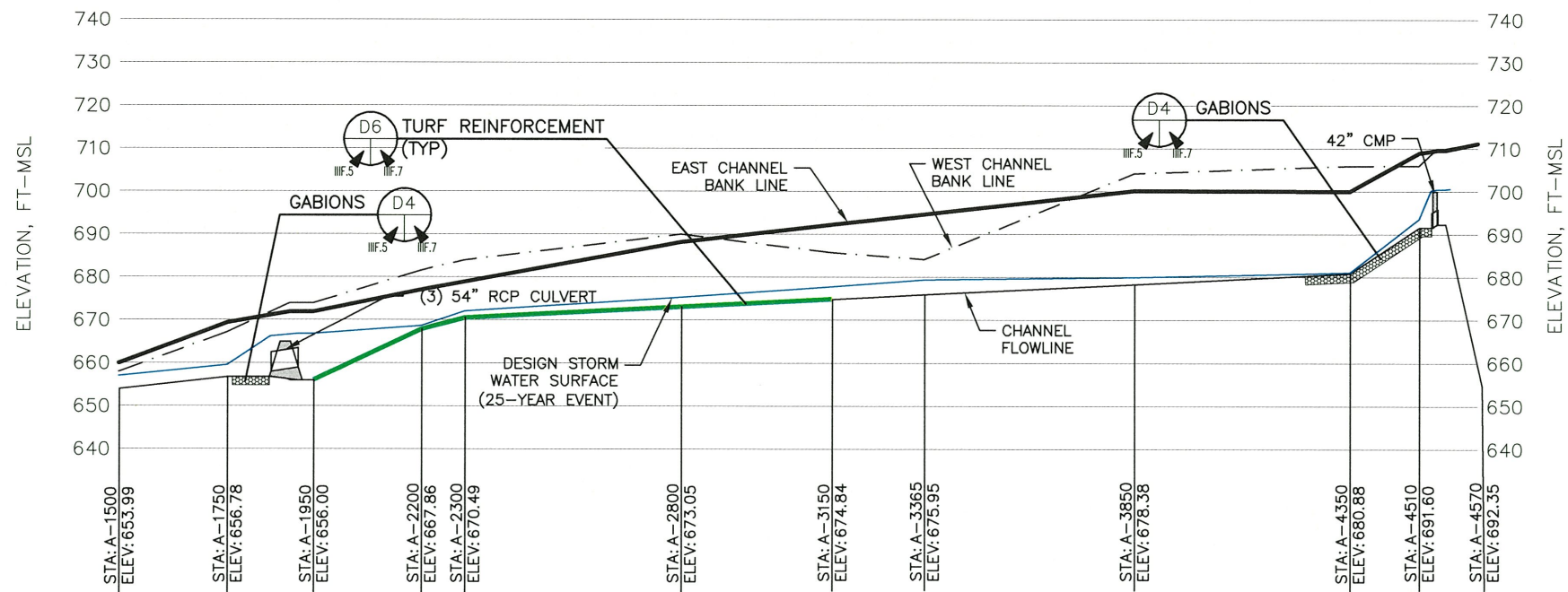


- LEGEND**
- PERMIT BOUNDARY
 - PERMITTED LIMITS OF WASTE
 - EXISTING CONTOUR
 - STATE PLANE COORDINATE
 - GEODETIC COORDINATE
 - EASEMENT
 - PROPOSED EASEMENT (SEE NOTE 4)
 - FINAL COVER CONTOUR
 - HEC-RAS CROSS SECTION (SEE NOTE 5)
 - LIMIT OF CLASS 1 WASTE DISPOSAL AREA
 - DRAINAGE LETDOWN
 - DRAINAGE SWALE
 - PROPOSED PERIMETER CHANNEL
 - GABIONS
 - TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT
 - MW-7 EXISTING GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL
 - GMP-12 EXISTING GAS MONITORING PROBE
 - MW-37 PROPOSED GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL
 - GMP-17 PROPOSED GAS MONITORING PROBE
 - FUTURE LFGTE FACILITY LOCATION

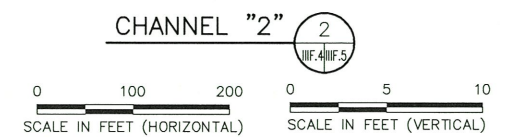
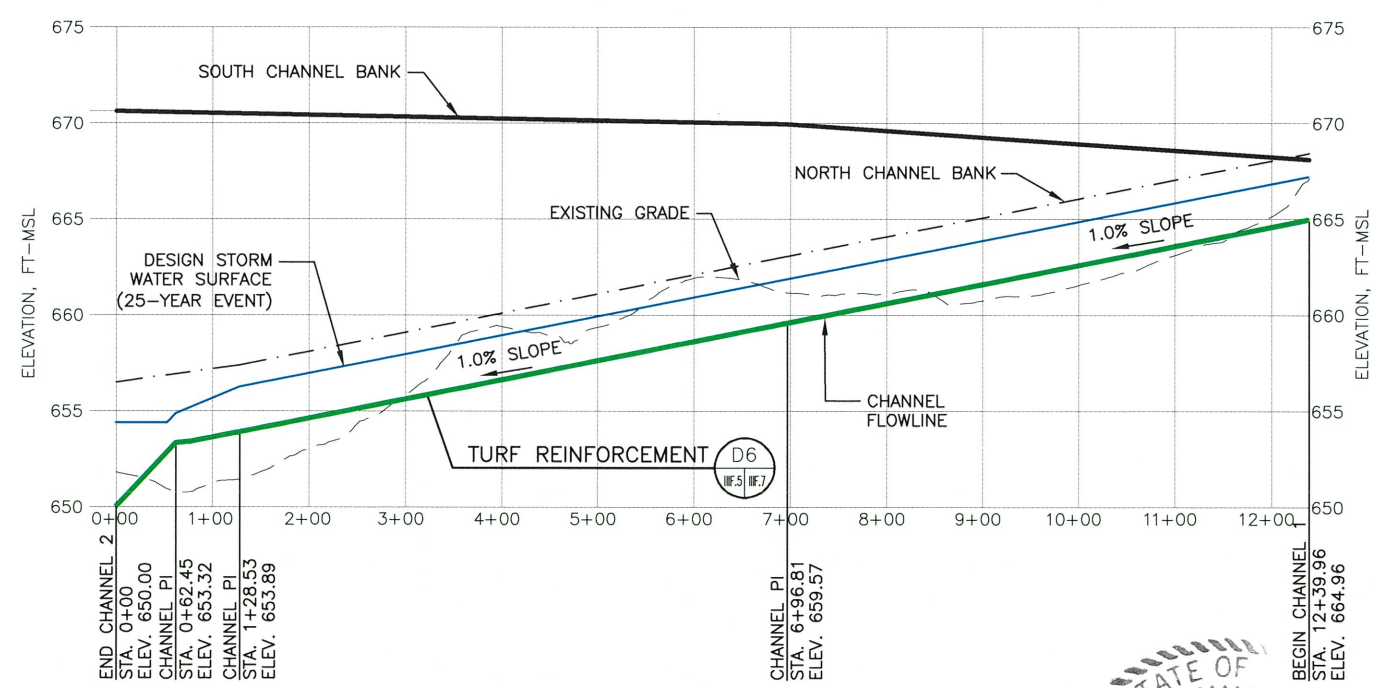
- NOTES:**
1. EXISTING CONTOURS AND ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY FIRMATEK FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 01-08-2021. THE GRID SYSTEM IS TIED TO THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM NORTH CENTRAL ZONE NAD 1983.
 2. REFER TO APPENDIX IIIIF-SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE PLAN FOR DRAINAGE DESIGN INFORMATION.
 3. MAXIMUM FINAL COVER ELEVATION IS 996.0 FT-MSL. MAXIMUM TOP OF WASTE ELEVATION IS 992.5 FT-MSL.
 4. THE PROPOSED EASEMENT SHOWN IS FOR VISUAL PURPOSES ONLY. THE ACTUAL LOCATION WILL BE DETERMINED AT A LATER DATE IN COORDINATION WITH THE EASEMENT HOLDER.
 5. CH1 AND CH4 WERE MODELED IN HEC-RAS AS STREAM A AND STREAM B RESPECTIVELY. REFER TO APPENDIX IIIIF-B HEC-RAS OUTPUT FILES FOR STREAM A AND B.
 6. CHANNELS 1 AND 4 ARE EQUIVALENT TO STREAM A AND STREAM B/STREAM B WEST IN THE HEC-RAS OUTPUT FILE IN APPENDIX IIIIF-B.



<input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	PREPARED FOR TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP	MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT PERIMETER DRAINAGE PLAN						
DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: IIF-4 PERIMETER DRAINAGE.DWG	DRAWN BY: JDW DESIGN BY: CAM REVIEWED BY: NT	TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS						
Weaver Consultants Group TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727		REVISIONS <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;">NO.</th> <th style="width: 10%;">DATE</th> <th style="width: 80%;">DESCRIPTION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION			
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION						
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STATION	FLOW RATE (CFS)	FLOW DEPTH (FT.)	FLOW VELOCITY (FPS)	FROUDE NO.	FLOW AREA (SQ.FT.)	TOP WIDTH OF FLOW (FT.)
A-4350	201.0	0.19	13.27	5.36	15.15	79.43
A-3850	201.0	1.59	3.13	0.46	64.15	44.41
A-3365	595.0	3.40	2.46	0.25	241.98	79.64
A-3150	595.0	2.91	8.72	1.01	68.26	29.28
A-2800	624.0	2.22	11.54	1.48	54.07	28.75
A-2300	624.0	1.53	13.03	1.95	47.89	34.40
A-2200	625.0	0.77	17.10	3.51	36.55	49.54
A-1950	625.0	10.74	0.88	0.06	706.3	92.79
A-1750	622.0	2.75	8.95	1.01	69.49	43.51
A-1500	632.0	2.97	3.40	0.51	185.96	132.81



CHANNEL STATION		BOTTOM WIDTH (FT)	PEAK INFLOW (CFS)	SLOPE (%)	FLOW DEPTH (FT.)	VELOCITY (FT/S)
FROM	TO					
0+00	0+62.45	6	157	4.0	1.52	11.39
0+62.45	1+28.53	6	157	0.9	2.35	6.23
1+28.53	6+96.81	6	157	1.0	2.29	6.47
6+96.81	12+39.06	6	157	1.0	2.29	6.47

NOTE: NORMAL DEPTH CALCULATION DOES NOT ACCOUNT FOR BACK WATER WHICH WILL INCREASE FLOW DEPTH (SEE PROFILE) AND DECREASE VELOCITY.



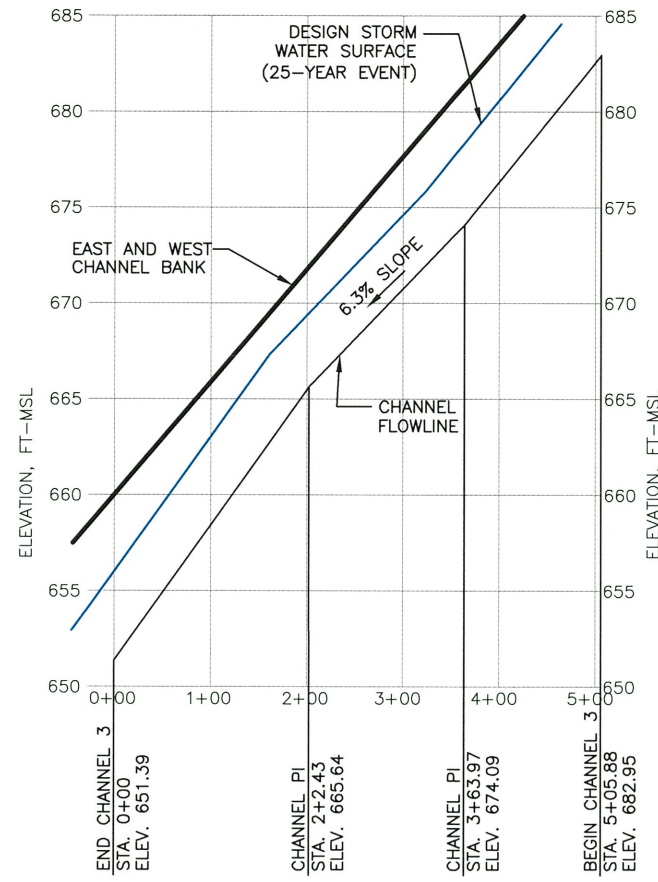
- NOTES:**
- REFER TO DRAWING IIIIF.4 FOR PROFILE LOCATIONS.
 - EXISTING CONTOURS AND ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY FIRMATEK FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 01-08-2021.

- HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS INCLUDED IN APPENDIX IIIIF-B.
- GABIONS SHALL BE USED FOR VELOCITIES OF 20 FT/SEC OR HIGHER.
- CULVERT CALCULATIONS INCLUDED IN APPENDIX IIIIF-B.

<input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	PREPARED FOR TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP	
	DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: IIIIF.5-PERIMETER CHANNEL PROFILE.DWG	DRAWN BY: JDW DESIGN BY: CAM REVIEWED BY: NT
REVISIONS		
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION

MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT
PERIMETER CHANNEL PROFILES
 TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
 JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS

WWW.WCGRP.COM DRAWING IIIIF.5

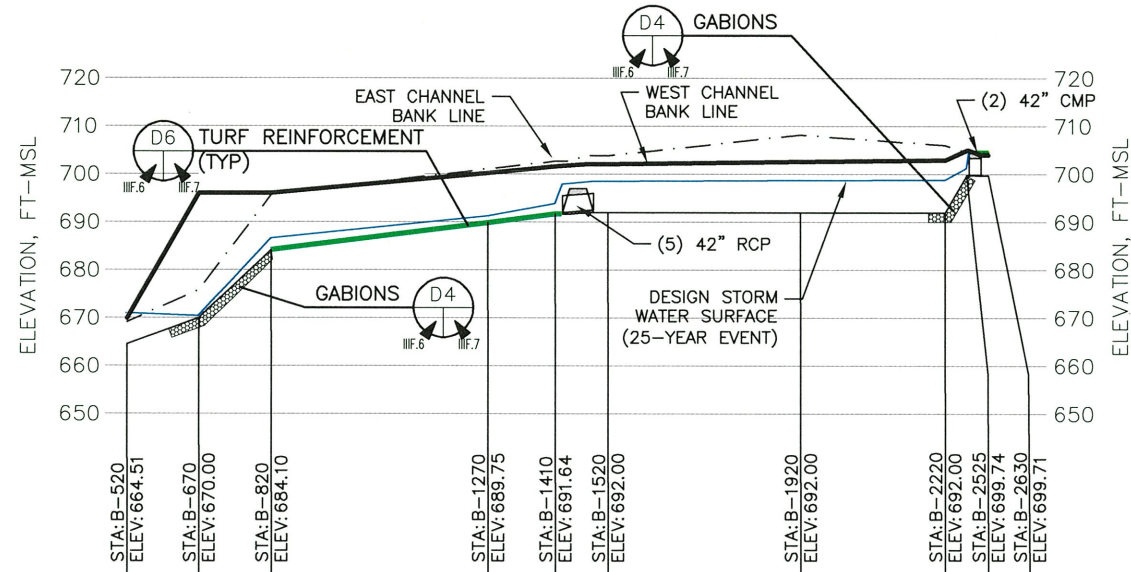


CHANNEL "3" 5
III.F.4 III.F.5



25-YEAR CHANNEL "3" INFORMATION						
CHANNEL	STATION	BOTTOM	PEAK	SLOPE	FLOW	VELOCITY
FROM	TO	WIDTH	INFLOW	(%)	DEPTH	(FT/S)
		(FT)	(CFS)		(FT.)	
0+00	1+24.29	0	3	6.3	0.47	4.58
1+24.29	2+2.43	0	3	6.3	0.47	4.58
2+2.43	3+63.97	0	3	6.3	0.47	4.58

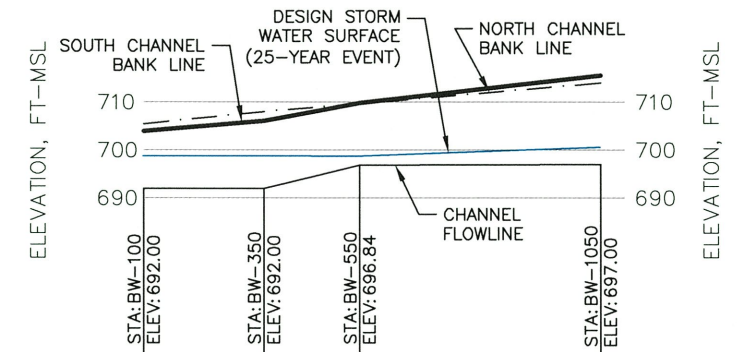
NOTE: NORMAL DEPTH CALCULATION DOES NOT ACCOUNT FOR BACK WATER WHICH WILL INCREASE FLOW DEPTH (SEE PROFILE) AND DECREASE VELOCITY.



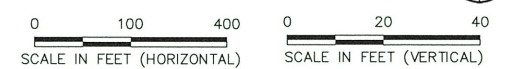
CHANNEL "4" (STREAM B) 4
III.F.6 III.F.7



25-YEAR CHANNEL "4" INFORMATION						
STATION	FLOW	FLOW	FLOW	FROUDE	FLOW	TOP
	RATE	DEPTH	VELOCITY	NO.	AREA	WIDTH
	(CFS)	(FT.)	(FPS)		(SQ.FT.)	OF
						FLOW
						(FT.)
BW-1050	315.0	3.53	3.83	0.42	82.19	32.08
BW-550	315.0	1.82	3.49	0.48	90.20	54.18
BW-350	315.0	6.70	1.15	0.09	273.98	57.70
BW-100	315.0	6.71	0.38	0.03	818.55	138.88
B-2220	442.0	6.68	1.35	0.11	328.04	65.56
B-21920	442.0	6.62	1.50	0.12	294.81	60.12
B-1520	798.0	6.46	2.13	0.17	375.10	72.65
B-1410	513.0	2.12	8.25	1.00	62.19	55.83
B-1270	513.0	1.43	13.87	2.19	36.99	29.64
B-820	513.0	2.40	8.08	1.02	63.50	32.81
B-670	513.0	0.30	20.90	6.74	24.54	82.18
B-520	513.0	6.42	1.45	0.12	422.34	129.65



CHANNEL "4" (STREAM B WEST) 4
III.F.4 III.F.5



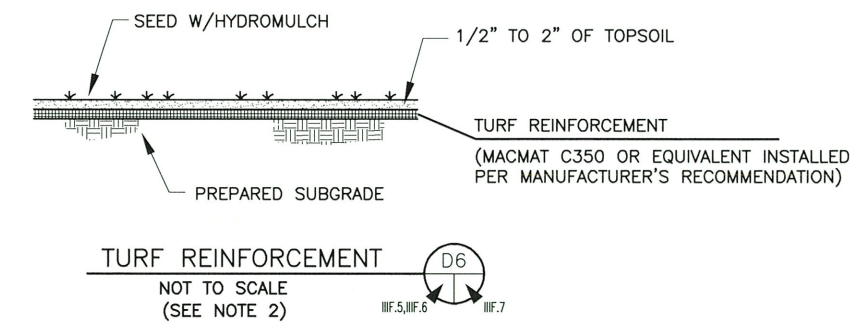
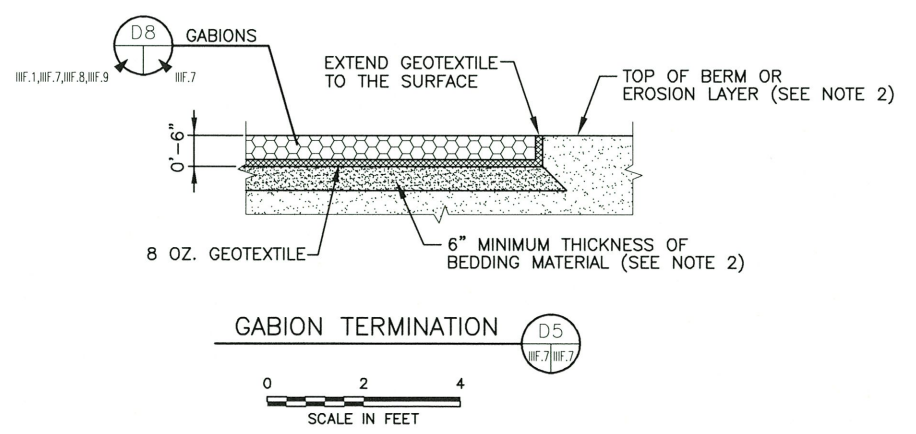
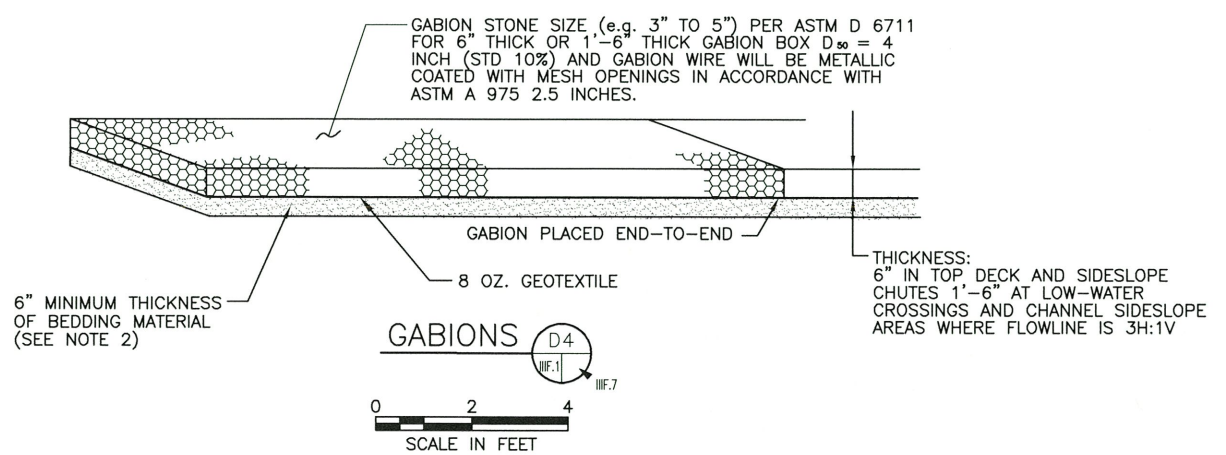
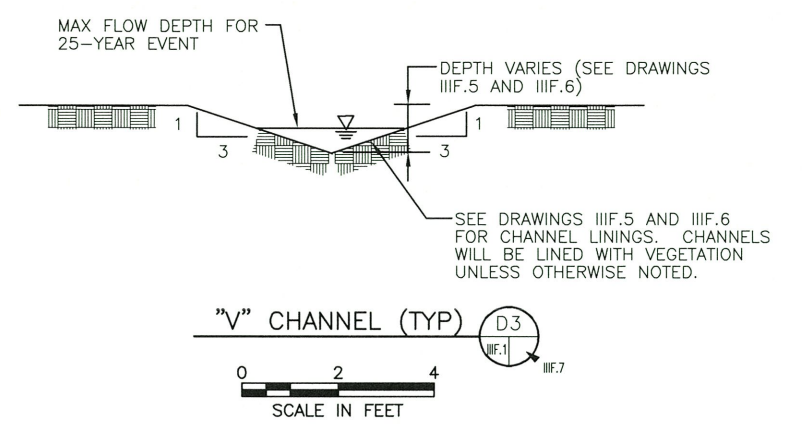
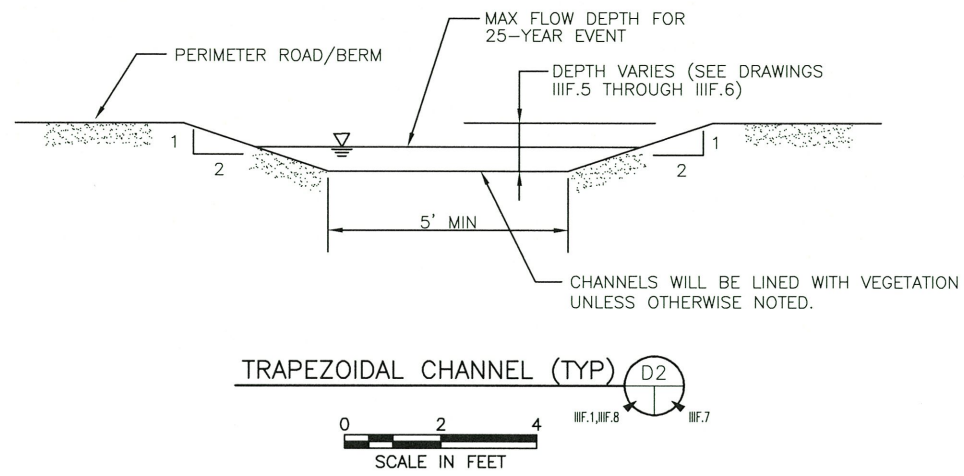
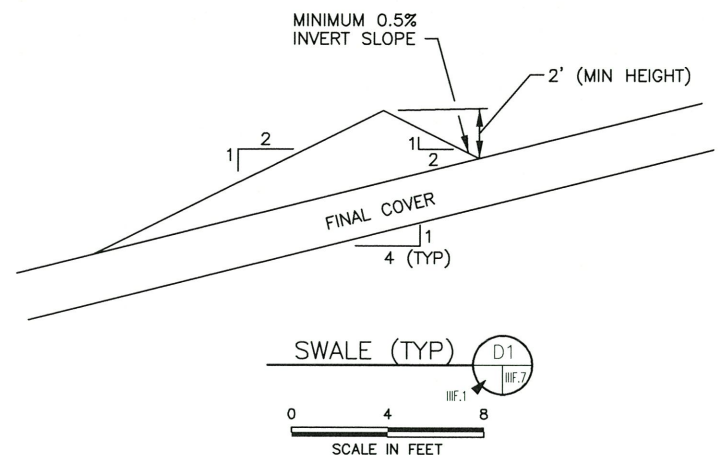
NOTES:

- REFER TO DRAWING III.F.4 FOR PROFILE LOCATIONS.
- EXISTING CONTOURS AND ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY FIRMATEK FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 01-08-2021.
- HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS INCLUDED IN APPENDIX III.F.-B.
- GABIONS SHALL BE USED FOR VELOCITIES OF 20 FT/SEC OR HIGHER.
- CULVERT CALCULATIONS INCLUDED IN APPENDIX III.F.-B.



<input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	PREPARED FOR TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP	MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT PERIMETER CHANNEL PROFILES TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS									
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WWW.WCGRP.COM		DRAWING III.F.6									

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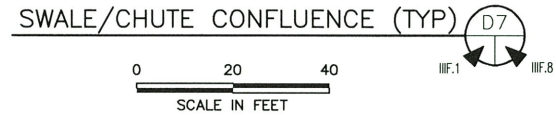
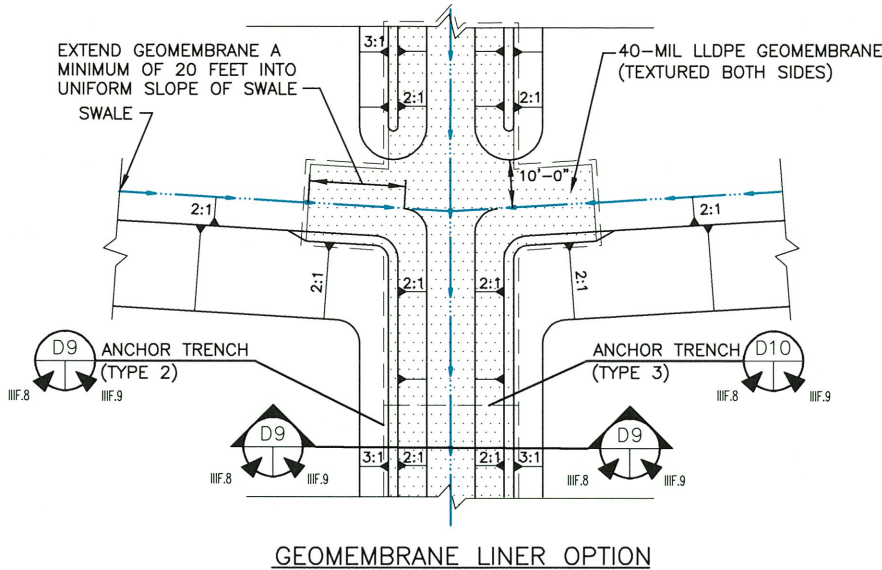
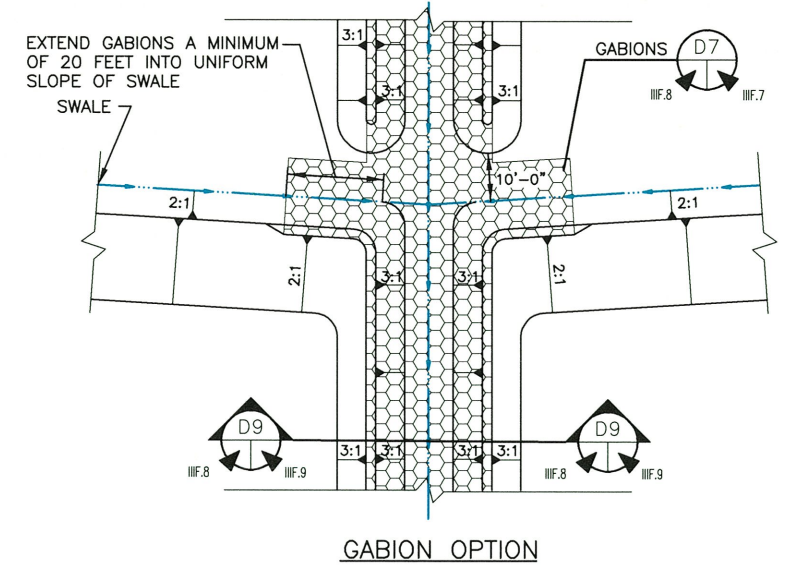


- NOTES:
- REFER TO DRAWING IIIF.1-DRAINAGE STRUCTURE PLAN FOR LOCATION OF DETAILS.
 - BEDDING MATERIAL WILL CONSIST OF CLAYEY SOILS COMPACTED TO PROVIDE FIRM BASE THAT WILL BE overlain BY 8 oz/sy GEOTEXTILE PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF GABIONS.

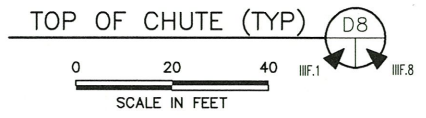
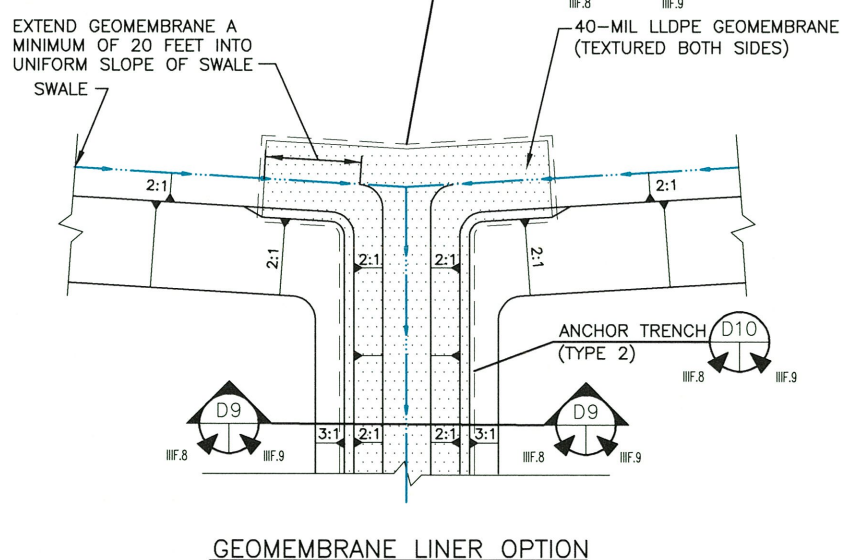
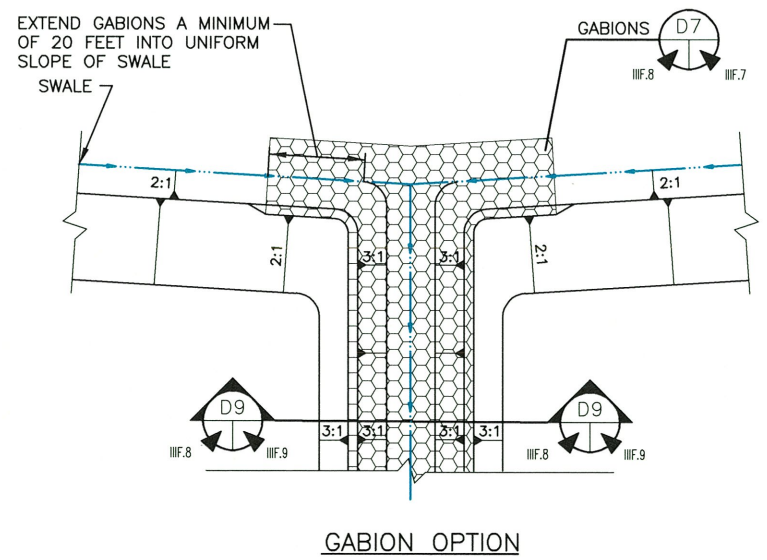


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0 20 40
SCALE IN FEET



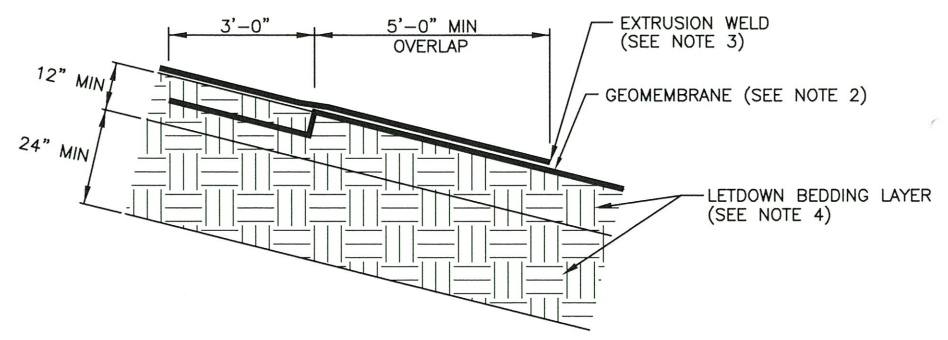
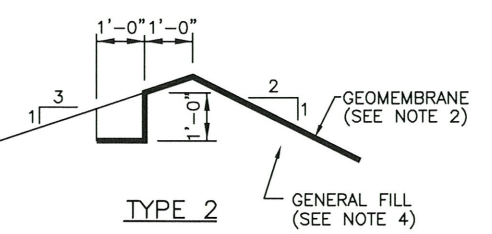
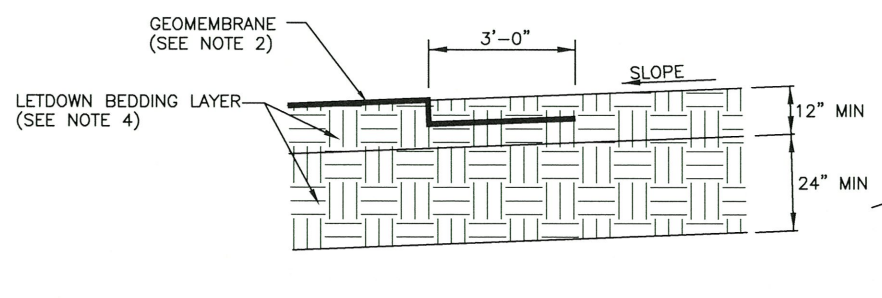
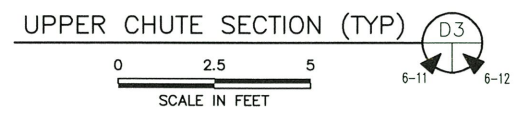
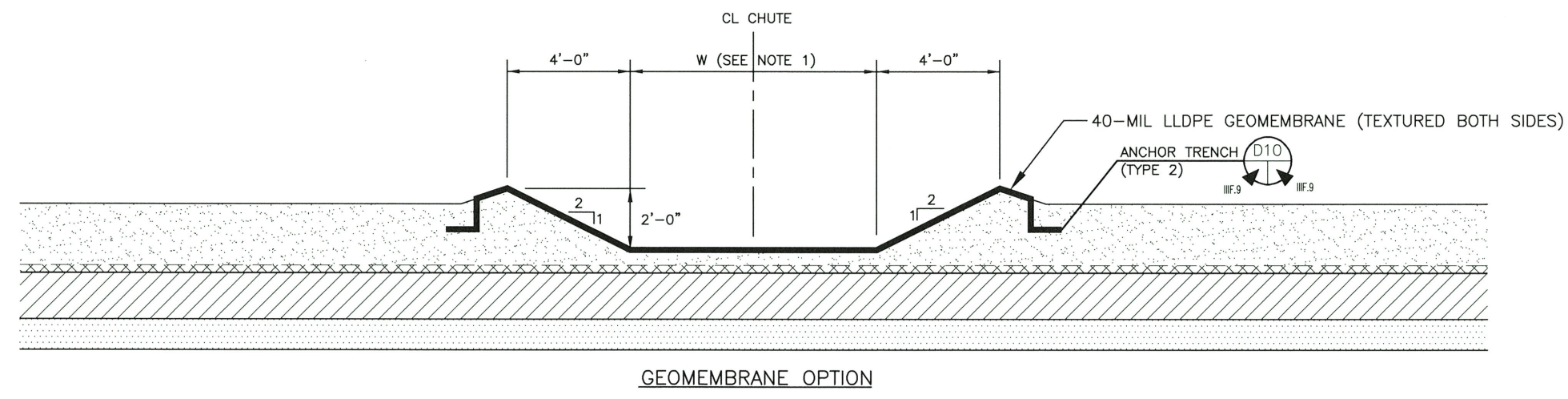
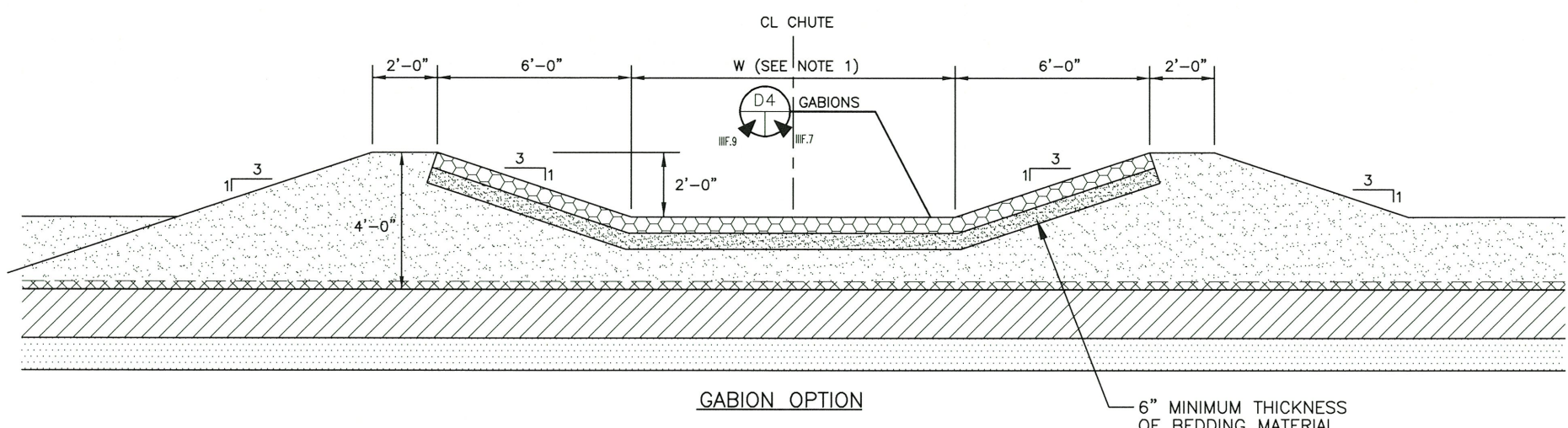
0 20 40
SCALE IN FEET

- NOTES:
1. REFER TO FIGURE IIIF.1 DRAINAGE STRUCTURE PLAN FOR LOCATION OF DETAILS.
 2. SEE APPENDIX IIIF-C FOR BOTTOM WIDTHS OF EACH INDIVIDUAL CHUTE.



<input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	PREPARED FOR TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP	MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT DRAINAGE DETAILS									
	DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: IIIF.8--DRAINAGE DETAILS.DWG		DRAWN BY: JOW DESIGN BY: CAM REVIEWED BY: NT	TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS							
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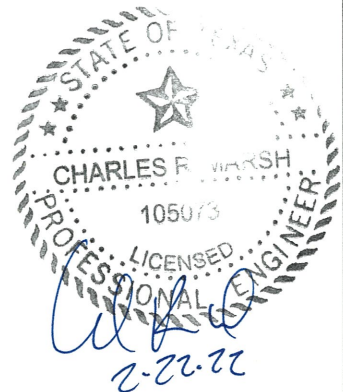
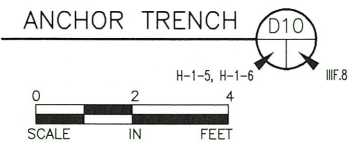
NOTES:

1. SEE APPENDIX IIIIF-C FOR BOTTOM WIDTHS OF EACH INDIVIDUAL CHUTE.
2. 60 MIL HDPE GEOMEMBRANE TEXTURED BOTH SIDES SHALL BE USED FOR GEOMEMBRANE LETDOWN LINING.
3. EXTRUSION WELD UPSTREAM PANEL OVER DOWNSTREAM PANEL USING 1'-0" LONG EXTRUSION WELD WITH A SPACING OF 1'-0" BETWEEN EACH WELD.
4. SOIL PLACED UNDER GEOMEMBRANE LETDOWN AND CONCRETE DISSIPATER SHALL NOT CONTAIN TOPSOIL THAT WILL BE USED FOR VEGETATION LAYER.

TYPE 1

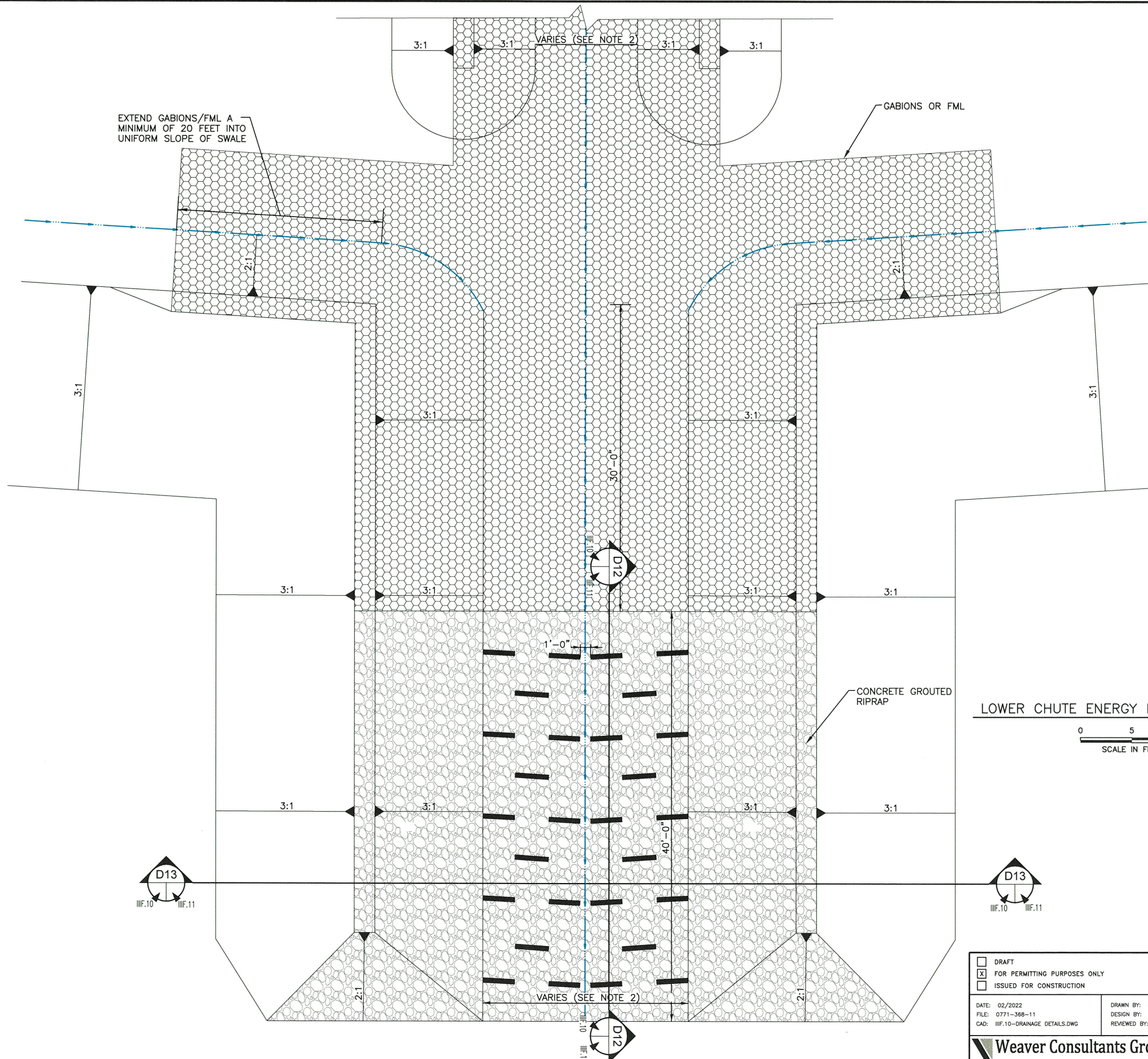
TYPE 2

TYPE 3



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	DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: IIIIF-9-DRAINAGE DETAILS.DWG	DRAWN BY: JDW DESIGN BY: CAM REVIEWED BY: NT	TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Weaver Consultants Group TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727		WWW.WCGRP.COM DRAWING IIIIF.9	

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EXTEND GABIONS/FML A MINIMUM OF 20 FEET INTO UNIFORM SLOPE OF SWALE

GABIONS OR FML

CONCRETE GROUTED RIPRAP

LOWER CHUTE ENERGY DISSIPATER (TYP)

0 5 10
SCALE IN FEET



NOTES:

1. REFER TO FIGURE IIIF.1 DRAINAGE STRUCTURE PLAN FOR LOCATION OF DETAILS.
2. SEE APPENDIX IIIF-C FOR BOTTOM WIDTHS OF EACH INDIVIDUAL CHUTE.

- DRAFT
- FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY
- ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION

DATE: 02/2022
 FILE: 0771-368-11
 CAD: IIIF.10-DRAINAGE DETAILS.DWG

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 REVIEWED BY: NT

PREPARED FOR
TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP

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NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION

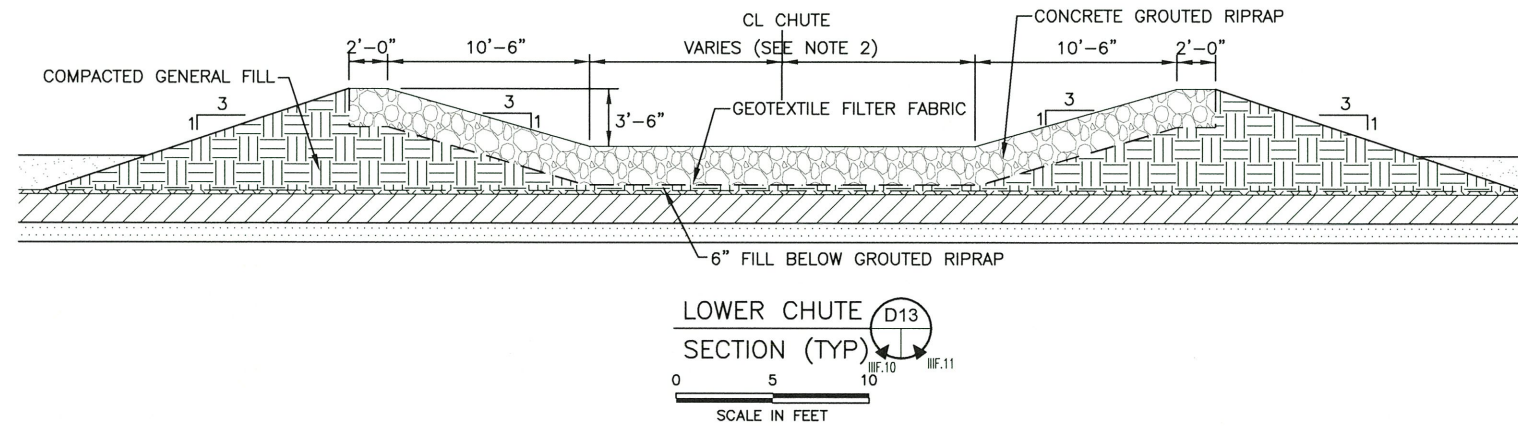
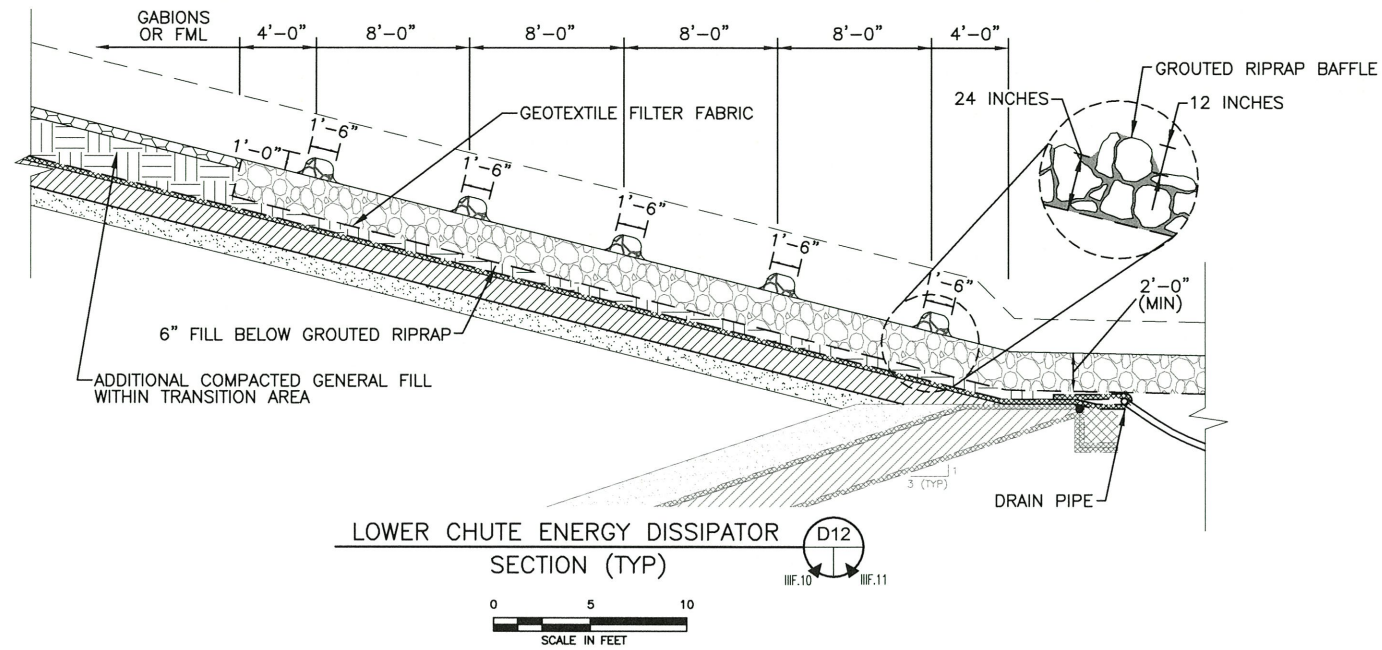
**MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT
 DRAINAGE DETAILS**

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
 JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS

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DRAWING IIIF.10

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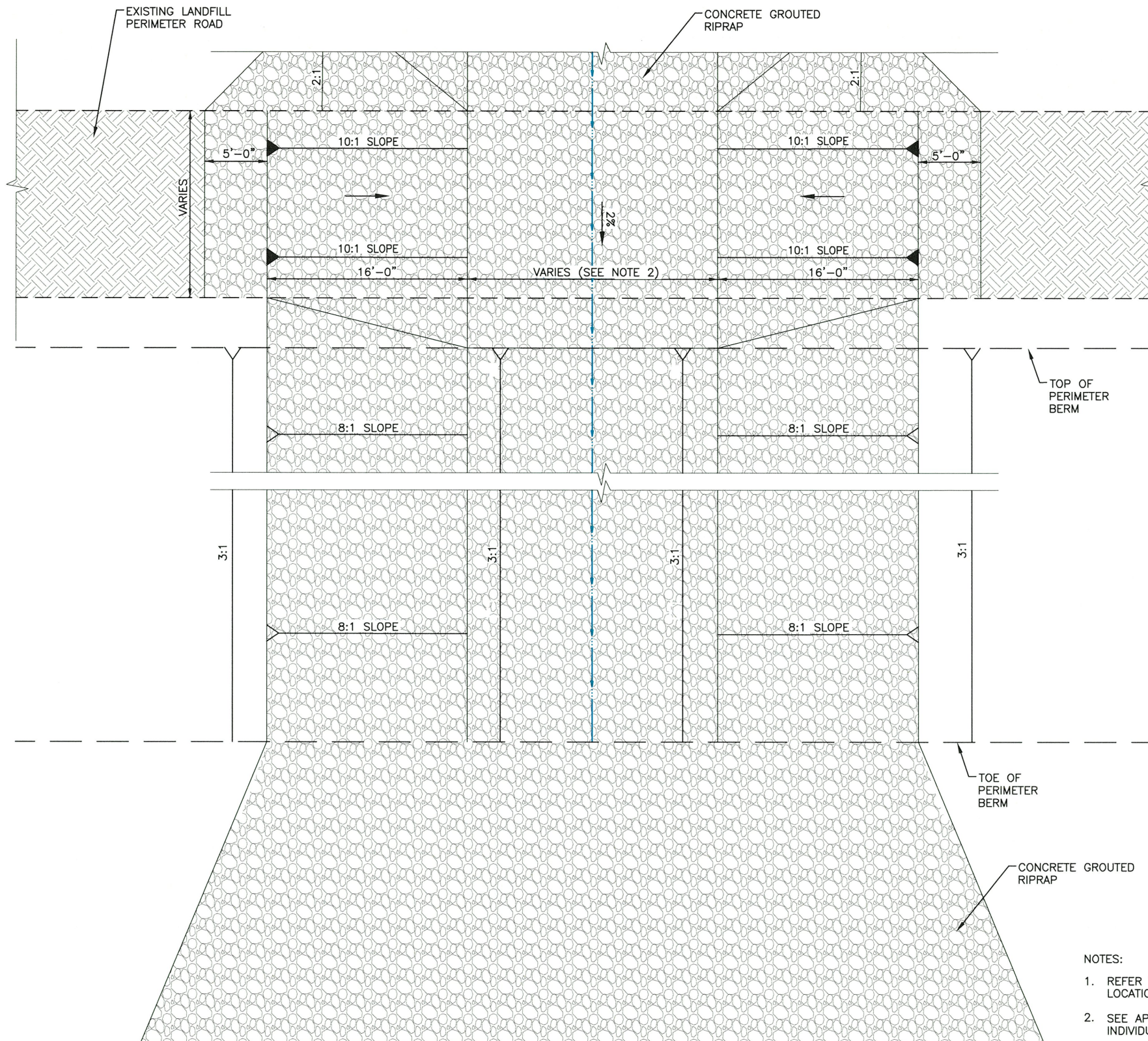


NOTES:

1. REFER TO FIGURE IIIF.1 DRAINAGE STRUCTURE PLAN FOR LOCATION OF DETAILS.
2. SEE APPENDIX IIIF-C FOR BOTTOM WIDTHS OF EACH INDIVIDUAL CHUTE.

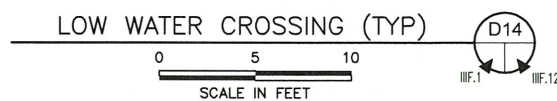
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DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: IIIF.11-DRAINAGE DETAILS.DWG	DRAWN BY: JOW DESIGN BY: CAM REVIEWED BY: NT	TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Weaver Consultants Group TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727		WWW.WCGRP.COM DRAWING IIIF.11

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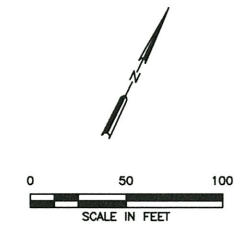
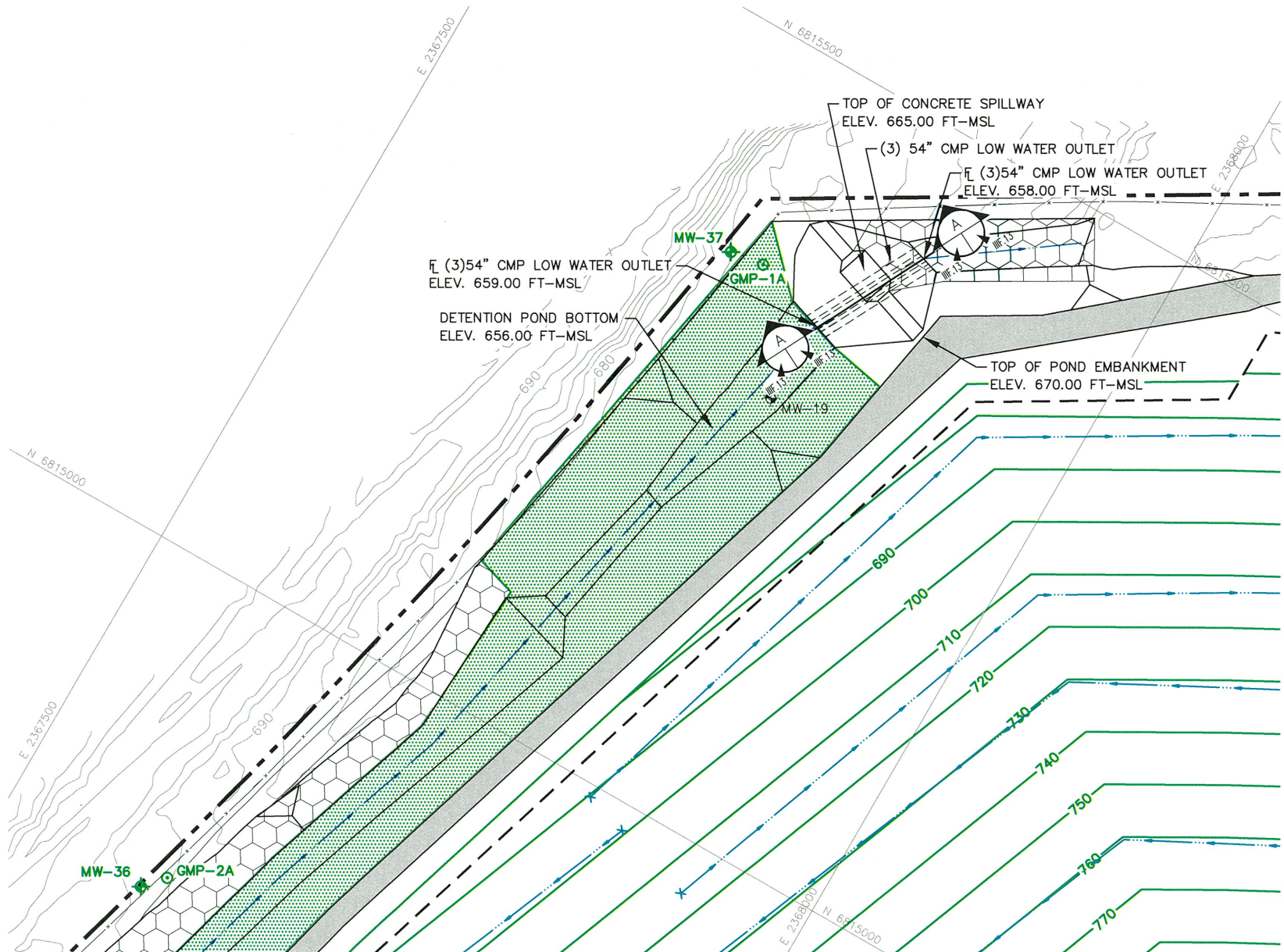


NOTES:

1. REFER TO FIGURE IIIF.1 DRAINAGE STRUCTURE PLAN FOR LOCATION OF DETAILS.
2. SEE APPENDIX IIIF-C FOR BOTTOM WIDTHS OF EACH INDIVIDUAL CHUTE.



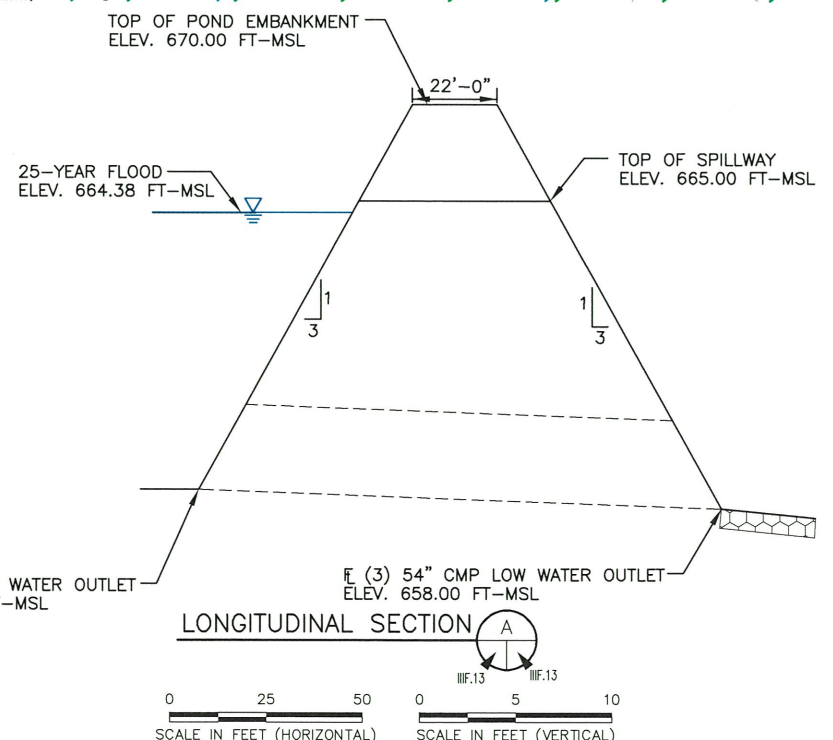
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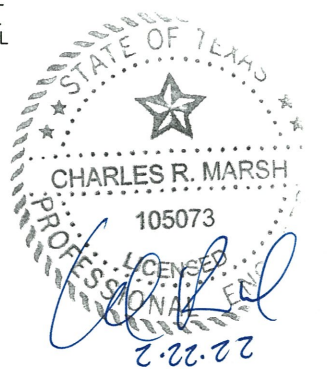
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	LIMITS OF WASTE
	EXISTING CONTOUR
	STATE PLANE COORDINATE
	EASEMENT
	FINAL COVER CONTOUR
	DRAINAGE LETDOWN
	DRAINAGE SWALE
	PROPOSED PERIMETER CHANNEL
	GABIIONS
	TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT
	MW-7 EXISTING GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL
	MW-37 PROPOSED GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL
	GMP-1A PROPOSED GAS MONITORING PROBE

- NOTES:**
- EXISTING CONTOURS AND ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY FIRMATEK FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 01-08-2021. THE GRID SYSTEM IS TIED TO THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM NORTH CENTRAL ZONE NAD 1983.
 - REFER TO APPENDIX IIF-SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE PLAN FOR DRAINAGE DESIGN INFORMATION.



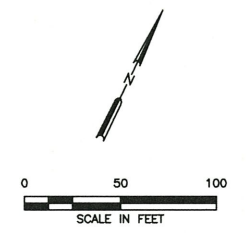
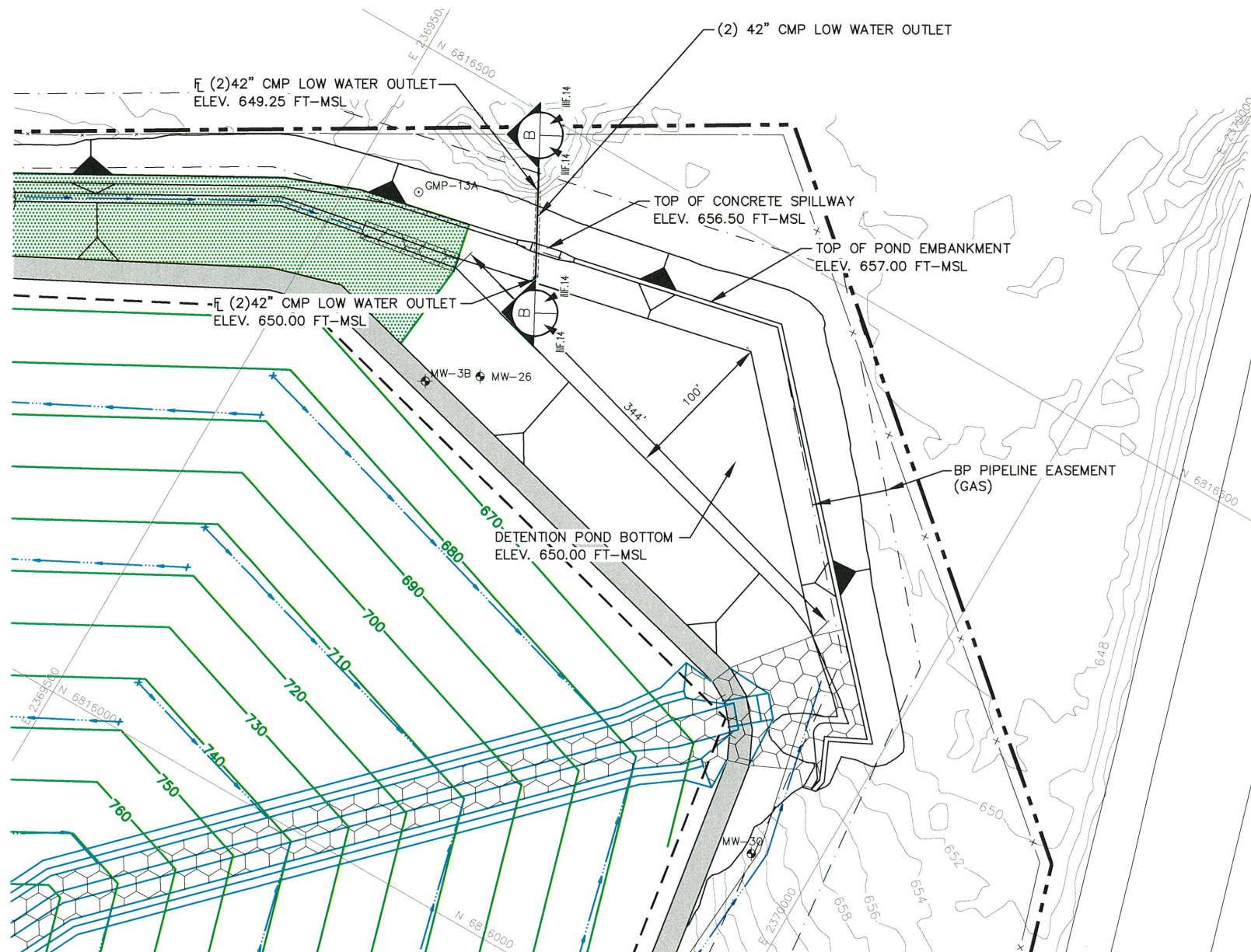
DETENTION POND DESIGN SUMMARY

POND BOTTOM	656.00 FT-MSL
TOP OF EMBANKMENT	670.00 FT-MSL
SPILLWAY ELEVATION	665.00 FT-MSL
25-YEAR PEAK STAGE	664.38 FT-MSL
25-YEAR STORAGE VOLUME	1.0 AC-FT
LOW WATER OUTLET	(3) 54" CMP
OUTLET UPSTREAM ELEVATION	659.00
OUTLET DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION	658.00



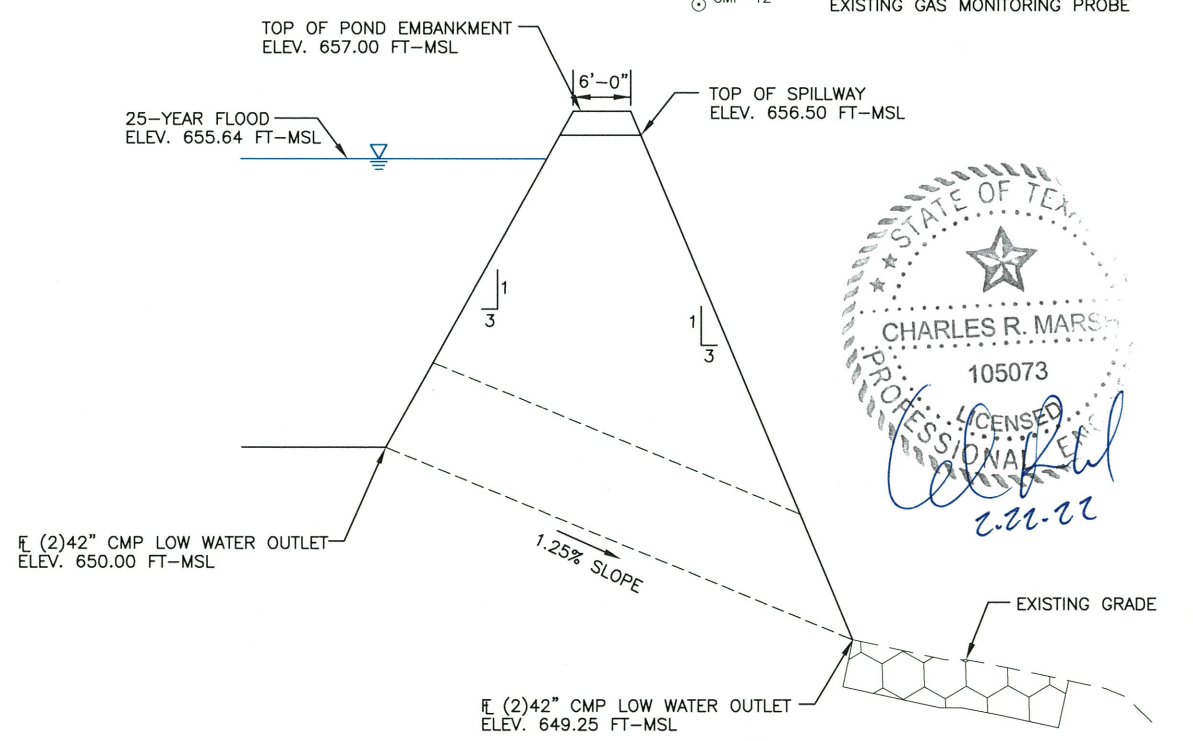
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	TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP										
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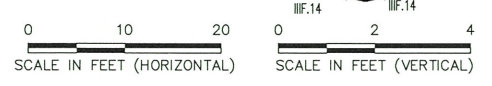
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	LIMITS OF WASTE
	EXISTING CONTOUR
	STATE PLANE COORDINATE
	EASEMENT
	FINAL COVER CONTOUR
	DRAINAGE LETDOWN
	DRAINAGE SWALE
	PROPOSED PERIMETER CHANNEL
	GABIONS
	TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT
	EXISTING GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL
	EXISTING GAS MONITORING PROBE



DETENTION POND DESIGN SUMMARY

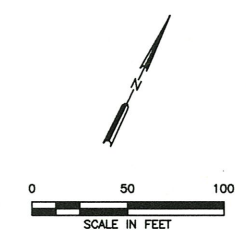
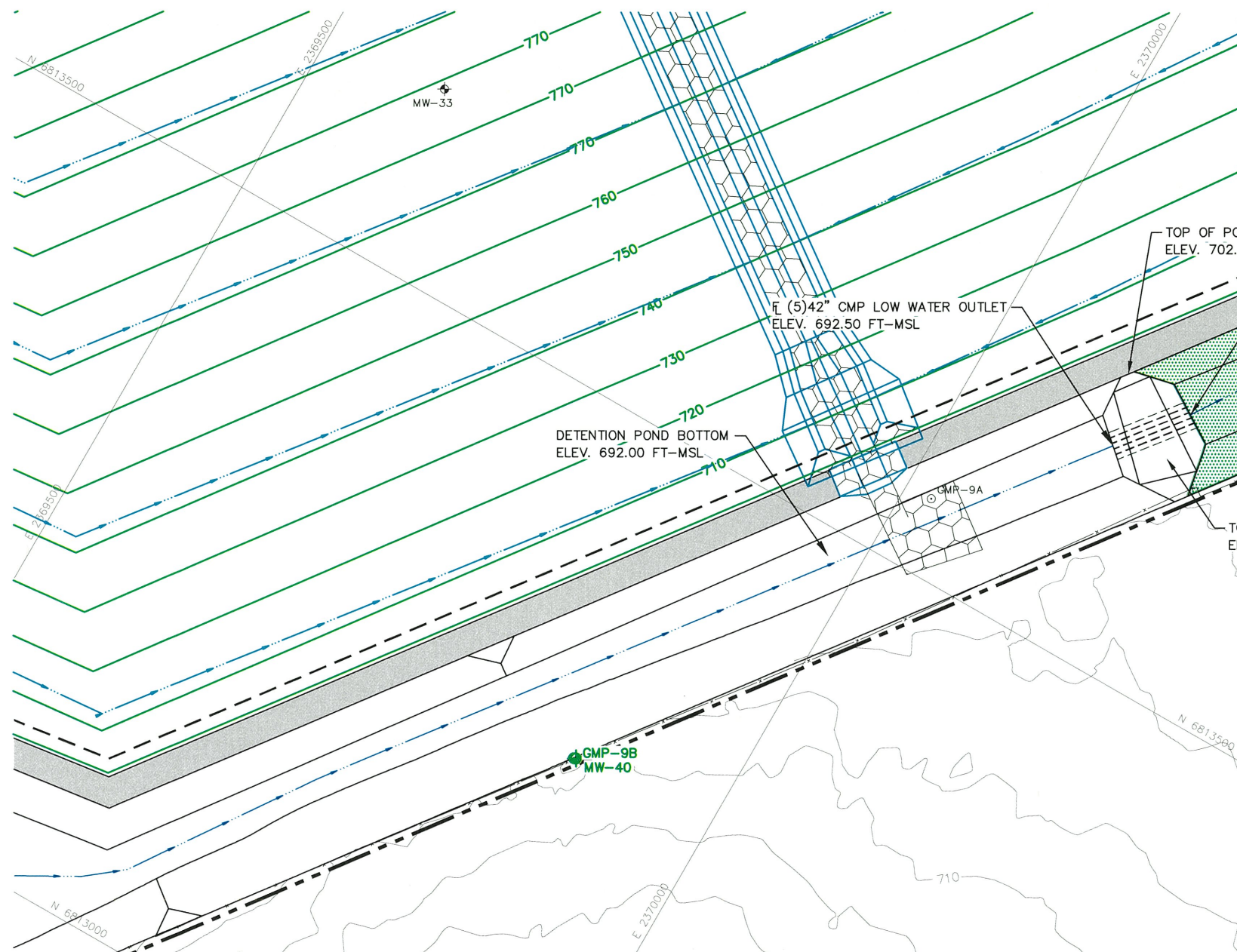
POND BOTTOM	650.00 FT-MSL
TOP OF EMBANKMENT	657.00 FT-MSL
SPILLWAY ELEVATION	656.50 FT-MSL
25-YEAR PEAK STAGE	655.64 FT-MSL
25-YEAR STORAGE VOLUME	3.0 AC-FT
LOW WATER OUTLET	(2) 42" CMP
OUTLET UPSTREAM ELEVATION	650.00
OUTLET DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION	649.25

- NOTES:**
- EXISTING CONTOURS AND ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY FIRMAKTEK FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 01-08-2021. THE GRID SYSTEM IS TIED TO THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM NORTH CENTRAL ZONE NAD 1983.
 - REFER TO APPENDIX IIIIF-SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE PLAN FOR DRAINAGE DESIGN INFORMATION.



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	TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP										
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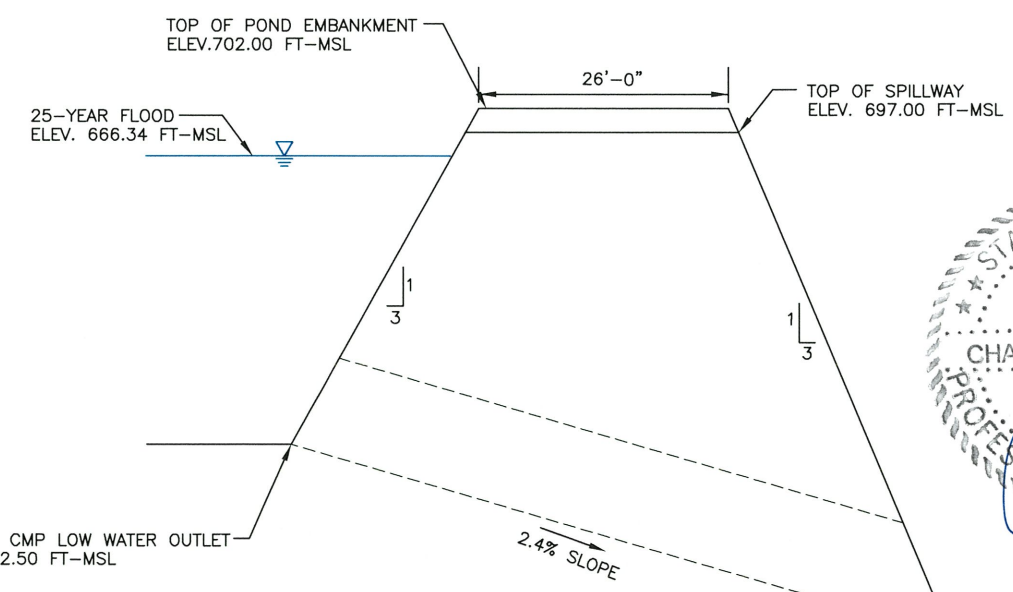
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- - - LIMITS OF WASTE
- 750--- EXISTING CONTOUR
- N 6816000 STATE PLANE COORDINATE
- - - EASEMENT
- 800--- FINAL COVER CONTOUR
- DRAINAGE LETDOWN
- DRAINAGE SWALE
- PROPOSED PERIMETER CHANNEL
- GABIONS
- TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT
- MW-33 EXISTING GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL
- GMP-9A EXISTING GAS MONITORING PROBE
- MW-40 PROPOSED GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL
- GMP-9B PROPOSED GAS MONITORING PROBE

TOP OF POND EMBANKMENT
ELEV. 702.00 FT-MSL

(5)42" CMP LOW WATER OUTLET
ELEV. 692.50 FT-MSL

DETENTION POND BOTTOM
ELEV. 692.00 FT-MSL

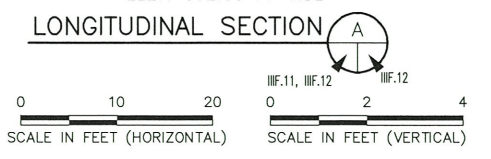
TOP OF CONCRETE SPILLWAY
ELEV. 697.00 FT-MSL



- NOTES:**
- EXISTING CONTOURS AND ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY FIRMA TEK FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 01-08-2021. THE GRID SYSTEM IS TIED TO THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM NORTH CENTRAL ZONE NAD 1983.
 - REFER TO APPENDIX IIIIF-SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE PLAN FOR DRAINAGE DESIGN INFORMATION.

DETENTION POND DESIGN SUMMARY

POND BOTTOM	692.00 FT-MSL
TOP OF EMBANKMENT	702.00 FT-MSL
SPILLWAY ELEVATION	697.00 FT-MSL
25-YEAR PEAK STAGE	696.34 FT-MSL
25-YEAR STORAGE VOLUME	7.0 AC-FT
LOW WATER OUTLET	(5)42" CMP
OUTLET UPSTREAM ELEVATION	692.50
OUTLET DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION	690.00



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Weaver Consultants Group TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727		WWW.WCGRP.COM DRAWING IIF.15					

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APPENDIX IIIF-A

POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITION
HYDROLOGIC CALCULATIONS

Includes pages IIIF-A-1 through IIIF-A-74



CONTENTS

Hypothetical Storm Data	IIIF-A-1
Precipitation Loss Data	IIIF-A-3
Hydrograph Development Information	IIIF-A-15
Post-development HEC-1 Analysis Drainage Areas	IIIF-A-27
HEC-1 Output – Post-development 25-Year, 24-Hour Storm Event	IIIF-A-28
Volume Calculations	IIIF-A-66
Velocity Calculations	IIIF-A-70



HYPOTHETICAL STORM DATA

Hypothetical Storm Data

Precipitation data taken from NOAA Atlas 14 rainfall data.

Time	5 min	15 min	60 min	2 hr	3 hr	6 hr	12 hr	24 hr
25-Year Event	0.85	1.69	3.07	3.88	4.38	5.30	6.27	7.33

NOAA Atlas 14 - Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the United States, Volume 11, Version 2.0: Texas (U.S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and National Weather Service, 2018) was used to identify precipitation values for storm durations ranging from 5 minutes to 24 hours.

PRECIPITATION LOSS DATA

Required: Determine the SCS curve numbers for both on-site and off-site drainage areas for use in the HEC-1 analysis.

References:

1. Dodson's and Associates, Inc., *ProHec-1 Plus Program Documentation*, 1995.
2. United States Department of Agriculture, National Resource Conservation Service, Web Soil Survey for Johnson County, Texas (<http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov>).
3. The Hydrologic Evaluation of Landfill Performance (HELP) Model - Engineering Documentation for version 3. EPA/600/R-94/168b, September 1994.

Note: Approximate non landfill areas within the permit boundary on SCS map (page IIIF-A-5).

Solution: Based on the soil survey information found in Ref. 2, hydrologic group D soils predominate the soils within the permit boundary drainage area (see pages IIIF-A-5 through IIIF-A-8).

The curve number for the offsite drainage areas around the site, large non-landfill drainage basins within the permit boundary, and drainage channels (O1, O2, O3, O4, O5) S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6, S7, CH1, CH2, and CH3) was calculated using the table on IIIF-A-11, assmunig pasture land in fair conditions. The majority of the area is undeveloped and assumed to compare to the off-site and on-site subbasins near the site.

Use: CN = 84

The final cover system was assumed to be in place and the erosion layer will control precipitation loss. A curve number that is corrected for the surface slope of the erosion layer may be computed first using the chart on page IIIF-A-11 to select an un-adjusted curve number. Calculate the adjusted curve number using equation 34 from Ref. 3 (see page IIIF-A-10).

$$CN_{II} = 100 - (100 - CN_{IIo}) * (L^* / S^*) ^ (CN_{IIo}^{-0.81})$$

Use: $CN_{IIo} = 84, L^* = (500/500), S^* = (.06/.04)$ for top dome surfaces
Use: $CN_{IIo} = 84, L^* = (120/500), S^* = (.29/.04)$ for side slopes

Calculate: CN = 85 for top dome surfaces

Calculate: CN = 86 for side slopes

- Use curve number calculated for side slopes for the entire final cover area, including top dome areas, conservatively.

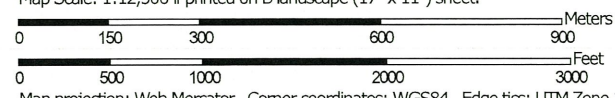
The pond areas are assumed to collect all precipitation for their areas:

Use: CN = 100

Hydrologic Soil Group—Johnson County, Texas



Map Scale: 1:12,500 if printed on B landscape (17" x 11") sheet.



Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 14N WGS84



































Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey IIII-A-5

2/19/2019 Page 1 of 4

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)	 C
 Area of Interest (AOI)	 C/D
Soils	 D
Soil Rating Polygons	 Not rated or not available
 A	Water Features
 A/D	 Streams and Canals
 B	Transportation
 B/D	 Rails
 C	 Interstate Highways
 C/D	 US Routes
 D	 Major Roads
 Not rated or not available	 Local Roads
Soil Rating Lines	Background
 A	 Aerial Photography
 A/D	
 B	
 B/D	
 C	
 C/D	
 D	
 Not rated or not available	
Soil Rating Points	
 A	
 A/D	
 B	
 B/D	

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20,000.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
 Web Soil Survey URL:
 Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Johnson County, Texas
 Survey Area Data: Version 15, Sep 14, 2018

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Nov 27, 2014—Mar 19, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
BmE	Birome-Rayex complex, 5 to 20 percent slopes	C	50.9	4.3%
BuB	Burleson clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes	D	7.2	0.6%
CrB	Crosstell fine sandy loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	D	85.8	7.3%
CrD	Crosstell fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	D	433.7	36.7%
FhC	Ferris-Heiden complex, 2 to 5 percent slopes	D	91.4	7.7%
GfB	Gasil fine sandy loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	B	5.0	0.4%
GfC	Gasil fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	B	9.2	0.8%
HeB	Heiden clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes	D	216.3	18.3%
NaC	Navo clay loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	D	11.9	1.0%
Pb	Pits, 0 to 45 percent slopes		49.6	4.2%
Pp	Pulexas fine sandy loam, frequently flooded	A	74.9	6.3%
SfB	Silstid loamy fine sand, 1 to 3 percent slopes	B	52.7	4.5%
SfD	Silstid loamy fine sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	B	19.6	1.7%
Tn	Tinn clay, 0 to 1 percent slopes, frequently flooded	D	72.3	6.1%
W	Water	D	2.3	0.2%
Totals for Area of Interest			1,182.6	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

where

- CN_{II_0} = AMC-II curve number for mild slope (unadjusted for slope)
- C_0 = regression constant for a given level of vegetation
- C_1 = regression constant for a given level of vegetation
- C_2 = regression constant for a given level of vegetation
- IR = infiltration correlation parameter for given soil type

The relationship between CN_{II} , the vegetative cover and default soil texture is shown graphically in Figure 8. Table 7 gives values of C_0 , C_1 and C_2 for the five types of vegetative cover built into the HELP program.

4.2.3 Adjustment of Curve Number for Surface Slope

A regression equation was developed to adjust the AMC-II curve number for surface slope conditions. The regression was developed based on kinematic wave theory where

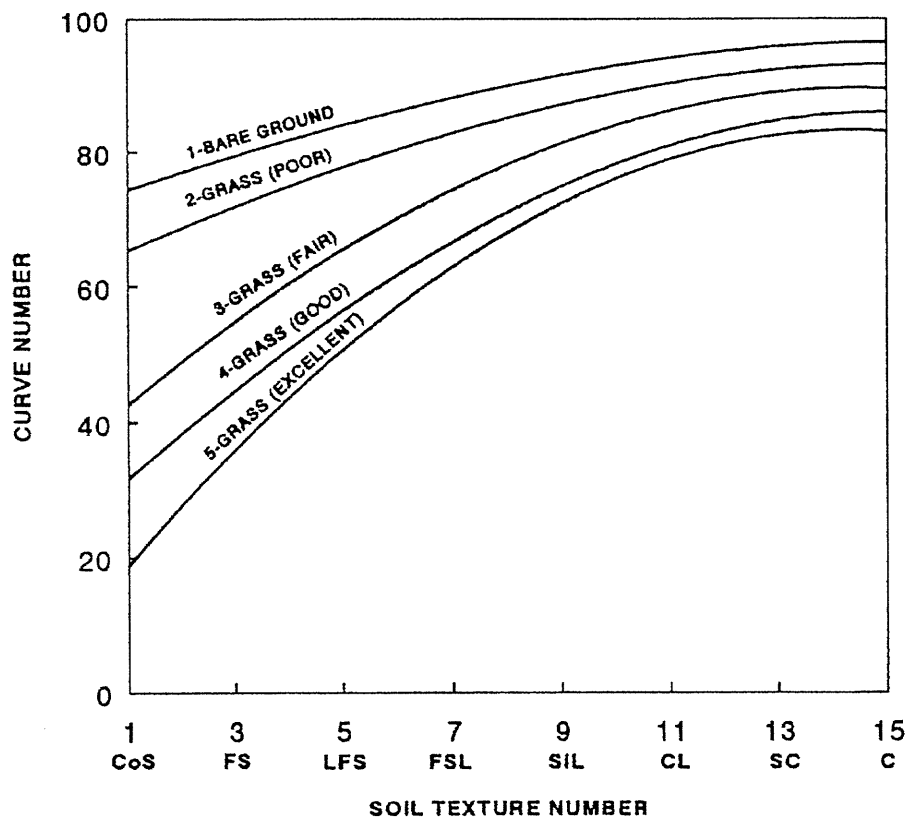


Figure 8. Relation between SCS Curve Number and Default Soil Texture Number for Various Levels of Vegetation

loam, and clayey loam as specified by saturated hydraulic conductivity, capillary drive, porosity, and maximum relative saturation. Two levels of vegetation were described--a good stand of grass (bluegrass sod) and a poor stand of grass (clipped range). Slopes of 0.04, 0.10, 0.20, 0.35, and 0.50 ft/ft and slope lengths of 50, 100, 250, and 500 ft were used. Rainfalls of 1.1 inches, 1-hour duration and 2nd quartile Huff distribution and of 3.8 inches, 6-hour duration and balanced distribution were modeled.

The resulting regression equation used for adjusting the AMC-II curve number computed for default soils and vegetation placed at mild slopes, CN_{II} , is:

$$CN_{II} = 100 - (100 - CN_{II_0}) \cdot \left(\frac{L^{*2}}{S^{*}} \right) CN_{II_0}^{-0.81} \quad (34)$$

where

L^* = standardized dimensionless length, (L/500 ft)

S^* = standardized dimensionless slope, (S/0.04)

This same equation is used to adjust user-specified AMC-II curve numbers for surface slope conditions by substituting the user value for CN_{II_0} in Equation 34.

4.2.4 Adjustment of Curve Number for Frozen Soil

When the HELP program predicts frozen conditions to exist, the value of CN_{II} is increased, resulting in a higher calculated runoff. Knisel et al. (1985) found that this type of curve number adjustment in the CREAMS model resulted in improved predictions of annual runoff for several test watersheds. If the CN_{II} for unfrozen soil is less than or equal to 80, the CN_{II} for frozen soil conditions is set at 95. When the unfrozen soil CN_{II} is greater than 80, the CN_{II} is reset to be 98 on days when the program has determined the soil to be frozen. This adjustment results in an increase in CN_{II} and consequently a decrease in S_{max} and S' (Equations 19, 26, and 30).

From Equations 19 and 21, it is apparent that as S' approaches zero, Q approaches P . In other words, as S' decreases, the calculated runoff becomes closer to being equal to the net rainfall which is most often, when frozen soil conditions exist, predominantly snowmelt. This will result in a decrease in infiltration under frozen soil conditions, which has been observed in numerous studies.

4.2.5 Summary of Daily Runoff Computation

The HELP model determines daily runoff by the following procedure:

**TABLE 5.3 Values of SCS
Curve Number for Rural Areas**

Source: [McCuen, 1982]

Land Use Description	Hydrologic Soil Group			
	A	B	C	D
Fallow:				
Straight Row	77	86	91	94
Row Crops:				
Straight Row, Poor Condition	72	81	88	91
Straight Row, Good Condition	67	78	85	89
Contoured, Poor Condition	70	79	84	88
Contoured, Good Condition	65	75	82	86
Contoured and Terraced, Poor Condition	66	74	80	82
Contoured and Terraced, Good Condition	62	71	78	81
Small Grain:				
Straight Row, Poor Condition	65	76	84	88
Straight Row, Good Condition	63	75	83	87
Contoured, Poor Condition	63	74	82	85
Contoured, Good Condition	61	73	81	84
Contoured and Terraced, Poor Condition	61	72	79	82
Contoured and Terraced, Good Condition	59	70	78	81
Close-Seeded Legumes or Rotation Meadow				
Straight Row, Poor Condition	66	77	85	89
Straight Row, Good Condition	58	72	81	85
Contoured, Poor Condition	64	75	83	85
Contoured, Good Condition	55	69	78	83
Contoured and Terraced, Poor Condition	63	73	80	83
Contoured and Terraced, Good Condition	51	67	76	80
Pasture or Range:				
Poor Condition	68	79	86	89
Fair Condition	49	69	79	84
Good Condition	39	61	74	80
Contoured, Poor Condition	47	67	81	88
Contoured, Fair Condition	25	59	75	83
Contoured, Good Condition	6	35	70	79
Meadow, Good Condition	30	58	71	78
Woods or Forest Land:				
Poor Condition	45	66	77	83
Fair Condition	36	60	73	79
Good Condition	25	55	70	77
Farmsteads:	59	74	82	86

Initial and Uniform Loss Rate

An initial loss in inches (*STRTL*) and a constant loss rate (*CNSTL*) in inches per hour are specified for this method. All rainfall is lost until the volume of initial loss is satisfied. After the initial loss is satisfied, rainfall is lost at the constant rate.

This section provides guidance in selecting the values used for the initial loss and uniform loss rate in two ways:

1. By consulting previous studies of actual rainfall events for a particular watershed or region.
2. By relating the parameters to the SCS Curve Number, which can be estimated using the information presented earlier in this chapter.

Previous studies by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers or other public agencies may provide guidance on selecting appropriate values for the initial loss and uniform loss rate for a particular location. Tables 5.4 through 5.6 list the values of initial and

HYDROGRAPH DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION

HYDROGRAPH DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION

Landfill Areas

Direct runoff methods, (i.e., kinematic wave) have been used for the majority of the landfill final cover areas. The kinematic wave method has been used to model the 4 percent topslope areas and 25 percent side slope areas before the flow is intercepted by the drainage swales. The kinematic wave method is a physically based method using slope, surface roughness, catchment lengths and areas. This method does not consider attenuation for flood wave; as a consequence, this method provides for a conservative analysis. The following typical parameters for the kinematic wave method have been developed for landfill areas.

Kinematic wave parameters for overland flow:

- Slope: Varies from 0.04 to 0.25 ft/ft landfill slopes
- N: 0.35 Manning's friction coefficient (based on using a value between dense grass (N = 0.24) and Bermuda grass (N = 0.41) listed in Soil Conservation Services TR-55)
- L: Represents a typical distance between swales for overland flow for each drainage area. For example, as shown on Sheet IIIF-A-17, the swale spacing on 4H:1V sideslopes is 120 feet.

The percentage of the drainage area represented by these parameters is typically 100 percent.

Kinematic Wave routing for channels:

- Channel length (ft): The length of the channel section.
- Channel slope (ft/ft): Varies from 0.005 to 0.0625 (0.005 for swales).
- Channel roughness coefficient: 0.03 for grass lined channels and swales.
- Channel type: A trapezoidal channel was used with varying width and 3:1 side slopes ("V" ditch with varying side slopes for swales).

Non-Landfill Final Cover Areas

Hydrographs for the majority of non-landfill final cover areas within and near the permit boundary (e.g., pond areas) were developed using the Snyder unit hydrograph method. Espey "10-Minute" method has been used to estimate Snyder parameters. Snyder parameter estimations are provided on pages IIF-A-18 through IIF-A-23.

As discussed in Section 2 of Appendix IIF, hydrographs for the areas outside of the permit boundary (O, O2, O3, O4, and O5), and larger areas inside the permit boundary (S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6, and S7) were developed using the Snyder unit hydrograph method. The percent imperviousness ranges from 2 percent to 25 percent, indicating the majority of each watershed is undeveloped. Pond areas are assumed to be 100 percent impervious, and areas with significant channel surface or paved surfaces were assigned higher percentages of impervious area, as shown on IIF-A-19.

Drainage Areas

The drainage areas used for this analysis are shown on Sheets IIF-A-25 and IIF-A-26. The routing scheme for the post-development condition is shown in the HEC-1 output file presented on pages IIF-A-27 through IIF-A-65.

**DISTRIBUTED RUNOFF METHOD
KINEMATIC WAVE EXAMPLE**

Drainage area "DA4" is used in this example (refer to Sheet IIIF-A-17 for location of drainage area).

Watershed Specific Parameters:

A =	33.25	acres	Watershed Area (acres)
A =	0.0520	sq-miles	Watershed Area (sq-miles)
CN =	86		SCS Curve Number (see sheet IIIF-A-4 for more information)

Kinematic Wave parameter for overland flow:

L =	120	ft	Typical overland flow (ft)
S =	0.25	ft/ft	Landfill slope (ft/ft)
N =	0.30		Manning's Coefficient

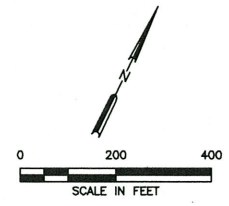
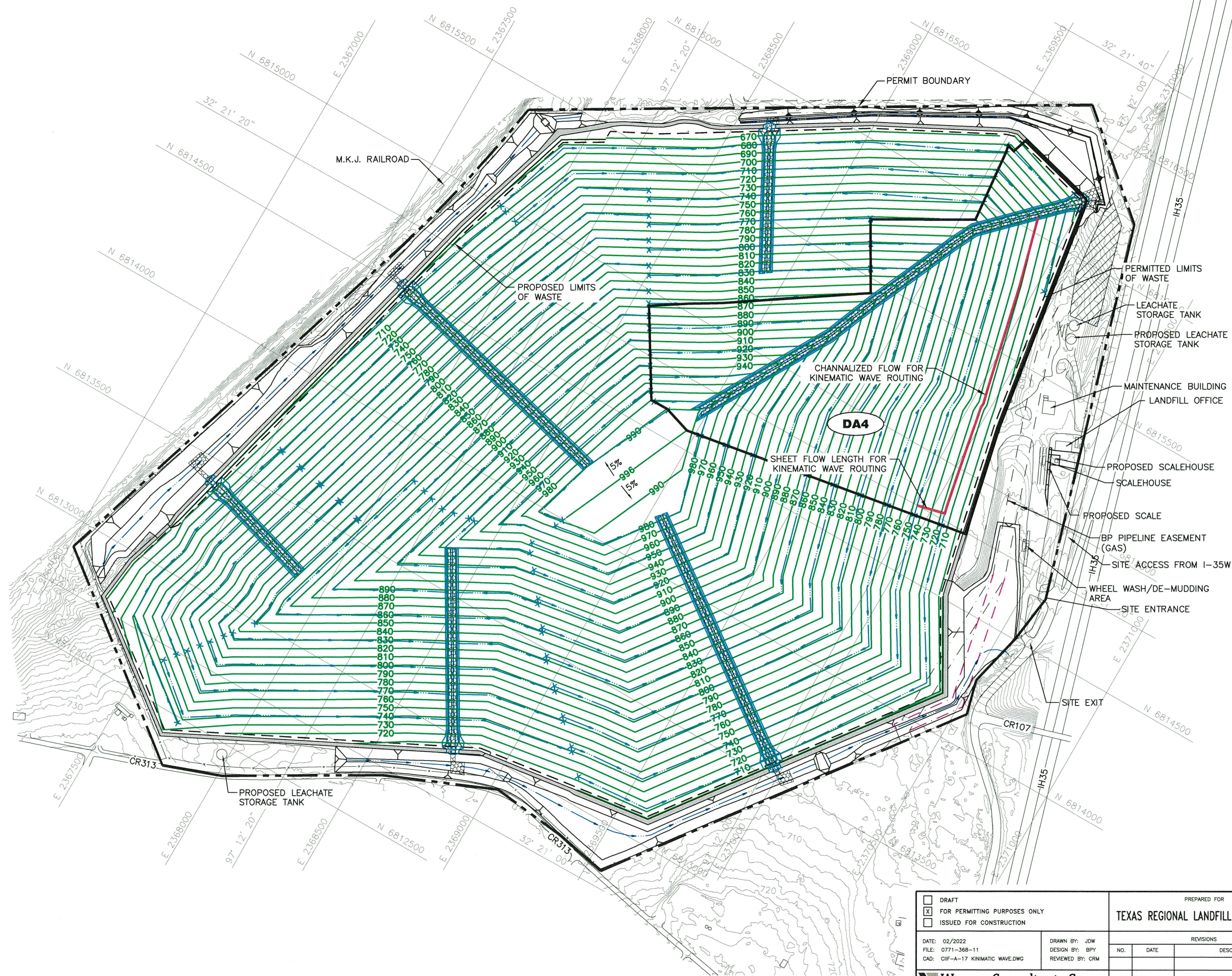
Percentage of the drainage area represented by this element is 100 percent

Kinematic Wave routing data for the swale:

L =	1338	ft	Typical swale length (ft)
S =	0.005	ft/ft	Swale bottom slope (ft/ft)
N =	0.03		Manning's Coefficient
Channel =	TRAP		Swale Type*

* A trapezoidal channel with no bottom width was used to simulate a triangular channel.

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LEGEND

	PERMIT BOUNDARY
	LIMIT OF WASTE
	EXISTING CONTOUR (SEE NOTE 1)
	STATE PLANE COORDINATE
	GEODETIC COORDINATE
	EASEMENT
	PROPOSED EASEMENT (SEE NOTE 2)
	PROPOSED FINAL COVER CONTOUR
	PROPOSED DRAINAGE CHUTE
	DRAINAGE SWALE
	PROPOSED PERIMETER CHANNEL
	DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY
	DRAINAGE AREA DESIGNATION
	FUTURE LFGE FACILITY LOCATION

- NOTES:**
- EXISTING CONTOURS AND ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY FIRMATEK FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 01-08-2021. THE GRID SYSTEM IS TIED TO THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM NORTH CENTRAL ZONE NAD 1983.
 - THE PROPOSED EASEMENT SHOWN IS FOR VISUAL PURPOSES ONLY. THE ACTUAL LOCATION WILL BE DETERMINED AT A LATER DATE IN COORDINATION WITH THE EASEMENT HOLDER.



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DATE: 02/2022	FILE: 0771-368-11	CAD: CIF-A-17 KINEMATIC WAVE.DWG	DRAWN BY: JDW DESIGN BY: BPY REVIEWED BY: CRM						
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NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION							

**MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT
KINEMATIC WAVE PARAMETERS**

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS

WWW.WCGRP.COM DRAWING IIIF-A-17

ESPEY 10-MINUTE METHOD PARAMETERS

Snyder's Hydrograph Coefficients (Espey's 10 Minute Method)

Proposed Expansion Conditions

Area No.	Area (acres)	Max. Flow Length (L) (ft)	S (ft/ft)	I (%)	Manning "n"	Φ^1	T_r^2 (min)	T_{lag}^3 (min)	T_{lag} (hr)	Area ⁴ (sq mi)	q_p^5 (cfs/sq mi)	C_p^6
O1	180.49	6,381	0.0110	10	0.04	0.84	36.1	33.6	0.56	0.2820	716.3	0.63
O2	74.63	4,784	0.0115	5	0.04	0.86	39.3	36.8	0.61	0.1166	678.5	0.65
O3	69.25	3,820	0.0147	10	0.04	0.84	29.8	27.3	0.46	0.1082	912.5	0.65
O4	61.05	2,617	0.0172	5	0.04	0.86	30.9	28.4	0.47	0.0954	883.6	0.65
O5	6.34	1,135	0.0282	2	0.04	0.87	27.1	24.6	0.41	0.0099	1115.0	0.71
S1	1.14	671	0.0537	25	0.04	0.79	11.1	8.6	0.14	0.0018	3087.7	0.69
S2	0.99	61	0.0820	10	0.04	0.84	7.5	5.0	0.08	0.0015	4749.5	0.62
S3	1.71	100	0.0950	2	0.04	0.87	11.4	8.9	0.15	0.0027	2956.5	0.69
S4	6.49	1,184	0.0355	5	0.04	0.86	21.5	19.0	0.32	0.0101	1426.2	0.70
S5	1.93	732	0.0178	15	0.04	0.82	17.4	14.9	0.25	0.0030	1873.8	0.73
S6	8.14	922	0.0260	15	0.04	0.82	16.7	14.2	0.24	0.0127	1851.7	0.68
S7	2.40	783	0.0204	10	0.04	0.84	19.1	16.6	0.28	0.0038	1684.4	0.73

¹ Conveyance efficiency coefficient from Dodson & Associates Inc., *ProHec-1 Program Documentation*, 1995, pages 6-19 and 6-20.

² $T_r = 3.1(L^{0.23})(S^{-0.25})(\Phi^{1.18})(\Phi^{1.57})$

³ $T_{lag} = T_r - \Delta t/2$

⁴ From area summary sheet

⁵ $q_p = 31600(A^{-0.04})(T_r^{-1.07})$

⁶ $C_p = 49.375(A^{-0.04})(T_r^{-1.07})(T_{lag})$

T_r = surface runoff to unit hydrograph peak (min)

L = distance along main channel from study point to watershed boundary (ft)

S = main channel slope (ft/ft)

I = impervious cover within the watershed (%)

T_{lag} = watershed lag time (min)

Δt = computation interval (minutes)

q_p = unit hydrograph peak discharge (cfs/sq mi)

C_p = Snyder's peaking coefficient

Snyder Unit Hydrograph uses lag time (T_{lag}) and peaking coefficient accounting for flood wave and watershed storage conditions.

Drainage area "S7" in the post-project condition is used in this example.

Estimated Watershed specific parameters

A =	2.40	acres	watershed area
L =	783.00	feet	maximun flow length with this watershed
S =	0.0204	feet/feet	watershed slope
I =	10	percent (%)	watershed imperviousness
n =	0.04		Manning's coefficient

Calculate T_r : time beginning of surface runoff to the unit hydrograph peak in minutes

$$T_r = 3.1(L^{0.23})(S^{-0.25})(I^{0.18})(\Phi^{1.57})$$

Estimate : conveyance efficiency coefficient

Φ = for 2 percent impervious cover and $n = 0.06$

$$\Phi = 0.84$$

$$T_r = 3.1(783^{0.23})(0.0204^{-0.25})(10^{0.18})(0.84^{1.57})$$

$$T_r = 19.1 \quad \text{min}$$

Calculate T_{lag} : watershed lag time

$$T_{lag} = T_r - (\Delta t/2)$$

$$T_{lag} = 16.6 \quad \text{minutes}$$

$$T_{lag} = 0.28 \quad \text{hours}$$

Δt is calculation interval, and 5 minutes is used
in the HEC - 1 modeling in this project

$$A = A/640$$

$$A = 0.0038 \quad \text{square miles}$$

Calculate q_p : peak discharge of unit hydrograph per unit area (cfs/sq. mi).

$$q_p = 31600(A^{-0.04})(T_r^{-1.07})$$

$$q_p = 31600(0.0038^{-0.04})(19.1^{-1.07})$$

$$q_p = 1684.4 \quad \text{cfs/sq. mi}$$

Calculate Peaking coefficient C_p :

$$C_p = 49.375(A^{-0.04})(T_r^{-1.07})(T_{lag})$$

$$C_p = 49.375(0.0038^{-0.04})(19.1^{-1.07})(0.28)$$

$$C_p = 0.73$$

compute the value of Snyder's peaking coefficient C_p for use in HEC-1 analyses. First, the watershed lag time T_L is determined by subtracting one-half of the computation interval from the time to rise ($T_L = T_r - \Delta t/2$). Then, C_p may be computed by substituting the known values of T_L and q_p into Snyder's equation for peak unit hydrograph flow rate and solving for C_p .

$$C_p = \frac{q_p \times T_L}{640} \tag{6.30}$$

In another study, Espey [1977] derived the following equation for computing the time from the beginning of surface runoff to the unit hydrograph peak:

$$T_r = 3.10 L^{0.23} S^{-0.25} I^{-0.18} \Phi^{1.57}$$

Espey "10-Minute" Method for Estimating Snyder Parameters

6.31

in which:

T_r = time from beginning of surface runoff to unit hydrograph peak (minutes)

L = total distance along main channel from study point to watershed boundary (feet)

S = main channel slope between the reference point and a point 0.2L downstream from the upstream watershed boundary (feet per foot)

I = impervious cover within the watershed (percent)

Φ = description of conveyance efficiency of the watershed drainage system.

The conveyance efficiency coefficient Φ is determined using the relationships illustrated on Figure 6.12.

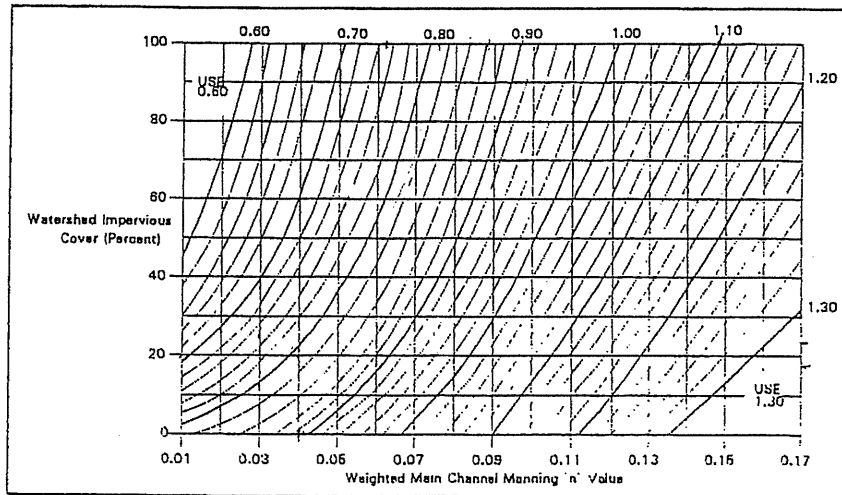


FIGURE 6.12 Determination of Conveyance Efficiency Coefficient Φ

This equation was derived from records for 41 watersheds in Texas, Tennessee, Mississippi, Pennsylvania, North Carolina, Colorado, Kentucky, and Indiana. The range in the watershed characteristics used to develop the equations for urban areas were:

Area : From 0.0128 square miles to 15.00 square miles

L : From 555 feet to 35,600 feet

S : From 0.0005 ft. per ft. to 0.0295 ft. per ft.

I : From 2% to 100%

Φ : From 0.60 to 1.30

Again, note that the time to rise T_r is not the same as the watershed lag time T_L . The difference between the two is that T_r is defined as the time from the beginning of effective rainfall to the peak of the unit hydrograph, while T_L is the time from the centroid of the effective rainfall to the peak of the unit hydrograph. For the purposes of HEC-1 analyses, however, T_L may be determined simply by subtracting one-half the computation time interval from the computed value of T_r ($T_r - \Delta t/2$).

The relationship developed by Espey to compute the peak flow rate of the unit hydrograph is as follows:

$$6.32 \quad Q_u = 31600 A^{0.96} T_r^{-1.07}$$

in which:

Q_u = unit hydrograph peak discharge (cfs)

A = drainage area (square miles)

T_r = time of rise from beginning of surface runoff to unit hydrograph peak (minutes)

Riverside County Method for Estimating Snyder Parameters

Three watershed lag equations have been derived for use in rural areas of Riverside County, California by the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District [Anonymous, 1963]. These equations differ slightly from those developed at the Tulsa District of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers in that lag is defined as the time from the beginning of rainfall to the point on the unit hydrograph corresponding to one-half of the total runoff volume.

Each equation is applicable to a different topographic region:

$$6.33 \quad T_L = 1.20 \left(\frac{L \times L_{ca}}{\sqrt{S}} \right)^{0.38} \quad \text{(Mountain Areas)}$$

$$6.34 \quad T_L = 0.72 \left(\frac{L \times L_{ca}}{\sqrt{S}} \right)^{0.38} \quad \text{(Foothill Areas)}$$

$$6.35 \quad T_L = 0.38 \left(\frac{L \times L_{ca}}{\sqrt{S}} \right)^{0.38} \quad \text{(Valley Areas)}$$

in which:

T_L = watershed lag in hours

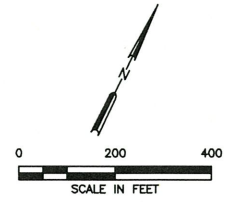
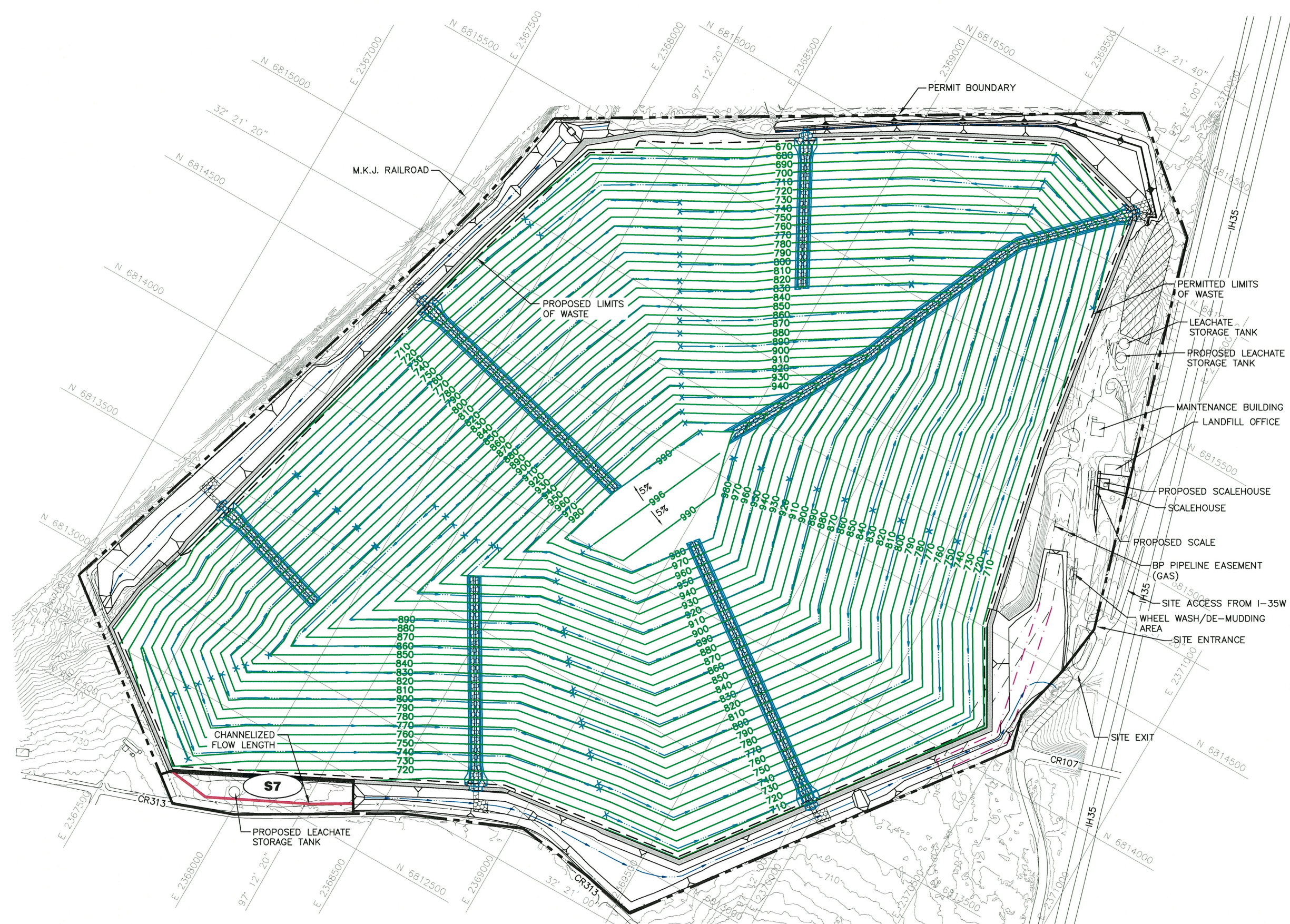
L = watershed length in miles

L_{ca} = length to centroid in miles

S = watershed slope in feet per mile.

The sizes of the watersheds studied in developing these equations ranged from 2.3 square miles to 645 square miles.

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LEGEND

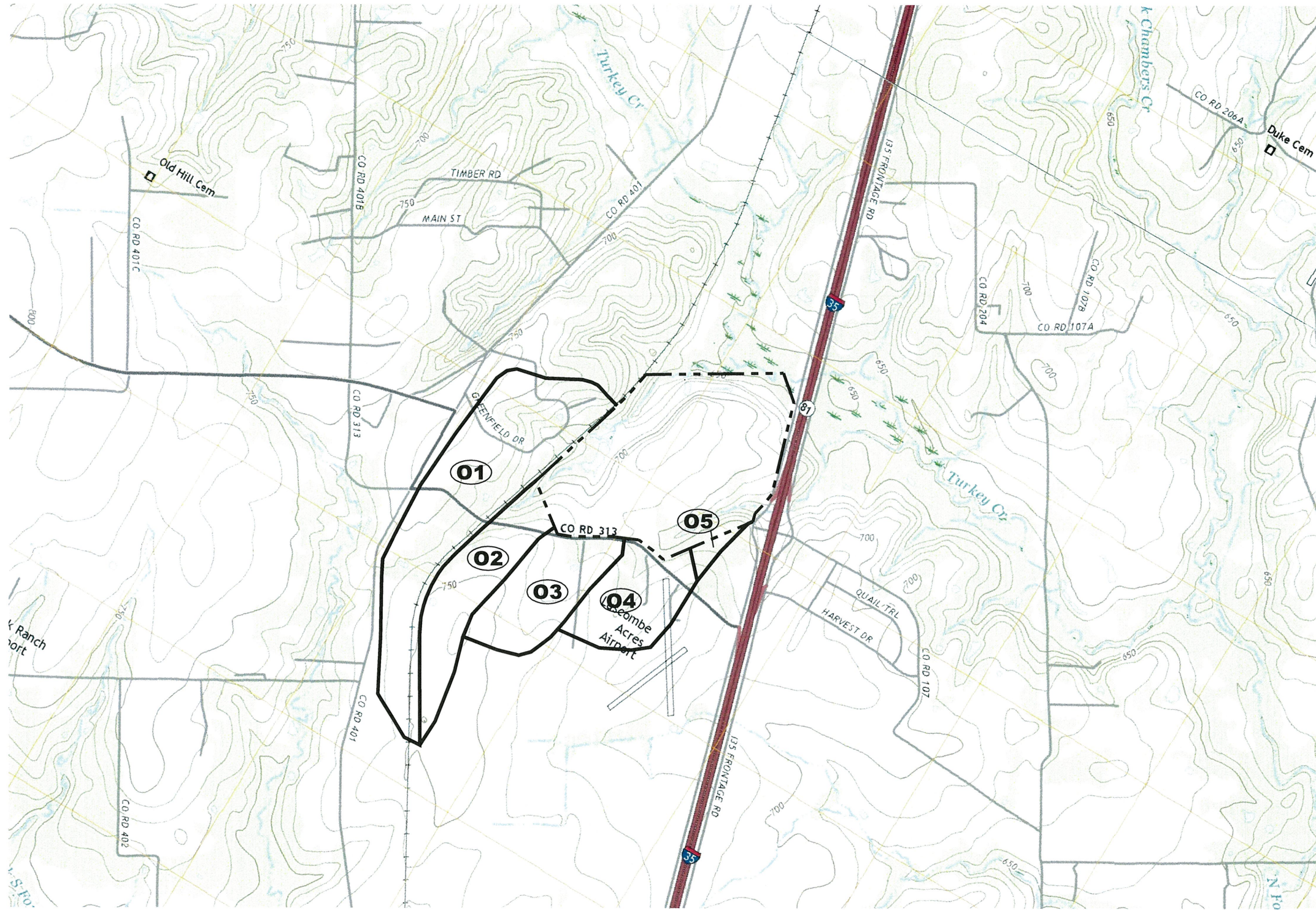
- PERMIT BOUNDARY
- LIMIT OF WASTE
- EXISTING CONTOUR (SEE NOTE 1)
- STATE PLANE COORDINATE
- GEODETIC COORDINATE
- EASEMENT
- PROPOSED EASEMENT (SEE NOTE 2)
- PROPOSED FINAL COVER CONTOUR
- PROPOSED DRAINAGE CHUTE
- DRAINAGE SWALE
- PROPOSED PERIMETER CHANNEL
- DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY
- S7 DRAINAGE AREA DESIGNATION
- FUTURE LFGE FACILITY LOCATION

- NOTES:**
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 2. THE PROPOSED EASEMENT SHOWN IS FOR VISUAL PURPOSES ONLY. THE ACTUAL LOCATION WILL BE DETERMINED AT A LATER DATE IN COORDINATION WITH THE EASEMENT HOLDER.



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DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: CIF-A-17 KINIMATIC WAVE.DWG	DRAWN BY: JDW DESIGN BY: BPY REVIEWED BY: CRM	REVISIONS <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 5%;">NO.</th> <th style="width: 15%;">DATE</th> <th style="width: 80%;">DESCRIPTION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION			
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**POST-DEVELOPMENT HEC-1 ANALYSIS
DRAINAGE AREAS**



LEGEND

--- PERMIT BOUNDARY

— DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY

② DRAINAGE AREA LABEL

DRAINAGE AREA NO.	AREA (ACRES)
01	180.49
02	74.62
03	69.25
04	61.05
05	6.34
TOTAL	391.75

ALVARADO, TX
2019

GRANDVIEW, TX
2019

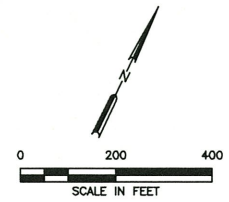
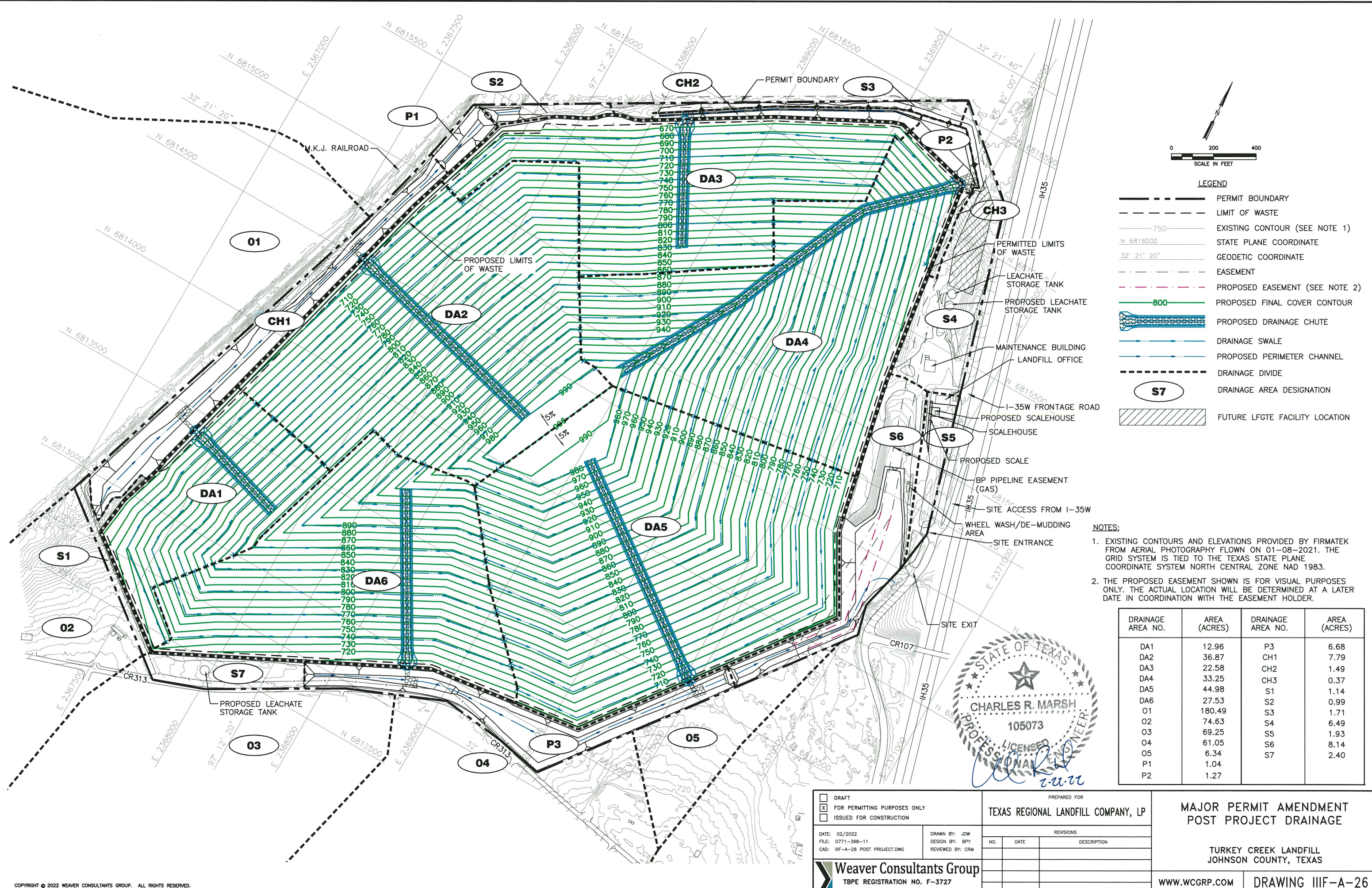
- NOTES:
- DRAINAGE AREA DELINEATION WITHIN THE PERMIT BOUNDARY IS INCLUDED ON DRAWING IIIIF-A-26.
 - ALL TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION REPRODUCED FROM UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY 7 1/2 MINUTE QUADRANGLE SHEETS COMMERCE ALVARADO, TX; GRANDVIEW, TX.



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	DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: CIF-A-25 OFFSITE DRAINAGE.DWG		REVISIONS <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>NO.</th> <th>DATE</th> <th>DESCRIPTION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION								
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION												
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O:\0771\368\EXPANSION 2021\PART III\IIIIF-A-26 POST PROJECT DRNG.dwg, Farrington, 1:2



LEGEND

- PERMIT BOUNDARY
- LIMIT OF WASTE
- EXISTING CONTOUR (SEE NOTE 1)
- STATE PLANE COORDINATE
- GEODETIC COORDINATE
- EASEMENT
- PROPOSED EASEMENT (SEE NOTE 2)
- PROPOSED FINAL COVER CONTOUR
- PROPOSED DRAINAGE CHUTE
- DRAINAGE SWALE
- PROPOSED PERIMETER CHANNEL
- DRAINAGE DIVIDE
- S7 DRAINAGE AREA DESIGNATION
- FUTURE LFGTE FACILITY LOCATION

- NOTES:**
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 2. THE PROPOSED EASEMENT SHOWN IS FOR VISUAL PURPOSES ONLY. THE ACTUAL LOCATION WILL BE DETERMINED AT A LATER DATE IN COORDINATION WITH THE EASEMENT HOLDER.

DRAINAGE AREA NO.	AREA (ACRES)	DRAINAGE AREA NO.	AREA (ACRES)
DA1	12.96	P3	6.68
DA2	36.87	CH1	7.79
DA3	22.58	CH2	1.49
DA4	33.25	CH3	0.37
DA5	44.98	S1	1.14
DA6	27.53	S2	0.99
O1	180.49	S3	1.71
O2	74.63	S4	6.49
O3	69.25	S5	1.93
O4	61.05	S6	8.14
O5	6.34	S7	2.40
P1	1.04		
P2	1.27		



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DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: IIIIF-A-26 POST PROJECT.DWG	DRAWN BY: JDW DESIGN BY: BPY REVIEWED BY: CRM	REVISIONS <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>NO.</th> <th>DATE</th> <th>DESCRIPTION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>	NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION						
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION									
Weaver Consultants Group TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727		MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT POST PROJECT DRAINAGE TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS WWW.WCGRP.COM									

**HEC-1 OUTPUT – POST-DEVELOPMENT
25-YEAR, 24-HOUR STORM EVENT**

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1*****
*
* FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
*   JUN 1998
*   VERSION 4.1
* RUN DATE 13SEP21 TIME 09:37:08
*
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*****
*
* U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
* HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER
* 609 SECOND STREET
* DAVIS, CALIFORNIA 95616
* (916) 756-1104
*
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X X X X X X
X X XXXXXXX XXXXX XXX

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THIS PROGRAM REPLACES ALL PREVIOUS VERSIONS OF HEC-1 KNOWN AS HEC1 (JAN 73), HEC1GS, HEC1DB, AND HEC1KW.

THE DEFINITIONS OF VARIABLES -RTIMP- AND -RTIOR- HAVE CHANGED FROM THOSE USED WITH THE 1973-STYLE INPUT STRUCTURE. THE DEFINITION OF -AMSKK- ON RM-CARD WAS CHANGED WITH REVISIONS DATED 28 SEP 81. THIS IS THE FORTRAN77 VERSION

NEW OPTIONS: DAMBREAK OUTFLOW SUBMERGENCE , SINGLE EVENT DAMAGE CALCULATION, DSS:WRITE STAGE FREQUENCY, DSS:READ TIME SERIES AT DESIRED CALCULATION INTERVAL LOSS RATE:GREEN AND AMPT INFILTRATION

KINEMATIC WAVE: NEW FINITE DIFFERENCE ALGORITHM

1 HEC-1 INPUT PAGE 1

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10
*DIAGRAM
1 ID TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
2 ID 25-YEAR 24-HOUR STORM EVENT
3 ID PROPOSED SITE CONDITION
4 ID P:\Solid waste\WC\Turkey Creek\Expansion 2021\Part III-SDP\App IIIF\IIIF-A\HEC
5 IT 5 0 2400 432 0 0
6 IO 3 0 0
*
7 KK O2
8 KM SUBAREA O2
9 KO 0 0 7 21
10 BA 0.1166
11 PH 0.85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.3 6.27 7.33
12 LS 0 84
13 US 0.61 0.65
*
14 KK CLVT
15 KM CULVERT AT O2 DISCHARGE
16 KO 0 0 7 21
17 RS 1 ELEV 692.35
18 SA 0 0.0233 0.0854 0.251 0.4773 0.701
19 SE 692.35 694 696 698 700 702
20 SL 693.35 9.621 0.7 0.5
21 SS 696.5 30 2.6 1.5
*
22 KK S1
23 KM SUBAREA S1
24 KO 0 0 7 21
25 BA 0.0018
26 LS 0 84
27 US 0.14 0.69
*
28 KK DA1
29 KM DRAINAGE AREA DA1
30 KO 0 0 7 21
31 BA 0.0203
32 LS 0 86
33 UK 105 0.29 0.3 100
34 RD 811.1 0.005 0.03 TRAP 0 2 NO
*
35 KK C/DA1
36 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS
37 KO 0 0 7 21
38 HC 3
*

```

1 HEC-1 INPUT PAGE 2

```

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10
39 KK CH1
40 KM SUBAREA CH1
41 KO 0 0 7 21
42 BA 0.0122
43 LS 0 84
44 UK 80 0.15 0.3 100
45 RD 2273 0.005 0.04 TRAP 20 2.5 YES
*
46 KK O1
47 KM SUBAREA O1

```


48 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 49 BA 0.282
 50 LS 0 84
 51 US 0.56 0.63
 *

52 KK CLVT
 53 KM CULVERT AT O1 DISCHARGE
 54 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 55 RS 1 ELEV 680
 56 SA 0 0.0055 0.0211 0.0402 0.065 0.101 6.53
 57 SE 680 682 684 686 688 690 708
 58 SL 682.5 19.63 0.7 0.5
 59 SS 707 500 2.6 1.5
 *

60 KK C/O1
 61 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS
 62 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 63 HC 2
 *

64 KK DA2
 65 KM DRAINAGE AREA DA2
 66 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 67 BA 0.0576
 68 LS 0 86
 69 UK 105 0.29 0.3 100
 70 RD 1120 0.005 0.03 TRAP 0 2 NO
 *

71 KK C/DA2
 72 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS
 73 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 74 HC 2
 *

75 KK P1
 76 KM POND P1
 77 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 78 BA 0.0016
 79 LS 0 100
 80 UD 0
 *

1

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 3

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

81 KK C/P1
 82 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS
 83 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 84 HC 2
 *

85 KK RP1
 86 KM ROUTE THROUGH P1
 87 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 88 RS 1 ELEV 659
 89 SA 0 0.321 0.399 0.482 0.569 0.661
 90 SE 659 662 664 666 668 670
 91 SL 660.25 47.72 0.8 0.5
 92 SS 665 26 2.6 1.5
 *

93 KK S2
 94 KM SUBAREA S2
 95 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 96 BA 0.0015
 97 LS 0 84
 98 US 0.08 0.62
 *

99 KK C/NW
 100 KM DISCHARGE AT NW
 101 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 102 HC 2
 *

103 KK DA3
 104 KM DRAINAGE AREA DA3
 105 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 106 BA 0.0353
 107 LS 0 86
 108 UK 105 0.29 0.3 100
 109 RD 1184 0.005 0.03 TRAP 0 2 NO
 *

110 KK CH2
 111 KM SUBAREA CH2
 112 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 113 BA 0.0023
 114 LS 0 84
 115 UK 100 0.4 0.3 100
 116 RD 1238 0.01 0.03 TRAP 6 2 YES
 *

117 KK DA4
 118 KM DRAINAGE AREA DA4
 119 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 120 BA 0.052
 121 LS 0 86
 122 UK 120 0.25 0.3 100

1

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 4

LINE	ID	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
123	RD	1338	0.005	0.03		TRAP	0	2		NO	
	*										
124	KK	CH3									
125	KM	SUBAREA CH3									
126	KO	0	0	0	7	21					
127	BA	0.0006									
128	LS	0	84								
129	UK	137	0.204	0.3	100						
130	RD	505	0.0625	0.03		TRAP	6	2		NO	
	*										
131	KK	P2									
132	KM	POND P2									
133	KO	0	0	0	7	21					
134	BA	0.002									
135	LS	0	100								
136	UD	0									
	*										
137	KK	C/P2									
138	KM	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS									
139	KO	0	0	0	7	21					
140	HC	4									
	*										
141	KK	RP2									
142	KM	ROUTE THROUGH P2									
143	KO	0	0	0	7	21					
144	RS	1	ELEV	650							
145	SA	0	0.46	0.52	0.58	0.65	0.72	0.79	0.87	0.9	0.94
146	SE	650	651	652	653	654	655	656	657	658	659
147	SL	651	18.84	0.8	0.5						
148	SS	656.5	20	2.6	1.5						
	*										
149	KK	S3									
150	KM	SUBAREA S3									
151	KO	0	0	0	7	21					
152	BA	0.0027									
153	LS	0	84								
154	US	0.15	0.69								
	*										
155	KK	S4									
156	KM	SUBAREA S4									
157	KO	0	0	0	7	21					
158	BA	0.0101									
159	LS	0	84								
160	US	0.32	0.71								
	*										

1

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 5

LINE	ID	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
161	KK	C/NE									
162	KM	DISCHARGE AT NE									
163	KO	0	0	0	7	21					
164	HC	3									
	*										
165	KK	O3									
166	KM	SUBAREA O3									
167	KO	0	0	0	7	21					
168	BA	0.1082									
169	LS	0	84								
170	US	0.46	0.65								
	*										
171	KK	S7									
172	KM	SUBAREA S7									
173	KO	0	0	0	7	21					
174	BA	0.0038									
175	LS	0	84								
176	US	0.28	0.73								
	*										
177	KK	DA6									
178	KM	DRAINAGE AREA DA6									
179	KO	0	0	0	7	21					
180	BA	0.0430									
181	LS	0	86								
182	UK	105	0.29	0.3	100						
183	RD	1203.8	0.005	0.03		TRAP	0	2		NO	
	*										
184	KK	C/DA6									
185	KM	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS									
186	KO	0	0	0	7	21					
187	HC	3									
	*										
188	KK	O4									
189	KM	SUBAREA O4									
190	KO	0	0	0	7	21					
191	BA	0.0954									
192	LS	0	84								
193	US	0.47	0.65								
	*										

194 KK CLVT
 195 KM CULVERT AT O4 DISCHARGE
 196 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 197 RS 1 ELEV 699.71
 198 SA 0 0.00689 0.02 0.1672 0.911
 199 SE 699.71 700 702 704 706
 200 SL 701.46 19.24 0.7 0.5
 201 SS 704.5 70 2.6 1.5
 *

HEC-1 INPUT

1 LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

202 KK P3
 203 KM POND P3
 204 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 205 BA 0.0105
 206 LS 0 100
 207 UD 0
 *

208 KK C/P3
 209 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS
 210 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 211 HC 3
 *

212 KK DA5
 213 KM DRAINAGE AREA DA5
 214 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 215 BA 0.0703
 216 LS 0 86
 217 UK 120 0.25 0.3 100
 218 RD 1358 0.005 0.03 TRAP 0 2 NO
 *

219 KK C/DA5
 220 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS
 221 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 222 HC 2
 *

223 KK RP3
 224 KM ROUTE THROUGH P3
 225 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 226 RS 1 ELEV 692.5
 227 SA 0 2.2778 2.609 3.459 3.94
 228 SE 692.5 694 696 698 700
 229 SL 693.75 48.106 0.8 0.5
 230 SS 697 75 2.6 1.5
 *

231 KK O5
 232 KM SUBAREA O5
 233 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 234 BA 0.0099
 235 LS 0 84
 236 US 0.41 0.71
 *

237 KK C/O5
 238 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS
 239 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 240 HC 2
 *

HEC-1 INPUT

1 LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

241 KK S6
 242 KM SUBAREA S6
 243 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 244 BA 0.0127
 245 LS 0 84
 246 US 0.24 0.68
 *

247 KK S5
 248 KM SUBAREA S5
 249 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 250 BA 0.0030
 251 LS 0 84
 252 US 0.25 0.73
 *

253 KK C/SE
 254 KM DISCHARGE AT SE
 255 KO 0 0 0 7 21
 256 HC 3
 *

257 ZZ

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF STREAM NETWORK

INPUT LINE (V) ROUTING (--->) DIVERSION OR PUMP FLOW
 NO. (.) CONNECTOR (<---) RETURN OF DIVERTED OR PUMPED FLOW
 7 O2
 V
 V
 14 CLVT

```

22      .          S1
      .          .
28      .          DA1
      .          .
35      C/DA1.....
      V
      V
39      CH1 ***
      .
46      .          O1
      .          V
      .          V
52      .          CLVT
      .          .
60      C/O1.....
      .
64      .          DA2
      .          .
71      C/DA2.....
      .
75      .          P1
      .          .
81      C/P1.....
      V
      V
85      RP1
      .
93      .          S2
      .          .
99      C/NW.....
      .
103     .          DA3
      .          V
      .          V
110     .          CH2 ***
      .          .
117     .          DA4
      .          .
124     .          CH3
      .          .
131     .          P2
      .          .
137     C/P2.....
      V
      V
141     .          RP2
      .          .
149     .          S3
      .          .
155     .          S4
      .          .
161     C/NE.....
      .
165     .          O3
      .          .
171     .          S7
      .          .
177     .          DA6
      .          .
184     C/DA6.....
      .
188     .          O4
      .          V
      .          V
194     .          CLVT
      .          .
202     .          P3
      .          .
208     C/P3.....
      .
212     .          DA5
      .          .
219     C/DA5.....
      V
      V

```



```

223      .      .      RP3
      .      .      .
231      .      .      .      O5
      .      .      .      .
237      .      .      C/O5.....
      .      .      .
241      .      .      .      S6
      .      .      .      .
247      .      .      .      .      S5
      .      .      .      .
253      .      .      C/SE.....

```

(***) RUNOFF ALSO COMPUTED AT THIS LOCATION

```

1*****
* FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1) *
* JUN 1998 *
* VERSION 4.1 *
* RUN DATE 13SEP21 TIME 09:37:08 *
*****
* U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS *
* HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER *
* 609 SECOND STREET *
* DAVIS, CALIFORNIA 95616 *
* (916) 756-1104 *
*****

```

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
25-YEAR 24-HOUR STORM EVENT
PROPOSED SITE CONDITION
P:\Solid waste\WC\Turkey Creek\Expansion 2021\Part III-SDP\App IIIIF\IIIF-A\HEC

```

6 IO      OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
          IPRNT      3      PRINT CONTROL
          IPLOT      0      PLOT CONTROL
          QSCAL      0.     HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE

IT        HYDROGRAPH TIME DATA
          NMIN      5      MINUTES IN COMPUTATION INTERVAL
          IDATE      1      0      STARTING DATE
          ITIME      0000   STARTING TIME
          NQ         432   NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES
          NDDATE     3      0      ENDING DATE
          NDTIME     1155   ENDING TIME
          ICENT      19     CENTURY MARK

          COMPUTATION INTERVAL      .08 HOURS
          TOTAL TIME BASE      35.92 HOURS

```

ENGLISH UNITS
DRAINAGE AREA SQUARE MILES
PRECIPITATION DEPTH INCHES
LENGTH, ELEVATION FEET
FLOW CUBIC FEET PER SECOND
STORAGE VOLUME ACRE-Feet
SURFACE AREA ACRES
TEMPERATURE DEGREES FAHRENHEIT

```

*****
* O2 *
*****
SUBAREA O2

9 KO      OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
          IPRNT      3      PRINT CONTROL
          IPLOT      0      PLOT CONTROL
          QSCAL      0.     HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
          IPNCH      7      PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
          IOUT       21     SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
          ISAV1      1      FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
          ISAV2      432   LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
          TIMINT     .083   TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

```

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

```

10 BA     SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
          TAREA      .12   SUBBASIN AREA

```

PRECIPITATION DATA

```

11 PH     DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
          HYDRO-35      TP-40
          5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
          .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

```

STORM AREA = .12

```

12 LS     SCS LOSS RATE
          STRTL      .38   INITIAL ABSTRACTION
          CRVNR      84.00  CURVE NUMBER
          RTIMP      .00   PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

```

13 US

SNYDER UNITGRAPH

TP .61 LAG
CP .65 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS

CLARK TC= .71 HR, R= .52 HR
SNYDER TP= .61 HR, CP= .65

UNIT HYDROGRAPH

38 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES

Table with 10 columns of ordinates: 4., 14., 28., 44., 60., 72., 79., 81., 76., 66. etc.

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION O2

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

Table with columns: PEAK FLOW, TIME, MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW (6-HR, 24-HR, 72-HR, 35.92-HR)

CUMULATIVE AREA = .12 SQ MI

*** **

14 KK

* *
* CLVT *
* *

CULVERT AT O2 DISCHARGE

16 KO

OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
IPLLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

17 RS

STORAGE ROUTING

NSTPS 1 NUMBER OF SUBREACHES
ITYP ELEV TYPE OF INITIAL CONDITION
RSVRIC 692.35 INITIAL CONDITION
X .00 WORKING R AND D COEFFICIENT

18 SA

AREA .0 .0 .1 .3 .5 .7

19 SE

ELEVATION 692.35 694.00 696.00 698.00 700.00 702.00

20 SL

LOW-LEVEL OUTLET

ELEVL 693.35 ELEVATION AT CENTER OF OUTLET
CAREA 9.62 CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA
COQL .70 COEFFICIENT
EXPL .50 EXPONENT OF HEAD

21 SS

SPILLWAY

CREL 696.50 SPILLWAY CREST ELEVATION
SPWID 30.00 SPILLWAY WIDTH
COOW 2.60 WEIR COEFFICIENT
EXPW 1.50 EXPONENT OF HEAD

COMPUTED STORAGE-ELEVATION DATA

Table with columns: STORAGE, ELEVATION and values: .00, .01, .12, .44, 1.15, 2.32

COMPUTED OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

Table with columns: OUTFLOW, ELEVATION and values: .00, .00, 68.39, 71.31, 74.49, 77.97, 81.78, 85.99, 90.66, 95.86

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

Table with columns: STORAGE, OUTFLOW and values: .00, .00, 43.55, 68.39, 71.31, 74.49, 77.97, 81.78, 85.99, 87.93

ELEVATION	692.35	693.35	694.00	694.95	695.09	695.25	695.43	695.64	695.88	696.00
STORAGE	.13	.17	.18	.21	.26	.33	.44	.44	.61	.86
OUTFLOW	90.66	95.86	101.11	115.42	144.17	192.29	259.77	264.74	366.42	502.31
ELEVATION	696.17	696.50	696.62	696.83	697.13	697.53	698.00	698.03	698.63	699.32
STORAGE	1.15	1.21	1.69	2.32						
OUTFLOW	650.02	677.36	896.57	1164.95						
ELEVATION	700.00	700.12	701.01	702.00						

*** WARNING *** MODIFIED PULS ROUTING MAY BE NUMERICALLY UNSTABLE FOR OUTFLOWS BETWEEN 0. TO 1165.
 THE ROUTED HYDROGRAPH SHOULD BE EXAMINED FOR OSCILLATIONS OR OUTFLOWS GREATER THAN PEAK INFLOWS.
 THIS CAN BE CORRECTED BY DECREASING THE TIME INTERVAL OR INCREASING STORAGE (USE A LONGER REACH.)

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION		CLVT			
PEAK FLOW	TIME	6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ (CFS)	(HR)				
		(CFS)			
+ 187.	12.67	54.	17.	11.	11.
		(INCHES)	4.339	5.427	5.427
		(AC-FT)	27.	34.	34.
PEAK STORAGE	TIME	6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ (AC-FT)	(HR)				
0.	12.67	0.	0.	0.	0.
PEAK STAGE	TIME	6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ (FEET)	(HR)				
697.49	12.67	694.58	693.71	693.44	693.44

CUMULATIVE AREA = .12 SQ MI

*** **

 *
 22 KK * S1 *
 *

SUBAREA S1

24 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

25 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .00 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00
 STORM AREA = .00

26 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

27 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH
 TP .14 LAG
 CP .69 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
 CLARK TC= .17 HR, R= .09 HR
 SNYDER TP= .14 HR, CP= .68

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
 7 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES
 2. 5. 4. 2. 1. 0. 0.

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION S1

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW TIME MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW

```

+ (CFS)      (HR)          6-HR      24-HR      72-HR      35.92-HR
+      7.      12.17      (CFS)
+      7.      12.17      (INCHES)  4.364      0.          0.          0.
+      7.      12.17      (AC-FT)   0.          5.438      5.438      5.438
+      7.      12.17      (AC-FT)   0.          1.          1.          1.
+      7.      12.17      CUMULATIVE AREA = .00 SQ MI

```

*** **

```

*****
*      *
28 KK  *      DA1 *
*      *
*****
DRAINAGE AREA DA1

```

```

30 KO  OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
      IPRNT      3  PRINT CONTROL
      IPLOT      0  PLOT CONTROL
      QSCAL      0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
      IPNCH      7  PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
      IOUT      21  SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
      ISAV1      1  FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
      ISAV2     432  LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
      TIMINT     .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

```

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

```

31 BA  SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
      TAREA     .02  SUBBASIN AREA

```

PRECIPITATION DATA

```

11 PH  DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
      ..... HYDRO-35 ..... TP-40 ..... TP-49 .....
      5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
      .85  1.69  3.07  3.88  4.38  5.30  6.27  7.33  .00  .00  .00  .00
      STORM AREA = .02

```

```

32 LS  SCS LOSS RATE
      STRTL     .33  INITIAL ABSTRACTION
      CRVNBR    86.00 CURVE NUMBER
      RTIMP     .00  PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

```

KINEMATIC WAVE

```

33 UK  OVERLAND-FLOW ELEMENT NO. 1
      L      105.  OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH
      S      .2900 SLOPE
      N      .300  ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
      PA     100.0 PERCENT OF SUBBASIN
      DXMIN   5  MINIMUM NUMBER OF DX INTERVALS

```

MUSKINGUM-CUNGE

```

34 RD  MAIN CHANNEL
      L      811.  CHANNEL LENGTH
      S      .0050 SLOPE
      N      .030  CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
      CA     .02  CONTRIBUTING AREA
      SHAPE  TRAP  CHANNEL SHAPE
      WD     .00  BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER
      Z      2.00 SIDE SLOPE
      RUPSTQ NO  ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

```

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	COMPUTATION TIME STEP			PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME	MAXIMUM CELERITY
		M	DT	DX				
		(MIN)	(FT)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(IN)	(FPS)	
FLANE1	2.67	1.67	.63	21.00	119.15	724.67	5.68	
MAIN	1.63	1.33	2.53	405.55	113.76	723.96	5.52	

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .6153E+01 OUTFLOW= .5971E+01 BASIN STORAGE= .5042E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 2.9

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

```

MAIN      1.63      1.33      5.00      105.64      725.00      5.52

```

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION DA1

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.65, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.68

```

PEAK FLOW  TIME          MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
+ (CFS)    (HR)          6-HR      24-HR      72-HR      35.92-HR
+ 106.     12.08      (CFS)
+ 106.     12.08      (INCHES)  10.         3.         2.         2.
+ 106.     12.08      (AC-FT)   4.502      5.518      5.518      5.518
+ 106.     12.08      (AC-FT)   5.         6.         6.         6.
+ 106.     12.08      CUMULATIVE AREA = .02 SQ MI

```


*** **

35 KK * C/DA1 *

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS

37 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

38 HC HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION ICOMP 3 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE

Table with 6 columns: PEAK FLOW, TIME, HYDROGRAPH AT STATION, C/DA1, MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW (6-HR, 24-HR, 72-HR, 35.92-HR). Includes values for CFS, INCHES, and AC-FT, and a CUMULATIVE AREA of .14 SQ MI.

*** **

39 KK * CH1 *

SUBAREA CH1

41 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

42 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS TAREA .01 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

Table with 12 columns: HYDRO-35 (5-MIN, 15-MIN, 60-MIN), DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM (2-HR, 3-HR, 6-HR, 12-HR, 24-HR), TP-49 (2-DAY, 4-DAY, 7-DAY, 10-DAY). Values range from .85 to 7.33.

STORM AREA = .01

43 LS SCS LOSS RATE STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION CRVNR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

KINEMATIC WAVE

44 UK OVERLAND-FLOW ELEMENT NO. 1 L 80. OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH S .1500 SLOPE N .300 ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT PA 100.0 PERCENT OF SUBBASIN DXMIN 5 MINIMUM NUMBER OF DX INTERVALS

MUSKINGUM-CUNGE

45 RD MAIN CHANNEL L 2273. CHANNEL LENGTH S .0050 SLOPE N .040 CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT CA .01 CONTRIBUTING AREA SHAPE TRAP CHANNEL SHAPE WD 20.00 BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER Z 2.50 SIDE SLOPE RUPSTQ YES ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS
COMPUTATION TIME STEP

ELEMENT	ALPHA	M	DT (MIN)	DX (FT)	PEAK (CFS)	TIME TO PEAK (MIN)	VOLUME (IN)	MAXIMUM CELERITY (FPS)
PLANE1	1.92	1.67	.67	16.00	69.38	724.79	5.45	.52
MAIN	.50	1.49	5.00	757.67	205.36	765.00	5.44	4.48

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .4025E+02 EXCESS= .3548E+01 OUTFLOW= .4377E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .3948E-02 PERCENT ERROR= .0

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN	.50	1.49	5.00	205.36	765.00	5.44

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION CH1						
TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45						
PEAK FLOW	TIME	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW				
(CFS)	(HR)	6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR	
+ 205.	12.75	(CFS)				
		(INCHES)	4.358	5.439	5.439	
		(AC-FT)	35.	44.	44.	
CUMULATIVE AREA = .15 SQ MI						

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* *
46 KK * 01 *
* *

SUBAREA 01

48 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT	3	PRINT CONTROL
IPLLOT	0	PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL	0.	HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH	7	PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT	21	SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1	1	FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2	432	LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT	.083	TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

49 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS

TAREA	.28	SUBBASIN AREA
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PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM

..... HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49				
5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN	2-HR	3-HR	6-HR	12-HR	24-HR	2-DAY	4-DAY	7-DAY	10-DAY
.85 1.69 3.07	3.88	4.38	5.30	6.27	7.33	.00	.00	.00	.00

STORM AREA = .28

50 LS SCS LOSS RATE

STRTL	.38	INITIAL ABSTRACTION
CRVNBR	84.00	CURVE NUMBER
RTIMP	.00	PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

51 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH

TP	.56	LAG
CP	.63	PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS

CLARK	TC= .64 HR,	R= .51 HR
SNYDER	TP= .56 HR,	CP= .64

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
37 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES

11.	41.	81.	126.	167.	195.	208.	200.	176.	149.
126.	107.	91.	77.	65.	55.	47.	40.	34.	29.
24.	21.	17.	15.	13.	11.	9.	8.	7.	6.
5.	4.	3.	3.	2.	2.	2.			

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION O1

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW + (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
466.	12.58	132.	41.	27.	27.
		(INCHES) 4.339	5.427	5.427	5.427
		(AC-FT) 65.	82.	82.	82.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .28 SQ MI

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*
52 KK * CLVT *
*

CULVERT AT 01 DISCHARGE

54 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT	3	PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT	0	PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL	0.	HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH	7	PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT	21	SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1	1	FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2	432	LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT	.083	TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

55 RS STORAGE ROUTING

NSTPS	1	NUMBER OF SUBREACHES
ITYP		ELEV TYPE OF INITIAL CONDITION
RSVRIC	680.00	INITIAL CONDITION
X	.00	WORKING R AND D COEFFICIENT

56 SA AREA .0 .0 .0 .0 .1 .1 6.5

57 SE ELEVATION 680.00 682.00 684.00 686.00 688.00 690.00 708.00

58 SL LOW-LEVEL OUTLET

ELEVL	682.50	ELEVATION AT CENTER OF OUTLET
CAREA	19.63	CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA
COQL	.70	COEFFICIENT
EXPL	.50	EXPONENT OF HEAD

59 SS SPILLWAY

CREL	707.00	SPILLWAY CREST ELEVATION
SPWID	500.00	SPILLWAY WIDTH
COQW	2.60	WEIR COEFFICIENT
EXPW	1.50	EXPONENT OF HEAD

COMPUTED STORAGE-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	.00	.00	.03	.09	.19	.36	45.02
ELEVATION	680.00	682.00	684.00	686.00	688.00	690.00	708.00

COMPUTED OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

OUTFLOW	.00	.00	175.72	194.56	217.93	247.67	286.82	340.67	419.40	545.48
ELEVATION	680.00	682.50	685.04	685.62	686.41	687.55	689.27	692.06	696.98	707.00
OUTFLOW	547.11	557.08	583.02	632.66	713.59	833.50	1000.07	1221.06	1503.95	1856.50
ELEVATION	707.01	707.04	707.09	707.16	707.25	707.36	707.49	707.64	707.81	708.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	.00	.00	.01	.03	.06	.07	.09	.11	.17	.19
OUTFLOW	.00	.00	.00	134.97	175.72	194.56	206.17	217.93	247.67	258.45
ELEVATION	680.00	682.00	682.50	684.00	685.04	685.62	686.00	686.41	687.55	688.00
STORAGE	.29	.36	.78	4.74	38.80	38.86	39.05	39.35	39.77	40.31
OUTFLOW	286.82	301.80	340.67	419.40	545.48	547.11	557.08	583.02	632.66	713.59
ELEVATION	689.27	690.00	692.06	696.98	707.00	707.01	707.04	707.09	707.16	707.25
STORAGE	40.98	41.78	42.72	43.79	45.02					
OUTFLOW	833.50	1000.07	1221.06	1503.95	1856.50					
ELEVATION	707.36	707.49	707.64	707.81	708.00					

*** WARNING *** MODIFIED PULS ROUTING MAY BE NUMERICALLY UNSTABLE FOR OUTFLOWS BETWEEN 0. TO 287.
THE ROUTED HYDROGRAPH SHOULD BE EXAMINED FOR OSCILLATIONS OR OUTFLOWS GREATER THAN PEAK INFLOWS.
THIS CAN BE CORRECTED BY DECREASING THE TIME INTERVAL OR INCREASING STORAGE (USE A LONGER REACH.)

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HYDROGRAPH AT STATION CLVT

PEAK FLOW + (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
391.	12.83	132.	41.	27.	27.
		(INCHES) 4.339	5.427	5.427	5.427
		(AC-FT) 65.	82.	82.	82.

PEAK STORAGE	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE STORAGE			
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ (AC-FT)	(HR)					
3.	12.83		0.	0.	0.	0.
PEAK STAGE	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE STAGE			
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ (FEET)	(HR)					
695.19	12.83		685.36	683.31	682.67	682.67

CUMULATIVE AREA = .28 SQ MI

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 * *
 60 KK * C/01 *
 * *

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS

62 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT	3	PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT	0	PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL	0.	HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH	7	PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT	21	SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1	1	FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2	432	LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT	.083	TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

63 HC HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION

ICOMP	2	NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE
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HYDROGRAPH AT STATION C/01

PEAK FLOW	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ (CFS)	(HR)					
		(CFS)				
+ 595.	12.83		202.	63.	42.	42.
		(INCHES)	4.346	5.431	5.431	5.431
		(AC-FT)	100.	125.	125.	125.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .43 SQ MI

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 * *
 64 KK * DA2 *
 * *

DRAINAGE AREA DA2

66 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT	3	PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT	0	PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL	0.	HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH	7	PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT	21	SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1	1	FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2	432	LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT	.083	TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

67 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS

TAREA	.06	SUBBASIN AREA
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PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM

.....	HYDRO-35	TP-40	TP-49		
5-MIN	15-MIN	60-MIN	2-HR	3-HR	6-HR	12-HR	24-HR	2-DAY	4-DAY	7-DAY	10-DAY
.85	1.69	3.07	3.88	4.38	5.30	6.27	7.33	.00	.00	.00	.00

STORM AREA = .06

68 LS SCS LOSS RATE

STRFL	.33	INITIAL ABSTRACTION
CRVNBR	86.00	CURVE NUMBER
RTIMP	.00	PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

69 UK KINEMATIC WAVE

OVERLAND-FLOW ELEMENT NO. 1

L	105.	OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH
S	.2900	SLOPE
N	.300	ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
PA	100.0	PERCENT OF SUBBASIN

DXMIN 5 MINIMUM NUMBER OF DX INTERVALS
 MUSKINGUM-CUNGE
 70 RD MAIN CHANNEL
 L 1120. CHANNEL LENGTH
 S .0050 SLOPE
 N .030 CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 CA .06 CONTRIBUTING AREA
 SHAPE TRAP CHANNEL SHAPE
 WD .00 BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER
 Z 2.00 SIDE SLOPE
 RUPSTQ NO ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	COMPUTATION TIME STEP			PEAK (CFS)	TIME TO PEAK (MIN)	VOLUME (IN)	MAXIMUM CELERITY (FPS)
		M	DT (MIN)	DX (FT)				
PLANE1	2.67	1.67	.63	21.00	337.95	724.66	5.68	
MAIN	1.63	1.33	2.69	560.00	322.52	724.06	5.52	

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .1746E+02 OUTFLOW= .1694E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .8281E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 2.9

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN 1.63 1.33 5.00 299.13 725.00 5.52

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION DA2

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.65, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.68

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
299.	12.08	28. (INCHES)	9. 5.515	6. 5.516	6. 5.516
		14. (AC-FT)	17.	17.	17.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .06 SQ MI

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 71 KK C/DA2 *
 * *

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS

73 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

74 HC HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION
 ICOMP 2 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION C/DA2

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
624.	12.83	230. (INCHES)	72. 5.441	48. 5.441	48. 5.441
		114. (AC-FT)	142.	142.	142.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .49 SQ MI

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 * *
 75 KK P1 *
 * *

POND P1

77 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

```

IPRNT      3  PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT      0  PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL      0.  HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH      7  PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT       21  SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1      1  FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2     432  LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT     .083  TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

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SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

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78 BA      SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
          TAREA      .00  SUBBASIN AREA

```

PRECIPITATION DATA

```

11 PH      DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
          ..... HYDRO-35 ..... TP-40 ..... TP-49 .....
          5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
          .85  1.69  3.07  3.88  4.38  5.30  6.27  7.33  .00  .00  .00  .00

```

STORM AREA = .00

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79 LS      SCS LOSS RATE
          STRTL      .00  INITIAL ABSTRACTION
          CRVNR      100.00  CURVE NUMBER
          RTIMP      .00  PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

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80 UD      SCS DIMENSIONLESS UNITGRAPH
          TLAG      .00  LAG

```

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
5 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES
0.

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION P1

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = .00, TOTAL EXCESS = 7.33

PEAK FLOW + (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ 9.	12.08	1.	0.	0.	0.
		(INCHES) 5.298	7.327	7.330	7.330
		(AC-FT) 0.	1.	1.	1.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .00 SQ MI

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81 KK      *****
          *      *
          *      C/P1      *
          *      *
          *****

```

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS

```

83 KO      OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
          IPRNT      3  PRINT CONTROL
          IPLOT      0  PLOT CONTROL
          QSCAL      0.  HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
          IPNCH      7  PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
          IOUT       21  SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
          ISAV1      1  FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
          ISAV2     432  LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
          TIMINT     .083  TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

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84 HC      HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION
          ICOMP      2  NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE

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HYDROGRAPH AT STATION C/P1

PEAK FLOW + (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ 625.	12.83	231.	72.	48.	48.
		(INCHES) 4.362	5.446	5.447	5.447
		(AC-FT) 114.	143.	143.	143.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .49 SQ MI

85 KK * *
 * RP1 *
 * *

ROUTE THROUGH P1

87 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

88 RS STORAGE ROUTING
 NSTPS 1 NUMBER OF SUBREACHES
 ITYP ELEV TYPE OF INITIAL CONDITION
 RSVRIC 659.00 INITIAL CONDITION
 X .00 WORKING R AND D COEFFICIENT

89 SA AREA .0 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7

90 SE ELEVATION 659.00 662.00 664.00 666.00 668.00 670.00

91 SL LOW-LEVEL OUTLET
 ELEVEL 660.25 ELEVATION AT CENTER OF OUTLET
 CAREA 47.72 CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA
 COQL .80 COEFFICIENT
 EXPL .50 EXPONENT OF HEAD

92 SS SPILLWAY
 CREL 665.00 SPILLWAY CREST ELEVATION
 SPWID 26.00 SPILLWAY WIDTH
 COQW 2.60 WEIR COEFFICIENT
 EXPW 1.50 EXPONENT OF HEAD

COMPUTED STORAGE-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	.00	.32	1.04	1.92	2.97	4.20
ELEVATION	659.00	662.00	664.00	666.00	668.00	670.00

COMPUTED OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

OUTFLOW	.00	.00	567.63	580.01	592.93	606.45	620.59	635.41	650.96	667.29
ELEVATION	659.00	660.25	663.69	663.84	664.00	664.17	664.36	664.56	664.77	665.00
OUTFLOW	756.99	802.23	859.65	930.55	1016.20	1117.92	1237.02	1374.80	1532.62	1711.81
ELEVATION	665.72	666.00	666.34	666.72	667.14	667.62	668.14	668.71	669.33	670.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	.00	.02	.32	.92	.98	1.04	1.11	1.19	1.27	1.36
OUTFLOW	.00	.00	405.03	567.63	580.01	592.90	606.45	620.59	635.41	650.96
ELEVATION	659.00	660.25	662.00	663.69	663.84	664.00	664.17	664.36	664.56	664.77
STORAGE	1.46	1.78	1.92	2.08	2.28	2.50	2.76	2.97	3.05	3.39
OUTFLOW	667.29	756.99	801.77	859.65	930.55	1016.20	1117.92	1203.61	1237.02	1374.80
ELEVATION	665.00	665.72	666.00	666.34	666.72	667.14	667.62	668.00	668.14	668.71
STORAGE	3.77	4.20								
OUTFLOW	1532.62	1711.81								
ELEVATION	669.33	670.00								

*** WARNING *** MODIFIED PULS ROUTING MAY BE NUMERICALLY UNSTABLE FOR OUTFLOWS BETWEEN 0. TO 1712.
 THE ROUTED HYDROGRAPH SHOULD BE EXAMINED FOR OSCILLATIONS OR OUTFLOWS GREATER THAN PEAK INFLOWS.
 THIS CAN BE CORRECTED BY DECREASING THE TIME INTERVAL OR INCREASING STORAGE (USE A LONGER REACH.)

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HYDROGRAPH AT STATION RP1

PEAK FLOW	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ (CFS)	(HR)					
		(CFS)				
+ 622.	12.83	231.	72.	48.	48.	
		(INCHES)	4.362	5.446	5.446	5.446
		(AC-FT)	114.	143.	143.	143.
PEAK STORAGE	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE STORAGE			
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ (AC-FT)	(HR)					
+ 1.	12.83	0.	0.	0.	0.	
PEAK STAGE	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE STAGE			
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ (FEET)	(HR)					
+ 664.38	12.83	661.48	660.62	660.43	660.43	

CUMULATIVE AREA = .49 SQ MI

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 93 KK * S2 *
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SUBAREA S2

95 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

96 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .00 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .00

97 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

98 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH
 TP .08 LAG
 CP .62 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
 CLARK TC= .12 HR, R= .04 HR
 SNYDER TP= .08 HR, CP= .58

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
 3 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES

4. 6. 1.

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HYDROGRAPH AT STATION S2

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW + (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ 6.	12.17	(CFS)			
		(INCHES)	4.377	0.	0.
		(AC-FT)	0.	5.454	5.454

CUMULATIVE AREA = .00 SQ MI

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 * *
 99 KK * C/NW *
 * *

DISCHARGE AT NW

101 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

102 HC HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION
 ICOMP 2 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION C/NW

PEAK FLOW TIME MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW

			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+	(CFS)	(HR)				
			(CFS)			
+	623.	12.83	232.	72.	48.	48.
			(INCHES)	4.362	5.446	5.446
			(AC-FT)	115.	143.	143.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .49 SQ MI

103 KK

 * *
 * DA3 *
 * *

DRAINAGE AREA DA3

105 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT	3	PRINT CONTROL
IPLST	0	PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL	0.	HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH	7	PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT	21	SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1	1	FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2	432	LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT	.083	TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

106 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS

TAREA	.04	SUBBASIN AREA
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PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM

.....	HYDRO-35	TP-40	TP-49
5-MIN	15-MIN	60-MIN	2-HR	3-HR	6-HR	12-HR	24-HR	2-DAY
.85	1.69	3.07	3.88	4.38	5.30	6.27	7.33	.00
								.00
								.00
								.00
								.00

STORM AREA = .04

107 LS SCS LOSS RATE

STRTL	.33	INITIAL ABSTRACTION
CRVNBR	86.00	CURVE NUMBER
RTIMP	.00	PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

KINEMATIC WAVE

108 UK OVERLAND-FLOW ELEMENT NO. 1

L	105.	OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH
S	.2900	SLOPE
N	.300	ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
PA	100.0	PERCENT OF SUBBASIN
DXMIN	5	MINIMUM NUMBER OF DX INTERVALS

109 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE MAIN CHANNEL

L	1184.	CHANNEL LENGTH
S	.0050	SLOPE
N	.030	CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
CA	.04	CONTRIBUTING AREA
SHAPE	TRAP	CHANNEL SHAPE
WD	.00	BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER
Z	2.00	SIDE SLOPE
RUPSTQ	NO	ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	COMPUTATION TIME STEP		PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME	MAXIMUM CELERITY
		M	DT				
			(MIN)	(FT)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(FPS)
ELANEL	2.67	1.67	.63	21.00	207.15	724.66	.71
MAIN	1.63	1.33	3.22	592.00	193.34	723.85	6.13

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .1070E+02 OUTFLOW= .1033E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .7565E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 3.4

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN	1.63	1.33	5.00	177.68	725.00	5.47
------	------	------	------	--------	--------	------

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION DA3

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.65, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.68

			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+	(CFS)	(HR)				
			(CFS)			
+	178.	12.08	17.	5.	3.	3.
			(INCHES)	4.463	5.470	5.470
			(AC-FT)	8.	10.	10.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .04 SQ MI

*** **

110 KK *****
 * CH2 *
 * *

SUBAREA CH2

112 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

113 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .00 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00
 STORM AREA = .00

114 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNBR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

KINEMATIC WAVE

115 UK OVERLAND-FLOW ELEMENT No. 1
 L 100. OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH
 S .4000 SLOPE
 N .300 ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 PA 100.0 PERCENT OF SUBBASIN
 DXMIN 5 MINIMUM NUMBER OF DX INTERVALS

MUSKINGUM-CUNGE

116 RD MAIN CHANNEL
 L 1238. CHANNEL LENGTH
 S .0100 SLOPE
 N .030 CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 CA .00 CONTRIBUTING AREA
 SHAPE TRAP CHANNEL SHAPE
 WD 6.00 BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER
 Z 2.00 SIDE SLOPE
 RUPSTQ YES ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	COMPUTATION TIME STEP			PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME	MAXIMUM CELERITY
		M	DT	DX				
			(MIN)	(FT)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(IN)	(FPS)
FLANE1	3.14	1.67	.45	20.00	13.18	725.00	5.45	.76
MAIN	1.69	1.40	2.73	619.00	170.62	726.88	5.46	7.55

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .1030E+02 EXCESS= .6690E+00 OUTFLOW= .1094E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .7532E-03 PERCENT ERROR= .2

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

ELEMENT	ALPHA	M	DT	DX	PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME
			(MIN)	(FT)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(IN)
MAIN	1.69	1.40	5.00		157.30	725.00	5.46

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION CH2

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
157.	12.08	18.	6.	4.	4.
		(INCHES)	4.452	5.457	5.457
		(AC-FT)	9.	11.	11.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .04 SQ MI

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117 KK * *
 * DA4 *
 * *

DRAINAGE AREA DA4

119 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

120 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .05 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .05

121 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .33 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNR 86.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

KINEMATIC WAVE

122 UK OVERLAND-FLOW ELEMENT NO. 1
 L 120. OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH
 S .2500 SLOPE
 N .300 ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 PA 100.0 PERCENT OF SUBBASIN
 DXMIN 5 MINIMUM NUMBER OF DX INTERVALS

MUSKINGUM-CUNGE

123 RD MAIN CHANNEL
 L 1338. CHANNEL LENGTH
 S .0050 SLOPE
 N .030 CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 CA .05 CONTRIBUTING AREA
 SHAPE TRAP CHANNEL SHAPE
 WD .00 BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER
 Z 2.00 SIDE SLOPE
 RUPSTQ NO ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	COMPUTATION TIME STEP			PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME	MAXIMUM CELERITY
		M	DT	DX				
			(MIN)	(FT)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(FPS)	
PLANEL	2.48	1.67	.64	24.00	303.67	724.94	5.68	
MAIN	1.63	1.33	3.30	669.00	253.48	722.91	6.76	

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .1576E+02 OUTFLOW= .1522E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .1023E-02 PERCENT ERROR= 3.4

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN 1.63 1.33 5.00 252.98 725.00 5.46

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION DA4

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.65, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.68

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW		
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR
253.	12.08	25.	8.	5.
		(INCHES) 4.457	5.463	5.463
		(AC-FT) 12.	15.	15.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .05 SQ MI

124 KK * *
 * CH3 *
 * *

SUBAREA CH3

126 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL

IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

127 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .00 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00
 STORM AREA = .00

128 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNBR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

KINEMATIC WAVE

129 UK OVERLAND-FLOW ELEMENT NO. 1
 L 137. OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH
 S .2040 SLOPE
 N .300 ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 PA 100.0 PERCENT OF SUBBASIN
 DXMIN 5 MINIMUM NUMBER OF DX INTERVALS

MUSKINGUM-CUNGE

130 RD MAIN CHANNEL
 L 505. CHANNEL LENGTH
 S .0625 SLOPE
 N .030 CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 CA .00 CONTRIBUTING AREA
 SHAPE TRAP CHANNEL SHAPE
 WD 6.00 BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER
 Z 2.00 SIDE SLOPE
 RUPSTQ NO ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	COMPUTATION TIME STEP		PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME	MAXIMUM CELERITY
		M	DX				
		(MIN)	(FT)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(IN)	(FPS)
FLANE1	2.24	1.67	.82	27.40	3.32	724.79	5.45
MAIN	4.23	1.40	1.86	252.50	3.21	725.27	5.29

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .1745E+00 OUTFLOW= .1694E+00 BASIN STORAGE= .1702E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 2.9

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN 4.23 1.40 5.00 3.18 725.00 5.31

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HYDROGRAPH AT STATION CH3

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW	TIME	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW		
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR
(CFS)	(HR)	(CFS)	(CFS)	(CFS)
+	3.	12.08	0.	0.
		(INCHES)	4.358	5.309
		(AC-FT)	0.	0.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .00 SQ MI

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 * *
 131 KK * P2 *
 * *

POND P2

133 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

134 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
TAREA .00 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .00

135 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .00 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNR 100.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

136 UD SCS DIMENSIONLESS UNITGRAPH
 TLAG .00 LAG

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
 5 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES
 0.

12. 3. 1. 0.

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION P2

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = .00, TOTAL EXCESS = 7.33

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
12.	12.08	1.	0.	0.	0.
		(INCHES) (AC-FT)	5.298 1.	7.327 1.	7.330 1.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .00 SQ MI

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137 KK

 * C/P2 *
 * *

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS

139 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

140 HC HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION
 ICOMP 4 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE

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HYDROGRAPH AT STATION C/P2

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
425.	12.08	44.	14.	9.	9.
		(INCHES) (AC-FT)	4.471 22.	5.496 27.	5.500 27.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .09 SQ MI

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141 KK

 * RP2 *
 * *

ROUTE THROUGH P2

143 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL

QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

144 RS STORAGE ROUTING
 NSTPS 1 NUMBER OF SUBREACHES
 ITYP ELEV TYPE OF INITIAL CONDITION
 RSVRIC 650.00 INITIAL CONDITION
 X .00 WORKING R AND D COEFFICIENT

145 SA AREA .0 .5 .5 .6 .6 .7 .8 .9 .9 .9

146 SE ELEVATION 650.00 651.00 652.00 653.00 654.00 655.00 656.00 657.00 658.00 659.00

147 SL LOW-LEVEL OUTLET
 ELEV 651.00 ELEVATION AT CENTER OF OUTLET
 CAREA 18.84 CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA
 COOL .80 COEFFICIENT
 EXPL .50 EXPONENT OF HEAD

148 SS SPILLWAY
 CREL 656.50 SPILLWAY CREST ELEVATION
 SPWID 20.00 SPILLWAY WIDTH
 COQW 2.60 WEIR COEFFICIENT
 EXPW 1.50 EXPONENT OF HEAD

COMPUTED STORAGE-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	.00	.15	.64	1.19	1.81	2.49	3.25	4.08	4.96	5.88
ELEVATION	650.00	651.00	652.00	653.00	654.00	655.00	656.00	657.00	658.00	659.00

COMPUTED OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

OUTFLOW	.00	.00	182.76	192.53	203.41	215.59	229.32	244.92	262.79	283.48
ELEVATION	650.00	651.00	653.29	653.54	653.83	654.18	654.60	655.11	655.73	656.50
OUTFLOW	293.69	302.21	314.31	330.55	351.52	377.80	409.95	448.57	494.20	547.44
ELEVATION	656.71	656.84	657.00	657.19	657.41	657.67	657.95	658.27	658.62	659.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	.00	.15	.64	1.19	1.36	1.51	1.70	1.81	1.93	2.21
OUTFLOW	.00	.00	120.88	170.95	182.76	192.53	203.41	209.37	215.59	229.32
ELEVATION	650.00	651.00	652.00	653.00	653.29	653.54	653.83	654.00	654.18	654.60
STORAGE	2.49	2.57	3.03	3.25	3.65	3.83	3.94	4.07	4.24	4.44
OUTFLOW	241.75	244.92	262.79	270.29	283.48	293.69	302.21	314.31	330.55	351.52
ELEVATION	655.00	655.11	655.73	656.00	656.50	656.71	656.84	657.00	657.19	657.41
STORAGE	4.66	4.92	4.96	5.21	5.53	5.88				
OUTFLOW	377.80	409.95	415.34	448.57	494.20	547.44				
ELEVATION	657.67	657.95	658.00	658.27	658.62	659.00				

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HYDROGRAPH AT STATION RP2

PEAK FLOW	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW		
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR
+	(CFS)	(HR)			
+	260.	12.17			35.92-HR
		(CFS)	44.	14.	9.
		(INCHES)	4.471	5.469	5.469
		(AC-FT)	22.	27.	27.
PEAK STORAGE	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE STORAGE		
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR
+	(AC-FT)	(HR)			
+	3.	12.17	0.	0.	0.
PEAK STAGE	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE STAGE		
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR
+	(FEET)	(HR)			
+	655.64	12.17	651.51	651.15	650.96

CUMULATIVE AREA = .09 SQ MI

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 * *
 149 KK * S3 *
 * *

SUBAREA S3

151 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL

IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

152 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .00 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .00

153 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNBR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

154 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH
 TP .15 LAG
 CP .69 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
 CLARK TC= .21 HR, R= .07 HR
 SNYDER TP= .15 HR, CP= .68

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
 6 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES
 3. 7. 7. 3. 1. 0.

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HYDROGRAPH AT STATION S3

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
10.	12.17	1.	0.	0.	0.
		(INCHES) 4.358	5.431	5.431	5.431
		(AC-FT) 1.	1.	1.	1.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .00 SQ MI

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 * *
 155 KK * S4 *
 * *

SUBAREA S4

157 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

158 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .01 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .01

159 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNBR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

160 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH

TP .32 LAG
CP .71 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
CLARK TC= .39 HR, R= .22 HR
SNYDER TP= .32 HR, CP= .71

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
17 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES

2. 6. 11. 14. 14. 10. 7. 5. 3. 2.
1. 1. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0.

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION S4

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+	25.				
	12.33	(CFS)			
		5.	1.	1.	1.
		(INCHES)	4.358	5.434	5.434
		(AC-FT)	2.	3.	3.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .01 SQ MI

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161 KK * C/NE *
* *

DISCHARGE AT NE

163 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

164 HC HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION
ICOMP 3 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION C/NE

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+	289.				
	12.25	(CFS)			
		50.	15.	10.	10.
		(INCHES)	4.456	5.464	5.465
		(AC-FT)	25.	31.	31.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .11 SQ MI

*** **

* *
165 KK * O3 *
* *

SUBAREA O3

167 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

168 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
TAREA .11 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
..... HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
.85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .11

169 LS SCS LOSS RATE
STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
CRVNR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

170 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH
TP .46 LAG
CP .65 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
CLARK TC= .54 HR, R= .39 HR
SNYDER TP= .46 HR, CP= .66

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
29 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES
7. 25. 49. 73. 91. 99. 92. 77. 62. 50.
41. 33. 27. 21. 17. 14. 11. 9. 7. 6.
5. 4. 3. 3. 2. 2. 1. 1. 1.

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION O3

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW TIME MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
+ (CFS) (HR) 6-HR 24-HR 72-HR 35.92-HR
+ 206. 12.50 (CFS) 51. 16. 11. 11.
(INCHES) 4.348 5.429 5.429 5.429
(AC-FT) 25. 31. 31. 31.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .11 SQ MI

*** **

* *
171 KK * S7 *
* *

SUBAREA S7

173 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
IPLLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

174 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
TAREA .00 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
..... HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
.85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .00

175 LS SCS LOSS RATE
STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
CRVNR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

176 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH
TP .28 LAG
CP .73 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
CLARK TC= .36 HR, R= .18 HR
SNYDER TP= .28 HR, CP= .73

UNIT HYDROGRAPH

14 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES

1.	3.	5.	6.	5.	3.	2.	1.	1.	0.
0.	0.	0.	0.						

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION S7

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW	TIME	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW				
(CFS)	(HR)	6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR	
+ 10.	12.33	(CFS)	2.	1.	0.	0.
		(INCHES)	4.358	5.432	5.432	5.432
		(AC-FT)	1.	1.	1.	1.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .00 SQ MI

177 KK DA6

DRAINAGE AREA DA6

179 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT	3	PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT	0	PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL	0.	HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH	7	PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT	21	SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1	1	FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2	432	LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT	.083	TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

180 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS

TAREA	.04	SUBBASIN AREA
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PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM

HYDRO-35		TP-40						TP-49			
5-MIN	15-MIN	60-MIN	2-HR	3-HR	6-HR	12-HR	24-HR	2-DAY	4-DAY	7-DAY	10-DAY
.85	1.69	3.07	3.88	4.38	5.30	6.27	7.33	.00	.00	.00	.00

STORM AREA = .04

181 LS SCS LOSS RATE

STRTL	.33	INITIAL ABSTRACTION
CRVNBR	86.00	CURVE NUMBER
RTIMP	.00	PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

182 UK KINEMATIC WAVE

OVERLAND-FLOW ELEMENT NO. 1

L	105.	OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH
S	.2900	SLOPE
N	.300	ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
PA	100.0	PERCENT OF SUBBASIN
DXMIN	5	MINIMUM NUMBER OF DX INTERVALS

183 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE

MAIN CHANNEL

L	1204.	CHANNEL LENGTH
S	.0050	SLOPE
N	.030	CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
CA	.04	CONTRIBUTING AREA
SHAPE	TRAP	CHANNEL SHAPE
WD	.00	BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER
Z	2.00	SIDE SLOPE
RUPSTQ	NO	ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	COMPUTATION TIME STEP		PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME	MAXIMUM CELERITY
		M	DT				
			(MIN)	(FT)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(FPS)
PLANEL	2.67	1.67	.63	21.00	252.32	724.66	5.68
MAIN	1.63	1.33	3.11	601.90	236.93	725.36	5.51

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .1303E+02 OUTFLOW= .1264E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .8100E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 3.0

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN	1.63	1.33	5.00	232.74	725.00	5.55
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*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION DA6

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.65, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.68

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
233.	12.08	21.	6.	4.	4.
		(INCHES) 4.537	5.545	5.545	5.545
		(AC-FT) 10.	13.	13.	13.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .04 SQ MI

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* *
184 KK * C/DA6 *
* *

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS

186 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT	3	PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT	0	PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL	0.	HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH	7	PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT	21	SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1	1	FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2	432	LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT	.083	TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

187 HC HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION

ICOMP	3	NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE
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*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION C/DA6

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
315.	12.08	73.	23.	15.	15.
		(INCHES) 4.396	5.461	5.461	5.461
		(AC-FT) 36.	45.	45.	45.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .16 SQ MI

*** **

* *
188 KK * O4 *
* *

SUBAREA O4

190 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT	3	PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT	0	PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL	0.	HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH	7	PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT	21	SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1	1	FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2	432	LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT	.083	TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

191 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS

TAREA	.10	SUBBASIN AREA
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PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM

HYDRO-35		TP-40						TP-49			
5-MIN	15-MIN	2-HR	3-HR	6-HR	12-HR	24-HR	2-DAY	4-DAY	7-DAY	10-DAY	
.85	1.69	3.07	3.88	4.38	5.30	6.27	7.33	.00	.00	.00	.00

STORM AREA = .10

192 LS SCS LOSS RATE

STRTL	.38	INITIAL ABSTRACTION
CRVNR	84.00	CURVE NUMBER
RTIMP	.00	PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

193 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH

TP	.47	LAG
CP	.65	PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
CLARK TC= .54 HR, R= .40 HR
SNYDER TP= .47 HR, CP= .65

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
30 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES
6. 21. 42. 63. 79. 85. 80. 68. 55. 45.
36. 30. 24. 20. 16. 13. 11. 9. 7. 6.
5. 4. 3. 2. 2. 2. 1. 1. 1. 1.

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION O4

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW TIME MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
+ (CFS) (HR) 6-HR 24-HR 72-HR 35.92-HR
+ 179. 12.50 (CFS) 45. 14. 9. 9.
(INCHES) 4.348 5.430 5.430 5.430
(AC-FT) 22. 28. 28. 28.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .10 SQ MI

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194 KK * CLVT *
* *

CULVERT AT O4 DISCHARGE

196 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

197 RS STORAGE ROUTING
NSTPS 1 NUMBER OF SUBREACHES
ITYP ELEV TYPE OF INITIAL CONDITION
RSVRIC 699.71 INITIAL CONDITION
X .00 WORKING R AND D COEFFICIENT
198 SA AREA .0 .0 .0 .2 .9
199 SE ELEVATION 699.71 700.00 702.00 704.00 706.00
200 SL LOW-LEVEL OUTLET
ELEV 701.46 ELEVATION AT CENTER OF OUTLET
CAREA 19.24 CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA
COQL .70 COEFFICIENT
EXPL .50 EXPONENT OF HEAD
201 SS SPILLWAY
CREL 704.50 SPILLWAY CREST ELEVATION
SPWID 70.00 SPILLWAY WIDTH
COQW 2.60 WEIR COEFFICIENT
EXPW 1.50 EXPONENT OF HEAD

COMPUTED STORAGE-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE .00 .00 .03 .19 1.17
ELEVATION 699.71 700.00 702.00 704.00 706.00

COMPUTED OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

OUTFLOW .00 .00 159.64 163.19 166.90 170.79 174.86 179.13 183.61 188.33
ELEVATION 699.71 701.46 703.64 703.74 703.85 703.96 704.08 704.21 704.35 704.50
OUTFLOW 191.94 198.68 210.65 229.35 256.24 292.77 340.40 400.61 474.80 564.50
ELEVATION 704.55 704.61 704.70 704.81 704.95 705.11 705.29 705.51 705.74 706.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE .00 .00 .02 .03 .14 .15 .17 .18 .19 .20
OUTFLOW .00 .00 .00 79.37 159.64 163.19 166.90 170.79 172.14 174.86
ELEVATION 699.71 700.00 701.46 702.00 703.64 703.74 703.85 703.96 704.00 704.08
STORAGE .23 .26 .30 .32 .34 .37 .41 .47 .55 .65
OUTFLOW 179.13 183.61 188.33 191.94 198.68 210.65 229.35 256.24 292.77 340.40
ELEVATION 704.21 704.35 704.50 704.55 704.61 704.70 704.81 704.95 705.11 705.29
STORAGE .78 .95 1.17
OUTFLOW 400.61 474.80 564.50

ELEVATION 705.51 705.74 706.00

*** WARNING *** MODIFIED PULS ROUTING MAY BE NUMERICALLY UNSTABLE FOR OUTFLOWS BETWEEN 0. TO 565. THE ROUTED HYDROGRAPH SHOULD BE EXAMINED FOR OSCILLATIONS OR OUTFLOWS GREATER THAN PEAK INFLOWS. THIS CAN BE CORRECTED BY DECREASING THE TIME INTERVAL OR INCREASING STORAGE (USE A LONGER REACH.)

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***          ***          ***          ***          ***
          HYDROGRAPH AT STATION      CLVT
PEAK FLOW      TIME          MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
+ (CFS)      (HR)          6-HR      24-HR      72-HR      35.92-HR
+ 176.      12.58          (CFS)
          (INCHES) 4.348      14.      9.      9.
          (AC-FT) 22.      5.427      5.427      5.427
PEAK STORAGE  TIME          MAXIMUM AVERAGE STORAGE
+ (AC-FT)    (HR)          6-HR      24-HR      72-HR      35.92-HR
+ 0.        12.58          0.      0.      0.      0.
PEAK STAGE    TIME          MAXIMUM AVERAGE STAGE
+ (FEET)     (HR)          6-HR      24-HR      72-HR      35.92-HR
+ 704.12    12.58          701.90   701.59   701.27   701.27
          CUMULATIVE AREA = .10 SQ MI

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*****
*          *
202 KK      *          P3      *
*          *
*****
          POND P3
204 KO      OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
          IPRNT      3      PRINT CONTROL
          IPLOT      0      PLOT CONTROL
          QSCAL      0.     HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
          IPNCH      7      PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
          IOUT       21     SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
          ISAV1      1      FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
          ISAV2     432     LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
          TIMINT     .083   TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

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SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA
205 BA      SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
          TAREA      .01   SUBBASIN AREA
          PRECIPITATION DATA
11 PH      DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
          ..... HYDRO-35 ..... TP-40 ..... TP-49 .....
          5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
          .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00
          STORM AREA = .01

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206 LS      SCS LOSS RATE
          STRTL      .00   INITIAL ABSTRACTION
          CRVNR      100.00 CURVE NUMBER
          RTIMP      .00   PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

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207 UD      SCS DIMENSIONLESS UNITGRAPH
          TLAG      .00   LAG
          ***
          UNIT HYDROGRAPH
          5 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES
          60.      17.      3.      1.      0.
          ***          ***          ***          ***

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          HYDROGRAPH AT STATION      P3
TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = .00, TOTAL EXCESS = 7.33
PEAK FLOW      TIME          MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
+ (CFS)      (HR)          6-HR      24-HR      72-HR      35.92-HR
+ 61.        12.08          (CFS)
          (INCHES) 5.298      2.      1.      1.
          (AC-FT) 3.      7.327      7.330      7.330
          CUMULATIVE AREA = .01 SQ MI

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 * *
 208 KK * C/P3 *
 * *

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS

210 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

211 HC HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION
 ICOMP 3 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION C/P3

PEAK FLOW + (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
442.	12.08	124. (INCHES) (AC-FT)	39. 4.408 61.	26. 5.519 77.	26. 5.524 77.
CUMULATIVE AREA =		.26 SQ MI			

 * *
 212 KK * DA5 *
 * *

DRAINAGE AREA DA5

214 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

215 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .07 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM

HYDRO-35			TP-40					TP-49			
5-MIN	15-MIN	60-MIN	2-HR	3-HR	6-HR	12-HR	24-HR	2-DAY	4-DAY	7-DAY	10-DAY
.85	1.69	3.07	3.88	4.38	5.30	6.27	7.33	.00	.00	.00	.00

STORM AREA = .07

216 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .33 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNBR 86.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

KINEMATIC WAVE

217 UK OVERLAND-FLOW ELEMENT NO. 1
 L 120. OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH
 S .2500 SLOPE
 N .300 ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 PA 100.0 PERCENT OF SUBBASIN
 DXMIN 5 MINIMUM NUMBER OF DX INTERVALS

MUSKINGUM-CUNGE

218 RD MAIN CHANNEL
 L 1358. CHANNEL LENGTH
 S .0050 SLOPE
 N .030 CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 CA .07 CONTRIBUTING AREA
 SHAPE TRAP CHANNEL SHAPE
 WD .00 BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER
 Z 2.00 SIDE SLOPE
 RUPSTQ NO ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	M	COMPUTATION TIME STEP		PEAK (CFS)	TIME TO PEAK (MIN)	VOLUME (IN)	MAXIMUM CELERITY (FPS)
			DT (MIN)	DX (FT)				

PLANE1	2.48	1.67	.64	24.00	410.47	724.94	5.68	.71
MAIN	1.63	1.33	3.11	679.00	369.20	723.65	5.49	7.29

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .2131E+02 OUTFLOW= .2059E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .1164E-02 PERCENT ERROR= 3.3

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN	1.63	1.33	5.00	346.98	725.00	5.47
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HYDROGRAPH AT STATION DA5

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.65, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.68

PEAK FLOW	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW		
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR
+ (CFS)	(HR)	(CFS)			
+ 347.	12.08				35.92-HR
		(INCHES)	34.	10.	7.
		(AC-FT)	4.457	5.465	5.466
			17.	20.	20.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .07 SQ MI

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 219 KK * C/DA5 *
 * *

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS

221 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT	3	PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT	0	PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL	0.	HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH	7	PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT	21	SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1	1	FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2	432	LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT	.083	TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

222 HC HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION

ICOMP	2	NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE
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MAIN	1.63	1.33	5.00	346.98	725.00	5.47
------	------	------	------	--------	--------	------

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION C/DA5

PEAK FLOW	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW		
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR
+ (CFS)	(HR)	(CFS)			
+ 789.	12.08				35.92-HR
		(INCHES)	157.	49.	33.
		(AC-FT)	4.417	5.507	5.512
			78.	97.	97.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .33 SQ MI

*** **

 * *
 223 KK * RP3 *
 * *

ROUTE THROUGH P3

225 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT	3	PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT	0	PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL	0.	HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH	7	PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT	21	SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1	1	FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2	432	LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT	.083	TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

226 RS STORAGE ROUTING

NSTPS	1	NUMBER OF SUBREACHES
ITYP	ELEV	TYPE OF INITIAL CONDITION
RSVRIC	692.50	INITIAL CONDITION
X	.00	WORKING R AND D COEFFICIENT

227 SA	AREA	.0	2.3	2.6	3.5	3.9
228 SE	ELEVATION	692.50	694.00	696.00	698.00	700.00
229 SL	LOW-LEVEL OUTLET					
	ELEV	693.75	ELEVATION AT CENTER OF OUTLET			
	CAREA	48.11	CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA			
	COOL	.80	COEFFICIENT			
	EXPL	.50	EXPONENT OF HEAD			
230 SS	SPILLWAY					
	CREL	697.00	SPILLWAY CREST ELEVATION			
	SPWID	75.00	SPILLWAY WIDTH			
	COQW	2.60	WEIR COEFFICIENT			
	EXPW	1.50	EXPONENT OF HEAD			

COMPUTED STORAGE-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	.00	1.14	6.02	12.07	19.46
ELEVATION	692.50	694.00	696.00	698.00	700.00

COMPUTED OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

OUTFLOW	.00	.00	560.77	560.15	559.52	558.90	558.28	557.66	557.04	556.42
ELEVATION	692.50	693.75	697.05	697.04	697.04	697.03	697.02	697.01	697.01	697.00
OUTFLOW	588.74	622.72	673.82	745.33	840.46	962.52	1114.70	1300.29	1522.58	1784.87
ELEVATION	697.19	697.34	697.52	697.75	698.02	698.34	698.69	699.09	699.52	700.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	.00	.66	1.14	6.02	8.99	9.42	9.88	10.48	11.23	12.07
OUTFLOW	.00	.00	154.32	462.97	563.02	588.74	622.72	673.82	745.33	831.29
ELEVATION	692.50	693.75	694.00	696.00	697.05	697.19	697.34	697.52	697.75	698.00
STORAGE	12.16	13.25	14.51	15.96	17.61	19.46				
OUTFLOW	840.46	962.52	1114.70	1300.29	1522.58	1784.87				
ELEVATION	698.02	698.34	698.69	699.09	699.52	700.00				

*** WARNING *** MODIFIED PULS ROUTING MAY BE NUMERICALLY UNSTABLE FOR OUTFLOWS BETWEEN 0. TO 154.
 THE ROUTED HYDROGRAPH SHOULD BE EXAMINED FOR OSCILLATIONS OR OUTFLOWS GREATER THAN PEAK INFLOWS.
 THIS CAN BE CORRECTED BY DECREASING THE TIME INTERVAL OR INCREASING STORAGE (USE A LONGER REACH.)

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION RP3

PEAK FLOW	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ (CFS)	(HR)					
+ 495.	12.25	(CFS)	157.	49.	33.	33.
		(INCHES)	4.417	5.474	5.474	5.474
		(AC-FT)	78.	97.	97.	97.
PEAK STORAGE	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE STORAGE			
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ (AC-FT)	(HR)					
+ 7.	12.25		2.	1.	1.	1.
PEAK STAGE	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE STAGE			
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ (FEET)	(HR)					
+ 696.34	12.25		694.32	693.91	693.68	693.68

CUMULATIVE AREA = .33 SQ MI

*** **

 * *
 231 KK * O5 *
 * *

SUBAREA O5

233 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT	3	PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT	0	PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL	0.	HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH	7	PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT	21	SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1	1	FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2	432	LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT	.063	TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

234 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS

TAREA	.01	SUBBASIN AREA
-------	-----	---------------

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM

.....	HYDRO-35	TP-40	TP-49		
5-MIN	15-MIN	60-MIN	2-HR	3-HR	6-HR	12-HR	24-HR	2-DAY	4-DAY	7-DAY	10-DAY

.85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .01

235 LS SCS LOSS RATE
STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
CRVNER 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

236 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH
TP .41 LAG
CP .71 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
CLARK TC= .49 HR, R= .28 HR
SNYDER TP= .41 HR, CP= .71

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
22 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES
1. 3. 7. 9. 11. 11. 9. 7. 5. 4.
3. 2. 1. 1. 1. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0.
0. 0.

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION O5

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW TIME MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
+ (CFS) (HR) 6-HR 24-HR 72-HR 35.92-HR
+ 22. 12.42 (CFS) 5. 1. 1. 1.
(INCHES) 4.355 5.433 5.433 5.433
(AC-FT) 2. 3. 3. 3.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .01 SQ MI

*** **

* *
237 KK C/O5 *
* *

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS

239 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

240 HC HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION
ICOMP 2 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION C/O5

PEAK FLOW TIME MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
+ (CFS) (HR) 6-HR 24-HR 72-HR 35.92-HR
+ 513. 12.42 (CFS) 162. 50. 34. 34.
(INCHES) 4.415 5.473 5.473 5.473
(AC-FT) 80. 100. 100. 100.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .34 SQ MI

*** **

* *
241 KK S6 *
* *

SUBAREA S6

243 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH

IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

244 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .01 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .01

245 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNBR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

246 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH
 TP .24 LAG
 CP .68 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
 CLARK TC= .31 HR, R= .16 HR
 SNYDER TP= .24 HR, CP= .68

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
 12 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES

4. 14. 22. 22. 15. 9. 5. 3. 2. 1.
 1. 0.

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION S6

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
36.	12.25	6.	2.	1.	1.
		(INCHES) 4.355	5.428	5.428	5.428
		(AC-FT) 3.	4.	4.	4.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .01 SQ MI

*** **

 * *
 247 KK * S5 *
 * *

SUBAREA S5

249 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

250 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .00 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .00

251 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNBR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

252 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH
 TP .25 LAG
 CP .73 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
 CLARK TC= .33 HR, R= .14 HR
 SNYDER TP= .25 HR, CP= .73

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
 11 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES

1. 3. 5. 5. 4. 2. 1. 1. 0. 0.
 0.

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION S5

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
9.	12.33	1.	0.	0.	0.
		(INCHES) 4.355	5.428	5.428	5.428
		(AC-FT) 1.	1.	1.	1.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .00 SQ MI

*** **

 * *
 253 KK * C/SE *
 * *

DISCHARGE AT SE

255 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT	3	PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT	0	PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL	0.	HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH	7	PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT	21	SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1	1	FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2	432	LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT	.083	TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

256 HC HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION
 ICOMP 3 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION C/SE

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
558.	12.33	169.	52.	35.	35.
		(INCHES) 4.412	5.471	5.471	5.471
		(AC-FT) 84.	104.	104.	104.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .36 SQ MI

1

RUNOFF SUMMARY
 FLOW IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND
 TIME IN HOURS, AREA IN SQUARE MILES

OPERATION	STATION	PEAK FLOW	TIME OF PEAK	AVERAGE FLOW FOR MAXIMUM PERIOD			BASIN AREA	MAXIMUM STAGE	TIME OF MAX STAGE
				6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR			
HYDROGRAPH AT	O2	188.	12.67	54.	17.	11.	.12		
ROUTED TO	CLVT	187.	12.67	54.	17.	11.	.12		
								697.49 12.67	
HYDROGRAPH AT	S1	7.	12.17	1.	0.	0.	.00		
HYDROGRAPH AT	DA1	106.	12.08	10.	3.	2.	.02		
3 COMBINED AT	C/DA1	201.	12.67	65.	20.	14.	.14		
HYDROGRAPH AT	CH1	205.	12.75	71.	22.	15.	.15		
HYDROGRAPH AT	O1	466.	12.58	132.	41.	27.	.28		

+	ROUTED TO	CLVT	391.	12.83	132.	41.	27.	.28		
+									695.19	12.83
+	2 COMBINED AT	C/O1	595.	12.83	202.	63.	42.	.43		
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	DA2	299.	12.08	28.	9.	6.	.06		
+	2 COMBINED AT	C/DA2	624.	12.83	230.	72.	48.	.49		
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	P1	9.	12.08	1.	0.	0.	.00		
+	2 COMBINED AT	C/P1	625.	12.83	231.	72.	48.	.49		
+	ROUTED TO	RP1	622.	12.83	231.	72.	48.	.49		
+									664.38	12.83
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	S2	6.	12.17	1.	0.	0.	.00		
+	2 COMBINED AT	C/NW	623.	12.83	232.	72.	48.	.49		
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	DA3	178.	12.08	17.	5.	3.	.04		
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	CH2	157.	12.08	18.	6.	4.	.04		
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	DA4	253.	12.08	25.	8.	5.	.05		
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	CH3	3.	12.08	0.	0.	0.	.00		
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	P2	12.	12.08	1.	0.	0.	.00		
+	4 COMBINED AT	C/P2	425.	12.08	44.	14.	9.	.09		
+	ROUTED TO	RP2	260.	12.17	44.	14.	9.	.09		
+									655.64	12.17
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	S3	10.	12.17	1.	0.	0.	.00		
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	S4	25.	12.33	5.	1.	1.	.01		
+	3 COMBINED AT	C/NE	289.	12.25	50.	15.	10.	.11		
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	O3	206.	12.50	51.	16.	11.	.11		
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	S7	10.	12.33	2.	1.	0.	.00		
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	DA6	233.	12.08	21.	6.	4.	.04		
+	3 COMBINED AT	C/DA6	315.	12.08	73.	23.	15.	.16		
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	O4	179.	12.50	45.	14.	9.	.10		
+	ROUTED TO	CLVT	176.	12.58	45.	14.	9.	.10		
+									704.12	12.58
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	P3	61.	12.08	6.	2.	1.	.01		
+	3 COMBINED AT	C/P3	442.	12.08	124.	39.	26.	.26		
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	DA5	347.	12.08	34.	10.	7.	.07		
+	2 COMBINED AT	C/DA5	789.	12.08	157.	49.	33.	.33		
+	ROUTED TO	RP3	495.	12.25	157.	49.	33.	.33		
+									696.34	12.25
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	O5	22.	12.42	5.	1.	1.	.01		
+	2 COMBINED AT	C/O5	513.	12.42	162.	50.	34.	.34		
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	S6	36.	12.25	6.	2.	1.	.01		

+ HYDROGRAPH AT S5 9. 12.33 1. 0. 0. .00
 + 3 COMBINED AT C/SE 558. 12.33 169. 52. 35. .36
 1

SUMMARY OF KINEMATIC WAVE - MUSKINGUM-CUNGE ROUTING
 (FLOW IS DIRECT RUNOFF WITHOUT BASE FLOW)

ISTAQ	ELEMENT	DT (MIN)	PEAK (CFS)	TIME TO PEAK (MIN)	VOLUME (IN)	INTERPOLATED TO COMPUTATION INTERVAL		VOLUME (IN)	
						DT (MIN)	PEAK (CFS)		
DA1	MANE	2.53	113.76	723.96	5.52	5.00	105.64	725.00	5.52
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .6153E+01 OUTFLOW= .5971E+01 BASIN STORAGE= .5042E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 2.9									
CH1	MANE	5.00	205.36	765.00	5.44	5.00	205.36	765.00	5.44
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .4025E+02 EXCESS= .3548E+01 OUTFLOW= .4377E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .3948E-02 PERCENT ERROR= .0									
DA2	MANE	2.69	322.52	724.06	5.52	5.00	299.13	725.00	5.52
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .1746E+02 OUTFLOW= .1694E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .8281E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 2.9									
DA3	MANE	3.22	193.34	723.85	5.49	5.00	177.68	725.00	5.47
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .1070E+02 OUTFLOW= .1033E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .7565E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 3.4									
CH2	MANE	2.73	170.62	726.88	5.46	5.00	157.30	725.00	5.46
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .1030E+02 EXCESS= .6690E+00 OUTFLOW= .1094E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .7532E-03 PERCENT ERROR= .2									
DA4	MANE	3.30	253.48	722.91	5.49	5.00	252.98	725.00	5.46
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .1576E+02 OUTFLOW= .1522E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .1023E-02 PERCENT ERROR= 3.4									
CH3	MANE	1.86	3.21	725.27	5.29	5.00	3.18	725.00	5.31
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .1745E+00 OUTFLOW= .1694E+00 BASIN STORAGE= .1702E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 2.9									
DA6	MANE	3.11	236.93	725.36	5.51	5.00	232.74	725.00	5.55
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .1303E+02 OUTFLOW= .1264E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .8100E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 3.0									
DA5	MANE	3.11	369.20	723.65	5.49	5.00	346.98	725.00	5.47
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .2131E+02 OUTFLOW= .2059E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .1164E-02 PERCENT ERROR= 3.3									

*** NORMAL END OF HEC-1 ***

VOLUME CALCULATIONS

EXCESS RAINFALL VOLUME CALCULATION

The volume generated by the site and the surrounding properties is calculated for the 25-year storm event. A summary of the design information that is included in this Appendix and related appendices are listed below.

- Excess rainfall and drainage areas used in the volume calculations were taken from the HEC-1 analysis located on pages IIF-A-27 through IIF-A-65.
- Post-development condition volume information is summarized on pages IIF-A-68 through IIF-A-69.

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
EXCESS RAINFALL
VOLUME CALCULATIONS

Required: Determine the volume generated by the site and offsite areas using the excess rainfall calculated in the HEC-1 analysis of the post-development condition.

Method: 1. Use the excessive rainfall data generated by the HEC-1 analysis to determine the volume produced by the site for the post-development condition.

1. Post-development Condition

1. a. Total Flow to Unnamed Tributary of Turkey Creek **northeast** of permit boundary (DCP1)

Area No.	Area (sq mi)	Total Excess Rainfall (in)	Area (ac)	Volume (ac-ft)
DA3	0.0353	5.68	22.58	10.7
DA4	0.0520	5.68	33.25	15.7
S3	0.0027	5.45	1.71	0.8
S4	0.0101	5.45	6.49	2.9
CH2	0.0023	5.45	1.49	0.7
CH5	0.0006	5.45	0.37	0.2
P2	0.0020	7.33	1.27	0.8

DCP1 Volume = **31.8 ac-ft**

1. b. Total volume of flow for areas discharging to the **north** (DCP2)

Area No.	Area (sq mi)	Total Excess Rainfall (in)	Area (ac)	Volume (ac-ft)
DA1	0.0203	5.68	12.96	6.1
DA2	0.0576	5.68	36.87	17.5
O1	0.2820	5.45	180.49	82.0
O2	0.1166	5.45	74.63	33.9
S1	0.0018	5.45	1.14	0.5
S2	0.0015	5.45	0.99	0.4
CH1	0.0122	5.45	7.79	3.5

DCP2 Volume = **144.0 ac-ft**

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
EXCESS RAINFALL
VOLUME CALCULATIONS

1. c. Total flow to Turkey Creek from southeast corner (DCP3)

Area No.	Area (sq mi)	Total Excess Rainfall (in)	Area (ac)	Volume (ac-ft)
DA5	0.0703	5.68	44.98	21.3
DA6	0.0430	5.68	27.53	13.0
O3	0.1082	5.45	69.25	31.5
O4	0.0954	5.45	61.05	27.7
O5	0.0099	5.45	6.34	2.9
S5	0.0030	5.45	1.93	0.9
S6	0.0127	5.45	8.14	3.7
S7	0.0038	5.45	2.40	1.1
P3	0.0104	7.33	6.68	4.1

DCP3 Volume = **106.1 ac-ft**

VELOCITY CALCULATIONS

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
VELOCITY CALCULATIONS
PROPOSED EXPANSION CONDITION

Required: Determine the flow velocities entering and exiting the permit boundary using HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS (Version 2.0, 1996-2010) for the flows calculated for the 25-year and 25-year storm event in the HEC-1 analysis.

Method:

1. Use the flow data generated by the HEC-1 analysis to determine velocity of runoff entering the landfill permit boundary.
2. Use the flow data generated by the HEC-1 analysis to determine velocity of runoff exiting the landfill permit boundary.

1. Flow Velocity entering the landfill permit boundary

O1

- Flows were obtained from the HEC-1 files included in this Appendix and are summarized below.

$Q_{25} = 466 \text{ cfs}$

Storm Year	Flow Rate (cfs)	Bottom Slope (ft/ft)	Manning's n	Side Slope (left)	Side Slope (right)	Bottom Width (ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Flow Vel. (fps)
25	466	0.0110	0.03	2.00	2.00	15.00	2.72	8.38

Note: Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010)

O2 (Sta. A-4740)

- Flows were obtained from the HEC-1 files included in this Appendix and are summarized below.

$Q_{25} = 188 \text{ cfs}$

Storm Year	Flow Rate (cfs)	Flow Vel. (fps)
25	188	0.37

Note: Velocites were obtained from HEC-RAS analsis starting on page IIIF-B-3.

O3

- Flows were obtained from the HEC-1 files included in this Appendix and are summarized below.

$Q_{25} = 206 \text{ cfs}$

Storm Year	Flow Rate (cfs)	Bottom Slope (ft/ft)	Manning's n	Side Slope (left)	Side Slope (right)	Bottom Width (ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Flow Vel. (fps)
25	206	0.0182	0.03	2.00	4.00	20.00	1.25	6.95

Note: Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010)

O4 (Sta. B-2680)

- Flows were obtained from the HEC-1 files included in this Appendix and are summarized below.

$Q_{25} = 179 \text{ cfs}$

Storm Year	Flow Rate (cfs)	Flow Vel. (fps)
25	179	0.61

Note: Velocites were obtained from HEC-RAS analsis starting on page IIIF-B-3.

O5

- Flows were obtained from the HEC-1 files included in this Appendix and are summarized below.

$Q_{25} = 22 \text{ cfs}$

Storm Year	Flow Rate (cfs)	Bottom Slope (ft/ft)	Manning's n	Side Slope (left)	Side Slope (right)	Bottom Width (ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Flow Vel. (fps)
25	22	0.0282	0.03	100.00	40.00	100.00	0.11	1.84

Note: Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010)

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
VELOCITY CALCULATIONS
PROPOSED EXPANSION CONDITION

2.

Flow Velocity exiting the landfill permit boundary

DCP1

- Flows were obtained from the HEC-1 files included in this Appendix and are summarized below.

$Q_{25} = 289 \text{ cfs}$

Storm Year	Flow Rate (cfs)	Bottom Slope (ft/ft)	Manning's n	Side Slope (left)	Side Slope (right)	Bottom Width (ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Flow Vel. (fps)
25	289	0.013	0.03	2.50	2.50	17.00	1.83	7.31

Note: Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010).

DCP2 (Sta. A-1500)

- Flows were obtained from the HEC-1 files included in this Appendix and are summarized below.

$Q_{25} = 623 \text{ cfs}$

Storm Year	Flow Rate (cfs)	Flow Vel. (fps)
25	623	3.35

Note: Velocites were obtained from HEC-RAS analysis starting on page IIIF-B-3.

DCP3 (Sta. B-520)

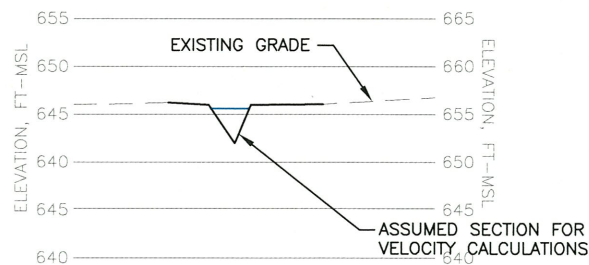
- Flows were obtained from the HEC-1 files included in this Appendix and are summarized below.

$Q_{25} = 564 \text{ cfs}$

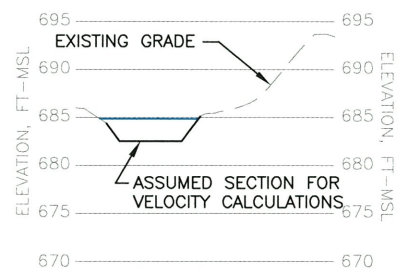
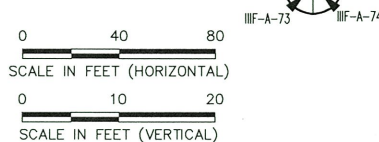
Storm Year	Flow Rate (cfs)	Flow Vel. (fps)
25	564	1.45

Note: Velocites were obtained from HEC-RAS analysis starting on page IIIF-B-3.

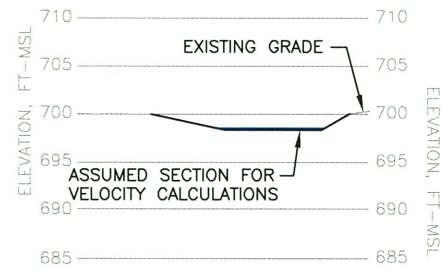
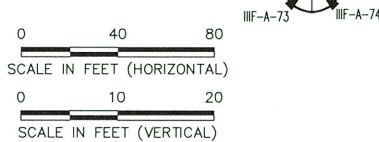
D:\0771\368\EXPANSION 2021\PART III\IIF\IIF-A-74-DISCHARGE POINT SECTIONS.dwg, rarrington, 1:2



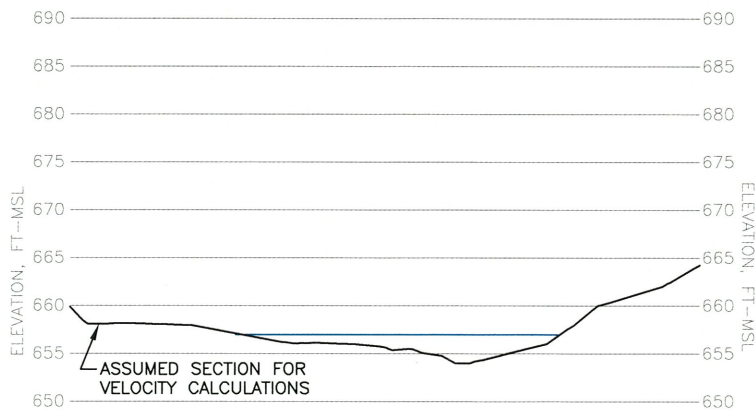
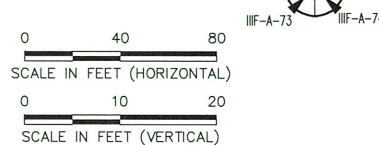
DISCHARGE POINT 1



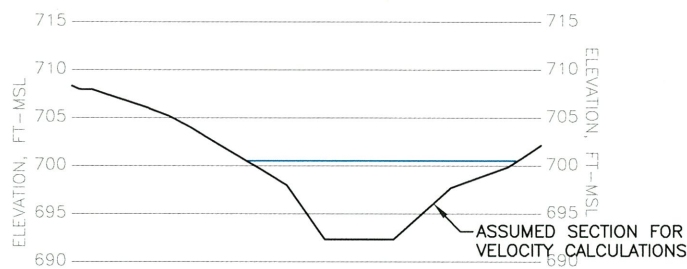
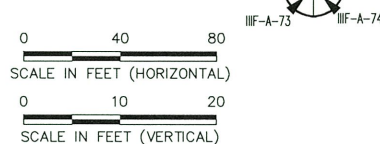
DISCHARGE POINT 01



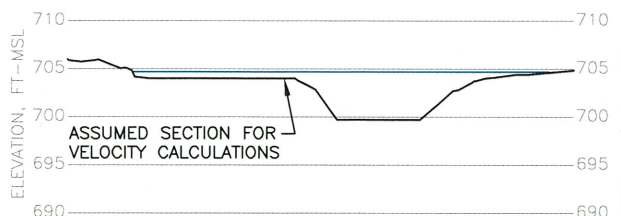
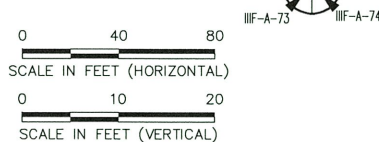
DISCHARGE POINT 05



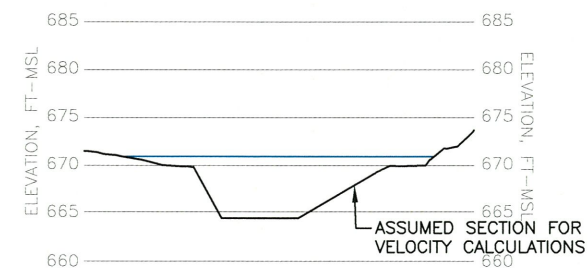
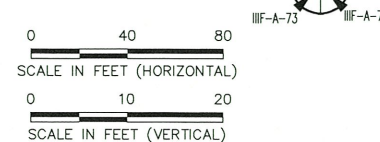
DISCHARGE POINT 2



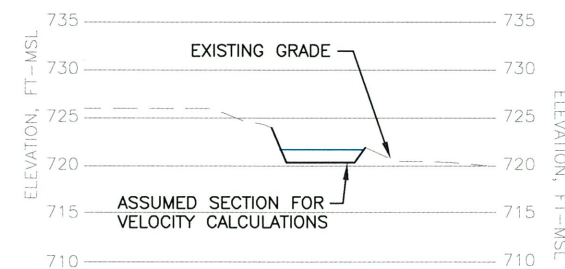
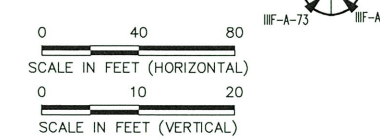
DISCHARGE POINT 02



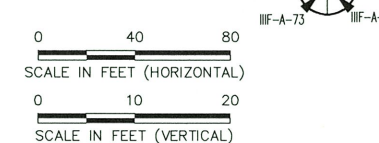
DISCHARGE POINT 04



DISCHARGE POINT 3



DISCHARGE POINT 03



<input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	PREPARED FOR TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP		MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT UPDATED PERMITTED DISCHARGE POINT VELOCITY CALCULATIONS TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
	DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: IIF-A-69-DISCHARGE POINT SEC.DWG		
DRAWN BY: JOW DESIGN BY: BPY REVIEWED BY: CRM	REVISIONS		WWW.WCGRP.COM
Weaver Consultants Group TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727		NO. DATE DESCRIPTION	

APPENDIX IIIF-B

**PERIMETER CHANNEL, DETENTION POND,
AND CULVERT DESIGN**

Includes pages IIIF-B-1 through IIIF-B-53



CONTENTS

Perimeter Channel Design	IIF-B-1
Channel Erosion Control Design	IIF-B-41
Detention Pond Design	IIF-B-43
Culvert Design	IIF-B-48



PERIMETER CHANNEL DESIGN

Perimeter channels have been designed to contain stormwater runoff from the 25-year storm frequency. A summary of the design information that is included in this Appendix is listed below.

- Flow rates used for the perimeter channel design were taken from the HEC-1 analysis included in Appendix IIIF-A.
- Perimeter channel design system information is summarized on Drawing IIIF.4 in Appendix IIIF.
- Channel profiles are presented on Drawings IIIF.5 through IIIF.6 in Appendix IIIF.
- Hydraulic calculations are summarized on pages IIIF-B-2.
- Channel Erosion Control Design information is included on page IIIF-B-5.

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
PROPOSED PERIMETER CHANNEL DESIGN

Channel	STA ²	Flow Rate (cfs)	Flow Depth (ft)	Flow Vel. (fps)	Froude No.	Flow Area (sq.ft.)	Top width of Flow (ft)
CH1 (Stream A)	A-4350	201.0	0.19	13.27	5.360	15.15	79.43
	A-3850	201.0	1.59	3.13	0.460	64.15	44.41
	A-3365	595.0	3.40	2.46	0.250	241.98	79.64
	A-3150	595.0	2.91	8.72	1.010	68.26	29.28
	A-2800	624.0	2.22	11.54	1.480	54.07	28.75
	A-2300	624.0	1.53	13.03	1.950	47.89	34.40
	A-2200	625.0	0.77	17.10	3.510	36.55	49.54
	A-1950	625.0	10.74	0.88	0.060	706.30	92.79
	A-1750	622.0	2.75	8.95	1.010	69.49	43.51
	A-1500	632.0	2.97	3.40	0.510	185.96	132.81
CH4 (Stream B & Stream B West)	BW-1050	315.0	3.53	3.83	0.420	82.19	32.08
	BW-550	315.0	1.82	3.49	0.480	90.20	54.18
	BW-350	315.0	6.70	1.15	0.090	273.98	57.70
	BW-100	315.0	6.71	0.38	0.030	818.55	138.88
	B-2220	442.0	6.68	1.35	0.110	328.04	65.56
	B-1920	442.0	6.62	1.50	0.120	294.81	60.12
	B-1520	798.0	6.46	2.13	0.170	375.10	72.65
	B-1410	513.0	2.12	8.25	1.000	62.19	55.83
	B-1270	513.0	1.43	13.87	2.190	36.99	29.64
	B-820	513.0	2.40	8.08	1.020	63.50	32.81
B-670	513.0	0.30	20.90	6.740	24.54	82.18	
B-520	558.0	6.42	1.45	0.120	422.34	129.65	

Note:

- Calculations were performed using HEC-RAS Computer Program developed by U.S. Corps of Engineers (Version 6.0.0). HEC-RAS Output files can be found on pages IIIIF-B-3 through IIIIF-B-36
- Stream A in the HEC-RAS output file is equivalent to CH1. Stream B and Stream B West in the HEC-RAS output file is equivalent to CH4.

HEC-RAS HEC-RAS 6.0.0 May 2021
 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
 Hydrologic Engineering Center
 609 Second Street
 Davis, California

```

X   X   XXXXXX   XXXX   XXXX   XX   XXXX
X   X   X       X   X   X   X   X   X
X   X   X       X   X   X   X   X
XXXXXXXX XXXX   X   XXX XXXX XXXXXXX XXXX
X   X   X       X   X   X   X   X
X   X   X       X   X   X   X   X
X   X   XXXXXX   XXXX   X   X   X   XXXX
  
```

PROJECT DATA
 Project Title: Post-Project Model
 Project File : Post-ProjectModel.prj
 Run Date and Time: 11/4/2021 8:23:57 AM

Project in English units

PLAN DATA

Plan Title: Post-Project Condition Plan
 Plan File : p:\Solid waste\WC\Turkey Creek\Expansion 2021\Part III-SDP\App IIIF\IIIF-B\HEC-RAS\Post-ProjectModel.p01

Geometry Title: Post-Project
 Geometry File : p:\Solid waste\WC\Turkey Creek\Expansion 2021\Part III-SDP\App IIIF\IIIF-B\HEC-RAS\Post-ProjectModel.g02

Flow Title : 25-Year Flow
 Flow File : p:\Solid waste\WC\Turkey Creek\Expansion 2021\Part III-SDP\App IIIF\IIIF-B\HEC-RAS\Post-ProjectModel.f01

Plan Summary Information:

Number of: Cross Sections = 36 Multiple Openings = 0
 Culverts = 7 Inline Structures = 0
 Bridges = 0 Lateral Structures = 0

Computational Information

Water surface calculation tolerance = 0.01
 Critical depth calculation tolerance = 0.01
 Maximum number of iterations = 20
 Maximum difference tolerance = 0.3
 Flow tolerance factor = 0.001

Computation Options

Critical depth computed only where necessary
 Conveyance Calculation Method: At breaks in n values only
 Friction Slope Method: Average Conveyance
 Computational Flow Regime: Mixed Flow

FLOW DATA

Flow Title: 25-Year Flow
 Flow File : p:\Solid waste\WC\Turkey Creek\Expansion 2021\Part III-SDP\App IIIF\IIIF-B\HEC-RAS\Post-ProjectModel.f01

Flow Data (cfs)

```

*****
* River      Reach      RS      *      PF 1 *
* Stream A - Post Stream A  5430  *      188 *
* Stream A - Post Stream A  4350  *      201 *
* Stream A - Post Stream A  3365  *      595 *
* Stream A - Post Stream A  2800  *      624 *
* Stream A - Post Stream A  2200  *      625 *
* Stream A - Post Stream A  1750  *      622 *
* Stream A - Post Stream A  1500  *      623 *
* Stream B - Post Stream B South 3310  *      179 *
* Stream B - Post Stream B  2220  *      442 *
* Stream B - Post Stream B  1520  *      798 *
* Stream B - Post Stream B  1410  *      513 *
* Stream B - Post Stream B  520   *      558 *
* Stream B - Post Stream B  420   *      558 *
* Stream B - Post Stream B  150   *      558 *
* Stream B West Stream B - West 1050  *      315 *
*****
  
```

Boundary Conditions

```

*****
* River      Reach      Profile  *      Upstream      Downstream  *
*****
* Stream A - Post Stream A  PF 1   *      Normal S = 0.0172  Known WS = 656.96 *
* Stream B - Post Stream B South PF 1   *      Normal S = 0.0135
* Stream B - Post Stream B  PF 1   *      Known WS = 662.17 *
* Stream B West Stream B - West PF 1   *      Normal S = 0.0231
*****
  
```

GEOMETRY DATA

Geometry Title: Post-Project
 Geometry File : p:\Solid waste\WC\Turkey Creek\Expansion 2021\Part III-SDP\App IIIF\IIIF-B\HEC-RAS\Post-ProjectModel.g02

Reach Connection Table

```

* River      Reach      * Upstream Boundary * Downstream Boundary *
*****
* Stream A - Post Stream A      *          *          *
* Stream B - Post Stream B South *          * SB Nodel *
* Stream B - Post Stream B      * SB Nodel *          *
* Stream B West Stream B - West *          * SB Nodel *
*****

```

JUNCTION INFORMATION

Name: SB Nodel
Description:
Energy computation Method

Length across Junction	Tributary	Reach	Length	Angle
River	River			
Stream B - Post Stream B South	to Stream B - Post	Stream B	45.22	0
Stream B West Stream B - West	to Stream B - Post	Stream B	0	0

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream A - Post
REACH: Stream A RS: 5430

INPUT

Description:
Station Elevation Data num= 16

Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	734.01	86.13	731.14	120.33	730	158.79	727.52	174.4	726.69		
285.62	720.36	293.13	720.26	300.26	720.19	300.56	720.19	309	720.26		
321.43	720.42	387.64	723.79	422.88	725.4	455	727.24	502.97	730		
566.63	733.98										

Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.04	86.13	.04	455	.04

Bank Sta: Left	Right	Lengths: Left	Channel	Right	Coeff Contr.	Expan.
86.13	455	227.52	200	224.62	.1	.3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

```

*****
* E.G. Elev (ft) * 721.46 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
* Vel Head (ft) * 0.33 * Wt. n-Val. * * 0.040 * *
* W.S. Elev (ft) * 721.14 * Reach Len. (ft) * 227.52 * 200.00 * 224.62 *
* Crit W.S. (ft) * 721.14 * Flow Area (sq ft) * * 40.95 * *
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.027473 * Area (sq ft) * * 40.95 * *
* Q Total (cfs) * 188.00 * Flow (cfs) * * 188.00 * *
* Top Width (ft) * 63.54 * Top Width (ft) * * 63.54 * *
* Vel Total (ft/s) * 4.59 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * 4.59 * *
* Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 0.95 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * 0.64 * *
* Conv. Total (cfs) * 1134.2 * Conv. (cfs) * * 1134.2 * *
* Length Wtd. (ft) * 200.00 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * 63.59 * *
* Min Ch El (ft) * 720.19 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * 1.10 * *
* Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * 5.07 * *
* Frctn Loss (ft) * 6.67 * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * * 10.70 * *
* C & E Loss (ft) * 0.03 * Cum SA (acres) * * 4.90 * *
*****

```

Warning: The energy equation could not be balanced within the specified number of iterations. The program used critical depth for the water surface and continued on with the calculations.
Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 Ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
Warning: During the standard step iterations, when the assumed water surface was set equal to critical depth, the calculated water surface came back below critical depth. This indicates that there is not a valid subcritical answer. The program defaulted to critical depth.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream A - Post
REACH: Stream A RS: 5230

INPUT

Description:
Station Elevation Data num= 14

Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	730.81	27.99	730	75.66	726.7	141.55	722.13	170.92	720
225.25	716.36	273.72	712.79	275.51	712.77	275.52	712.77	278.66	712.88
306.61	715.02	384.64	720	403.52	721.58	504.4	730		

Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.04	0	.04	504.4	.04

Bank Sta: Left	Right	Lengths: Left	Channel	Right	Coeff Contr.	Expan.
0	504.4	374.73	300	286.75	.1	.3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

```

*****
* E.G. Elev (ft) * 714.77 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
* Vel Head (ft) * 0.61 * Wt. n-Val. * * 0.040 * *
* W.S. Elev (ft) * 714.16 * Reach Len. (ft) * 374.73 * 300.00 * 286.75 *
* Crit W.S. (ft) * 714.30 * Flow Area (sq ft) * * 30.07 * *
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.041888 * Area (sq ft) * * 30.07 * *
* Q Total (cfs) * 188.00 * Flow (cfs) * * 188.00 * *
* Top Width (ft) * 40.23 * Top Width (ft) * * 40.23 * *
* Vel Total (ft/s) * 6.25 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * 6.25 * *
* Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 1.39 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * 0.75 * *
*****

```



```

* Conv. Total (cfs) * 918.6 * Conv. (cfs) * * 918.6 * *
* Length Wtd. (ft) * 300.00 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * 40.33 * *
* Min Ch El (ft) * 712.77 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * 1.95 * *
* Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * 12.19 * *
* Frctn Loss (ft) * 10.22 * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * * 10.53 * *
* C & E Loss (ft) * 0.01 * Cum SA (acres) * * 4.66 * *
*****

```

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream A - Post
REACH: Stream A RS: 4930

INPUT

```

Description:
Station Elevation Data num= 97
Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
*****
0 721.33 2.36 721.26 3.08 721.24 3.63 719.3 4.04 717.98
12.35 718 14.06 718 14.36 718.44 14.41 718.43 20.44 720.57
21.12 720.54 22.69 720.44 22.79 720.44 25.33 720.32 25.43 720.32
26.82 720.26 28.14 720.21 29.24 720.17 34.56 720.29 34.68 720.29
35.53 720.26 42.53 720 53.05 718.87 54.69 718.74 57.47 718.46
61.51 718 62.12 718 62.56 717.99 74.71 717.2 81.45 716.78
82.13 716.74 83.39 716.68 85.22 716.6 86.67 716.54 89.65 716.36
89.81 716.38 90.1 716.35 95.13 716 105.27 714.48 110.65 714
111.75 713.89 122.28 712 123.81 711.81 124.07 711.8 129.68 711.39
133.47 711.22 135.01 711.15 135.89 711.1 136.97 711.05 151.01 710
153.69 709.77 156.11 709.48 157.35 709.32 161.88 708.79 167.03 708
173.12 707.11 180.9 706 184.95 705.49 186.14 705.28 188.4 704.75
190.3 704.38 192.25 704 196.18 703.02 200.19 702 204.02 702
214.54 703.26 218.97 703.82 219.18 703.85 219.95 703.98 220.18 703.99
220.49 704 236.47 705.93 237.01 706 252.55 707.88 253.53 708
255.54 708.24 270.2 710 283.5 711.63 286.57 712 296.36 713.18
300.06 713.67 302.32 714 311.61 715.48 315.38 716 320.52 716.56
322.5 716.8 325.62 717.1 325.72 717.11 333.52 717.98 334.64 717.98
336.43 718 337.43 718.02 338.4 718.01 340.91 718.16 341.48 718.19
343.89 718.35 363.42 719.71

```

```

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val
*****
0 .04 82.13 .04 325.62 .04

```

```

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
82.13 325.62 366.75 360 359.65 .1 .3

```

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

```

*****
* E.G. Elev (ft) * 704.54 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
* Vel Head (ft) * 0.66 * Wt. n-Val. * * 0.040 * *
* W.S. Elev (ft) * 703.88 * Reach Len. (ft) * * 366.75 * * 359.65 *
* Crit W.S. (ft) * 703.96 * Flow Area (sq ft) * * 28.81 * *
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.028256 * Area (sq ft) * * 28.81 * *
* Q Total (cfs) * 188.00 * Flow (cfs) * * 188.00 * *
* Top Width (ft) * 26.61 * Top Width (ft) * * 26.61 * *
* Vel Total (ft/s) * 6.53 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * 6.53 * *
* Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 1.88 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * 1.08 * *
* Conv. Total (cfs) * 1118.4 * Conv. (cfs) * * 1118.4 * *
* Length Wtd. (ft) * 360.00 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * 26.96 * *
* Min Ch El (ft) * 702.00 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * 1.88 * *
* Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * 12.30 * *
* Frctn Loss (ft) * 0.02 * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * * 10.33 * *
* C & E Loss (ft) * 0.17 * Cum SA (acres) * * 4.43 * *
*****

```

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream A - Post
REACH: Stream A RS: 4570

INPUT

```

Description:
Station Elevation Data num= 93
Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
*****
0 715.15 3.45 715 5.19 715.36 5.29 714.84 6.54 715.29
8.08 716 17.17 716 17.68 715.94 30.76 714 33.07 713.84
54.89 712.06 55.65 712.06 56.55 712.05 65.23 712 67.85 711.5
68.28 711.45 68.71 711.42 69.38 711.41 72.08 710.97 73.5 711.06
81.68 710.34 88.72 710.23 92.05 710.03 93.91 710.03 100.39 710.02
102.2 710.02 105.26 710.01 106.86 710 107.92 710 109.43 710
133.72 708.42 137.27 708 138.86 707.98 139.64 707.98 141.09 707.97
141.91 707.96 142.32 707.96 143.01 707.95 162.19 706.38 165.84 706.08
166.36 706 166.62 705.96 166.65 705.95 166.72 705.95 167.01 705.93
168.11 705.82 174.5 705.19 177.71 704.8 183.92 704 190.24 703
196.96 702 208.85 700.25 210.59 700 210.89 699.95 217.11 699.02
223.65 698 239.53 692.35 239.69 692.35 240.41 692.35 267.93 692.35
291.92 697.72 315.32 699.85 316.45 700 318.07 700.26 322 700.91
328.56 702 333.23 702.9 338.6 704 348.43 705.71 350.13 706
352.7 706.46 360.53 708 372.61 709.6 373.46 709.69 375.79 710
377.54 710.24 378.65 710.36 381.37 710.62 389.82 711.52 396.45 712
401.59 712.42 402.76 712.46 406.84 712.71 414.64 713.1 416.01 713.21
418.57 713.32 421.67 713.47 429.48 714 432.17 714.39 433.85 714.56
435.08 714.59 436.8 714.71 440.49 715.09

```

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

 0 .04 107.92 .04 372.61 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 107.92 372.61 62.12 60 65.76 .1 .3
 Ineffective Flow num= 2
 Sta L Sta R Elev Permanent
 0 246.99 700 F
 260.49 440.49 700 F

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

 * E.G. Elev (ft) * 700.50 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
 * Vel Head (ft) * 0.00 * Wt. n-Val. * * 0.040 * *
 * W.S. Elev (ft) * 700.49 * Reach Len. (ft) * 62.12 * 60.00 * 65.76 *
 * Crit W.S. (ft) * 694.17 * Flow Area (sq ft) * * 508.28 * *
 * E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.000014 * Area (sq ft) * * 508.28 * *
 * Q Total (cfs) * 188.00 * Flow (cfs) * * 188.00 * *
 * Top Width (ft) * 112.28 * Top Width (ft) * * 112.28 * *
 * Vel Total (ft/s) * 0.37 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * 0.37 * *
 * Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 8.14 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * 4.53 * *
 * Conv. Total (cfs) * 51093.0 * Conv. (cfs) * * 51093.0 * *
 * Length Wtd. (ft) * 60.00 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * 114.19 * *
 * Min Ch El (ft) * 692.35 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * 0.00 * *
 * Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * 0.00 * *
 * Frctn Loss (ft) * * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * * 8.11 * *
 * C & E Loss (ft) * * Cum SA (acres) * * 3.86 * *

Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.
 Note: Hydraulic jump has occurred between this cross section and the previous upstream section.

CULVERT

RIVER: Stream A - Post
 REACH: Stream A RS: 4550

INPUT

Description: Culvert A-1: Southwest Landfill Perimeter Road Crossing
 Distance from Upstream XS = 18
 Deck/Roadway Width = 12
 Weir Coefficient = 2.6
 Upstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates

num= 11
 Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord

 210.59 700 700 210.89 700 699.95 217.11 700 699.02
 223.65 700 698 239.53 700 692.35 239.69 700 692.35
 240.41 700 692.35 267.93 700 692.35 291.92 700 697.72
 315.32 700 699.85 316.45 700 700

Upstream Bridge Cross Section Data

Station Elevation Data num= 93
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev

 0 715.15 3.45 715 5.19 715.36 5.29 714.84 6.54 715.29
 8.08 716 17.17 716 17.68 715.94 30.76 714 33.07 713.84
 54.89 712.06 55.65 712.06 56.55 712.05 65.23 712 67.85 711.5
 68.28 711.45 68.71 711.42 69.38 711.41 72.08 710.97 73.5 711.06
 81.68 710.34 88.72 710.23 92.05 710.03 93.91 710.03 100.39 710.02
 102.2 710.02 105.26 710.01 106.86 710 107.92 710 109.43 710
 133.72 708.42 137.27 708 138.86 707.98 139.64 707.98 141.09 707.97
 141.91 707.96 142.32 707.96 143.01 707.95 162.19 706.38 165.84 706.08
 166.36 706 166.62 705.96 166.65 705.95 166.72 705.95 167.01 705.93
 168.11 705.82 174.5 705.19 177.71 704.8 183.92 704 190.24 703
 196.96 702 208.85 700.25 210.59 700 210.89 699.95 217.11 699.02
 223.65 698 239.53 692.35 239.69 692.35 240.41 692.35 267.93 692.35
 291.92 697.72 315.32 699.85 316.45 700 318.07 700.26 322 700.91
 328.56 702 333.23 702.9 338.6 704 348.43 705.71 350.13 706
 352.7 706.46 360.53 708 372.61 709.6 373.46 709.69 375.79 710
 377.54 710.24 378.65 710.36 381.37 710.62 389.82 711.52 396.45 712
 401.59 712.42 402.76 712.46 406.84 712.71 414.64 713.1 416.01 713.21
 418.57 713.32 421.67 713.47 429.48 714 432.17 714.39 433.85 714.56
 435.08 714.59 436.8 714.71 440.49 715.09

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

 0 .04 107.92 .04 372.61 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 107.92 372.61 .1 .3
 Ineffective Flow num= 2
 Sta L Sta R Elev Permanent
 0 246.99 700 F
 260.49 440.49 700 F

Downstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates

num= 55
 Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord

 151.01 700 700 151.18 700 699.99 151.28 700 699.99
 151.38 700 699.98 152.06 700 699.96 153.27 700 699.88
 154.13 700 699.87 159.99 700 698.85 163.22 700 698.36
 166.05 700 698.09 166.34 700 698.05 167.07 700 698
 168.73 700 697.99 169.2 700 697.98 169.87 700 697.98
 170.64 700 697.97 174.87 700 697.97 179.4 700 697.98
 180.31 700 697.98 181.18 700 697.97 189.93 700 697.97
 191.84 700 697.82 193.56 700 697.76 193.88 700 697.74
 195.4 700 697.59 201.93 700 696.88 204.89 700 696.63
 210.06 700 696 213.57 700 694.92 213.63 700 694.91

216.73	700	694	216.89	700	693.97	219.33	700	693.2
223.55	700	691.6	233.28	700	691.6	235.1	700	692.66
238.53	700	694	243.29	700	695.65	244.2	700	695.93
244.43	700	696	244.7	700	696.08	245.66	700	696.31
248.5	700	696.94	249.82	700	697.17	251.62	700	697.43
253.17	700	697.65	255.05	700	697.93	256.29	700	697.92
256.85	700	697.95	258.25	700	698	261.37	700	698.41
266.78	700	699.06	269.24	700	699.28	270.12	700	699.25
273	700	700						

Downstream Bridge Cross Section Data

Station Elevation Data num= 126

Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	716	6.63	716	13.05	714.56	15.47	714	18.32	713.17
22.65	712	23.83	711.98	24.77	711.98	28.85	711.94	29.26	711.93
30.84	711.93	39.77	711.37	41.37	711.29	43.31	711.2	44.42	711.14
60.17	710	60.29	709.99	65.5	709.69	65.89	709.67	71.68	709.38
72.16	709.37	80.21	709.01	91.38	708.43	99.05	708.03	100.77	708
105.23	707.43	106.44	707.32	110.61	706.9	112.7	706.68	114	706.56
114.51	706.53	123.03	706	127.08	705.31	130.82	704.8	131.68	704.63
134.62	704	141.68	702.34	143.22	702	149.28	700.4	151.01	700
151.18	699.99	151.28	699.99	151.38	699.98	152.06	699.96	153.27	699.88
154.13	699.87	159.99	698.85	163.22	698.36	166.05	698.09	166.34	698.05
167.07	698	168.73	697.99	169.2	697.98	169.87	697.98	170.64	697.97
174.87	697.97	179.4	697.98	180.31	697.98	181.18	697.97	189.93	697.97
191.84	697.82	193.56	697.76	193.88	697.74	195.4	697.59	201.93	696.88
204.89	696.63	210.06	696	213.57	694.92	213.63	694.91	216.73	694
216.89	693.97	219.33	693.2	223.55	691.6	233.28	691.6	235.1	692.66
238.53	694	243.29	695.65	244.2	695.93	244.43	696	244.7	696.08
245.66	696.31	248.5	696.94	249.82	697.17	251.62	697.43	253.17	697.65
255.05	697.93	256.29	697.92	256.85	697.95	258.25	698	261.37	698.41
266.78	699.06	269.24	699.28	270.12	699.25	273	700	273.77	700.07
278.14	700.44	279.79	700.61	292.96	702	295.01	702.46	299.99	703.41
302.6	704	306.66	704.58	316.41	706	322.67	706.96	330.36	708
333.07	708.51	335.18	708.93	340.33	710	341.78	710.32	342.62	710.46
345.87	711.09	347.31	711.32	349.48	711.74	350.27	711.81	352.44	711.9
352.94	711.98	353.3	711.97	354.88	711.95	355.31	711.96	356.77	712
357.14	712.06	357.25	712.07	357.47	712.1	358.22	712.25	365.86	714
366.99	714.43								

Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.04	123.03	.04	335.18	.04

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 123.03 335.18 .1 .3

Ineffective Flow num= 2

Sta L	Sta R	Elev	Permanent
0	221.67	700	F
235.17	366.99	700	F

Upstream Embankment side slope = 0 horiz. to 1.0 vertical
 Downstream Embankment side slope = 0 horiz. to 1.0 vertical
 Maximum allowable submergence for weir flow = .98
 Elevation at which weir flow begins =
 Energy head used in spillway design =
 Spillway height used in design =
 Weir crest shape = Broad Crested

Number of Culverts = 1

Culvert Name	Shape	Rise	Span			
Culvert #1	Circular	3.5	3.5			
FHWA Chart # 2 - Corrugated Metal Pipe Culvert						
FHWA Scale # 3 - Pipe projecting from fill						
Solution Criteria = Highest U.S. EG						
Culvert Upstrxm Dist	Length	Top n	Bottom n	Depth Blocked	Entrance Loss Coef	Exit Loss Coef
18	14.3	.024		0	.5	1
Upstream Elevation = 692.35						
Centerline Station = 253.73						
Downstream Elevation = 691.6						
Centerline Station = 228.42						

CULVERT OUTPUT Profile #PF 1 Culv Group: Culvert #1

* Q Culv Group (cfs)	* 103.08	* Culv Full Len (ft)	* *
* # Barrels	* 1	* Culv Vel US (ft/s)	* 10.71 *
* Q Barrel (cfs)	* 103.08	* Culv Vel DS (ft/s)	* 17.85 *
* E.G. US. (ft)	* 700.50	* Culv Inv El Up (ft)	* 692.35 *
* W.S. US. (ft)	* 700.49	* Culv Inv El Dn (ft)	* 691.60 *
* E.G. DS (ft)	* 694.46	* Culv Frctn Ls (ft)	* 1.02 *
* W.S. DS (ft)	* 693.55	* Culv Exit Loss (ft)	* 4.12 *
* Delta EG (ft)	* 6.04	* Culv Entr Loss (ft)	* 0.89 *
* Delta WS (ft)	* 6.94	* Q Weir (cfs)	* 84.92 *
* E.G. IC (ft)	* 700.50	* Weir Sta Lft (ft)	* 207.49 *
* E.G. OC (ft)	* 698.50	* Weir Sta Rgt (ft)	* 319.22 *
* Culvert Control	* Inlet	* Weir Submerg	* 0.00 *
* Culv WS Inlet (ft)	* 695.85	* Weir Max Depth (ft)	* 0.45 *
* Culv WS Outlet (ft)	* 693.63	* Weir Avg Depth (ft)	* 0.44 *
* Culv Nml Depth (ft)	* 2.42	* Weir Flow Area (sq ft)	* 48.98 *
* Culv Crt Depth (ft)	* 3.10	* Min El Weir Flow (ft)	* 700.01 *

Warning: The flow through the culvert is supercritical. However, since there is flow over the road (weir flow), the program cannot determine if the downstream cross section should be subcritical or supercritical. The program used the downstream subcritical answer, even though it may not be valid.

Warning: During the supercritical analysis, the program could not converge on a supercritical answer in the downstream cross section. The program used the solution with the least error.

Note: The flow in the culvert is entirely supercritical.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream A - Post
 REACH: Stream A RS: 4510

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 126

Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	716	6.63	716	13.05	714.56	15.47	714	18.32	713.17
22.65	712	23.83	711.98	24.77	711.98	28.85	711.94	29.26	711.93
30.84	711.93	39.77	711.37	41.37	711.29	43.31	711.2	44.42	711.14
60.17	710	60.29	709.99	65.5	709.69	65.89	709.67	71.68	709.38
72.16	709.37	80.21	709.01	91.38	708.43	99.05	708.03	100.77	708
105.23	707.43	106.44	707.32	110.61	706.9	112.7	706.68	114	706.56
114.51	706.53	123.03	706	127.08	705.31	130.82	704.8	131.68	704.63
134.62	704	141.68	702.34	143.22	702	149.28	700.4	151.01	700
151.18	699.99	151.28	699.99	151.38	699.98	152.06	699.96	153.27	699.88
154.13	699.87	159.99	698.85	163.22	698.36	166.05	698.09	166.34	698.05
167.07	698	168.73	697.99	169.2	697.98	169.87	697.98	170.64	697.97
174.87	697.97	179.4	697.98	180.31	697.98	181.18	697.97	189.93	697.97
191.84	697.82	193.56	697.76	193.88	697.74	195.4	697.59	201.93	696.88
204.89	696.63	210.06	696	213.57	694.92	213.63	694.91	216.73	694
216.89	693.97	219.33	693.2	223.55	691.6	233.28	691.6	235.1	692.66
238.53	694	243.29	695.65	244.2	695.93	244.43	696	244.7	696.08
245.66	696.31	248.5	696.94	249.82	697.17	251.62	697.43	253.17	697.65
255.05	697.93	256.29	697.92	256.85	697.95	258.25	698	261.37	698.41
266.78	699.06	269.24	699.28	270.12	699.25	273	700	273.77	700.07
278.14	700.44	279.79	700.61	292.96	702	295.01	702.46	299.99	703.41
302.6	704	306.66	704.58	316.41	706	322.67	706.96	330.36	708
333.07	708.51	335.18	708.93	340.33	710	341.78	710.32	342.62	710.46
345.87	711.09	347.31	711.32	349.48	711.74	350.27	711.81	352.44	711.9
352.94	711.98	353.3	711.97	354.88	711.95	355.31	711.96	356.77	712
357.14	712.06	357.25	712.07	357.47	712.1	358.22	712.25	365.86	714
366.99	714.43								

Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.04	123.03	.04	335.18	.04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 123.03 335.18 153.85 160 164.58 .1 .3

Ineffective Flow num= 2
 Sta L Sta R Elev Permanent
 0 221.67 700 F
 235.17 366.99 700 F

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft)	* 694.46	* Element	* Left OB	* Channel	* Right OB
* Vel Head (ft)	* 0.91	* Wt. n-Val.	* 153.85	* 160.00	* 164.58
* W.S. Elev (ft)	* 693.55	* Reach Len. (ft)	* 24.60	* 27.59	*
* Crit W.S. (ft)	* 693.55	* Flow Area (sq ft)	* 188.00	* 188.00	*
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	* 0.019822	* Area (sq ft)	* 19.15	* 19.15	*
* Q Total (cfs)	* 188.00	* Flow (cfs)	* 7.64	* 7.64	*
* Top Width (ft)	* 19.15	* Top Width (ft)	* 1.95	* 1.82	*
* Vel Total (ft/s)	* 7.64	* Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	* 1335.3	* 1335.3	*
* Max Chl Dpth (ft)	* 1.95	* Hydr. Depth (ft)	* 160.00	* 13.92	*
* Conv. Total (cfs)	* 1335.3	* Conv. (cfs)	* 691.60	* 2.19	*
* Length Wtd. (ft)	* 160.00	* Wetted Per. (ft)	* 1.00	* 16.71	*
* Min Ch El (ft)	* 691.60	* Shear (lb/sq ft)	* 10.46	* 7.86	*
* Alpha	* 1.00	* Stream Power (lb/ft s)	* 0.18	* 3.77	*
* Frctn Loss (ft)	* 10.46	* Cum Volume (acre-ft)	*	*	*
* C & E Loss (ft)	* 0.18	* Cum SA (acres)	*	*	*

Warning: The energy equation could not be balanced within the specified number of iterations. The program used critical depth for the water surface and continued on with the calculations.
 Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
 Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
 Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m) between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
 Warning: During the standard step iterations, when the assumed water surface was set equal to critical depth, the calculated water surface came back below critical depth. This indicates that there is not a valid subcritical answer. The program defaulted to critical depth.
 Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream A - Post
 REACH: Stream A RS: 4350

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 39

Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	714.01	1.43	714	9.14	713.01	17.2	712	24.17	710.28
25.42	710	25.94	709.8	28.71	709.66	30.07	709.55	32.73	709.34
45.44	708	46.81	707.99	48.29	707.99	55.39	707.36	57.11	707.24
69.24	706.19	69.8	705.96	92.08	697.05	132.5	680.88	210.97	680.88
225.85	686.83	226.55	687.12	233.45	689.87	234.05	690.66	234.52	690.74
235.15	692.33	235.24	692.55	236.77	692.89	240.8	693.96	242.08	693.98
242.18	693.98	242.43	694	243.4	694.22	246.4	696	248.22	697.1
249.81	698	252.72	699.67	253.43	700	265.41	701.09		

Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.04	69.8	.04	253.43	.04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 69.8 253.43 504.26 500 496.65 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

```

*****
* E.G. Elev (ft) * 683.82 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
* Vel Head (ft) * 2.74 * Wt. n-Val. * * 0.040 * *
* W.S. Elev (ft) * 681.07 * Reach Len. (ft) * 504.26 * 500.00 * 496.65 *
* Crit W.S. (ft) * 681.47 * Flow Area (sq ft) * * 15.13 * *
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 1.169402 * Area (sq ft) * * 15.13 * *
* Q Total (cfs) * 201.00 * Flow (cfs) * * 201.00 * *
* Top Width (ft) * 79.43 * Top Width (ft) * * 79.43 * *
* Vel Total (ft/s) * 13.29 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * 13.29 * *
* Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 0.19 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * 0.19 * *
* Conv. Total (cfs) * 185.9 * Conv. (cfs) * * 185.9 * *
* Length Wtd. (ft) * 500.00 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * 79.50 * *
* Min Ch El (ft) * 680.88 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * 13.89 * *
* Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * 184.58 * *
* Frctn Loss (ft) * 1.94 * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * * 7.78 * *
* C & E Loss (ft) * 0.01 * Cum SA (acres) * * 3.59 * *
*****
  
```

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
 Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
 Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
 Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream A - Post
 REACH: Stream A RS: 3850

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 38

Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	710	2.32	710	11.48	708.67	15.2	708.17	15.81	708.11
16.45	708.06	16.5	708.06	16.66	708	17.01	707.9	17.07	707.87
17.17	707.83	17.58	707.68	24.06	706	24.95	705.99	27.52	705.99
28.21	706	28.93	706	32.82	706.06	34.82	706.06	35.68	706.07
38.76	706.04	41.92	706.01	42.27	706	42.88	706	44.51	705.91
44.84	705.89	47.08	705.73	67.36	704.19	69.5	704.03	69.55	704.03
69.73	704.05	70	704.06	120.73	683.77	134.21	678.38	170.68	678.38
196.19	688.58	225.03	700.12	246.74	700.12				

Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.04	67.36	.04	225.03	.04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 67.36 225.03 477.96 485 486.99 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

```

*****
* E.G. Elev (ft) * 680.12 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
* Vel Head (ft) * 0.15 * Wt. n-Val. * * 0.040 * *
* W.S. Elev (ft) * 679.97 * Reach Len. (ft) * 477.96 * 485.00 * 486.99 *
* Crit W.S. (ft) * 679.34 * Flow Area (sq ft) * * 64.15 * *
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.004435 * Area (sq ft) * * 64.15 * *
* Q Total (cfs) * 201.00 * Flow (cfs) * * 201.00 * *
* Top Width (ft) * 44.41 * Top Width (ft) * * 44.41 * *
* Vel Total (ft/s) * 3.13 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * 3.13 * *
* Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 1.59 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * 1.44 * *
* Conv. Total (cfs) * 3018.1 * Conv. (cfs) * * 3018.1 * *
* Length Wtd. (ft) * 485.00 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * 45.02 * *
* Min Ch El (ft) * 678.38 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * 0.39 * *
* Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * 1.24 * *
* Frctn Loss (ft) * 0.65 * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * * 7.33 * *
* C & E Loss (ft) * 0.02 * Cum SA (acres) * * 2.88 * *
*****
  
```

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
 Note: Hydraulic jump has occurred between this cross section and the previous upstream section.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream A - Post
 REACH: Stream A RS: 3365

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 56

Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	704.35	.51	704.35	8.79	704.05	10.81	704	11.94	703.46
15.13	702	17.93	700.65	19.23	700.04	19.31	700	19.38	699.95
19.49	699.89	22.4	698	23.73	697.12	24.19	696.68	25.28	696
26.39	695.44	28.55	694	31.49	692.04	31.56	692	32.65	691.32
34.77	690	34.98	689.86	37.91	688	38.28	687.76	41.04	686
42.16	685.26	44.22	684	46.19	682.88	47.77	682	48.83	681.56
51.34	680.62	53.02	680.49	53.74	680.35	54.18	680.3	54.45	680.28
58.65	680.31	60.02	680.28	60.16	680.26	60.29	680.25	64.96	682.91
65.34	683.2	66.71	684.22	66.87	684.15	68.41	683.49	69.01	683.24
77.24	679.73	80.23	678.53	86.59	675.96	86.69	675.96	97.9	675.95
115.51	675.95	149.34	675.96	164.01	681.83	195.91	694.59	195.96	694.59

222.17 694.58

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
0 .04 66.87 .04 195.96 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
66.87 195.96 227.58 215 211.6 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1
* E.G. Elev (ft) * 679.45 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
* Vel Head (ft) * 0.09 * Wt. n-Val. * * 0.040 * *
* W.S. Elev (ft) * 679.35 * Reach Len. (ft) * 227.58 * 215.00 * 211.60 *
* Crit W.S. (ft) * * * Flow Area (sq ft) * * 241.98 * *
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.001018 * Area (sq ft) * * 241.98 * *
* Q Total (cfs) * 595.00 * Flow (cfs) * * 595.00 * *
* Top Width (ft) * 79.64 * Top Width (ft) * * 79.64 * *
* Vel Total (ft/s) * 2.46 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * 2.46 * *
* Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 3.40 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * 3.04 * *
* Conv. Total (cfs) * 18652.4 * Conv. (cfs) * * 18652.4 * *
* Length Wtd. (ft) * 215.00 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * 80.95 * *
* Min Ch El (ft) * 675.95 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * 0.19 * *
* Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * 0.47 * *
* Frctn Loss (ft) * 0.41 * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * * 5.62 * *
* C & E Loss (ft) * 0.11 * Cum SA (acres) * * 2.19 * *

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream A - Post
REACH: Stream A RS: 3150

INPUT

Description:
Station Elevation Data num= 53
Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
0 703.22 5.67 702.59 6.8 702.52 8.26 702 12.06 700.15
12.38 700 15.75 698.4 16.58 698 19.45 696.57 20.65 696
22.9 694.62 23.94 694 25.32 693.19 27.34 692 28.39 691.37
30.06 690.61 31.51 690 36.36 688.25 37.14 688 38.08 688
42.92 687.98 44 687.98 49.42 688 51.68 688 52.9 688.01
57.4 688.01 62.31 688.02 66.89 688.02 67.21 688.03 71.07 688.02
72.48 688.02 74.36 688.01 80.02 688 82.81 687.71 84.49 687.52
86.65 687.01 88.95 686.99 89.29 686.96 89.69 686.92 89.92 686.9
91.08 686.77 91.32 686.75 91.93 686.7 99.87 685.81 100.4 685.75
102.94 685.47 106.01 683.42 118.88 674.84 136.54 674.84 148.15 679.49
169.77 688.14 179.88 692.19 207.01 692.19

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
0 .02 100.4 .02 179.88 .02

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
100.4 179.88 349.69 350 350.87 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1
* E.G. Elev (ft) * 678.93 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
* Vel Head (ft) * 1.18 * Wt. n-Val. * * 0.020 * *
* W.S. Elev (ft) * 677.75 * Reach Len. (ft) * 349.69 * 350.00 * 350.87 *
* Crit W.S. (ft) * 677.75 * Flow Area (sq ft) * * 68.26 * *
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.004748 * Area (sq ft) * * 68.26 * *
* Q Total (cfs) * 595.00 * Flow (cfs) * * 595.00 * *
* Top Width (ft) * 29.28 * Top Width (ft) * * 29.28 * *
* Vel Total (ft/s) * 8.72 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * 8.72 * *
* Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 2.91 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * 2.33 * *
* Conv. Total (cfs) * 8635.2 * Conv. (cfs) * * 8635.2 * *
* Length Wtd. (ft) * 350.00 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * 30.73 * *
* Min Ch El (ft) * 674.84 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * 0.66 * *
* Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * 5.74 * *
* Frctn Loss (ft) * 1.51 * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * * 4.86 * *
* C & E Loss (ft) * 0.09 * Cum SA (acres) * * 1.92 * *

Warning: The energy equation could not be balanced within the specified number of iterations. The program used critical depth for the water surface and continued on with the calculations.

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: During the standard step iterations, when the assumed water surface was set equal to critical depth, the calculated water surface came back below critical depth. This indicates that there is not a valid subcritical answer. The program defaulted to critical depth.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream A - Post
REACH: Stream A RS: 2800

INPUT

Description:
Station Elevation Data num= 41
Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev

0	700.25	.17	700.24	1.25	700.21	3.97	700.14	8.63	700
13.59	698.58	15.49	698	20.96	696.04	21.06	696.01	21.09	696
22.51	696.04	22.62	696.04	24.29	696.09	25.58	696.08	26.24	696.08
27.8	696.06	29.7	696.07	34.27	696.04	35.98	696.01	36.56	696.01
37.64	696	37.78	696	37.9	695.97	50.3	694	60.67	692.14
61.41	692	65.69	691.46	67.6	691.26	73.02	690.83	75.99	690.65
76.67	690.6	77.53	690.02	80.1	688.32	82.92	686.44	83.71	685.91
102.99	673.05	122.85	673.05	144.66	681.78	160.63	688.16	160.72	688.2
185.49	688.2								

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .012 77.53 .012 160.63 .012

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 77.53 160.63 502.05 500 497.75 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft)	* 677.34	* Element	* Left OB	* Channel	* Right OB
* Vel Head (ft)	* 2.07	* Wt. n-Val.	* 502.05	* 500.00	* 497.75
* W.S. Elev (ft)	* 675.27	* Reach Len. (ft)			
* Crit W.S. (ft)	* 675.87	* Flow Area (sq ft)			
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	* 0.003934	* Area (sq ft)			
* Q Total (cfs)	* 624.00	* Flow (cfs)			
* Top Width (ft)	* 28.75	* Top Width (ft)			
* Vel Total (ft/s)	* 11.54	* Avg. Vel. (ft/s)			
* Max Chl Dpth (ft)	* 2.22	* Hydr. Depth (ft)			
* Conv. Total (cfs)	* 9948.5	* Conv. (cfs)			
* Length Wtd. (ft)	* 500.00	* Wetted Per. (ft)			
* Min Ch El (ft)	* 673.05	* Shear (lb/sq ft)			
* Alpha	* 1.00	* Stream Power (lb/ft s)			
* Frctn Loss (ft)	* 2.62	* Cum Volume (acre-ft)			
* C & E Loss (ft)	* 0.06	* Cum SA (acres)			

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream A - Post
 REACH: Stream A RS: 2300

INPUT

Description:

Station Elevation Data num= 51									
Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev									
0 694.05 .17 694.05 3.91 694.11 4.37 694.1 8.52 694.06									
11.76 694 16.99 692.58 19.16 692 21.33 691.38 24.03 690.55									
25.72 690 26.97 689.59 28.2 689.26 32.13 688.05 32.29 688.05									
33.04 688.04 34.47 688.02 36.08 688.01 37.04 688.01 37.91 688									
44.66 687.08 52.19 686.17 52.86 686.1 53.81 686 72.22 684.06									
73.61 684 76.71 683.99 81.26 683.99 81.78 684 82.81 684.33									
82.95 684.36 83.38 684.45 83.47 684.48 83.56 684.51 88.29 685.48									
90.67 683.95 98.62 678.82 98.96 678.6 99.28 678.4 99.56 678.22									
100.35 677.7 101.1 677.22 104.36 675.12 105.49 674.39 105.68 674.27									
111.54 670.49 139.75 670.49 142.09 671.43 160.74 678.89 160.82 678.92									
188.89 678.92									

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .012 90.67 .012 160.74 .012

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 90.67 160.74 103.77 100 99.16 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft)	* 674.66	* Element	* Left OB	* Channel	* Right OB
* Vel Head (ft)	* 2.64	* Wt. n-Val.	* 103.77	* 100.00	* 99.16
* W.S. Elev (ft)	* 672.02	* Reach Len. (ft)			
* Crit W.S. (ft)	* 672.82	* Flow Area (sq ft)			
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	* 0.007329	* Area (sq ft)			
* Q Total (cfs)	* 624.00	* Flow (cfs)			
* Top Width (ft)	* 34.40	* Top Width (ft)			
* Vel Total (ft/s)	* 13.03	* Avg. Vel. (ft/s)			
* Max Chl Dpth (ft)	* 1.53	* Hydr. Depth (ft)			
* Conv. Total (cfs)	* 7289.0	* Conv. (cfs)			
* Length Wtd. (ft)	* 100.00	* Wetted Per. (ft)			
* Min Ch El (ft)	* 670.49	* Shear (lb/sq ft)			
* Alpha	* 1.00	* Stream Power (lb/ft s)			
* Frctn Loss (ft)	* 1.30	* Cum Volume (acre-ft)			
* C & E Loss (ft)	* 0.19	* Cum SA (acres)			

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream A - Post
 REACH: Stream A RS: 2200

INPUT

Description:

Station Elevation Data		num= 34		Sta Elev		Sta Elev		Sta Elev		Sta Elev	
Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	692.13	4.48	692.14	7.77	692.05	9.86	692.03	10.86	692.02		
12.23	692	13.51	691.53	18.16	690	21.37	688.41	22.48	688		
23.94	687.52	29.67	686	31.15	685.87	33	685.73	40.81	685.03		
47.59	684.46	52.08	684.04	53.05	684.02	53.37	684	55.04	683.72		
55.83	683.54	64.71	681.59	66.04	681.3	79.17	676.1	83.4	674.43		
83.9	674.23	84.56	673.97	85.18	673.73	100	667.86	145.68	667.86		
153.45	670.96	168.6	677.02	168.65	677.04	194.91	677.04				

Manning's n Values

num= 3		Sta n Val		Sta n Val		Sta n Val	
0	.012	64.71	.012	168.6	.012		

Bank Sta:	Left	Right	Lengths:	Left Channel	Right	Coeff Contr.	Expan.
	64.71	168.6		247.27	250	249.74	.1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft)	* 673.17	* Element	* Left OB	* Channel	* Right OB
* Vel Head (ft)	* 4.54	* Wt. n-Val.	* 0.012		
* W.S. Elev (ft)	* 668.63	* Reach Len. (ft)	* 247.27	* 250.00	* 249.74
* Crit W.S. (ft)	* 669.59	* Flow Area (sq ft)		* 36.55	
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	* 0.028831	* Area (sq ft)		* 36.55	
* Q Total (cfs)	* 625.00	* Flow (cfs)		* 625.00	
* Top Width (ft)	* 49.54	* Top Width (ft)		* 49.54	
* Vel Total (ft/s)	* 17.10	* Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		* 17.10	
* Max Chl Dpth (ft)	* 0.77	* Hydr. Depth (ft)		* 0.74	
* Conv. Total (cfs)	* 3680.9	* Conv. (cfs)		* 3680.9	
* Length Wtd. (ft)	* 250.00	* Wetted Per. (ft)		* 49.84	
* Min Ch El (ft)	* 667.86	* Shear (lb/sq ft)		* 1.32	
* Alpha	* 1.00	* Stream Power (lb/ft s)		* 22.57	
* Frctn Loss (ft)	* 0.03	* Cum Volume (acre-ft)		* 3.68	
* C & E Loss (ft)	* 0.24	* Cum SA (acres)		* 1.23	

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream A - Post

REACH: Stream A RS: 1950

INPUT

Description:

Station Elevation Data		num= 38		Sta Elev		Sta Elev		Sta Elev		Sta Elev	
Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	690	.25	690	.48	689.96	1.63	689.75	1.93	689.7		
11.24	688	14.87	686.82	16.21	686.35	17.91	686	20.1	685.28		
23.9	684	26.32	683.23	27.39	682.95	29.15	682.52	31.74	682		
33.63	681.63	37.15	680.91	38.38	680.56	40.36	680	41.1	679.79		
41.57	679.65	45.9	678	47.39	677.48	51.32	676	56.07	675.01		
62.81	674	64.39	674.23	65.44	674.24	66.19	673.95	88.03	665.3		
94.59	662.71	111.52	656	150.27	656	175.55	666.09	190.1	671.9		
191.38	672.41	215.54	672.3	222.87	672.3						

Manning's n Values

num= 3		Sta n Val		Sta n Val		Sta n Val	
0	.04	66.19	.04	190.1	.04		

Bank Sta:	Left	Right	Lengths:	Left Channel	Right	Coeff Contr.	Expan.
	66.19	190.1		189.26	200	170.1	.1 .3

Ineffective Flow

num= 2		Sta L Sta R		Elev Permanent	
0	116.64	665	F		
145.15	222.87	665	F		

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft)	* 666.75	* Element	* Left OB	* Channel	* Right OB
* Vel Head (ft)	* 0.01	* Wt. n-Val.	* 0.040		
* W.S. Elev (ft)	* 666.74	* Reach Len. (ft)	* 189.26	* 200.00	* 170.10
* Crit W.S. (ft)	* 658.46	* Flow Area (sq ft)		* 706.30	
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	* 0.000040	* Area (sq ft)		* 706.30	
* Q Total (cfs)	* 625.00	* Flow (cfs)		* 625.00	
* Top Width (ft)	* 92.79	* Top Width (ft)		* 92.79	
* Vel Total (ft/s)	* 0.88	* Avg. Vel. (ft/s)		* 0.88	
* Max Chl Dpth (ft)	* 10.74	* Hydr. Depth (ft)		* 7.61	
* Conv. Total (cfs)	* 98637.6	* Conv. (cfs)		* 98637.6	
* Length Wtd. (ft)	* 200.00	* Wetted Per. (ft)		* 96.90	
* Min Ch El (ft)	* 656.00	* Shear (lb/sq ft)		* 0.02	
* Alpha	* 1.00	* Stream Power (lb/ft s)		* 0.02	
* Frctn Loss (ft)		* Cum Volume (acre-ft)		* 1.55	
* C & E Loss (ft)		* Cum SA (acres)		* 0.82	

Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.

Note: Hydraulic jump has occurred between this cross section and the previous upstream section.

CULVERT

RIVER: Stream A - Post
 REACH: Stream A RS: 1800

INPUT

Description: Stream A - Proposed Detention Pond
 Distance from Upstream XS = 55
 Deck/Roadway Width = 24
 Weir Coefficient = 2.6
 Upstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates

num= 11														
Sta	Hi	Cord	Lo	Cord	Sta	Hi	Cord	Lo	Cord	Sta	Hi	Cord	Lo	Cord
65.44	674.24	656	88.03	670	656	94.59	670	656		670	656			
111.52	670	656	112.895	670	656	117.895	665	656						
143.895	665	656	148.895	670	656	150.27	670	656						
175.55	670	656	191.38	672.41	656									

Upstream Bridge Cross Section Data

Station Elevation Data num= 38											
Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	690	.25	690	.48	689.96	1.63	689.75	1.93	689.7		
11.24	688	14.87	686.82	16.21	686.35	17.91	686	20.1	685.28		
23.9	684	26.32	683.23	27.39	682.95	29.15	682.52	31.74	682		
33.63	681.63	37.15	680.91	38.38	680.56	40.36	680	41.1	679.79		
41.57	679.65	45.9	678	47.39	677.48	51.32	676	56.07	675.01		
62.81	674	64.39	674.23	65.44	674.24	66.19	673.95	88.03	665.3		
94.59	662.71	111.52	656	150.27	656	175.55	666.09	190.1	671.9		
191.38	672.41	215.54	672.3	222.87	672.3						

Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.04	66.19	.04	190.1	.04

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 66.19 190.1 .1 .3

Ineffective Flow num= 2

Sta L	Sta R	Elev	Permanent
0	116.64	665	F
145.15	222.87	665	F

Downstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates

num= 38														
Sta	Hi	Cord	Lo	Cord	Sta	Hi	Cord	Lo	Cord	Sta	Hi	Cord	Lo	Cord
35.17	670.58	656	35.89	670	656	35.99	670	656						
38.01	670	656	38.2	670	656	51.85	670	656						
72.76	670	656	74.94	670	656	75.57	670	656						
77.59	670	656	81.56	670	656	84.09	670	656						
86.79	670	656	89.24	670	656	107.73	670	656						
108.77	670	656	112.8	670	656	121.82	670	656						
127.36	670	656	129.93	670	656	133.17	670	656						
134.61	670	656	137.26	670	656	142.41	670	656						
144.05	670	656	149.05	665	656	152.44	665	656						
152.87	665	656	170.44	665	656	171.05	665	656						
176.05	670	656	180	670	656	180.5	670	656						
192.65	670	656	201.15	670	656	201.44	670	656						
209.89	670	656	235.65	670	656									

Downstream Bridge Cross Section Data

Station Elevation Data num= 51											
Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	670.5	9.2	671.22	13.63	671.57	15	671.65	18.95	671.74		
21.85	671.75	22.99	671.68	31.39	671.15	31.89	671.11	32.29	671.05		
33.4	670.88	35.17	670.58	35.89	670.46	35.99	670.02	38.01	670		
38.2	670	51.85	669.21	72.76	668	74.94	667.98	75.57	667.97		
77.59	667.97	81.56	667.71	84.09	667.6	86.79	667.46	89.24	667.34		
92.07	667.16	107.73	666.16	108.77	666.09	112.8	666	121.82	665.16		
127.36	664.58	129.93	664.32	133.17	664	134.61	663.94	137.26	663.91		
142.41	661.46	144.05	659.42	147.21	658.52	152.44	657.04	152.87	656.86		
170.44	656.79	172.71	656.78	180	656.78	180.5	656.98	192.65	661.43		
201.15	665.26	201.44	665.39	209.89	669.22	215.51	669.35	235.65	669.79		
257.17	669.79										

Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.04	92.07	.04	215.51	.04

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 92.07 215.51 .1 .3

Ineffective Flow num= 2

Sta L	Sta R	Elev	Permanent
0	145.75	665	F
174.25	257.17	665	F

Upstream Embankment side slope = 3 horiz. to 1.0 vertical
 Downstream Embankment side slope = 3 horiz. to 1.0 vertical
 Maximum allowable submergence for weir flow = .98
 Elevation at which weir flow begins =
 Energy head used in spillway design =
 Spillway height used in design =
 Weir crest shape = Broad Crested

Number of Culverts = 1

Culvert Name	Shape	Rise	Span								
Culvert #1	Circular	4.5	4.5								
FHWA Chart # 2 - Corrugated Metal Pipe Culvert											
FHWA Scale # 2 - Mitered to conform to slope											
Solution Criteria = Highest U.S. EG											
Culvert Upstrm Dist	Length	Top n	Bottom n	Depth Blocked	Entrance Loss Coef	Exit Loss Coef					

37 63 .024 .024 0 .5 1
 Number of Barrels = 3
 Upstream Elevation = 659
 Centerline Stations
 Sta. Sta. Sta.
 123.895 130.895 137.895
 Downstream Elevation = 658
 Centerline Stations
 Sta. Sta. Sta.
 153 160 167

CULVERT OUTPUT Profile #PF 1 Culv Group: Culvert #1

 * Q Culv Group (cfs) * 461.29 * Culv Full Len (ft) * * *
 * # Barrels * 3 * Culv Vel US (ft/s) * 9.67 *
 * Q Barrel (cfs) * 153.76 * Culv Vel DS (ft/s) * 12.19 *
 * E.G. US. (ft) * 666.75 * Culv Inv El Up (ft) * 659.00 *
 * W.S. US. (ft) * 666.74 * Culv Inv El Dn (ft) * 658.00 *
 * E.G. DS (ft) * 660.78 * Culv Frctn Ls (ft) * 2.39 *
 * W.S. DS (ft) * 659.53 * Culv Exit Loss (ft) * 2.86 *
 * Delta EG (ft) * 5.98 * Culv Entr Loss (ft) * 0.73 *
 * Delta WS (ft) * 7.21 * Q Weir (cfs) * 163.71 *
 * E.G. IC (ft) * 666.75 * Weir Sta Lft (ft) * 116.15 *
 * E.G. OC (ft) * 665.51 * Weir Sta Rgt (ft) * 145.64 *
 * Culvert Control * Inlet * Weir Submerg * 0.00 *
 * Culv WS Inlet (ft) * 663.50 * Weir Max Depth (ft) * 1.75 *
 * Culv WS Outlet (ft) * 661.33 * Weir Avg Depth (ft) * 1.64 *
 * Culv Nml Depth (ft) * 4.50 * Weir Flow Area (sq ft) * 48.52 *
 * Culv Crt Depth (ft) * 3.63 * Min El Weir Flow (ft) * 665.01 *

Warning: The flow through the culvert is supercritical. However, since there is flow over the road (weir flow), the program cannot determine if the downstream cross section should be subcritical or supercritical. The program used the downstream subcritical answer, even though it may not be valid.

Warning: During the supercritical analysis, the program could not converge on a supercritical answer in the downstream cross section. The program used the solution with the least error.

Note: The normal depth exceeds the height of the culvert. The program assumes that the normal depth is equal to the height of the culvert.

Note: The flow in the culvert is entirely supercritical.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream A - Post
 REACH: Stream A RS: 1750

INPUT

Description:

Station	Elevation	Data	num=	51						
Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta
0	670.5	9.2	671.22	13.63	671.57	15	671.65	18.95	671.74	
21.85	671.75	22.99	671.68	31.39	671.15	31.89	671.11	32.29	671.05	
33.4	670.88	35.17	670.58	35.89	670.46	35.99	670.02	38.01	670	
38.2	670	51.85	669.21	72.76	668	74.94	667.98	75.57	667.97	
77.59	667.97	81.56	667.71	84.09	667.6	86.79	667.46	89.24	667.34	
92.07	667.16	107.73	666.16	108.77	666.09	112.8	666	121.82	665.16	
127.36	664.58	129.93	664.32	133.17	664	134.61	663.94	137.26	663.91	
142.41	661.46	144.05	659.42	147.21	658.52	152.44	657.04	152.87	656.86	
170.44	656.79	172.71	656.78	180	656.78	180.5	656.98	192.65	661.43	
201.15	665.26	201.44	665.39	209.89	669.22	215.51	669.35	235.65	669.79	
257.17	669.79									

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

 0 .04 92.07 .04 215.51 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 92.07 215.51 300.57 249.77 254.53 .1 .3
 Ineffective Flow num= 2
 Sta L Sta R Elev Permanent
 0 145.75 665 F
 174.25 257.17 665 F

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

 * E.G. Elev (ft) * 660.78 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
 * Vel Head (ft) * 1.24 * Wt. n-Val. * 300.57 * 249.77 * 254.53 *
 * W.S. Elev (ft) * 659.53 * Reach Len. (ft) * * 69.49 * *
 * Crit W.S. (ft) * 659.53 * Flow Area (sq ft) * * 96.15 * *
 * E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.017937 * Area (sq ft) * * 622.00 * *
 * Q Total (cfs) * 622.00 * Flow (cfs) * * 43.51 * *
 * Top Width (ft) * 43.51 * Top Width (ft) * * 8.95 * *
 * Vel Total (ft/s) * 8.95 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * 2.44 * *
 * Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 2.75 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * 4644.2 * *
 * Conv. Total (cfs) * 4644.2 * Conv. (cfs) * * 28.80 * *
 * Length Wtd. (ft) * 249.77 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * 2.70 * *
 * Min Ch El (ft) * 656.78 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * 24.19 * *
 * Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * 0.81 * *
 * Frctn Loss (ft) * 2.20 * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * * 0.51 * *
 * C & E Loss (ft) * 0.32 * Cum SA (acres) * * * *

Warning: The energy equation could not be balanced within the specified number of iterations. The program used critical depth for the water surface and continued on with the calculations.

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

Warning: During the standard step iterations, when the assumed water surface was set equal to critical depth, the calculated water surface came back below critical depth. This indicates that there is not a valid subcritical answer. The

program defaulted to critical depth.
 Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream A - Post
 REACH: Stream A RS: 1500

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 85

Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	664	8.35	664.37	33.27	663.8	43.11	662.45	64.85	661.32
69.42	659.56	74.12	657.75	78.02	657.81	83.51	659.87	83.88	659.88
89.25	658.47	91.32	658.09	95.96	658.1	98.91	658.1	101.42	658.13
103.04	658.14	106.17	658.14	106.56	658.15	109.26	658.15	117.42	658.08
119	658.06	121.79	658.05	126.72	658.01	127.34	658	129.31	657.99
129.59	657.98	129.89	657.98	131.38	657.97	134.41	657.96	161.72	656.62
168.68	656.31	170.09	656.27	171.33	656.22	171.6	656.22	172.48	656.19
173.09	656.17	177.08	656.05	186.48	656.12	196.45	656.03	198.01	656.03
202.22	656	212.32	655.75	213.65	655.71	213.94	655.7	215.01	655.66
216.09	655.55	216.59	655.5	218.03	655.35	224.83	655.49	226.53	655.45
230.58	655.06	230.8	655.04	238.72	654.75	244.28	654	244.86	653.99
247.87	653.99	250.2	654	252.65	654.23	252.76	654.23	255.83	654.34
271.73	655.36	281.97	656	282.18	656	290.71	657.51	293.73	658
293.88	658.03	301.1	659.52	303.5	660	308.75	660.34	330.31	662
332.33	662.29	333.49	662.43	343.97	664	346.53	664.35	361.86	666
365.33	666.91	368.68	668	372.95	669.01	377.11	670	379.3	670
405.17	677.25	414.99	680	422.7	682.16	450.69	690	452.12	690.4

Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.04	131.38	.04	303.5	.04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.

131.38	303.5	1500	1500	1500	.1	.3
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CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft)	* 657.13	* Element	* Left OB	* Channel	* Right OB
* Vel Head (ft)	* 0.17	* Wt. n-Val.	*	* 0.040	*
* W.S. Elev (ft)	* 656.96	* Reach Len. (ft)	*	*	*
* Crit W.S. (ft)	* 656.35	* Flow Area (sq ft)	*	* 185.96	*
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	* 0.005207	* Area (sq ft)	*	* 185.96	*
* Q Total (cfs)	* 623.00	* Flow (cfs)	*	* 623.00	*
* Top Width (ft)	* 132.81	* Top Width (ft)	*	* 132.81	*
* Vel Total (ft/s)	* 3.35	* Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	*	* 3.35	*
* Max Chl Dpth (ft)	* 2.97	* Hydr. Depth (ft)	*	* 1.40	*
* Conv. Total (cfs)	* 8633.9	* Conv. (cfs)	*	* 8633.9	*
* Length Wtd. (ft)	*	* Wetted Per. (ft)	*	* 133.08	*
* Min Ch El (ft)	* 653.99	* Shear (lb/sq ft)	*	* 0.45	*
* Alpha	* 1.00	* Stream Power (lb/ft s)	*	* 1.52	*
* Frctn Loss (ft)	*	* Cum Volume (acre-ft)	*	*	*
* C & E Loss (ft)	*	* Cum SA (acres)	*	*	*

Note: Hydraulic jump has occurred between this cross section and the previous upstream section.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B - Post
 REACH: Stream B South RS: 3310

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 11

Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	724.32	41.42	723.57	239.3	720	262.76	719.18	346.4	716.19
429.51	713.21	436.27	713.01	510.31	715.34	534.4	716.09	651.84	720
807.46	723.45								

Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.04	239.3	.04	651.84	.04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.

239.3	651.84	309.88	300	295.42	.1	.3
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CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft)	* 714.56	* Element	* Left OB	* Channel	* Right OB
* Vel Head (ft)	* 0.13	* Wt. n-Val.	*	* 0.040	*
* W.S. Elev (ft)	* 714.43	* Reach Len. (ft)	* 309.88	* 300.00	* 295.42
* Crit W.S. (ft)	* 714.16	* Flow Area (sq ft)	*	* 62.10	*
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	* 0.009327	* Area (sq ft)	*	* 62.10	*
* Q Total (cfs)	* 179.00	* Flow (cfs)	*	* 179.00	*
* Top Width (ft)	* 86.17	* Top Width (ft)	*	* 86.17	*
* Vel Total (ft/s)	* 2.88	* Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	*	* 2.88	*
* Max Chl Dpth (ft)	* 1.42	* Hydr. Depth (ft)	*	* 0.72	*
* Conv. Total (cfs)	* 1853.5	* Conv. (cfs)	*	* 1853.5	*
* Length Wtd. (ft)	* 300.00	* Wetted Per. (ft)	*	* 86.22	*
* Min Ch El (ft)	* 713.01	* Shear (lb/sq ft)	*	* 0.42	*
* Alpha	* 1.00	* Stream Power (lb/ft s)	*	* 1.21	*
* Frctn Loss (ft)	* 4.53	* Cum Volume (acre-ft)	* 0.26	* 2.05	* 0.04
* C & E Loss (ft)	* 0.02	* Cum SA (acres)	* 0.44	* 1.22	* 0.14

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than

1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
 Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B - Post
 REACH: Stream B South RS: 3010

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 17

Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	721	78.92	720	163.81	716.97	318.35	710.93	342.1	710
383.76	708.76	389.07	708.64	391.78	708.59	391.8	708.59	393.59	708.62
396.89	708.73	427.38	710	455.02	711.06	516.62	713.43	686.75	720
770.77	722.06	789.96	722.53						

Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.04	318.35	.04	455.02	.04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 318.35 455.02 516.47 370 381.52 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft)	* 710.01	* Element	* Left OB	* Channel	* Right OB
* Vel Head (ft)	* 0.30	* Wt. n-Val.	*	* 0.040	*
* W.S. Elev (ft)	* 709.71	* Reach Len. (ft)	* 516.47	* 370.00	* 381.52
* Crit W.S. (ft)	* 709.71	* Flow Area (sq ft)	*	* 40.60	*
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	* 0.028438	* Area (sq ft)	*	* 40.60	*
* Q Total (cfs)	* 179.00	* Flow (cfs)	*	* 179.00	*
* Top Width (ft)	* 68.71	* Top Width (ft)	*	* 68.71	*
* Vel Total (ft/s)	* 4.41	* Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	*	* 4.41	*
* Max Chl Dpth (ft)	* 1.12	* Hydr. Depth (ft)	*	* 0.59	*
* Conv. Total (cfs)	* 1061.5	* Conv. (cfs)	*	* 1061.5	*
* Length Wtd. (ft)	* 373.66	* Wetted Per. (ft)	*	* 68.75	*
* Min Ch El (ft)	* 708.59	* Shear (lb/sq ft)	*	* 1.05	*
* Alpha	* 1.00	* Stream Power (lb/ft s)	*	* 4.62	*
* Frctn Loss (ft)	* 0.07	* Cum Volume (acre-ft)	* 0.26	* 1.70	* 0.04
* C & E Loss (ft)	* 0.09	* Cum SA (acres)	* 0.44	* 0.69	* 0.14

Warning: The energy equation could not be balanced within the specified number of iterations. The program used critical depth for the water surface and continued on with the calculations.
 Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
 Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
 Warning: During the standard step iterations, when the assumed water surface was set equal to critical depth, the calculated water surface came back below critical depth. This indicates that there is not a valid subcritical answer. The program defaulted to critical depth.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B - Post
 REACH: Stream B South RS: 2630

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 94

Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	706	6.35	706	16.51	706.18	16.71	706.18	18.38	706.16
19.06	706.16	19.34	706.18	19.81	706.17	20.05	706.17	22.6	706.14
24.52	706.14	24.8	706.17	26.05	706.17	27.15	706.16	31.77	706.16
34.83	706.14	47.87	706.1	55.94	706.07	58.54	706.06	60.17	706.05
78.51	706.01	79.02	706.01	80.09	706	82.63	706	84.1	705.99
87.37	705.99	87.63	706	89.01	706	89.59	705.99	90.88	705.99
94.84	705.96	100.11	705.96	102.65	705.95	104.2	705.95	119.87	705.96
121.12	705.95	121.41	705.95	123.99	705.97	124.24	705.97	126.97	706
130.26	706	130.96	705.89	130.99	705.89	135.95	705.73	140.88	705.88
141.06	705.88	143.18	705.98	143.23	705.97	143.29	705.97	143.34	705.96
143.4	705.95	151.36	705.14	152.24	705.06	153.64	705.1	154.87	705.08
156.85	704.84	157.98	704.19	158	704.19	164.18	704	224.54	704
225.85	703.77	226.41	703.72	230.62	703.17	232.89	702.87	242.17	699.71
276.56	699.71	290.28	702.71	292.46	702.81	298.25	703.61	298.92	703.73
299.13	703.73	299.67	703.75	303.61	704	307.66	704.12	316.68	704.4
316.91	704.41	321.22	704.41	321.58	704.42	391.2	705.99	395.31	705.99
396.1	706	399.68	705.99	400.05	705.99	405.93	706	418.79	706
419.88	706.05	456.82	707.96	457.69	707.97	458.62	707.98	462.26	708
462.32	708.01	463.96	708.01	489.58	709.14	497.03	709.42		

Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.04	224.54	.04	303.61	.04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 224.54 303.61 46.23 45 43.18 .1 .3

Ineffective Flow num= 2

Sta L	Sta R	Elev	Permanent
0	250.4	704.5	F
268.36	497.03	704.5	F

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft)	* 704.67	* Element	* Left OB	* Channel	* Right OB
* Vel Head (ft)	* 0.01	* Wt. n-Val.	* 0.040	* 0.040	* 0.040

* W.S. Elev (ft)	* 704.67	* Reach Len. (ft)	* 46.23	* 45.00	* 43.18
* Crit W.S. (ft)	* 701.17	* Flow Area (sq ft)	* 44.10	* 276.86	* 8.78
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	* 0.000052	* Area (sq ft)	* 44.10	* 276.86	* 8.78
* Q Total (cfs)	* 179.00	* Flow (cfs)	* 8.87	* 169.08	* 1.06
* Top Width (ft)	* 175.45	* Top Width (ft)	* 67.39	* 79.07	* 28.99
* Vel Total (ft/s)	* 0.54	* Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	* 0.20	* 0.61	* 0.12
* Max Chl Dpth (ft)	* 4.96	* Hydr. Depth (ft)	* 0.65	* 3.50	* 0.30
* Conv. Total (cfs)	* 24897.1	* Conv. (cfs)	* 1233.2	* 23516.7	* 147.2
* Length Wtd. (ft)	* 45.00	* Wetted Per. (ft)	* 67.52	* 80.07	* 29.00
* Min Ch El (ft)	* 699.71	* Shear (lb/sq ft)	* 0.00	* 0.01	* 0.00
* Alpha	* 1.20	* Stream Power (lb/ft s)	* 0.00	* 0.01	* 0.00
* Frctn Loss (ft)	*	* Cum Volume (acre-ft)	*	* 0.35	*
* C & E Loss (ft)	*	* Cum SA (acres)	* 0.04	* 0.06	* 0.01

Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.

CULVERT

RIVER: Stream B - Post
 REACH: Stream B South RS: 2610

INPUT

Description: Stream B - County Road 313 Crossing
 Distance from Upstream XS = 15
 Deck/Roadway Width = 25
 Weir Coefficient = 2.6

Upstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates

num=	24														
	Sta	Hi	Cord	Lo	Cord	Sta	Hi	Cord	Lo	Cord	Sta	Hi	Cord	Lo	Cord
*****	156.85	704.84	704.84	157.98	704.5	704.19	158	704.5	704.19	158	704.5	704.19	158	704.5	704.19
	164.18	704.5	704	224.54	704.5	704	225.85	704.5	703.77	704.5	703.77	704.5	703.77	704.5	703.77
	226.41	704.5	703.72	230.62	704.5	703.17	232.89	704.5	702.87	704.5	702.87	704.5	702.87	704.5	702.87
	242.17	704.5	699.71	276.56	704.5	699.71	290.28	704.5	702.71	704.5	702.71	704.5	702.71	704.5	702.71
	292.46	704.5	702.81	298.25	704.5	703.61	298.92	704.5	703.73	704.5	703.73	704.5	703.73	704.5	703.73
	299.13	704.5	703.73	299.67	704.5	703.75	303.61	704.5	704	704.5	704	704.5	704	704.5	704
	307.66	704.5	704.12	316.68	704.5	704.4	316.91	704.5	704.41	704.5	704.41	704.5	704.41	704.5	704.41
	321.22	704.5	704.41	321.58	704.5	704.42	391.2	705.99	705.99	705.99	705.99	705.99	705.99	705.99	705.99

Upstream Bridge Cross Section Data

Station Elevation Data	num= 94									
	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
*****	0	706	6.35	706	16.51	706.18	16.71	706.18	18.38	706.16
	19.06	706.16	19.34	706.18	19.81	706.17	20.05	706.17	22.6	706.14
	24.52	706.14	24.8	706.17	26.05	706.17	27.15	706.16	31.77	706.16
	34.83	706.14	47.87	706.1	55.94	706.07	58.54	706.06	60.17	706.05
	78.51	706.01	79.02	706.01	80.09	706	82.63	706	84.1	705.99
	87.37	705.99	87.63	706	89.01	706	89.59	705.99	90.88	705.99
	94.84	705.96	100.11	705.96	102.65	705.95	104.2	705.95	119.87	705.96
	121.12	705.95	121.41	705.95	123.99	705.97	124.24	705.97	126.97	706
	130.26	706	130.96	705.89	130.99	705.89	135.95	705.73	140.88	705.88
	141.06	705.88	143.18	705.98	143.23	705.97	143.29	705.97	143.34	705.96
	143.4	705.95	151.36	705.14	152.24	705.06	153.64	705.1	154.87	705.08
	156.85	704.84	157.98	704.19	158	704.19	164.18	704	224.54	704
	225.85	703.77	226.41	703.72	230.62	703.17	232.89	702.87	242.17	699.71
	276.56	699.71	290.28	702.71	292.46	702.81	298.25	703.61	298.92	703.73
	299.13	703.73	299.67	703.75	303.61	704	307.66	704.12	316.68	704.4
	316.91	704.41	321.22	704.41	321.58	704.42	391.2	705.99	395.31	705.99
	396.1	706	399.68	705.99	400.05	705.99	405.93	706	418.79	706
	419.88	706.05	456.82	707.96	457.69	707.97	458.62	707.98	462.26	708
	462.32	708.01	463.96	708.01	489.58	709.14	497.03	709.42		

Manning's n Values num= 3

	Sta	n	Val	Sta	n	Val	Sta	n	Val
*****	0	.04	224.54	.04	303.61	.04			

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 224.54 303.61 .1 .3

Ineffective Flow num= 2
 Sta L Sta R Elev Permanent
 0 250.4 704.5 F
 268.36 497.03 704.5 F

Downstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates

num=	5														
	Sta	Hi	Cord	Lo	Cord	Sta	Hi	Cord	Lo	Cord	Sta	Hi	Cord	Lo	Cord
*****	148	704.83	704.83	175.11	704.5	699.74	197.91	704.5	699.74	197.91	704.5	699.74	197.91	704.5	699.74
	217.48	704.5	703.93	220.79	704.54	704.54	704.54	704.54	704.54	704.54	704.54	704.54	704.54	704.54	704.54

Downstream Bridge Cross Section Data

Station Elevation Data	num= 91									
	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
*****	0	705.99	1.38	705.99	6.19	706	46.04	706	49.03	706.01
	50.17	706	52.7	706	53.62	705.99	54.86	706	69.12	706
	69.5	705.99	69.98	706	70.14	706	70.43	705.99	70.82	705.97
	71.61	705.98	72.27	705.95	72.87	705.96	73.73	705.94	74.06	705.93
	74.66	705.9	75.2	705.91	75.74	705.9	76.24	705.89	76.78	705.87
	77.28	705.87	78.54	705.84	78.87	705.83	79.44	705.8	79.95	705.81
	84.22	705.69	84.61	705.65	87.21	705.61	94.75	705.51	99.42	705.37
	99.6	705.37	99.82	705.36	110.37	705.17	111.16	705.19	111.76	705.2
	112.72	705.22	115.18	705.27	117.72	705.33	118.09	705.34	123.91	705.1
	132.14	705.08	136.52	705.05	137.23	705.04	145.65	704.97	146.3	704.92
	148	704.83	175.11	699.74	197.91	699.74	217.48	703.93	220.79	704.54
	227.92	704.57	228.79	704.58	231.93	704.61	233.32	704.62	240.8	704.67
	244.24	704.7	245.57	704.72	249.06	704.76	249.44	704.76	251.17	704.78
	251.25	704.78	260.49	704.64	261.56	704.64	262.31	704.63	263.01	704.63
	265.55	704.55	269.98	704.51	272.47	704.43	280.82	704.43	289.58	705.54
	289.93	705.54	298.53	705.58	299.37	705.58	299.84	705.59	308.24	705.77

310.9 705.79 312.48 705.81 313.54 705.82 315.18 705.86 317.96 705.88
 323.76 705.96 326.96 705.94 331.52 705.98 332.25 705.96 332.91 705.99
 340.85 706.21

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

 0 .04 145.65 .04 220.79 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 145.65 220.79 .1 .3
 Ineffective Flow num= 2
 Sta L Sta R Elev Permanent
 0 177.51 704.5 F
 195.51 340.85 704.5 F

Upstream Embankment side slope = 0 horiz. to 1.0 vertical
 Downstream Embankment side slope = 0 horiz. to 1.0 vertical
 Maximum allowable submergence for weir flow = .98
 Elevation at which weir flow begins =
 Energy head used in spillway design =
 Spillway height used in design =
 Weir crest shape = Broad Crested

Number of Culverts = 2

Culvert Name Shape Rise Span
 Culvert #1 Circular 3.5 3.5
 FHWA Chart # 2 - Corrugated Metal Pipe Culvert
 FHWA Scale # 1 - Headwall
 Solution Criteria = Highest U.S. EG
 Culvert Upstrm Dist Length Top n Bottom n Depth Blocked Entrance Loss Coef Exit Loss Coef
 15 25 .024 .024 0 .5 1
 Upstream Elevation = 699.71
 Centerline Station = 257.15
 Downstream Elevation = 699.71
 Centerline Station = 184.26

Culvert Name Shape Rise Span
 Culvert #2 Circular 3.5 3.5
 FHWA Chart # 2 - Corrugated Metal Pipe Culvert
 FHWA Scale # 1 - Headwall
 Solution Criteria = Highest U.S. EG
 Culvert Upstrm Dist Length Top n Bottom n Depth Blocked Entrance Loss Coef Exit Loss Coef
 15 25 .024 .024 0 .5 1
 Upstream Elevation = 699.84
 Centerline Station = 261.61
 Downstream Elevation = 699.84
 Centerline Station = 188.76

CULVERT OUTPUT Profile #PF 1 Culv Group: Culvert #1

 * Q Culv Group (cfs) * 74.40 * Culv Full Len (ft) * 3.84 *
 * # Barrels * 1 * Culv Vel US (ft/s) * 7.73 *
 * Q Barrel (cfs) * 74.40 * Culv Vel DS (ft/s) * 9.34 *
 * E.G. US. (ft) * 704.67 * Culv Inv El Up (ft) * 699.71 *
 * W.S. US. (ft) * 704.67 * Culv Inv El Dn (ft) * 699.71 *
 * E.G. DS (ft) * 701.92 * Culv Frctn Ls (ft) * 0.44 *
 * W.S. DS (ft) * 701.19 * Culv Exit Loss (ft) * 1.85 *
 * Delta EG (ft) * 2.75 * Culv Entr Loss (ft) * 0.46 *
 * Delta WS (ft) * 3.48 * Q Weir (cfs) * 32.33 *
 * E.G. IC (ft) * 704.39 * Weir Sta Lft (ft) * 157.39 *
 * E.G. OC (ft) * 704.68 * Weir Sta Rgt (ft) * 329.86 *
 * Culvert Control * Outlet * Weir Submerg * 0.00 *
 * Culv WS Inlet (ft) * 703.21 * Weir Max Depth (ft) * 0.18 *
 * Culv WS Outlet (ft) * 702.41 * Weir Avg Depth (ft) * 0.17 *
 * Culv Nml Depth (ft) * * Weir Flow Area (sq ft) * 29.77 *
 * Culv Crt Depth (ft) * 2.70 * Min El Weir Flow (ft) * 704.51 *

CULVERT OUTPUT Profile #PF 1 Culv Group: Culvert #2

 * Q Culv Group (cfs) * 72.27 * Culv Full Len (ft) * 0.96 *
 * # Barrels * 1 * Culv Vel US (ft/s) * 7.51 *
 * Q Barrel (cfs) * 72.27 * Culv Vel DS (ft/s) * 9.20 *
 * E.G. US. (ft) * 704.67 * Culv Inv El Up (ft) * 699.84 *
 * W.S. US. (ft) * 704.67 * Culv Inv El Dn (ft) * 699.84 *
 * E.G. DS (ft) * 701.92 * Culv Frctn Ls (ft) * 0.42 *
 * W.S. DS (ft) * 701.19 * Culv Exit Loss (ft) * 1.90 *
 * Delta EG (ft) * 2.75 * Culv Entr Loss (ft) * 0.44 *
 * Delta WS (ft) * 3.48 * Q Weir (cfs) * 32.33 *
 * E.G. IC (ft) * 704.39 * Weir Sta Lft (ft) * 157.39 *
 * E.G. OC (ft) * 704.67 * Weir Sta Rgt (ft) * 329.86 *
 * Culvert Control * Outlet * Weir Submerg * 0.00 *
 * Culv WS Inlet (ft) * 703.34 * Weir Max Depth (ft) * 0.18 *
 * Culv WS Outlet (ft) * 702.50 * Weir Avg Depth (ft) * 0.17 *
 * Culv Nml Depth (ft) * * Weir Flow Area (sq ft) * 29.77 *
 * Culv Crt Depth (ft) * 2.66 * Min El Weir Flow (ft) * 704.51 *

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B - Post
 REACH: Stream B South RS: 2585

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 91
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev

 0 705.99 1.38 705.99 6.19 706 46.04 706 49.03 706.01
 50.17 706 52.7 706 53.62 705.99 54.86 706 69.12 706
 69.5 705.99 69.98 706 70.14 706 70.43 705.99 70.82 705.97

71.61	705.98	72.27	705.95	72.87	705.96	73.73	705.94	74.06	705.93
74.66	705.9	75.2	705.91	75.74	705.9	76.24	705.89	76.78	705.87
77.28	705.87	78.54	705.84	78.87	705.83	79.44	705.8	79.95	705.81
84.22	705.69	84.61	705.65	87.21	705.61	94.75	705.51	99.42	705.37
99.6	705.37	99.82	705.36	110.37	705.17	111.16	705.19	111.76	705.2
112.72	705.22	115.18	705.27	117.72	705.33	118.09	705.34	123.91	705.1
132.14	705.08	136.52	705.05	137.23	705.04	145.65	704.97	146.3	704.92
148	704.83	175.11	699.74	197.91	699.74	217.48	703.93	220.79	704.54
227.92	704.57	228.79	704.58	231.93	704.61	233.32	704.62	240.8	704.67
244.24	704.7	245.57	704.72	249.06	704.76	249.44	704.76	251.17	704.78
251.25	704.78	260.49	704.64	261.56	704.64	262.31	704.63	263.01	704.63
265.55	704.55	269.98	704.51	272.47	704.43	280.82	704.43	289.58	705.54
289.93	705.54	298.53	705.58	299.37	705.58	299.84	705.59	308.24	705.77
310.9	705.79	312.48	705.81	313.54	705.82	315.18	705.86	317.96	705.88
323.76	705.96	326.96	705.94	331.52	705.98	332.25	705.96	332.91	705.99
340.85	706.21								

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

 0 .04 145.65 .04 220.79 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 145.65 220.79 97.84 110 136.17 .1 .3
 Ineffective Flow num= 2
 Sta L Sta R Elev Permanent
 0 177.51 704.5 F
 195.51 340.85 704.5 F

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

 * E.G. Elev (ft) * 701.92 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
 * Vel Head (ft) * 0.73 * Wt. n-Val. * * 0.040 * *
 * W.S. Elev (ft) * 701.19 * Reach Len. (ft) * 45.22 * 45.22 * 45.22 *
 * Crit W.S. (ft) * 701.19 * Flow Area (sq ft) * * 26.07 * *
 * E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.020843 * Area (sq ft) * * 43.51 * *
 * Q Total (cfs) * 179.00 * Flow (cfs) * * 179.00 * *
 * Top Width (ft) * 37.28 * Top Width (ft) * * 37.28 * *
 * Vel Total (ft/s) * 6.87 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * 6.87 * *
 * Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 1.45 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * 1.45 * *
 * Conv. Total (cfs) * 1239.8 * Conv. (cfs) * * 1239.8 * *
 * Length Wtd. (ft) * 45.22 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * 18.00 * *
 * Min Ch El (ft) * 699.74 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * 1.88 * *
 * Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * 12.94 * *
 * Frctn Loss (ft) * 0.01 * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * * 0.19 * *
 * C & E Loss (ft) * 0.21 * Cum SA (acres) * * * *

Warning: The energy equation could not be balanced within the specified number of iterations. The program used critical depth for the water surface and continued on with the calculations.
 Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
 Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m) between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
 Warning: During the standard step iterations, when the assumed water surface was set equal to critical depth, the calculated water surface came back below critical depth. This indicates that there is not a valid subcritical answer. The program defaulted to critical depth.
 Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B - Post
 REACH: Stream B RS: 2220

INPUT
 Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 15
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev

 0 702.89 9.51 702.89 10.59 702.44 19.14 698.93 35.95 692
 68.61 692 70.41 692.72 85.88 698.91 95.07 702.59 103.58 706.01
 103.66 706.01 104.12 706.07 111.16 706.89 115.84 707.43 117.66 707.64

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

 0 .04 9.51 .04 103.66 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 9.51 103.66 294.85 300 298.89 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

 * E.G. Elev (ft) * 698.71 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
 * Vel Head (ft) * 0.03 * Wt. n-Val. * * 0.040 * *
 * W.S. Elev (ft) * 698.68 * Reach Len. (ft) * 294.85 * 300.00 * 298.89 *
 * Crit W.S. (ft) * 693.70 * Flow Area (sq ft) * * 328.04 * *
 * E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.000162 * Area (sq ft) * * 328.04 * *
 * Q Total (cfs) * 442.00 * Flow (cfs) * * 442.00 * *
 * Top Width (ft) * 65.56 * Top Width (ft) * * 65.56 * *
 * Vel Total (ft/s) * 1.35 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * 1.35 * *
 * Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 6.68 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * 5.00 * *
 * Conv. Total (cfs) * 34734.0 * Conv. (cfs) * * 34734.0 * *
 * Length Wtd. (ft) * 300.00 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * 68.17 * *
 * Min Ch El (ft) * 692.00 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * 0.05 * *
 * Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * 0.07 * *
 * Frctn Loss (ft) * 0.05 * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * * 0.71 * 9.16 * 1.29 *
 * C & E Loss (ft) * 0.00 * Cum SA (acres) * * 1.51 * 2.65 * 1.57 *

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B - Post
REACH: Stream B RS: 1920

INPUT

Description:
Station Elevation Data num= 14
Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
0 702.55 8.09 702.54 8.87 702.19 30.98 692.15 31.32 692
60.29 692 100.39 708.02 100.73 708.16 101.64 708.53 103.62 709.7
104.05 710 109.01 710 114.47 709.97 115.25 709.97

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
0 .04 8.09 .04 100.73 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
8.09 100.73 400.37 400 399.56 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft) * 698.65 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
* Vel Head (ft) * 0.03 * Wt. n-Val. * * 0.040 * *
* W.S. Elev (ft) * 698.62 * Reach Len. (ft) * 400.37 * 400.00 * 399.56 *
* Crit W.S. (ft) * * * Flow Area (sq ft) * * 294.81 * *
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.000207 * Area (sq ft) * * 294.81 * *
* Q Total (cfs) * 442.00 * Flow (cfs) * * 442.00 * *
* Top Width (ft) * 60.12 * Top Width (ft) * * 60.12 * *
* Vel Total (ft/s) * 1.50 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * 1.50 * *
* Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 6.62 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * 4.90 * *
* Conv. Total (cfs) * 30696.8 * Conv. (cfs) * * 30696.8 * *
* Length Wtd. (ft) * 400.00 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * 62.82 * *
* Min Ch El (ft) * 692.00 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * 0.06 * *
* Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * 0.09 * *
* Frctn Loss (ft) * 0.12 * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * 0.71 * 7.01 * 1.29 *
* C & E Loss (ft) * 0.00 * Cum SA (acres) * 1.51 * 2.22 * 1.57 *

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B - Post
REACH: Stream B RS: 1520

INPUT

Description:
Station Elevation Data num= 15
Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
0 702.07 14.15 702.07 14.31 701.94 16.13 700.43 16.43 700.46
22.42 697.74 33.67 692 77.35 692 82.62 694.11 106.96 703.85
107.7 704.14 114.72 705.11 117.69 705.44 120.99 705.87 121.27 705.87

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
0 .04 14.15 .04 106.96 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
14.15 106.96 109.76 110 109.65 .1 .3

Ineffective Flow num= 2
Sta L Sta R Elev Permanent
0 39.19 697 F
68.69 121.27 697 F

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft) * 698.53 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
* Vel Head (ft) * 0.07 * Wt. n-Val. * * 0.040 * *
* W.S. Elev (ft) * 698.46 * Reach Len. (ft) * 109.76 * 110.00 * 109.65 *
* Crit W.S. (ft) * 694.84 * Flow Area (sq ft) * * 375.10 * *
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.000386 * Area (sq ft) * * 375.10 * *
* Q Total (cfs) * 798.00 * Flow (cfs) * * 798.00 * *
* Top Width (ft) * 72.65 * Top Width (ft) * * 72.65 * *
* Vel Total (ft/s) * 2.13 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * 2.13 * *
* Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 6.46 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * 5.16 * *
* Conv. Total (cfs) * 40597.3 * Conv. (cfs) * * 40597.3 * *
* Length Wtd. (ft) * 110.00 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * 75.43 * *
* Min Ch El (ft) * 692.00 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * 0.12 * *
* Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * 0.26 * *
* Frctn Loss (ft) * * * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * 0.71 * 3.94 * 1.29 *
* C & E Loss (ft) * * * Cum SA (acres) * 1.51 * 1.61 * 1.57 *

Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.

CULVERT

RIVER: Stream B - Post
REACH: Stream B RS: 1475

INPUT

Description: Stream B - Proposed Detention Pond
Distance from Upstream XS = 45
Deck/Roadway Width = 35
Weir Coefficient = 2.6
Upstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates
num= 5
Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord
22.42 697 697 33.67 697 692 77.35 697 692
82.62 697 694.11 106.96 697 697

Upstream Bridge Cross Section Data
 Station Elevation Data num= 15

Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	702.07	14.15	702.07	14.31	701.94	16.13	700.43	16.43	700.46
22.42	697.74	33.67	692	77.35	692	82.62	694.11	106.96	703.85
107.7	704.14	114.72	705.11	117.69	705.44	120.99	705.87	121.27	705.87

Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.04	14.15	.04	106.96	.04

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 14.15 106.96 .1 .3
 Ineffective Flow num= 2

Sta L	Sta R	Elev	Permanent
0	39.19	697	F
68.69	121.27	697	F

Downstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates num= 7

Sta	Hi	Cord	Lo	Cord	Sta	Hi	Cord	Lo	Cord
12.1	697	697	20.37	697	693.97	25.13	697	691.64	
39.89	697	691.65	47.52	697	691.65	71.38	697	691.66	
92.89	697	697							

Downstream Bridge Cross Section Data
 Station Elevation Data num= 17

Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	701.65	5.73	701.6	5.75	701.58	10.03	698.75	12.1	697.46
20.37	693.97	25.13	691.64	39.89	691.65	47.52	691.65	71.38	691.66
92.89	700.26	98.94	702.69	99.28	702.82	104.87	703.13	106.56	703.21
114.32	703.25	119.78	703.29						

Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.012	5.75	.012	98.94	.012

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 5.75 98.94 .1 .3
 Ineffective Flow num= 2

Sta L	Sta R	Elev	Permanent
0	33.51	697	F
63.01	119.78	697	F

Upstream Embankment side slope = 3 horiz. to 1.0 vertical
 Downstream Embankment side slope = 3 horiz. to 1.0 vertical
 Maximum allowable submergence for weir flow = .98
 Elevation at which weir flow begins =
 Energy head used in spillway design =
 Spillway height used in design =
 Weir crest shape = Broad Crested

Number of Culverts = 1

Culvert Name Shape Rise Span
 Culvert #1 Circular 3.5 3.5
 FHWA Chart # 1 - Concrete Pipe Culvert
 FHWA Scale # 1 - Square edge entrance with headwall
 Solution Criteria = Highest U.S. EG

Culvert	Upstrm Dist	Length	Top n	Bottom n	Depth Blocked	Entrance Loss Coef	Exit Loss Coef
	30	65	.013	.013	0	.5	1

Number of Barrels = 5
 Upstream Elevation = 692.5
 Centerline Stations

Sta.	Sta.	Sta.	Sta.	Sta.
45.935	49.935	53.935	57.935	61.935

 Downstream Elevation = 692
 Centerline Stations

Sta.	Sta.	Sta.	Sta.	Sta.
40.26	44.26	48.26	52.26	56.26

CULVERT OUTPUT Profile #PF 1 Culv Group: Culvert #1

* Q Culv Group (cfs)	* 463.68	* Culv Full Len (ft)	* *
* # Barrels	* 5	* Culv Vel US (ft/s)	* 9.64
* Q Barrel (cfs)	* 92.74	* Culv Vel DS (ft/s)	* 12.65
* E.G. US. (ft)	* 698.53	* Culv Inv El Up (ft)	* 692.50
* W.S. US. (ft)	* 698.46	* Culv Inv El Dn (ft)	* 692.00
* E.G. DS (ft)	* 694.82	* Culv Frctn Ls (ft)	* 0.83
* W.S. DS (ft)	* 693.76	* Culv Exit Loss (ft)	* 2.16
* Delta EG (ft)	* 3.71	* Culv Entr Loss (ft)	* 0.72
* Delta WS (ft)	* 4.70	* Q Weir (cfs)	* 334.32
* E.G. IC (ft)	* 698.53	* Weir Sta Lft (ft)	* 20.70
* E.G. OC (ft)	* 698.08	* Weir Sta Rgt (ft)	* 93.65
* Culvert Control	* Inlet	* Weir Submerg	* 0.00
* Culv WS Inlet (ft)	* 696.00	* Weir Max Depth (ft)	* 1.52
* Culv WS Outlet (ft)	* 694.49	* Weir Avg Depth (ft)	* 1.45
* Culv Nml Depth (ft)	* 3.06	* Weir Flow Area (sq ft)	* 105.63
* Culv Crt Depth (ft)	* 2.98	* Min El Weir Flow (ft)	* 697.01

Warning: The flow through the culvert is supercritical. However, since there is flow over the road (weir flow), the program cannot determine if the downstream cross section should be subcritical or supercritical. The program used the downstream subcritical answer, even though it may not be valid.
 Note: The flow in the culvert is entirely supercritical.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B - Post
REACH: Stream B RS: 1410

INPUT

Description:
Station Elevation Data num= 17
Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev

0 701.65 5.73 701.6 5.75 701.58 10.03 698.75 12.1 697.46
20.37 693.97 25.13 691.64 39.89 691.65 47.52 691.65 71.38 691.66
92.89 700.26 98.94 702.69 99.28 702.82 104.87 703.13 106.56 703.21
114.32 703.25 119.78 703.29

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

0 .012 5.75 .012 98.94 .012

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
5.75 98.94 139.22 140 141.54 .1 .3

Ineffective Flow num= 2
Sta L Sta R Elev Permanent
0 33.51 697 F
63.01 119.78 697 F

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft) * 694.82 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
* Vel Head (ft) * 1.06 * Wt. n-Val. * * 0.012 * *
* W.S. Elev (ft) * 693.76 * Reach Len. (ft) * 139.22 * 140.00 * 141.54 *
* Crit W.S. (ft) * 693.76 * Flow Area (sq ft) * * 62.19 * *
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.001642 * Area (sq ft) * * 107.61 * *
* Q Total (cfs) * 513.00 * Flow (cfs) * * 513.00 * *
* Top Width (ft) * 55.83 * Top Width (ft) * * 55.83 * *
* Vel Total (ft/s) * 8.25 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * 8.25 * *
* Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 2.12 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * 2.11 * *
* Conv. Total (cfs) * 12661.1 * Conv. (cfs) * * 12661.1 * *
* Length Wtd. (ft) * 140.00 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * 29.50 * *
* Min Ch El (ft) * 691.64 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * 0.22 * *
* Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * 1.78 * *
* Frctn Loss (ft) * 0.46 * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * 0.71 * 3.43 * 1.29 *
* C & E Loss (ft) * 0.19 * Cum SA (acres) * 1.51 * 1.45 * 1.57 *

Warning: The energy equation could not be balanced within the specified number of iterations. The program used critical depth for the water surface and continued on with the calculations.
Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
Warning: During the standard step iterations, when the assumed water surface was set equal to critical depth, the calculated water surface came back below critical depth. This indicates that there is not a valid subcritical answer. The program defaulted to critical depth.
Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B - Post
REACH: Stream B RS: 1270

INPUT

Description:
Station Elevation Data num= 19
Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev

0 700.34 8.12 700.19 11.67 698.48 30.97 689.75 42.66 689.77
51.11 689.78 53.88 689.78 80.1 700.01 81.28 700.47 82.75 701.05
83.51 701.07 83.76 701.07 84.1 701.08 85.02 701.1 85.74 701.12
87.52 701.16 90.77 701.22 91.57 701.24 93.36 701.27

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

0 .012 8.12 .012 82.75 .012

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
8.12 82.75 417.1 450 465.86 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft) * 694.16 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
* Vel Head (ft) * 2.99 * Wt. n-Val. * * 0.012 * *
* W.S. Elev (ft) * 691.18 * Reach Len. (ft) * 417.10 * 450.00 * 465.86 *
* Crit W.S. (ft) * 692.06 * Flow Area (sq ft) * * 36.99 * *
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.009577 * Area (sq ft) * * 36.99 * *
* Q Total (cfs) * 513.00 * Flow (cfs) * * 513.00 * *
* Top Width (ft) * 29.64 * Top Width (ft) * * 29.64 * *
* Vel Total (ft/s) * 13.87 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * 13.87 * *
* Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 1.43 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * 1.25 * *
* Conv. Total (cfs) * 5242.0 * Conv. (cfs) * * 5242.0 * *
* Length Wtd. (ft) * 450.00 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * 30.21 * *
* Min Ch El (ft) * 689.75 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * 0.73 * *
* Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * 10.15 * *
* Frctn Loss (ft) * 6.06 * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * 0.71 * 3.20 * 1.29 *
* C & E Loss (ft) * 0.59 * Cum SA (acres) * 1.51 * 1.31 * 1.57 *

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B - Post
REACH: Stream B RS: 820

INPUT

Description:

Station Elevation Data		num= 13							
Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	696.73	1.91	696	13.26	691.63	32.85	684.1	43.49	684.12
47.15	684.14	53.68	684.17	72.01	691.6	82.21	695.72	82.27	695.75
82.74	695.61	87.94	695.29	95.26	694.96				

Manning's n Values		num= 3			
Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.04	1.91	.04	82.21	.04

Bank Sta:	Left	Right	Lengths:	Left Channel	Right	Coeff Contr.	Expan.
	1.91	82.21		493.97	150	138.84	.1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft)	* 687.51	* Element	* Left OB	* Channel	* Right OB
* Vel Head (ft)	* 1.01	* Wt. n-Val.	* 493.97	* 150.00	* 138.84
* W.S. Elev (ft)	* 686.50	* Reach Len. (ft)	*	*	*
* Crit W.S. (ft)	* 686.52	* Flow Area (sq ft)	*	* 63.50	*
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	* 0.020329	* Area (sq ft)	*	* 63.50	*
* Q Total (cfs)	* 513.00	* Flow (cfs)	*	* 513.00	*
* Top Width (ft)	* 32.81	* Top Width (ft)	*	* 32.81	*
* Vel Total (ft/s)	* 8.08	* Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	*	* 8.08	*
* Max Chl Dpth (ft)	* 2.40	* Hydr. Depth (ft)	*	* 1.94	*
* Conv. Total (cfs)	* 3598.0	* Conv. (cfs)	*	* 3598.0	*
* Length Wtd. (ft)	* 150.00	* Wetted Per. (ft)	*	* 33.70	*
* Min Ch El (ft)	* 684.10	* Shear (lb/sq ft)	*	* 2.39	*
* Alpha	* 1.00	* Stream Power (lb/ft s)	*	* 19.32	*
* Frctn Loss (ft)	* 9.84	* Cum Volume (acre-ft)	* 0.71	* 2.68	* 1.29
* C & E Loss (ft)	* 0.58	* Cum SA (acres)	* 1.51	* 0.99	* 1.57

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B - Post
REACH: Stream B RS: 670

INPUT

Description:

Station Elevation Data		num= 43							
Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	696	27.31	685.08	65	670	145.63	670	160.15	675.53
160.86	675.8	160.91	675.8	173.52	675.93	173.68	675.94	175.25	676
180.61	676	181.18	676.03	181.26	676.03	181.29	676.04	182.88	676.39
186.86	678	188.8	678.8	191.09	679.73	191.46	679.85	191.79	680
194.91	681.24	196.1	681.6	197	682	197.97	682.28	198.26	682.35
200.75	682.8	203.06	682.74	203.68	682.65	204.84	682.38	205.26	682.38
206.53	682.56	207.34	682.59	208.48	682.71	210.21	682.91	212.96	683.28
214.95	683.52	215.53	683.61	217.59	683.64	222.48	683.95	224.57	683.93
226.9	683.95	228.8	684	228.96	684.01				

Manning's n Values		num= 3			
Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.04	0	.04	160.86	.04

Bank Sta:	Left	Right	Lengths:	Left Channel	Right	Coeff Contr.	Expan.
	0	160.86		1836.03	150	60.93	.1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft)	* 677.09	* Element	* Left OB	* Channel	* Right OB
* Vel Head (ft)	* 6.79	* Wt. n-Val.	* 1836.03	* 150.00	* 60.93
* W.S. Elev (ft)	* 670.30	* Reach Len. (ft)	*	*	*
* Crit W.S. (ft)	* 671.06	* Flow Area (sq ft)	*	* 24.54	*
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	* 1.588547	* Area (sq ft)	*	* 24.54	*
* Q Total (cfs)	* 513.00	* Flow (cfs)	*	* 513.00	*
* Top Width (ft)	* 82.18	* Top Width (ft)	*	* 82.18	*
* Vel Total (ft/s)	* 20.90	* Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	*	* 20.90	*
* Max Chl Dpth (ft)	* 0.30	* Hydr. Depth (ft)	*	* 0.30	*
* Conv. Total (cfs)	* 407.0	* Conv. (cfs)	*	* 407.0	*
* Length Wtd. (ft)	* 153.08	* Wetted Per. (ft)	*	* 82.29	*
* Min Ch El (ft)	* 670.00	* Shear (lb/sq ft)	*	* 29.58	*
* Alpha	* 1.00	* Stream Power (lb/ft s)	*	* 618.26	*
* Frctn Loss (ft)	* 0.01	* Cum Volume (acre-ft)	* 0.71	* 2.53	* 1.29
* C & E Loss (ft)	* 0.15	* Cum SA (acres)	* 1.51	* 0.79	* 1.57

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B - Post
 REACH: Stream B RS: 520

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 67

Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	671.49	.8	671.5	2.52	671.47	4.57	671.4	5.56	671.35
7.96	671.21	13.54	671.05	14.51	670.99	15.66	670.94	16.74	670.88
21.11	670.69	23.67	670.58	32.41	670.03	33.35	670.02	34.45	670.01
34.75	670	36.67	669.96	40.35	669.9	42.82	669.89	43.57	669.86
44.76	669.84	44.87	669.84	45.24	669.83	56.81	664.51	88.63	664.51
120.37	669.14	120.73	669.17	121.41	669.31	127.18	669.95	128.82	669.95
130.14	669.93	131.23	669.94	133.88	669.94	134.84	669.95	136.99	669.95
140.03	669.98	142.08	670	143.76	670.6	144.29	670.65	149.64	671.79
150.91	671.77	155.32	672	160.41	673.2	161.89	673.59	163.27	674
164.57	674.57	166.38	675.28	168.57	676	172.07	677.04	175.03	677.92
175.21	677.97	175.29	678	175.56	678.03	175.72	678.06	180.52	678.7
188.04	680	188.07	680	188.49	680.01	188.84	680.02	189.59	680.03
190.14	680.05	190.47	680.06	191.41	680.08	192.03	680.09	193.86	680.1
206.48	681.21	210.92	681.58						

Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.04	43.57	.013	120.37	.04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.

43.57	120.37	130.31	100	163.8	.1	.3
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Ineffective Flow num= 2

Sta L	Sta R	Elev	Permanent
0	60.72	670	F
84.72	210.92	670	F

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft)	* 670.96	* Element	* Left OB	* Channel	* Right OB
* Vel Head (ft)	* 0.03	* Wt. n-Val.	* 0.040	* 0.013	* 0.040
* W.S. Elev (ft)	* 670.93	* Reach Len. (ft)	* 130.31	* 100.00	* 163.80
* Crit W.S. (ft)	* 667.07	* Flow Area (sq ft)	* 17.72	* 379.51	* 25.11
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	* 0.000020	* Area (sq ft)	* 17.72	* 379.51	* 25.11
* Q Total (cfs)	* 558.00	* Flow (cfs)	* 2.17	* 551.72	* 4.11
* Top Width (ft)	* 129.65	* Top Width (ft)	* 27.64	* 76.80	* 25.21
* Vel Total (ft/s)	* 1.32	* Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	* 0.12	* 1.45	* 0.16
* Max Chl Dpth (ft)	* 6.42	* Hydr. Depth (ft)	* 0.64	* 4.94	* 1.00
* Conv. Total (cfs)	* 125652.8	* Conv. (cfs)	* 489.3	* 124238.1	* 925.4
* Length Wtd. (ft)	* 100.00	* Wetted Per. (ft)	* 27.67	* 78.30	* 25.40
* Min Ch El (ft)	* 664.51	* Shear (lb/sq ft)	* 0.00	* 0.01	* 0.00
* Alpha	* 1.20	* Stream Power (lb/ft s)	* 0.00	* 0.01	* 0.00
* Frctn Loss (ft)	*	* Cum Volume (acre-ft)	* 0.34	* 1.83	* 1.27
* C & E Loss (ft)	*	* Cum SA (acres)	* 0.93	* 0.52	* 1.55

Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.
 Note: Hydraulic jump has occurred between this cross section and the previous upstream section.

CULVERT

RIVER: Stream B - Post
 REACH: Stream B RS: 500

INPUT

Description: Stream B - Access Road West Crossing
 Distance from Upstream XS = 20
 Deck/Roadway Width = 65
 Weir Coefficient = 2.6
 Upstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates num= 2

Sta Hi	Cord	Lo Cord	Sta Hi	Cord	Lo Cord
0	670	650	210.92	670	650

Upstream Bridge Cross Section Data

Station Elevation Data num= 67

Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	671.49	.8	671.5	2.52	671.47	4.57	671.4	5.56	671.35
7.96	671.21	13.54	671.05	14.51	670.99	15.66	670.94	16.74	670.88
21.11	670.69	23.67	670.58	32.41	670.03	33.35	670.02	34.45	670.01
34.75	670	36.67	669.96	40.35	669.9	42.82	669.89	43.57	669.86
44.76	669.84	44.87	669.84	45.24	669.83	56.81	664.51	88.63	664.51
120.37	669.14	120.73	669.17	121.41	669.31	127.18	669.95	128.82	669.95
130.14	669.93	131.23	669.94	133.88	669.94	134.84	669.95	136.99	669.95
140.03	669.98	142.08	670	143.76	670.6	144.29	670.65	149.64	671.79
150.91	671.77	155.32	672	160.41	673.2	161.89	673.59	163.27	674
164.57	674.57	166.38	675.28	168.57	676	172.07	677.04	175.03	677.92
175.21	677.97	175.29	678	175.56	678.03	175.72	678.06	180.52	678.7
188.04	680	188.07	680	188.49	680.01	188.84	680.02	189.59	680.03
190.14	680.05	190.47	680.06	191.41	680.08	192.03	680.09	193.86	680.1
206.48	681.21	210.92	681.58						

Manning's n Values num= 3

Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val
0	.04	43.57	.013	120.37	.04

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan.

43.57	120.37	.1	.3
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Ineffective Flow num= 2

Sta L	Sta R	Elev	Permanent
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0 60.72 670 F
 84.72 210.92 670 F

Downstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates

num= 2
 Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord

 0 670 650 538.2 670 650

Downstream Bridge Cross Section Data

Station Elevation Data num= 125
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev

 0 673.66 3.42 673.54 20.44 673.24 22.1 673.34 23.84 673.07
 24.24 673.09 24.66 673.12 25.52 673.01 27.03 672.9 28.28 672.8
 32.1 672.57 38.83 672.1 39 672.09 39.17 672.06 41.29 672
 48.63 671.98 48.95 671.98 53.75 671.58 60.51 671.49 60.68 671.46
 61.1 671.39 64.26 671.24 66.94 670.88 69.79 670.59 70.44 670.56
 72.84 670.35 74.01 670.31 79.69 670 185.69 670 191.08 670.01
 213.85 670.01 217.33 670 239.21 670 241.11 669.38 244.2 668.38
 244.7 668 245 664.48 268.02 664.48 268.17 666 273.49 667.2
 276.98 667.99 277.01 667.99 277.06 668 277.08 668 278.98 668.23
 280.58 668.37 283.82 668.4 284.19 668.42 284.97 668.4 289.15 668.54
 290.59 668.53 294.31 668.34 295.95 668.25 298.02 668.21 298.4 668.19
 308.43 668.2 309.89 668.19 313.04 668.25 317.96 668.47 319.42 668.47
 324.51 668.36 327.05 668.35 329.17 668.35 329.86 668.36 338.72 668.58
 341.75 668.62 347.77 668.64 354.02 668.79 358.01 668.86 363.86 668.88
 367.44 669 369 669.03 370 669.04 372.63 669.13 376.51 669.27
 393.5 669.25 396.43 669.27 398.51 669.32 400.24 669.32 402.79 669.31
 404.26 669.33 406.79 669.32 409.36 669.35 411.58 669.42 417.75 669.43
 422.71 669.47 424.32 669.51 429.77 669.72 435.56 669.99 436.02 670
 436.1 670 437.19 670.12 442.35 670.58 445.99 670.8 447.05 670.88
 459.42 672 462.76 672.47 472.79 674 476.37 674.8 479.72 675.58
 481.56 676 483.37 676.6 486.68 677.92 486.91 678 489.89 678.78
 493.21 680 497.61 681.6 498.6 682 500.19 682.61 503.92 684
 504.85 684.3 508.92 686 513.32 687.4 513.88 687.6 514.18 687.68
 515.1 688 515.96 688.31 516.41 688.44 517.86 688.95 521.07 690
 526.77 691.8 527.49 692 528.47 692.33 533.7 694 538.2 694

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

 0 .04 239.21 .013 283.82 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 239.21 283.82 .1 .3

Ineffective Flow num= 2
 Sta L Sta R Elev Permanent
 0 244.51 670 F
 268.51 538.2 670 F

Upstream Embankment side slope = 0 horiz. to 1.0 vertical
 Downstream Embankment side slope = 0 horiz. to 1.0 vertical
 Maximum allowable submergence for weir flow = .98
 Elevation at which weir flow begins =
 Energy head used in spillway design =
 Spillway height used in design =
 Weir crest shape = Broad Crested

Number of Culverts = 1

Culvert Name Shape Rise Span
 Culvert #1 Box 5 14
 FHWA Chart # 8 - flared wingwalls
 FHWA Scale # 1 - Wingwall flared 30 to 75 deg.
 Solution Criteria = Highest U.S. EG
 Culvert Upstrm Dist Length Top n Bottom n Depth Blocked Entrance Loss Coef Exit Loss Coef
 20 65 .013 .013 0 .5 1
 Upstream Elevation = 664.51
 Centerline Station = 71.92
 Downstream Elevation = 664.48
 Centerline Station = 256.51

CULVERT OUTPUT Profile #PF 1 Culv Group: Culvert #1

 * Q Culv Group (cfs) * 275.59 * Culv Full Len (ft) * 65.00 *
 * # Barrels * 1 * Culv Vel US (ft/s) * 3.94 *
 * Q Barrel (cfs) * 275.59 * Culv Vel DS (ft/s) * 3.94 *
 * E.G. US. (ft) * 670.96 * Culv Inv El Up (ft) * 664.51 *
 * W.S. US. (ft) * 670.93 * Culv Inv El Dn (ft) * 664.48 *
 * E.G. DS (ft) * 670.62 * Culv Frctn Ls (ft) * 0.03 *
 * W.S. DS (ft) * 670.56 * Culv Exit Loss (ft) * 0.18 *
 * Delta EG (ft) * 0.33 * Culv Entr Loss (ft) * 0.12 *
 * Delta WS (ft) * 0.36 * Q Weir (cfs) * 282.41 *
 * E.G. IC (ft) * 670.54 * Weir Sta Lft (ft) * 15.33 *
 * E.G. OC (ft) * 670.96 * Weir Sta Rgt (ft) * 145.72 *
 * Culvert Control * Outlet * Weir Submerg * 0.57 *
 * Culv WS Inlet (ft) * 669.51 * Weir Max Depth (ft) * 0.95 *
 * Culv WS Outlet (ft) * 669.48 * Weir Avg Depth (ft) * 0.87 *
 * Culv Nml Depth (ft) * * Weir Flow Area (sq ft) * 113.40 *
 * Culv Crt Depth (ft) * 2.29 * Min El Weir Flow (ft) * 670.01 *

Warning: During the culvert inlet control computations, the program could not balance the culvert/weir flow. The reported inlet energy grade answer may not be valid.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B - Post
 REACH: Stream B RS: 420

INPUT
 Description:

Station Elevation Data		num= 125		Sta		Elev		Sta		Elev	
Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	673.66	3.42	673.54	20.44	673.24	22.1	673.34	23.84	673.07		
24.24	673.09	24.66	673.12	25.52	673.01	27.03	672.9	28.28	672.8		
32.1	672.57	38.83	672.1	39	672.09	39.17	672.06	41.29	672		
48.63	671.98	48.95	671.98	53.75	671.58	60.51	671.49	60.68	671.46		
61.1	671.39	64.26	671.24	66.94	670.88	69.79	670.59	70.44	670.56		
72.84	670.35	74.01	670.31	79.69	670	185.69	670	191.08	670.01		
213.85	670.01	217.33	670	239.21	670	241.11	669.38	244.2	668.38		
244.7	668	245	664.48	268.02	664.48	268.17	666	273.49	667.2		
276.98	667.99	277.01	667.99	277.06	668	277.08	668	278.98	668.23		
280.58	668.37	283.82	668.4	284.19	668.42	284.97	668.4	289.15	668.54		
290.59	668.53	294.31	668.34	295.95	668.25	298.02	668.21	298.4	668.19		
308.43	668.2	309.89	668.19	313.04	668.25	317.96	668.47	319.42	668.47		
324.51	668.36	327.05	668.35	329.17	668.35	329.86	668.36	338.72	668.58		
341.75	668.62	347.77	668.64	354.02	668.79	358.01	668.86	363.86	668.88		
367.44	669	369	669.03	370	669.04	372.63	669.13	376.51	669.27		
393.5	669.25	396.43	669.27	398.51	669.32	400.24	669.32	402.79	669.31		
404.26	669.33	406.79	669.32	409.36	669.35	411.58	669.42	417.75	669.43		
422.71	669.47	424.32	669.51	429.77	669.72	435.56	669.99	436.02	670		
436.1	670	437.19	670.12	442.35	670.58	445.99	670.8	447.05	670.88		
459.42	672	462.76	672.47	472.79	674	476.37	674.8	479.72	675.58		
481.56	676	483.37	676.6	486.68	677.92	486.91	678	489.89	678.78		
493.21	680	497.61	681.6	498.6	682	500.19	682.61	503.92	684		
504.85	684.3	508.92	686	513.32	687.4	513.88	687.6	514.18	687.68		
515.1	688	515.96	688.31	516.41	688.44	517.86	688.95	521.07	690		
526.77	691.8	527.49	692	528.47	692.33	533.7	694	538.2	694		

Manning's n Values		num= 3			
Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val		
0	.04	239.21	.013	283.82	.04

Bank Sta: Left	Right	Lengths: Left	Channel	Right	Coeff	Contr.	Expan.
239.21	283.82	91.69	90	89.44	.1	.3	

Ineffective Flow		num= 2	
Sta L	Sta R	Elev	Permanent
0	244.51	670	F
268.51	538.2	670	F

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft)	* 670.62	* Element	* Left OB	* Channel	* Right OB
* Vel Head (ft)	* 0.06	* Wt. n-Val.	* 0.040	* 0.013	* 0.040
* W.S. Elev (ft)	* 670.56	* Reach Len. (ft)	* 91.69	* 90.00	* 89.44
* Crit W.S. (ft)	* 667.09	* Flow Area (sq ft)	* 92.28	* 197.17	* 256.24
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	* 0.000060	* Area (sq ft)	* 92.28	* 197.17	* 256.24
* Q Total (cfs)	* 558.00	* Flow (cfs)	* 17.82	* 438.21	* 101.98
* Top Width (ft)	* 371.76	* Top Width (ft)	* 168.82	* 44.61	* 158.33
* Vel Total (ft/s)	* 1.02	* Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	* 0.19	* 2.22	* 0.40
* Max Chl Dpth (ft)	* 6.08	* Hydr. Depth (ft)	* 0.55	* 4.42	* 1.62
* Conv. Total (cfs)	* 71776.6	* Conv. (cfs)	* 2291.6	* 56367.5	* 13117.4
* Length Wtd. (ft)	* 89.90	* Wetted Per. (ft)	* 168.84	* 49.85	* 158.40
* Min Ch El (ft)	* 664.48	* Shear (lb/sq ft)	* 0.00	* 0.01	* 0.01
* Alpha	* 3.74	* Stream Power (lb/ft s)	* 0.00	* 0.03	* 0.00
* Frctn Loss (ft)	* 0.00	* Cum Volume (acre-ft)	* 0.34	* 1.28	* 1.27
* C & E Loss (ft)	* 0.02	* Cum SA (acres)	* 0.64	* 0.38	* 1.20

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
 Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B - Post
 REACH: Stream B RS: 330

INPUT

Description:

Station Elevation Data		num= 116		Sta		Elev		Sta		Elev	
Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
0	673.28	12.91	672.76	15.25	672.76	27.32	672.31	31.55	672.14		
41.05	671.79	41.48	671.78	41.49	671.78	75.57	670.77	77.76	670.77		
85.26	670.76	91.76	670.76	139.39	669.61	139.57	669.61	140.69	669.57		
154.41	669.46	173.63	669.4	182.39	669.32	189.87	669.53	197.23	669.38		
201.57	668.65	216.84	667.57	227.48	667.39	230.66	667.32	238.58	667.34		
245.92	666.9	245.95	666.9	246.13	666.91	251.3	663.08	275.71	663.08		
280.05	666.5	294.25	666.35	319.25	664.92	328.32	664.72	328.37	664.72		
332.58	664.66	336.04	664.66	336.49	664.65	339.19	664.65	346.63	664.55		
362.74	665.62	372.86	666.26	372.88	666.27	381.57	666.18	387.88	666.13		
391.09	666.08	394.25	666.03	398.49	666.01	399.74	666	399.75	666		
407.71	666.11	414.99	666.18	416.86	666.2	418.7	666.21	420.76	666.22		
423.05	666.24	423.98	666.24	424.72	666.25	426.34	666.29	428.6	666.35		
432.2	666.41	434.99	666.45	435.24	666.46	435.56	666.46	439.35	666.64		
448.45	667.1	450.05	667.2	452.08	667.29	455.8	667.46	460.65	667.68		
464.87	667.88	467.36	668	468.49	668	474.03	668.36	480.07	668.74		
485.59	669.15	487.39	669.27	488.74	669.36	489.8	669.43	490.65	669.48		
496.93	669.9	498.23	669.99	498.49	670	498.72	670	498.88	670.01		
499.82	670.14	501.02	670.3	505.11	670.87	507.15	671.15	511.86	671.82		
512.43	671.9	513.1	672	513.57	672.16	517.73	673.38	519.42	673.88		
519.82	674	519.9	674.03	520.15	674.12	525.14	676	528.95	677.23		
531.25	678	533.29	678.89	535.72	680	535.84	680.03	541.91	682		
544.57	683.01	546.96	684	547.85	684.37	552.36	686	556.09	687.22		
558.38	688	562.84	689.91	563.07	690	563.2	690.05	569.51	692		
575.06	694										

Manning's n Values		num= 3			
Sta	n Val	Sta	n Val		
0	.04	246.13	.013	280.05	.04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 246.13 280.05 177.72 180 183.81 .1 .3
 Ineffective Flow num= 2
 Sta L Sta R Elev Permanent
 0 248.5 670.27 F
 277.5 575.06 670.24 F

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

```

*****
* E.G. Elev (ft) * 670.61 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
* Vel Head (ft) * 0.01 * Wt. n-Val. * 0.040 * 0.013 * 0.040 *
* W.S. Elev (ft) * 670.60 * Reach Len. (ft) * 177.72 * 180.00 * 183.81 *
* Crit W.S. (ft) * 665.49 * Flow Area (sq ft) * 227.02 * 237.60 * 916.65 *
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.000008 * Area (sq ft) * 227.02 * 237.60 * 916.65 *
* Q Total (cfs) * 558.00 * Flow (cfs) * 32.40 * 273.79 * 251.81 *
* Top Width (ft) * 404.57 * Top Width (ft) * 147.55 * 33.92 * 223.09 *
* Vel Total (ft/s) * 0.40 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * 0.14 * 1.15 * 0.27 *
* Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 7.52 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * 1.54 * 7.00 * 4.11 *
* Conv. Total (cfs) * 193430.2 * Conv. (cfs) * 11232.7 * 94909.4 * 87288.2 *
* Length Wtd. (ft) * 180.00 * Wetted Per. (ft) * 147.69 * 36.37 * 223.34 *
* Min Ch El (ft) * 663.08 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * 0.00 * 0.00 * 0.00 *
* Alpha * 4.21 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * 0.00 * 0.00 * 0.00 *
* Frctn Loss (ft) * * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * 0.00 * 0.83 * 0.07 *
* C & E Loss (ft) * * Cum SA (acres) * 0.30 * 0.30 * 0.81 *
*****
  
```

Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.

CULVERT

RIVER: Stream B - Post
 REACH: Stream B RS: 315

INPUT

Description: Stream B - IH-35W Crossing
 Distance from Upstream XS = 15
 Deck/Roadway Width = 155
 Weir Coefficient = 2.6
 Upstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates
 num= 3
 Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord

 0 671.4 650 265 670.2 650 575.06 671 650

Upstream Bridge Cross Section Data

Station Elevation Data num= 116
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev

 0 673.28 12.91 672.76 15.25 672.76 27.32 672.31 31.55 672.14
 41.05 671.79 41.48 671.78 41.49 671.78 75.57 670.77 77.76 670.77
 85.26 670.76 91.76 670.76 139.39 669.61 139.57 669.61 140.69 669.57
 154.41 669.46 173.63 669.4 182.39 669.32 189.87 669.53 197.23 669.38
 201.57 668.65 216.84 667.57 227.48 667.39 230.66 667.32 238.58 667.34
 245.92 666.9 245.95 666.9 246.13 666.91 251.3 663.08 275.71 663.08
 280.05 666.5 294.25 666.35 319.25 664.92 328.32 664.72 328.37 664.72
 332.58 664.66 336.04 664.66 336.49 664.65 339.19 664.65 346.63 664.55
 362.74 665.62 372.86 666.26 372.88 666.27 381.57 666.18 387.88 666.13
 391.09 666.08 394.25 666.03 398.49 666.01 399.74 666 399.75 666
 407.71 666.11 414.99 666.18 416.86 666.2 418.7 666.21 420.76 666.22
 423.05 666.24 423.98 666.24 424.72 666.25 426.34 666.29 428.6 666.35
 432.2 666.41 434.99 666.45 435.24 666.46 435.56 666.46 439.35 666.64
 448.45 667.1 450.05 667.2 452.08 667.29 455.8 667.46 460.65 667.68
 464.87 667.88 467.36 668 468.49 668 474.03 668.36 480.07 668.74
 485.59 669.15 487.39 669.27 488.74 669.36 489.8 669.43 490.65 669.48
 496.93 669.9 498.23 669.99 498.49 670 498.72 670 498.88 670.01
 499.82 670.14 501.02 670.3 505.11 670.87 507.15 671.15 511.86 671.82
 512.43 671.9 513.1 672 513.57 672.16 517.73 673.38 519.42 673.88
 519.82 674 519.9 674.03 520.15 674.12 525.14 676 528.95 677.23
 531.25 678 533.29 678.89 535.72 680 535.84 680.03 541.91 682
 544.57 683.01 546.96 684 547.85 684.37 552.36 686 556.09 687.22
 558.38 688 562.84 689.91 563.07 690 563.2 690.05 569.51 692
 575.06 694

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

 0 .04 246.13 .013 280.05 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 246.13 280.05 .1 .3
 Ineffective Flow num= 2
 Sta L Sta R Elev Permanent
 0 248.5 670.27 F
 277.5 575.06 670.24 F

Downstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates

num= 3
 Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord

 0 671.4 650 535 670.2 650 899.7 671 650

Downstream Bridge Cross Section Data

Station Elevation Data num= 150
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev

 0 674.98 9.26 674.27 12.71 674.17 17.53 673.75 28.16 673.78
 28.21 673.78 41.98 673.57 82.67 672.34 107.61 671.58 111.01 671.57
 112 671.57 120.36 671.55 122.43 671.56 129.45 671.56 146.16 671.19
 179.33 670.95 218.23 671.47 218.77 671.48 221.37 671.43 294.41 670.78
 315.88 670.44 369.44 669.6 370.29 669.59 371.06 669.57 453.66 667.99
 460.48 667.55 471.2 666.99 479.95 666.53 481.45 666.3 484.43 666.3
 485.71 666.29 487.54 666.29 489.07 666.28 490.14 666.25 491.09 666.25

500.55	666.39	508.33	666.13	510.79	666	515.07	665.65	515.7	665.55
517.28	665.4	523.63	664.89	524.19	664.84	528.59	662.21	548.44	662.21
552	664.96	553.52	665.08	556.08	664.97	557.88	664.91	560.99	664.89
563.86	664.72	572.63	664.03	572.83	664.01	573.03	664	581.75	663.5
582.42	663.48	584.1	663.5	589.68	663.31	591.64	663.18	594.85	663.01
596.01	662.98	596.67	663.02	600.22	662.9	602.09	663.07	604.97	662.97
605.62	663.02	606.21	663.07	611.05	663.69	614.28	663.68	616.51	663.66
620.32	663.65	626.93	663.59	632.34	663.66	643.24	663.76	645.78	663.78
647.82	663.79	652.38	663.84	654.39	663.87	660.96	663.91	662.11	663.92
664.19	663.95	665.9	663.96	666.01	663.96	668.11	664	672.86	664.19
673.86	664.23	674.54	664.28	675.59	664.36	687.51	664.84	687.87	664.86
689	664.91	693.49	665.07	696.82	665.16	700.39	665.32	706.57	665.72
708.23	665.8	710.53	666	725.04	666.54	731.01	666.66	734.92	666.8
741.26	667.08	747.11	667.22	749.43	667.34	750.91	667.37	754.01	667.39
756.24	667.48	756.8	667.5	762.74	667.71	765.66	667.85	766.04	667.86
768.84	667.99	770.3	668	770.42	668	771.12	668.02	771.26	668.03
777.43	668.35	782.25	668.59	789.79	668.98	794.19	669.18	796.5	669.29
797.66	669.34	806.61	669.88	807.88	669.96	809.8	670	809.83	670
809.88	670.01	810.06	670.03	825.16	671.85	825.8	671.92	826.45	672
833.79	673.28	837.69	674	844.16	675.59	846.16	676	852.37	677.55
854.34	678	857.1	678.64	863.26	680	870.02	681.66	870.94	681.86
871.57	682	872.3	682.2	878.9	684	884.6	685.74	885.44	686
886.11	686.21	892.39	688	895.73	688.98	897.57	689.33	899.7	690

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

 0 .04 523.63 .013 552 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 523.63 552 .1 .3
 Ineffective Flow num= 2
 Sta L Sta R Elev Permanent
 0 523.52 670.23 F
 553.52 899.7 670.24 F

Upstream Embankment side slope = 0 horiz. to 1.0 vertical
 Downstream Embankment side slope = 0 horiz. to 1.0 vertical
 Maximum allowable submergence for weir flow = .98
 Elevation at which weir flow begins =
 Energy head used in spillway design =
 Spillway height used in design =
 Weir crest shape = Broad Crested

Number of Culverts = 1

Culvert Name Shape Rise Span
 Culvert #1 Box 5 6
 FHWA Chart # 8 - flared wingwalls
 FHWA Scale # 1 - Wingwall flared 30 to 75 deg.
 Solution Criteria = Highest U.S. EG
 Culvert Upstrm Dist Length Top n Bottom n Depth Blocked Entrance Loss Coef Exit Loss Coef
 15 155 .013 .013 2 .5 1

Number of Barrels = 3
 Upstream Elevation = 663.08
 Centerline Stations
 Sta. Sta. Sta.
 256.5 263.5 270.5
 Downstream Elevation = 662.21
 Centerline Stations
 Sta. Sta. Sta.
 531.52 538.52 545.52

CULVERT OUTPUT Profile #PF 1 Culv Group: Culvert #1

 * Q Culv Group (cfs) * 498.28 * Culv Full Len (ft) * *
 * # Barrels * 3 * Culv Vel US (ft/s) * 9.23 *
 * Q Barrel (cfs) * 166.09 * Culv Vel DS (ft/s) * 11.43 *
 * E.G. US. (ft) * 670.61 * Culv Inv El Up (ft) * 663.08 *
 * W.S. US. (ft) * 670.60 * Culv Inv El Dn (ft) * 662.21 *
 * E.G. DS (ft) * 666.08 * Culv Frctn Ls (ft) * 1.28 *
 * W.S. DS (ft) * 664.93 * Culv Exit Loss (ft) * 2.59 *
 * Delta EG (ft) * 4.53 * Culv Entr Loss (ft) * 0.66 *
 * Delta WS (ft) * 5.67 * Q Weir (cfs) * 59.72 *
 * E.G. IC (ft) * 670.61 * Weir Sta Lft (ft) * 174.76 *
 * E.G. OC (ft) * 670.12 * Weir Sta Rgt (ft) * 423.40 *
 * Culvert Control * Inlet * Weir Submerg * 0.00 *
 * Culv WS Inlet (ft) * 668.08 * Weir Max Depth (ft) * 0.41 *
 * Culv WS Outlet (ft) * 666.63 * Weir Avg Depth (ft) * 0.20 *
 * Culv Nml Depth (ft) * 2.60 * Weir Flow Area (sq ft) * 50.81 *
 * Culv Crt Depth (ft) * 2.88 * Min El Weir Flow (ft) * 670.21 *

Warning: The flow through the culvert is supercritical. However, since there is flow over the road (weir flow), the program cannot determine if the downstream cross section should be subcritical or supercritical. The program used the downstream subcritical answer, even though it may not be valid.

Warning: During the supercritical analysis, the program could not converge on a supercritical answer in the downstream cross section. The program used the solution with the least error.

Warning: During the culvert outlet control computations, the program could not balance the culvert/weir flow. The reported outlet energy grade answer may not be valid.

Note: The flow in the culvert is entirely supercritical.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B - Post
 REACH: Stream B RS: 150

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 150
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev

 0 674.98 9.26 674.27 12.71 674.17 17.53 673.75 28.16 673.78

28.21	673.78	41.98	673.57	82.67	672.34	107.61	671.58	111.01	671.57
112	671.57	120.36	671.55	122.43	671.56	129.45	671.56	146.16	671.19
179.33	670.95	218.23	671.47	218.77	671.48	221.37	671.43	294.41	670.78
315.88	670.44	369.44	669.6	370.29	669.59	371.06	669.57	453.66	667.99
460.48	667.55	471.2	666.99	479.95	666.53	481.45	666.3	484.43	666.3
485.71	666.29	487.54	666.29	489.07	666.28	490.14	666.25	491.09	666.25
500.55	666.39	508.33	666.13	510.79	666	515.07	665.65	515.7	665.55
517.28	665.4	523.63	664.89	524.19	664.84	528.59	662.21	548.44	662.21
552	664.96	553.52	665.08	556.08	664.97	557.88	664.91	560.99	664.89
563.86	664.72	572.63	664.03	572.83	664.01	573.03	664	581.75	663.5
582.42	663.48	584.1	663.5	589.68	663.31	591.64	663.18	594.85	663.01
596.01	662.98	596.67	663.02	600.22	662.9	602.09	663.07	604.97	662.97
605.62	663.02	606.21	663.07	611.05	663.69	614.28	663.68	616.51	663.66
620.32	663.65	626.93	663.59	632.34	663.66	643.24	663.76	645.78	663.78
647.82	663.79	652.38	663.84	654.39	663.87	660.96	663.91	662.11	663.92
664.19	663.95	665.9	663.96	666.01	663.96	668.11	664	672.86	664.19
673.86	664.23	674.54	664.28	675.59	664.36	687.51	664.84	687.87	664.86
689	664.91	693.49	665.07	696.82	665.16	700.39	665.32	706.57	665.72
708.23	665.8	710.53	666	725.04	666.54	731.01	666.66	734.92	666.8
741.26	667.08	747.11	667.22	749.43	667.34	750.91	667.37	754.01	667.39
756.24	667.48	756.8	667.5	762.74	667.71	765.66	667.85	766.04	667.86
768.84	667.99	770.3	668	770.42	668	771.12	668.02	771.26	668.03
777.43	668.35	782.25	668.59	789.79	668.98	794.19	669.18	796.5	669.29
797.66	669.34	806.61	669.88	807.88	669.96	809.8	670	809.83	670
809.88	670.01	810.06	670.03	825.16	671.85	825.8	671.92	826.45	672
833.79	673.28	837.69	674	844.16	675.59	846.16	676	852.37	677.55
854.34	678	857.1	678.64	863.26	680	870.02	681.66	870.94	681.86
871.57	682	872.3	682.2	878.9	684	884.6	685.74	885.44	686
886.11	686.21	892.39	688	895.73	688.98	897.57	689.33	899.7	690

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

 0 .04 523.63 .013 552 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 523.63 552 39.8 40 41.13 .1 .3
 Ineffective Flow num= 2
 Sta L Sta R Elev Permanent
 0 523.52 670.23 F
 553.52 899.7 670.24 F

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft)	* 666.08	* Element	* Left OB	* Channel	* Right OB	*
* Vel Head (ft)	* 1.15	* Wt. n-Val.	* 0.040	* 0.013	*	*
* W.S. Elev (ft)	* 664.93	* Reach Len. (ft)	* 39.80	* 40.00	* 41.13	*
* Crit W.S. (ft)	* 664.93	* Flow Area (sq ft)	* 0.00	* 64.92	*	*
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	* 0.002018	* Area (sq ft)	* 0.01	* 64.92	* 143.11	*
* Q Total (cfs)	* 558.00	* Flow (cfs)	* 0.00	* 558.00	*	*
* Top Width (ft)	* 160.92	* Top Width (ft)	* 0.46	* 28.33	* 132.13	*
* Vel Total (ft/s)	* 8.59	* Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	* 0.17	* 8.59	*	*
* Max Chl Dpth (ft)	* 2.72	* Hydr. Depth (ft)	* 0.03	* 2.29	*	*
* Conv. Total (cfs)	* 12420.0	* Conv. (cfs)	* 0.0	* 12420.0	*	*
* Length Wtd. (ft)	* 40.00	* Wetted Per. (ft)	* 0.11	* 29.98	*	*
* Min Ch El (ft)	* 662.21	* Shear (lb/sq ft)	* 0.00	* 0.27	*	*
* Alpha	* 1.00	* Stream Power (lb/ft s)	* 0.00	* 2.35	*	*
* Frctn Loss (ft)	* 0.14	* Cum Volume (acre-ft)	* 0.00	* 0.10	* 0.07	*
* C & E Loss (ft)	* 0.14	* Cum SA (acres)	* 0.00	* 0.17	* 0.06	*

Warning: The energy equation could not be balanced within the specified number of iterations. The program used critical depth for the water surface and continued on with the calculations.
 Warning: Divided flow computed for this cross-section.
 Warning: During the standard step iterations, when the assumed water surface was set equal to critical depth, the calculated water surface came back below critical depth. This indicates that there is not a valid subcritical answer. The program defaulted to critical depth.
 Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B - Post
 REACH: Stream B RS: 110

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 154

Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev	Sta	Elev
*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****
0	672.65	9.4	672.41	18.52	672.23	26.46	672.1	44.54	671.61
46.03	671.61	51.99	671.62	64.9	671.59	71.74	671.57	73.69	671.57
141.32	670.04	143.37	669.99	146.98	669.92	147.58	669.91	147.81	669.9
162.97	669.59	167.96	669.57	176.37	669.56	182.07	669.56	200.55	669.55
235.25	668.3	250.44	667.76	252.54	667.69	257.63	667.57	272.44	667.54
314.76	666	330.9	665.87	339.65	665.57	346.88	665.56	349.28	665.56
355.04	665.54	406.78	665.45	418.36	665.92	420.44	665.87	420.8	665.86
421.02	665.86	422.37	665.82	423.76	665.79	423.92	665.77	424.11	665.76
436.15	665.57	436.42	665.53	438.82	665.1	439.54	665	445.49	664
446.35	663.73	448.86	662.93	450.52	662.45	451.58	661.59	476.07	661.59
478.09	662.81	479.26	663.22	482.51	663.85	483.17	664	487.2	664.76
490.18	665.09	492.77	665.02	494.43	665.1	499.47	665.11	502.1	665.16
504.4	665.18	507.8	665.13	511.51	665.02	518.74	665.29	525.97	665.3
526.65	665.33	529.33	665.3	531.32	665.4	538.3	665.3	543.09	665.44
548.42	665.42	552.49	665.44	557.05	665.51	559.15	665.54	564.8	665.61
571.15	665.73	573.85	665.78	578	665.83	579.85	665.84	580.37	665.84
587.96	665.99	589.31	665.99	591.11	665.98	598.62	666	598.69	666
605.14	666.36	609.94	666.57	612.14	666.63	614.92	666.72	619.74	666.92
621.29	666.99	628.51	667.32	631.12	667.46	632.88	667.54	634.76	667.63
636.4	667.69	646.68	668	647.75	668.1	648.05	668.1	654.32	668.71
655.81	668.75	660.3	668.97	668.19	669.33	669.44	669.4	670.92	669.43
673.72	669.58	675.34	669.67	680.82	669.75	687.23	669.95	687.3	669.96
688.17	670	698.79	670.9	699.67	670.91	701.78	671	704.22	671.2
706.95	671.04	709.14	670.96	710.54	670.95	712.8	670.97	716.36	671.1

721.56	671.17	723.35	671.22	724.93	671.27	733.07	671.65	739.35	671.98
740.37	671.99	741.89	671.99	743.07	672	750.76	672	751.67	672.07
752.63	672.15	753.08	672.19	766.9	673.35	769.63	673.55	773.41	673.86
774.44	674	781.21	675.59	782.91	676	783.71	676.11	789.25	676.8
795.43	677.65	797.64	678	798.52	678.16	809.7	680	818.35	681.93
818.66	682	819.06	682.09	824.34	683.36	827.63	684	829.93	684.59
832.1	685.19	835.29	686	840.17	687.01	845.36	688		

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

 0 .04 436.42 .013 490.18 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 436.42 490.18 97.45 110 118.12 .1 .3
 Ineffective Flow num= 2
 Sta L Sta R Elev Permanent
 0 450.33 669 F
 477.63 845.36 669 F

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

 * E.G. Elev (ft) * 665.80 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
 * Vel Head (ft) * 2.57 * Wt. n-Val. * * * 0.013 * *
 * W.S. Elev (ft) * 663.23 * Reach Len. (ft) * * 97.45 * 110.00 * 118.12 *
 * Crit W.S. (ft) * 663.99 * Flow Area (sq ft) * * * 43.43 * *
 * E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.006995 * Area (sq ft) * * * 44.84 * *
 * Q Total (cfs) * 558.00 * Flow (cfs) * * * 558.00 * *
 * Top Width (ft) * 31.40 * Top Width (ft) * * * 31.40 * *
 * Vel Total (ft/s) * 12.85 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * * 12.85 * *
 * Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 1.64 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * * 1.59 * *
 * Conv. Total (cfs) * 6671.9 * Conv. (cfs) * * * 6671.9 * *
 * Length Wtd. (ft) * 110.00 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * * 27.88 * *
 * Min Ch El (ft) * 661.59 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * * 0.68 * *
 * Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * * 8.74 * *
 * Frctn Loss (ft) * * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * * * 0.05 * *
 * C & E Loss (ft) * * Cum SA (acres) * * * 0.14 * *

Warning: The velocity head has changed by more than 0.5 ft (0.15 m). This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
 Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.
 Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, water surface was used.

CULVERT

RIVER: Stream B - Post
 REACH: Stream B RS: 100

INPUT

Description: Stream B - Access Road East Crossing
 Distance from Upstream XS = 10
 Deck/Roadway Width = 65
 Weir Coefficient = 2.6
 Upstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates

num= 2
 Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord

 0 669 650 845.36 669 650

Upstream Bridge Cross Section Data

Station Elevation Data num= 154
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev

 0 672.65 9.4 672.41 18.52 672.23 26.46 672.1 44.54 671.61
 46.03 671.61 51.99 671.62 64.9 671.59 71.74 671.57 73.69 671.57
 141.32 670.04 143.37 669.99 146.98 669.92 147.58 669.91 147.81 669.9
 162.97 669.59 167.96 669.57 176.37 669.56 182.07 669.56 200.55 669.55
 235.25 668.3 250.44 667.76 252.54 667.69 257.63 667.57 272.44 667.54
 314.76 666 330.9 665.87 339.65 665.57 346.88 665.56 349.28 665.56
 355.04 665.54 406.78 665.45 418.36 665.92 420.44 665.87 420.8 665.86
 421.02 665.86 422.37 665.82 423.76 665.79 423.92 665.77 424.11 665.76
 436.15 665.57 436.42 665.53 438.82 665.1 439.54 665 445.49 664
 446.35 663.73 448.86 662.93 450.52 662.45 451.58 661.59 476.07 661.59
 478.09 662.81 479.26 663.22 482.51 663.85 483.17 664 487.2 664.76
 490.18 665.09 492.77 665.02 494.43 665.1 499.47 665.11 502.1 665.16
 504.4 665.18 507.8 665.13 511.51 665.02 518.74 665.29 525.97 665.3
 526.65 665.33 529.33 665.3 531.32 665.4 538.3 665.3 543.09 665.44
 548.42 665.42 552.49 665.44 557.05 665.51 559.15 665.54 564.8 665.61
 571.15 665.73 573.85 665.78 578 665.83 579.85 665.84 580.37 665.84
 587.96 665.99 589.31 665.99 591.11 665.98 598.62 666 598.69 666
 605.14 666.36 609.94 666.57 612.14 666.63 614.92 666.72 619.74 666.92
 621.29 666.99 628.51 667.32 631.12 667.46 632.88 667.54 634.76 667.63
 636.4 667.69 646.68 668 647.75 668.1 648.05 668.1 654.32 668.71
 655.81 668.75 660.3 668.97 668.19 669.33 669.44 669.4 670.92 669.43
 673.72 669.58 675.34 669.67 680.82 669.75 687.23 669.95 687.3 669.96
 688.17 670 698.79 670.9 699.67 670.91 701.78 671 704.22 671.2
 706.95 671.04 709.14 670.96 710.54 670.95 712.8 670.97 716.36 671.1
 721.56 671.17 723.35 671.22 724.93 671.27 733.07 671.65 739.35 671.98
 740.37 671.99 741.89 671.99 743.07 672 750.76 672 751.67 672.07
 752.63 672.15 753.08 672.19 766.9 673.35 769.63 673.55 773.41 673.86
 774.44 674 781.21 675.59 782.91 676 783.71 676.11 789.25 676.8
 795.43 677.65 797.64 678 798.52 678.16 809.7 680 818.35 681.93
 818.66 682 819.06 682.09 824.34 683.36 827.63 684 829.93 684.59
 832.1 685.19 835.29 686 840.17 687.01 845.36 688

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

 0 .04 436.42 .013 490.18 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan.

436.42 490.18 .1 .3
 Ineffective Flow num= 2
 Sta L Sta R Elev Permanent
 0 450.33 669 F
 477.63 845.36 669 F

Downstream Deck/Roadway Coordinates
 num= 2
 Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord Sta Hi Cord Lo Cord

 0 669 650 425.04 669 650

Downstream Bridge Cross Section Data
 Station Elevation Data num= 48
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev

 0 670.41 36.69 669.76 41.29 669.57 43.66 669.46 46.27 669.42
 56.99 668.88 86.83 668.58 117.24 667.98 130.83 667.6 173.94 667.58
 178.07 667.59 179.45 667.59 184.45 667.57 197.28 666.75 230.61 666.54
 234.51 666.42 243.11 665.86 246.97 665.57 247.19 665.53 251.87 664.57
 256.46 663.67 256.84 663.57 295.22 657.45 314.22 657.45 342.69 662
 342.98 662.01 351.72 662.62 357.75 663.03 361.52 663.27 370.1 664
 376.22 664.66 376.7 664.68 377.22 664.72 389.96 665.79 390.3 665.79
 395.57 665.99 395.87 666 401.04 667.01 402.87 667.42 406.07 667.94
 406.53 667.94 408.12 668 413.1 668.71 417.45 669.82 417.64 669.87
 418.25 670 424.09 671.64 425.04 672

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

 0 .04 230.61 .013 425.04 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 230.61 425.04 .1 .3
 Ineffective Flow num= 2
 Sta L Sta R Elev Permanent
 0 291.22 669 F
 318.22 425.04 669 F

Upstream Embankment side slope = 0 horiz. to 1.0 vertical
 Downstream Embankment side slope = 0 horiz. to 1.0 vertical
 Maximum allowable submergence for weir flow = .98
 Elevation at which weir flow begins =
 Energy head used in spillway design =
 Spillway height used in design =
 Weir crest shape = Broad Crested

Number of Culverts = 1

Culvert Name Shape Rise Span
 Culvert #1 Box 4 5
 FHWA Chart # 8 - flared wingwalls
 FHWA Scale # 1 - Wingwall flared 30 to 75 deg.
 Solution Criteria = Highest U.S. EG
 Culvert Upstrm Dist Length Top n Bottom n Depth Blocked Entrance Loss Coef Exit Loss Coef
 10 65 .013 .013 0 .5 1

Number of Barrels = 3
 Upstream Elevation = 661.59
 Centerline Stations
 Sta. Sta. Sta.
 457.83 463.83 470.13
 Downstream Elevation = 657.45
 Centerline Stations
 Sta. Sta. Sta.
 298.72 304.72 310.72

CULVERT OUTPUT Profile #PF 1 Culv Group: Culvert #1

 * Q Culv Group (cfs) * 558.00 * Culv Full Len (ft) * 65.00 *
 * # Barrels * 3 * Culv Vel US (ft/s) * 9.30 *
 * Q Barrel (cfs) * 186.00 * Culv Vel DS (ft/s) * 9.30 *
 * E.G. US. (ft) * 665.80 * Culv Inv El Up (ft) * 661.59 *
 * W.S. US. (ft) * 663.23 * Culv Inv El Dn (ft) * 657.45 *
 * E.G. DS (ft) * 662.48 * Culv Frctn Ls (ft) * 3.42 *
 * W.S. DS (ft) * 662.17 * Culv Exit Loss (ft) * 1.03 *
 * Delta EG (ft) * 3.32 * Culv Entr Loss (ft) * 0.67 *
 * Delta WS (ft) * 1.06 * Q Weir (cfs) * * *
 * E.G. IC (ft) * 667.90 * Weir Sta Lft (ft) * * *
 * E.G. OC (ft) * 664.56 * Weir Sta Rgt (ft) * * *
 * Culvert Control * Outlet * Weir Submerg * * *
 * Culv WS Inlet (ft) * 665.59 * Weir Max Depth (ft) * * *
 * Culv WS Outlet (ft) * 661.45 * Weir Avg Depth (ft) * * *
 * Culv Nml Depth (ft) * 1.39 * Weir Flow Area (sq ft) * * *
 * Culv Crt Depth (ft) * 3.50 * Min El Weir Flow (ft) * 669.01 *

Warning: During subcritical analysis, the water surface upstream of culvert went to critical depth.
 Note: During the supercritical calculations a hydraulic jump occurred inside of the culvert.
 Note: During the supercritical calculations a hydraulic jump occurred at the inlet of (going into) the culvert.
 Note: The culvert inlet is submerged and the culvert flows full over part or all of its length. Therefore, the culvert inlet equations are not valid and the supercritical result has been discarded. The outlet answer will be used.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B - Post
 REACH: Stream B RS: 0

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 48
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev

 0 670.41 36.69 669.76 41.29 669.57 43.66 669.46 46.27 669.42

56.99	668.88	86.83	668.58	117.24	667.98	130.83	667.6	173.94	667.58
178.07	667.59	179.45	667.59	184.45	667.57	197.28	666.75	230.61	666.54
234.51	666.42	243.11	665.86	246.97	665.57	247.19	665.53	251.87	664.57
256.46	663.67	256.84	663.57	295.22	657.45	314.22	657.45	342.69	662
342.98	662.01	351.72	662.62	357.75	663.03	361.52	663.27	370.1	664
376.22	664.66	376.7	664.68	377.22	664.72	389.96	665.79	390.3	665.79
395.57	665.99	395.87	666	401.04	667.01	402.87	667.42	406.07	667.94
406.53	667.94	408.12	668	413.1	668.71	417.45	669.82	417.64	669.87
418.25	670	424.09	671.64	425.04	672				

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

 0 .04 230.61 .013 425.04 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 230.61 425.04 .1 .3
 Ineffective Flow num= 2
 Sta L Sta R Elev Permanent
 0 291.22 669 F
 318.22 425.04 669 F

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

```

*****
* E.G. Elev (ft) * 662.48 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
* Vel Head (ft) * 0.31 * Wt. n-Val. * * * 0.013 * *
* W.S. Elev (ft) * 662.17 * Reach Len. (ft) * * * * *
* Crit W.S. (ft) * 659.91 * Flow Area (sq ft) * * * 124.89 * *
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.000199 * Area (sq ft) * * * 229.37 * *
* Q Total (cfs) * 558.00 * Flow (cfs) * * * 558.00 * *
* Top Width (ft) * 79.65 * Top Width (ft) * * * 79.65 * *
* Vel Total (ft/s) * 4.47 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * * 4.47 * *
* Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 4.72 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * * 4.63 * *
* Conv. Total (cfs) * 39528.4 * Conv. (cfs) * * * 39528.4 * *
* Length Wtd. (ft) * * * Wetted Per. (ft) * * * 27.10 * *
* Min Ch El (ft) * 657.45 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * * 0.06 * *
* Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * * 0.26 * *
* Frctn Loss (ft) * * * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * * * * *
* C & E Loss (ft) * * * Cum SA (acres) * * * * *
*****

```

Note: Multiple critical depths were found at this location. The critical depth with the lowest, valid, energy was used.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B West
 REACH: Stream B - West RS: 1050

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 25
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev

 0 713.92 .79 713.97 1.22 714 1.71 714 1.94 714.03
 5.65 714.58 10.29 715.52 10.71 715.35 15.95 713.25 56.28 697.12
 56.57 697 71.05 697 106.18 711.12 113.3 713.98 114.07 713.98
 114.27 713.98 117.28 713.99 120.67 714 122.85 714.02 123.03 714.02
 123.57 714.01 124.91 714.01 126.73 714 130.78 713.99 137.27 713.99

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

 0 .04 10.29 .04 114.07 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 10.29 114.07 500.8 500 493.01 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

```

*****
* E.G. Elev (ft) * 700.76 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
* Vel Head (ft) * 0.23 * Wt. n-Val. * * * 0.040 * *
* W.S. Elev (ft) * 700.53 * Reach Len. (ft) * * * 500.80 * * 493.01 *
* Crit W.S. (ft) * 699.14 * Flow Area (sq ft) * * * 82.19 * *
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.003209 * Area (sq ft) * * * 82.19 * *
* Q Total (cfs) * 315.00 * Flow (cfs) * * * 315.00 * *
* Top Width (ft) * 32.08 * Top Width (ft) * * * 32.08 * *
* Vel Total (ft/s) * 3.83 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * * 3.83 * *
* Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 3.53 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * * 2.56 * *
* Conv. Total (cfs) * 5560.3 * Conv. (cfs) * * * 5560.3 * *
* Length Wtd. (ft) * 500.00 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * * 33.45 * *
* Min Ch El (ft) * 697.00 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * * 0.49 * *
* Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * * 1.89 * *
* Frctn Loss (ft) * 1.90 * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * * * 4.96 * *
* C & E Loss (ft) * 0.01 * Cum SA (acres) * * * 1.32 * *
*****

```

Warning: The energy loss was greater than 1.0 ft (0.3 m). between the current and previous cross section. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B West
 REACH: Stream B - West RS: 550

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 19
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev

 0 709.92 2.81 709.9 11.9 709.35 11.94 709.38 12.07 709.46
 12.09 709.79 18.72 707.1 44.41 696.84 82.08 696.84 89.5 696.85
 117.6 708.06 120.83 709.34 121.55 709.63 121.8 709.6 131.72 708.11

141.01 708.04 146.84 708 148.63 707.99 153.13 707.99

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

 0 .04 12.09 .04 121.55 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 12.09 121.55 214.14 200 171.74 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

 * E.G. Elev (ft) * 698.85 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
 * Vel Head (ft) * 0.19 * Wt. n-Val. * * 0.040 * *
 * W.S. Elev (ft) * 698.66 * Reach Len. (ft) * 214.14 * 200.00 * 171.74 *
 * Crit W.S. (ft) * * * Flow Area (sq ft) * * 90.20 * *
 * E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.004555 * Area (sq ft) * * 90.20 * *
 * Q Total (cfs) * 315.00 * Flow (cfs) * * 315.00 * *
 * Top Width (ft) * 54.18 * Top Width (ft) * * 54.18 * *
 * Vel Total (ft/s) * 3.49 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * 3.49 * *
 * Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 1.82 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * 1.66 * *
 * Conv. Total (cfs) * 4667.3 * Conv. (cfs) * * 4667.3 * *
 * Length Wtd. (ft) * 200.00 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * 54.87 * *
 * Min Ch El (ft) * 696.84 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * 0.47 * *
 * Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * 1.63 * *
 * Frctn Loss (ft) * 0.07 * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * * 3.97 * *
 * C & E Loss (ft) * 0.05 * Cum SA (acres) * * 0.82 * *

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B West
 REACH: Stream B - West RS: 350

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 22
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev

 0 706.05 4.78 706.05 8.07 706.04 8.16 706.01 37.75 694.15
 43.13 692 67.18 692 93.03 702.24 97.4 703.95 103.21 706.24
 107.69 708 107.78 708 108.88 708 110.1 708.01 110.88 708.01
 114 708 121.15 708 131.21 707.55 139.04 707.23 140.23 707.2
 140.57 707.21 140.7 707.21

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

 0 .04 8.16 .04 107.78 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 8.16 107.78 254.15 250 248.78 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

 * E.G. Elev (ft) * 698.72 * Element * Left OB * Channel * Right OB *
 * Vel Head (ft) * 0.02 * Wt. n-Val. * * 0.040 * *
 * W.S. Elev (ft) * 698.70 * Reach Len. (ft) * 254.15 * 250.00 * 248.78 *
 * Crit W.S. (ft) * * * Flow Area (sq ft) * * 273.98 * *
 * E.G. Slope (ft/ft) * 0.000127 * Area (sq ft) * * 273.98 * *
 * Q Total (cfs) * 315.00 * Flow (cfs) * * 315.00 * *
 * Top Width (ft) * 57.70 * Top Width (ft) * * 57.70 * *
 * Vel Total (ft/s) * 1.15 * Avg. Vel. (ft/s) * * 1.15 * *
 * Max Chl Dpth (ft) * 6.70 * Hydr. Depth (ft) * * 4.75 * *
 * Conv. Total (cfs) * 27928.6 * Conv. (cfs) * * 27928.6 * *
 * Length Wtd. (ft) * 250.00 * Wetted Per. (ft) * * 60.28 * *
 * Min Ch El (ft) * 692.00 * Shear (lb/sq ft) * * 0.04 * *
 * Alpha * 1.00 * Stream Power (lb/ft s) * * 0.04 * *
 * Frctn Loss (ft) * 0.01 * Cum Volume (acre-ft) * * 3.14 * *
 * C & E Loss (ft) * 0.01 * Cum SA (acres) * * 0.56 * *

Warning: The conveyance ratio (upstream conveyance divided by downstream conveyance) is less than 0.7 or greater than 1.4. This may indicate the need for additional cross sections.

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: Stream B West
 REACH: Stream B - West RS: 100

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 14
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev

 0 703.94 8.04 703.94 9.02 703.54 16.29 700.64 37.93 692
 143.09 692 152.15 695.59 168.9 702.24 169.33 702.41 172.97 703.86
 177.04 705.47 188.93 704.12 189.89 704 196.11 704

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

 0 .04 8.04 .04 177.04 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 8.04 177.04 .1 .3

CROSS SECTION OUTPUT Profile #PF 1

* E.G. Elev (ft)	* 698.71	* Element	* Left OB	* Channel	* Right OB
* Vel Head (ft)	* 0.00	* Wt. n-Val.	* 0.00	* 0.040	* 0.00
* W.S. Elev (ft)	* 698.71	* Reach Len. (ft)	* 0.00	* 0.00	* 0.00
* Crit W.S. (ft)	*	* Flow Area (sq ft)	*	* 818.55	*
* E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	* 0.000010	* Area (sq ft)	*	* 818.55	*
* Q Total (cfs)	* 315.00	* Flow (cfs)	*	* 315.00	*
* Top Width (ft)	* 138.88	* Top Width (ft)	*	* 138.88	*
* Vel Total (ft/s)	* 0.38	* Avg. Vel. (ft/s)	*	* 0.38	*
* Max Chl Dpth (ft)	* 6.71	* Hydr. Depth (ft)	*	* 5.89	*
* Conv. Total (cfs)	* 98011.7	* Conv. (cfs)	*	* 98011.7	*
* Length Wtd. (ft)	* 0.00	* Wetted Per. (ft)	*	* 141.45	*
* Min Ch El (ft)	* 692.00	* Shear (lb/sq ft)	*	* 0.00	*
* Alpha	* 1.00	* Stream Power (lb/ft s)	*	* 0.00	*
* Frctn Loss (ft)	* 0.00	* Cum Volume (acre-ft)	*	*	*
* C & E Loss (ft)	* 0.00	* Cum SA (acres)	*	*	*

SUMMARY OF MANNING'S N VALUES

River: Stream A - Post

* Reach	* River Sta.	* n1	* n2	* n3
*Stream A	* 5430	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream A	* 5230	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream A	* 4930	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream A	* 4570	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream A	* 4550	* Culvert	*	*
*Stream A	* 4510	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream A	* 4350	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream A	* 3850	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream A	* 3365	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream A	* 3150	* .02*	* .02*	* .02*
*Stream A	* 2800	* .012*	* .012*	* .012*
*Stream A	* 2300	* .012*	* .012*	* .012*
*Stream A	* 2200	* .012*	* .012*	* .012*
*Stream A	* 1950	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream A	* 1800	* Culvert	*	*
*Stream A	* 1750	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream A	* 1500	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*

River: Stream B - Post

* Reach	* River Sta.	* n1	* n2	* n3
*Stream B South	* 3310	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream B South	* 3010	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream B South	* 2630	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream B South	* 2610	* Culvert	*	*
*Stream B South	* 2585	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream B	* 2220	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream B	* 1920	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream B	* 1520	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream B	* 1475	* Culvert	*	*
*Stream B	* 1410	* .012*	* .012*	* .012*
*Stream B	* 1270	* .012*	* .012*	* .012*
*Stream B	* 820	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream B	* 670	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream B	* 520	* .04*	* .013*	* .04*
*Stream B	* 500	* Culvert	*	*
*Stream B	* 420	* .04*	* .013*	* .04*
*Stream B	* 330	* .04*	* .013*	* .04*
*Stream B	* 315	* Culvert	*	*
*Stream B	* 150	* .04*	* .013*	* .04*
*Stream B	* 110	* .04*	* .013*	* .04*
*Stream B	* 100	* Culvert	*	*
*Stream B	* 0	* .04*	* .013*	* .04*

River: Stream B West

* Reach	* River Sta.	* n1	* n2	* n3
*Stream B - West	* 1050	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream B - West	* 550	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream B - West	* 350	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*
*Stream B - West	* 100	* .04*	* .04*	* .04*

SUMMARY OF REACH LENGTHS

River: Stream A - Post

* Reach	* River Sta.	* Left	* Channel	* Right
*Stream A	* 5430	* 227.52*	* 200*	* 224.62*
*Stream A	* 5230	* 374.73*	* 300*	* 286.75*
*Stream A	* 4930	* 366.75*	* 360*	* 359.65*
*Stream A	* 4570	* 62.12*	* 60*	* 65.76*
*Stream A	* 4550	* Culvert	*	*
*Stream A	* 4510	* 153.85*	* 160*	* 164.58*
*Stream A	* 4350	* 504.26*	* 500*	* 496.65*
*Stream A	* 3850	* 477.96*	* 485*	* 486.99*
*Stream A	* 3365	* 227.58*	* 215*	* 211.6*
*Stream A	* 3150	* 349.69*	* 350*	* 350.87*
*Stream A	* 2800	* 502.05*	* 500*	* 497.75*
*Stream A	* 2300	* 103.77*	* 100*	* 99.16*
*Stream A	* 2200	* 247.27*	* 250*	* 249.74*
*Stream A	* 1950	* 189.26*	* 200*	* 170.1*

```

*Stream A * 1800 *Culvert * * *
*Stream A * 1750 * 300.57* 249.77* 254.53*
*Stream A * 1500 * 1500* 1500* 1500*
*****

```

River: Stream B - Post

```

*****
* Reach * River Sta. * Left * Channel * Right *
*****
*Stream B South * 3310 * 309.88* 300* 295.42*
*Stream B South * 3010 * 516.47* 370* 381.52*
*Stream B South * 2630 * 46.23* 45* 43.18*
*Stream B South * 2610 *Culvert * * *
*Stream B South * 2585 * 97.84* 110* 136.17*
*Stream B * 2220 * 294.85* 300* 298.89*
*Stream B * 1920 * 400.37* 400* 399.56*
*Stream B * 1520 * 109.76* 110* 109.65*
*Stream B * 1475 *Culvert * * *
*Stream B * 1410 * 139.22* 140* 141.54*
*Stream B * 1270 * 417.1* 450* 465.86*
*Stream B * 820 * 493.97* 150* 138.84*
*Stream B * 670 * 1836.03* 150* 60.93*
*Stream B * 520 * 130.31* 100* 163.8*
*Stream B * 500 *Culvert * * *
*Stream B * 420 * 91.69* 90* 89.44*
*Stream B * 330 * 177.72* 180* 183.81*
*Stream B * 315 *Culvert * * *
*Stream B * 150 * 39.8* 40* 41.13*
*Stream B * 110 * 97.45* 110* 118.12*
*Stream B * 100 *Culvert * * *
*Stream B * 0 * * * *
*****

```

River: Stream B West

```

*****
* Reach * River Sta. * Left * Channel * Right *
*****
*Stream B - West * 1050 * 500.8* 500* 493.01*
*Stream B - West * 550 * 214.14* 200* 171.74*
*Stream B - West * 350 * 254.15* 250* 248.78*
*Stream B - West * 100 * * * *
*****

```

SUMMARY OF CONTRACTION AND EXPANSION COEFFICIENTS

River: Stream A - Post

```

*****
* Reach * River Sta. * Contr. * Expan. *
*****
*Stream A * 5430 * .1* .3*
*Stream A * 5230 * .1* .3*
*Stream A * 4930 * .1* .3*
*Stream A * 4570 * .1* .3*
*Stream A * 4550 *Culvert * *
*Stream A * 4510 * .1* .3*
*Stream A * 4350 * .1* .3*
*Stream A * 3850 * .1* .3*
*Stream A * 3365 * .1* .3*
*Stream A * 3150 * .1* .3*
*Stream A * 2800 * .1* .3*
*Stream A * 2300 * .1* .3*
*Stream A * 2200 * .1* .3*
*Stream A * 1950 * .1* .3*
*Stream A * 1800 *Culvert * *
*Stream A * 1750 * .1* .3*
*Stream A * 1500 * .1* .3*
*****

```

River: Stream B - Post

```

*****
* Reach * River Sta. * Contr. * Expan. *
*****
*Stream B South * 3310 * .1* .3*
*Stream B South * 3010 * .1* .3*
*Stream B South * 2630 * .1* .3*
*Stream B South * 2610 *Culvert * *
*Stream B South * 2585 * .1* .3*
*Stream B * 2220 * .1* .3*
*Stream B * 1920 * .1* .3*
*Stream B * 1520 * .1* .3*
*Stream B * 1475 *Culvert * *
*Stream B * 1410 * .1* .3*
*Stream B * 1270 * .1* .3*
*Stream B * 820 * .1* .3*
*Stream B * 670 * .1* .3*
*Stream B * 520 * .1* .3*
*Stream B * 500 *Culvert * *
*Stream B * 420 * .1* .3*
*Stream B * 330 * .1* .3*
*Stream B * 315 *Culvert * *
*Stream B * 150 * .1* .3*
*Stream B * 110 * .1* .3*
*Stream B * 100 *Culvert * *
*Stream B * 0 * .1* .3*
*****

```

River: Stream B West

```

*****
* Reach * River Sta. * Contr. * Expan. *
*****
*Stream B - West * 1050 * .1* .3*
*Stream B - West * 550 * .1* .3*

```


*Stream B - West * 350 * .1* .3*
 *Stream B - West * 100 * .1* .3*

Profile Output Table - Standard Table 1

* River Chnl	* Reach Flow Area	* Top Width	* Froude	* River Sta # Chl	* Profile	* Q Total (cfs)	* Min Ch El (ft)	* W.S. Elev (ft)	* Crit W.S. (ft)	* E.G. Elev (ft)	* E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	* Vel
* Stream B West	* 82.19	* 32.08	* 0.42	* 1050	* PF 1	* 315.00	* 697.00	* 700.53	* 699.14	* 700.76	* 0.003209	*
* Stream B West	* 90.20	* 54.18	* 0.48	* 550	* PF 1	* 315.00	* 696.84	* 698.66	*	* 698.85	* 0.004555	*
* Stream B West	* 273.98	* 57.70	* 0.09	* 350	* PF 1	* 315.00	* 692.00	* 698.70	*	* 698.72	* 0.000127	*
* Stream B West	* 818.55	* 138.88	* 0.03	* 100	* PF 1	* 315.00	* 692.00	* 698.71	*	* 698.71	* 0.000010	*
* Stream B - Post	* 62.10	* 86.17	* 0.60	* 3310	* PF 1	* 179.00	* 713.01	* 714.43	* 714.16	* 714.56	* 0.009327	*
* Stream B - Post	* 40.60	* 68.71	* 1.01	* 3010	* PF 1	* 179.00	* 708.59	* 709.71	* 709.71	* 710.01	* 0.028438	*
* Stream B - Post	* 329.74	* 175.45	* 0.06	* 2630	* PF 1	* 179.00	* 699.71	* 704.67	* 701.17	* 704.67	* 0.000052	*
* Stream B - Post	*	*	*	* 2610	*	* Culvert	*	*	*	*	*	*
* Stream B - Post	* 26.07	* 37.28	* 1.01	* 2585	* PF 1	* 179.00	* 699.74	* 701.19	* 701.19	* 701.92	* 0.020843	*
* Stream B - Post	* 328.04	* 65.56	* 0.11	* 2220	* PF 1	* 442.00	* 692.00	* 698.68	* 693.70	* 698.71	* 0.000162	*
* Stream B - Post	* 294.81	* 60.12	* 0.12	* 1920	* PF 1	* 442.00	* 692.00	* 698.62	*	* 698.65	* 0.000207	*
* Stream B - Post	* 375.10	* 72.65	* 0.17	* 1520	* PF 1	* 798.00	* 692.00	* 698.46	* 694.84	* 698.53	* 0.000386	*
* Stream B - Post	*	*	*	* 1475	*	* Culvert	*	*	*	*	*	*
* Stream B - Post	* 62.19	* 55.83	* 1.00	* 1410	* PF 1	* 513.00	* 691.64	* 693.76	* 693.76	* 694.82	* 0.001642	*
* Stream B - Post	* 36.99	* 29.64	* 2.19	* 1270	* PF 1	* 513.00	* 689.75	* 691.18	* 692.06	* 694.16	* 0.009577	*
* Stream B - Post	* 63.50	* 32.81	* 1.02	* 820	* PF 1	* 513.00	* 684.10	* 686.50	* 686.52	* 687.51	* 0.020329	*
* Stream B - Post	* 24.54	* 82.18	* 6.74	* 670	* PF 1	* 513.00	* 670.00	* 670.30	* 671.06	* 677.09	* 1.588547	*
* Stream B - Post	* 422.34	* 129.65	* 0.12	* 520	* PF 1	* 558.00	* 664.51	* 670.93	* 667.07	* 670.96	* 0.000020	*
* Stream B - Post	*	*	*	* 500	*	* Culvert	*	*	*	*	*	*
* Stream B - Post	* 545.70	* 371.76	* 0.19	* 420	* PF 1	* 558.00	* 664.48	* 670.56	* 667.09	* 670.62	* 0.000060	*
* Stream B - Post	* 1381.27	* 404.57	* 0.08	* 330	* PF 1	* 558.00	* 663.08	* 670.60	* 665.49	* 670.61	* 0.000008	*
* Stream B - Post	*	*	*	* 315	*	* Culvert	*	*	*	*	*	*
* Stream B - Post	* 64.93	* 160.92	* 1.00	* 150	* PF 1	* 558.00	* 662.21	* 664.93	* 664.93	* 666.08	* 0.002018	*
* Stream B - Post	* 43.43	* 31.40	* 1.80	* 110	* PF 1	* 558.00	* 661.59	* 663.23	* 663.99	* 665.80	* 0.006995	*
* Stream B - Post	*	*	*	* 100	*	* Culvert	*	*	*	*	*	*
* Stream B - Post	* 124.89	* 79.65	* 0.37	* 0	* PF 1	* 558.00	* 657.45	* 662.17	* 659.91	* 662.48	* 0.000199	*
* Stream A - Post	* 40.95	* 63.54	* 1.01	* 5430	* PF 1	* 188.00	* 720.19	* 721.14	* 721.14	* 721.46	* 0.027473	*
* Stream A - Post	* 30.07	* 40.23	* 1.27	* 5230	* PF 1	* 188.00	* 712.77	* 714.16	* 714.30	* 714.77	* 0.041888	*
* Stream A - Post	* 28.81	* 26.61	* 1.11	* 4930	* PF 1	* 188.00	* 702.00	* 703.88	* 703.96	* 704.54	* 0.028256	*
* Stream A - Post	* 508.28	* 112.28	* 0.03	* 4570	* PF 1	* 188.00	* 692.35	* 700.49	* 694.17	* 700.50	* 0.000014	*
* Stream A - Post	*	*	*	* 4550	*	* Culvert	*	*	*	*	*	*
* Stream A - Post	* 24.60	* 19.15	* 1.00	* 4510	* PF 1	* 188.00	* 691.60	* 693.55	* 693.55	* 694.46	* 0.019822	*
* Stream A - Post	* 15.13	* 79.43	* 5.37	* 4350	* PF 1	* 201.00	* 680.88	* 681.07	* 681.47	* 683.82	* 1.169402	*
* Stream A - Post	* 64.15	* 44.41	* 0.46	* 3850	* PF 1	* 201.00	* 678.38	* 679.97	* 679.34	* 680.12	* 0.004435	*
* Stream A - Post	* 241.98	* 79.64	* 0.25	* 3365	* PF 1	* 595.00	* 675.95	* 679.35	*	* 679.45	* 0.001018	*
* Stream A - Post	* 68.26	* 29.28	* 1.01	* 3150	* PF 1	* 595.00	* 674.84	* 677.75	* 677.75	* 678.93	* 0.004748	*
* Stream A - Post	* 54.07	* 28.75	* 1.48	* 2800	* PF 1	* 624.00	* 673.05	* 675.27	* 675.87	* 677.34	* 0.003934	*
* Stream A - Post	* 47.89	* 34.40	* 1.95	* 2300	* PF 1	* 624.00	* 670.49	* 672.02	* 672.82	* 674.66	* 0.007329	*
* Stream A - Post	* 36.55	* 49.54	* 3.51	* 2200	* PF 1	* 625.00	* 667.86	* 668.63	* 669.59	* 673.17	* 0.028831	*
* Stream A - Post	* 706.30	* 92.79	* 0.06	* 1950	* PF 1	* 625.00	* 656.00	* 666.74	* 658.46	* 666.75	* 0.000040	*
* Stream A - Post	*	*	*	* 1800	*	* Culvert	*	*	*	*	*	*
* Stream A - Post	* 69.49	* 43.51	* 1.01	* 1750	* PF 1	* 622.00	* 656.78	* 659.53	* 659.53	* 660.78	* 0.017937	*
* Stream A - Post	* 185.96	* 132.81	* 0.50	* 1500	* PF 1	* 623.00	* 653.99	* 656.96	* 656.35	* 657.13	* 0.005207	*

Profile Output Table - Culvert Only

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
PROPOSED PERIMETER CHANNEL DESIGN

Channel	Station	Flow Rate (cfs)	Bottom Slope (ft/ft)	Bottom Width (ft)	Side Slope (ft/ft)		Normal Depth (ft)	Flow Vel. (fps)	Froude No.	Vel. Head (ft)	Energy Head (ft)	Flow Area (sq.ft.)	Top width of Flow (ft)	
					Right	Left							Flow	Flow
CH2	0+00	157.0	0.048	6	2	2	1.52	11.39	1.881	2.02	3.54	13.78	12.09	12.09
	0+62.45	157.0	0.009	6	2	2	2.35	6.23	0.858	0.60	2.96	25.21	15.42	15.42
	1+28.53	157.0	0.010	6	2	2	2.29	6.47	0.902	0.65	2.94	27.27	15.17	15.17
	6+96.81	157.0	0.010	6	2	2	2.29	6.47	0.899	0.65	2.94	27.27	15.17	15.17
CH3	0+00.00	3.0	0.063	0	3	3	0.47	4.58	1.669	0.33	0.79	0.66	2.80	2.80

Note:

1. Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC Computer Program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.0, 1996-2010).
2. n = 0.03 (Manning Coefficient) is used for the calculations.

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
PROPOSED PERIMETER CHANNEL DESIGN
HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS

Example Calculation: Calculate the 25-year normal depth for Channel 2 between stations 0+00.00 and 0+62.45.

List of Symbols:

- Q_d = peak flow rate for channel, cfs - obtained from HEC-1 Analysis (Appendix III F-A)
- R = hydraulic radius, ft
- n = Manning's roughness coefficient
- S = channel slope, ft/ft
- b = bottom width of channel, ft
- z = z-ratio (ratio of run to rise for channel sideslope)
- A_f = flow area, sf
- g = gravitational acceleration = 32.2 ft/s²
- T = top width of flow, ft
- d = normal depth of channel, ft

The program uses an iterative process to calculate the normal depth of the channel to satisfy Manning's Equation

$$Q = \frac{1.486}{n} A R^{0.67} S^{0.5}$$

Design Inputs:

$Q_d =$	157	cfs
$S =$	0.048	ft/ft
$b =$	6	ft
$z =$	2	(H) : 1 (V)
$n =$	0.03	

Step 1 - Based on the geometry of the channel cross-section, solve for R and A_f

$$R = \frac{bd + zd^2}{b + 2d(z^2 + 1)^{0.5}}$$

$$A_f = bd + zd^2$$

assume: $d = 1.52$ ft

$$R = 1.074 \text{ ft}$$

$$A_f = 13.78 \text{ sf}$$

solve for Q : $Q = 157$

if Q is not equal to Q_d , select a new d and repeat calculations

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
PROPOSED PERIMETER CHANNEL DESIGN
HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS

Step 2 - solve for velocity, T, Froude number, velocity head, and energy head

$$Q = VA \Rightarrow V = Q/A$$

$$V = 11.39 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$T = b + 2(z \times d)$$

$$T = 12.09 \text{ ft}$$

$$F_r = \frac{V}{(gA/T)^{0.5}}$$

$$F_r = 1.881$$

$$\text{Velocity Head} = \frac{V^2}{2g}$$

$$\text{Velocity Head} = 2.02 \text{ ft}$$

Energy Head = water elevation + velocity head

$$\text{Energy Head} = 3.54 \text{ ft}$$

CHANNEL EROSION CONTROL DESIGN

Channel erosion controls have been designed for flow velocities resulted from the 25-year frequency flow rates. As shown on pages IIF-B-2 and IIF-B-38, velocities in the perimeter channels range from 0.38 ft/s to 20.90 ft/s. The channel lining needed to protect against erosive velocities is shown on Drawings IIF.5 and IIF.6 in Appendix IIF. All channels and drainage features will be inspected and maintained in accordance with the Site Operating Plan.

The following was used to select the type of channel lining material.

- Vegetation – used in all areas where velocities are less than 4 ft/s for channels.
- Turf reinforcement matting – used in channels for velocities between 4 ft/s and 13 ft/s. Please refer to page IIF-B-6 for more information.
- 2-foot-thick Gabions – used at chute discharges in channels, areas in channels where flow velocities exceed 13 ft/s, and detention ponds (see Appendix IIF-C – Final Cover Erosion Control Structure Design).

Channel lining details are presented on Drawings IIF.7 in Appendix IIF.



Material and Performance Specification Sheet

North American Green
 14649 Highway 41 North
 Evansville, IN 47725
 800-772-2040
 FAX: 812-867-0247
 www.nagreen.com

A **tensar** Company

C350 Turf Reinforcement Mat

The composite turf reinforcement mat (C-TRM) shall be a machine-produced mat of 100% coconut fiber matrix incorporated into a permanent three-dimensional turf reinforcement matting. The matrix shall be evenly distributed across the entire width of the matting and stitch bonded between a super heavy duty UV stabilized nettings with 0.50 x 0.50 inch (1.27 x 1.27 cm) openings, an ultra heavy UV stabilized, dramatically corrugated (crimped) intermediate netting with 0.5 x 0.5 inch (1.27 x 1.27 cm) openings, and covered by an super heavy duty UV stabilized nettings with 0.50 x 0.50 inch (1.27 x 1.27 cm) openings. The middle corrugated netting shall form prominent closely spaced ridges across the entire width of the mat. The three nettings shall be stitched together on 1.50 inch (3.81cm) centers with UV stabilized polypropylene thread to form a permanent three-dimensional turf reinforcement matting.

The C350 shall meet requirements established by the Erosion Control Technology Council (ECTC) Specification and the US Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) *Standard Specifications for Construction of Roads and Bridges on Federal Highway Projects, FP-03 Section 713.18 as a Type 5A, B, and C Permanent Turf Reinforcement Mat.*

Installation staple patterns shall be clearly marked on the turf reinforcement matting with environmentally safe paint. All mats shall be manufactured with a colored thread stitched along both outer edges (approximately 2-5 inches [5-12.5 cm] from the edge) as an overlap guide for adjacent mats.

Material Content		
Matrix	100% Coconut fibers	0.50 lbs/yd ² (0.27 kg/m ²)
Nettings	Top and Bottom, UV stabilized Polypropylene	8 lb/1000 ft ² (3.91 kg/100 m ²)
	Middle, corrugated UV stabilized Polypropylene	24 lb/1000 ft ² (11.7 kg/100 m ²)
Thread	Polypropylene, UV stabilized	

C350 is available in the following roll sizes:

Width	6.5 ft (2.0 m)
Length	55.5 ft (16.9 m)
Weight ± 10%	37 lbs (16.8 kg)
Area	40.0 yd ² (33.4 m ²)

Index Value Properties:

Property	Test Method	Typical	Net Only
Thickness	ASTM D6525	0.67 in (17.0 mm)	0.51 in
Resiliency	ASTM 6524	90%	---
Density	ASTM D792	0.53 oz/in ³	---
Mass/Unit Area	ASTM 6566	12.57 oz/yd ² (426 g/m ²)	---
Porosity	ECTC Guidelines	99%	---
Stiffness	ASTM D1388	3.83 oz-in	---
Light Penetration	ECTC Guidelines	9.0%	---
UV Stability	ASTM D4355/ 1000 hr	86%	86%
Tensile Strength MD	ASTM D6818	625 lbs/ft (9.12 kN/m)	698 lbs/ft
Elongation MD	ASTM D6818	22%	30%
Tensile Strength TD	ASTM D6818	768 lbs/ft (11.21 kN/m)	710 lbs/ft
Elongation TD	ASTM D6818	15%	20%

Bench Scale Testing* (NTPEP):

Test Method	Parameters	Results
ECTC Method 2 Rainfall	50 mm (2 in)/hr for 30 min	SLR** = 18.32
	100mm (4 in)/hr for 30 min	SLR** = 19.65
	150 mm (6 in)/hr for 30 min	SLR** = 20.48
ECTC Method 3 Shear Resistance	Shear at 0.50 inch soil loss	7.5 lbs/ft²
ECTC Method 4 Germination	Top Soil, Fescue, 21 day incubation	243% improvement of biomass

* Bench Scale tests should not be used for design purposes

** Soil Loss Ratio = Soil loss with Bare Soil/Soil Loss with RECP (soil loss is based on regression analysis)

Performance Design Values:

Maximum Permissible Shear Stress		
	Short Duration	Long Duration
Phase 1 Unvegetated	3.2 lbs/ft ² (153 Pa)	3.0 lbs/ft ² (144 Pa)
Phase 2 Partially Veg.	10.0 lbs/ft ² (480 Pa)	10.0 lbs/ft ² (480 Pa)
Phase 3 Fully Veg.	12.0 lbs/ft ² (576 Pa)	10.0 lbs/ft ² (480 Pa)
Velocity Unveg	10.5 ft/s (3.2 m/s)	
Velocity Veg.	20 ft/s (6.0 m/s)	

Slope Design Data: C Factors			
	Slope Gradients (S)		
Slope Length (L)	≤ 3:1	3:1 – 2:1	≥ 2:1
≤ 20 ft (6 m)	0.0005	0.015	0.043
20-50 ft	0.018	0.031	0.050
≥ 50 ft (15.2 m)	0.035	0.047	0.057

Roughness Coefficients- Unveg.	
Flow Depth	Manning's n
≤ 0.50 ft (0.15 m)	0.041
0.50 – 2.0 ft	0.040 – 0.013
≥ 2.0 ft (0.60 m)	0.012

Product Participant of:



DETENTION POND DESIGN

Detention ponds have been analyzed by using HEC-1, storage routing method. The input parameters for the model are presented in Appendix IIIF-A. A summary of HEC-1 results are presented on page IIIF-B-44. As can be seen on the table, during the 25-year storm event, none of the ponds flow over their spillways.

Downstream sides of the low-water outlets will be designed with either rock riprap or gabions as shown on pages IIIF-B-45 and IIIF-B-46.

Purpose: Demonstrate that the detention pond outlet structure designs are adequate to convey runoff from the various subbasins to their discharge points.

Method:

1. Use the 25-year, 24-hour flow rates and water surface elevations for the drainage areas that will discharge to each detention pond from the HEC-1 analysis (see Appendix IIIF-A).
2. Use the Weir Equation to calculate the flow rate over the spillways as appropriate.

Solution:

	P1	P2	P3
Bottom ELEV, ft ¹	659.0	650.0	692.5
Spillway ELEV, ft	665.0	656.5	697.0
Spillway Length, ft	26	20	75
Top of Road/Berm, ft	670.00	657.00	702.00
Discharge Pipe Downstream Invert ELEV, ft	658.00	649.25	692.00
Peak Inflow Q ₂₅ , cfs	625	425	789
Peak Outflow Q ₂₅ , cfs	622	260	495
Peak Stage in Pond Q ₂₅ , ft	664.38	655.64	696.34
Est. Flow (Q ₂₅) over Spillway, cfs	--	--	--

Note:

- 1) Details of the pond outlet structures are presented on Drawing IIIF.13 through Drawing IIIF.15
- 2) The flow over the spillway is estimated using the formula $Q = CLH^{3/2}$ where $C = 2.64$, L is the length of the spillway in feet, and H is the head on the spillway in feet. The flow over the spillway conservatively assumes no flow through the low water outlet.

DETENTION POND OUTLET STRUCTURE AND
CULVERT EROSION PROTECTION CALCULATIONS

Required: Determine the minimum length and median diameter of riprap required at the detention pond outlet structures and creek culverts to control erosion in the detention pond outlet channels.

- Reference:**
1. Haan, Barfield, and Hayes, *Design Hydrology and Sedimentology for Small Catchments*, 1994.
 2. Dodson's and Associates, Inc., *ProHec-1 Plus Program Documentation*, 1995.
 3. Freeman, Gary E., J. Craig Fischenich, *Gabion for Streambank Erosion Control*, 2000. EMRRP Technical Notes Collection (ERDC TN-EMRRP-SR-22), U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center, Vicksburg, MS.

Solution: The riprap will be designed for the 25-year flow rates at the detention pond outlet structures and culverts. The flow at the outlet structures and culverts can be divided into two categories:

1. Flow over the Spillway/Road

As shown on page IIIF-B-43, both the Ponds P1, P2 and P3 are not expected to have flow over the spillway during the 25-year event. Erosion protection calculations for the drainage structures will be based on flow through low water outlets/culverts only.

Flow Structure Spillway Topslope	25-Year Flow Rate (cfs)	25-Year Velocity (ft/s)	25-Year Flow Depth (ft)	25-Year Foudé Number	25-Year Velocity Head (ft)	25-Year Energy Head (ft)	25-Year Flow Area (sq. ft.)	25-Year Top Width (ft)
P1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
P2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
P3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Flow Structure Spillway Sideslope	25-Year Flow Rate (cfs)	25-Year Velocity (ft/s)	25-Year Flow Depth (ft)	25-Year Foudé Number	25-Year Velocity Head (ft)	25-Year Energy Head (ft)	25-Year Flow Area (sq. ft.)	25-Year Top Width (ft)
P1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
P2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
P3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
DETENTION POND OUTLET STRUCTURE AND
CULVERT EROSION PROTECTION CALCULATIONS

2. Flow through the Low Water Outlet

The flow rate through the low water outlet (LWO) is summarized below.

Flow Structure	Pond Bottom Elev (ft-msl)	LWO Invert Elev.		LWO Diameter (in)	25-Year Flow Rate ² (cfs)	25-Year Outlet Velocity ¹ (ft/s)
		Upstream (ft-msl)	Downstream (ft-msl)			
P1	659.00	659.00	658.00	3-54	207.33	13.04
P2	650.00	650.00	649.25	2-42	130.00	13.51
P3	692.00	692.50	692.00	5-42	99.00	11.10

¹ Velocities through the low water outlet for P1 and Culvert1 were calculated using the HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS FOR WINDOWS program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010).

² The flowrates for all low water outlets are the peak discharges for the respective areas as calculated by HEC-1 since the spillway crest is not overtopped in the 25-year event. The total 25-year flowrate discharging from P1 is 662 cfs / 3 pipes = 207.33 cfs per pipe, from P2 is 260 cfs / 2 pipes = 130 cfs per pipe, and from P3 is 495 cfs / 5 pipes = 99 cfs per pipe.

The velocity through the low water outlet is larger than the velocity over the spillway, when there is a low water outlet present. The flowrate through the low water outlet is used to design the riprap apron.

The nomograph used for design of the length of the riprap and the median diameter are shown on page III-F-B-46 (Figure 5.24 and 5.25).

The minimum riprap length and diameter for each outlet is summarized below. Riprap was not designed for culvert as they discharge into channels or ponds. The length of the riprap is increased by 20 percent to provide for a conservative design.

Pond	Riprap Design Flowrate (cfs)	Pipe Diameter (in)	Riprap Length (ft)	Length L x 1.2 (ft)	Rock Diameter (ft)
P1	207.3	3-54	40	48	1.20
P2	130.0	2-42	32	38	1.10
P3	99.0	5-42	31	37	0.40

Apron width required for the ponds (e.g., width of erosion protection in outlet channel) are:
 $W_{req} = LWO \text{ diameter} + 0.4 * (\text{RipRap Length})$

Pond	W_{req} (ft)	$W_{provided}$ (ft)
P1	19.5	20.0
P2	15.8	16.0
P3	15.4	16.0

The median diameter of riprap is intended to determine the minimum diameter of the riprap that will be used. As an alternative, 2-foot thick gabions with a d_{50} of 6-inches can be used.

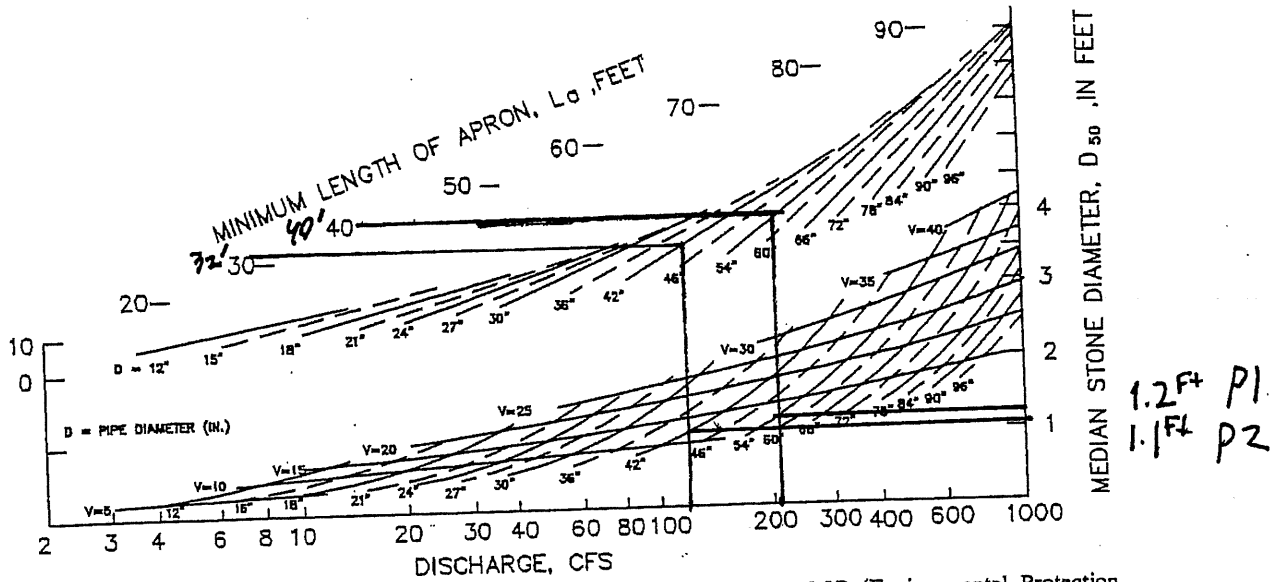


Figure 5.24 Design of outlet protection—minimum tailwater condition, $T_w < 0.5D$ (Environmental Protection Agency, 1976).

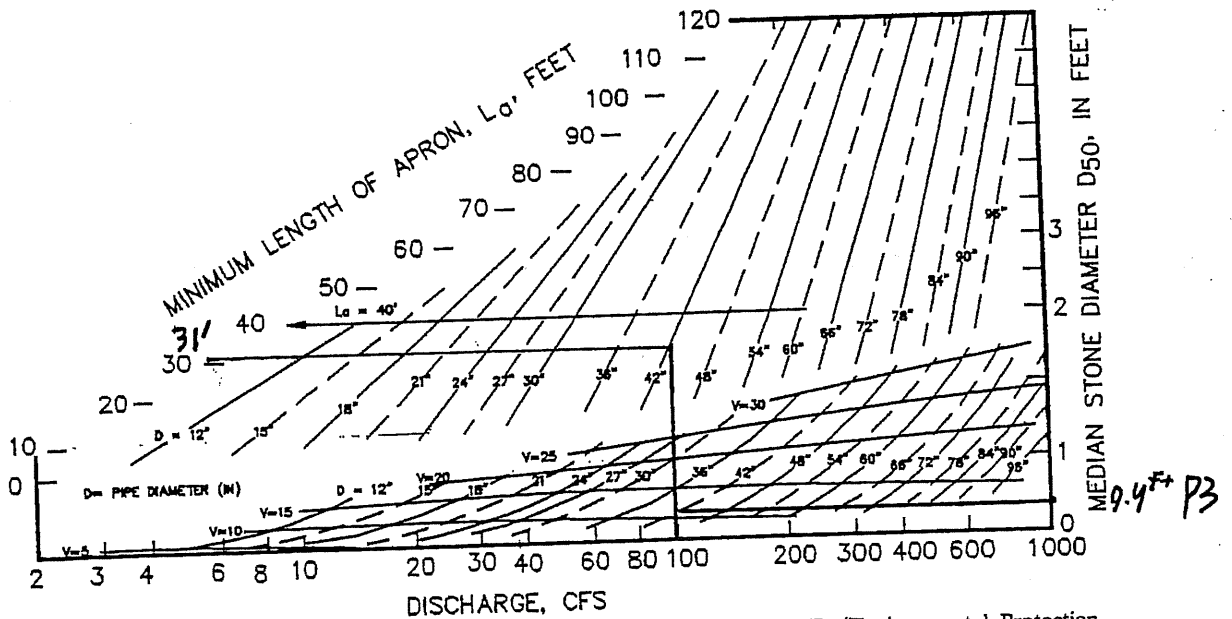


Figure 5.25 Design of outlet protection—maximum tailwater condition, $T_w \geq 0.5D$ (Environmental Protection Agency, 1976).

into the riser 3 ft below its top, what discharge will pass through the four holes with the water level at 1, 2, 4, and 8 ft above the riser? (c) What is the total discharge through the pipe? (d) How might the orifices be sized to provide better stormwater control? (e) Explain whether you would expect two rows (each consisting of four holes) of 8-in.-diameter holes to provide better results? Assume that one row is 2 ft below the riser invert and the other row is 4 ft below the riser invert.

(5.6) A gravel roadway is constructed in a low-lying area such that the roadway is frequently overtopped as a result of severe storms. The roadway is 40 ft wide, and its elevation is 36 ft. (a) If the water level upstream of the roadway is 2 ft above the crest of the roadway, what is the discharge across the roadway? (b) If the roadway is paved, what upstream depth would be required to carry the same flow? (c) Would paving reduce flooding problems?

CULVERT DESIGN

Required: Design culverts to convey the flow.

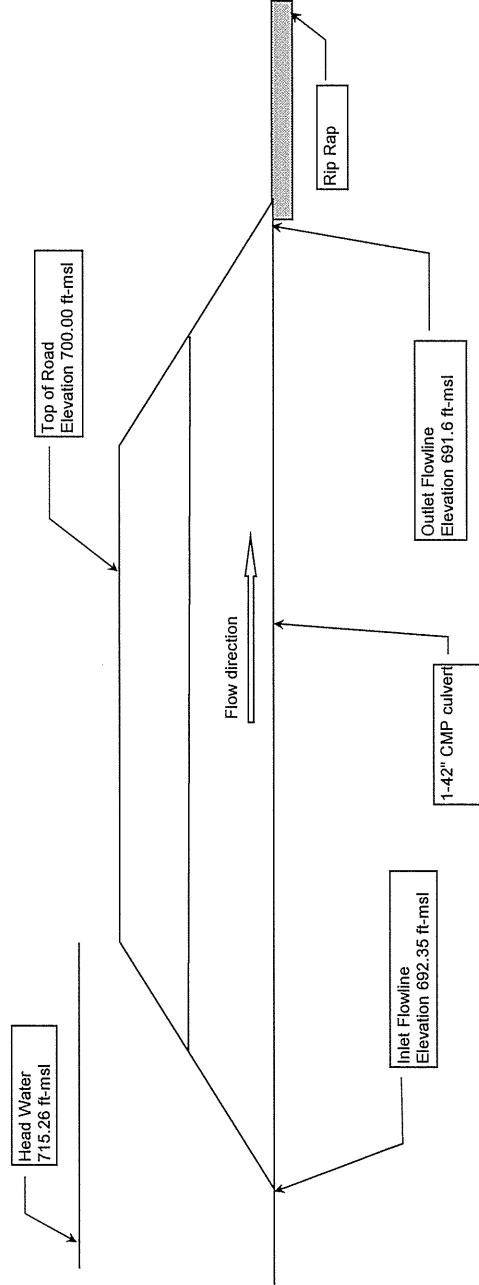
Method: Use HYDROCALC Hydraulics for Windows computer program to determine number and size of the culverts.
Use total 2.5-year frequency storm event flow estimated by HEC-1 included in Appendix III-F-A.

For existing 42" CMP culvert existing O2, Culvert "1"

Total Flow= 188 cfs
No. of Culverts= 1
Culvert Span= -- inches
Culvert Rise= -- inches
Culvert Diameter= 42 inches

Culvert ID	Culvert Span (ft)	Culvert Span (ft)	FHWA Chart Number	FHWA Scale Number	Culvert Diameter (ft)	Manning's Coefficient	Entrance Loss Coefficient	Culvert Length (ft)	Downstream Invert Elevation (ft-msl)	Upstream Invert Elevation (ft-msl)	Flow Rate (cfs)	Tailwater Depth ² (ft)	Headwater Inlet Control (ft)	Headwater Outlet Control (ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Depth at Outlet (ft)	Outlet Velocity (fps)
1	--	--	2	3	3.5	0.024	0.5	14.30	691.60	692.35	188.00	1.95	22.91	7.41	3.50	3.45	3.50	19.54

1. Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC Hydraulics for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.0, 1996-2010).
2. Tailwater depth is assumed to be the 2.5-year, 24-hour storm water surface elevation in CH1 or Stream A in HEC-RAS Cross section A-4510 (693.55 ft-msl).

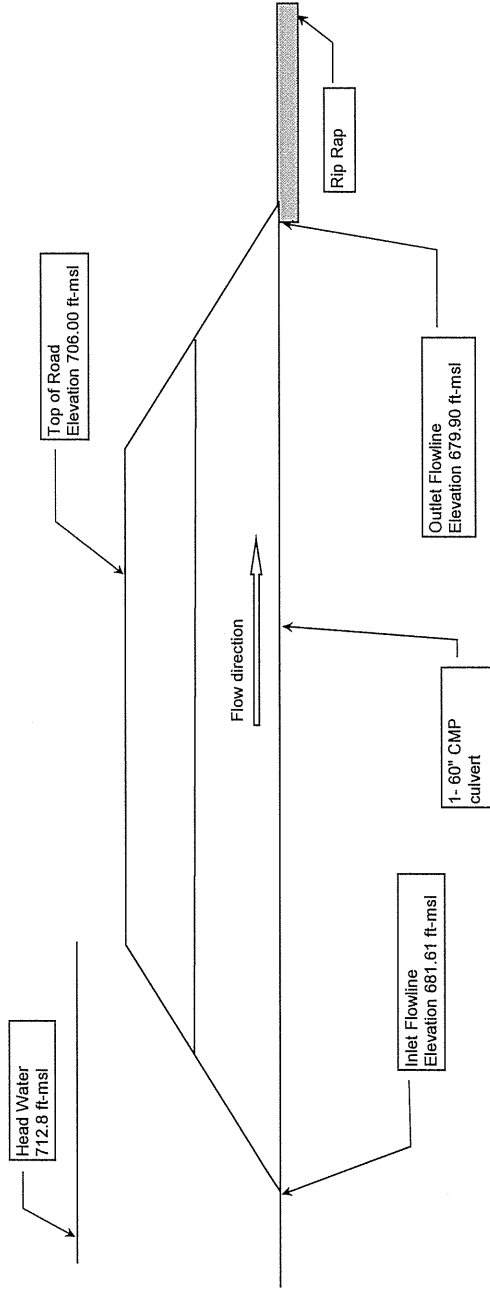


For existing 60" CMP culvert existing O1, Culvert "2"

Total Flow= 446 cfs
No. of Culverts= 1
Culvert Span= -- inches
Culvert Rise= -- inches
Culvert Diameter= 60 inches

Culvert ID	Culvert Span	Culvert Span (ft)	FHWA Chart Number	FHWA Scale Number	Culvert Diameter (ft)	Manning's Coefficient	Entrance Loss Coefficient	Culvert Length (ft)	Downstream Invert Elevation (ft msl)	Upstream Invert Elevation (ft msl)	Flow Rate (cfs)	Tailwater Depth ² (ft)	Headwater Inlet Control (ft)	Headwater Outlet Control (ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Depth at Outlet (ft)	Outlet Velocity (fps)
2	--	--	2	3	5	0.024	0.5	100.00	679.90	681.61	446.00	0.00	31.19	17.27	5.00	4.93	5.00	22.71

1. Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC Hydraulics for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.0, 1996-2010).
2. Tailwater depth is assumed to be the 25-year, 24-hour storm water surface elevation in CH1 or Stream A in HEC-RAS Cross section A-3365 (679.35 ft-msl).

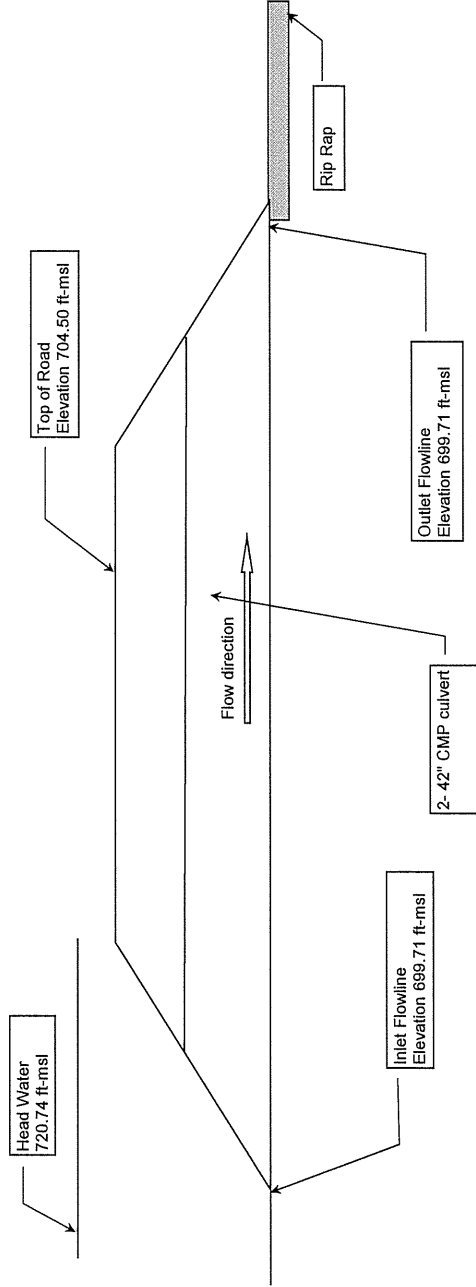


For existing 42" CMP culvert existing O4, Culvert "3"

Total Flow= 179 cfs
No. of Culverts= 2
Culvert Span= -- inches
Culvert Rise= -- inches
Culvert Diameter= 42 inches

Culvert ID	Culvert Span (ft)	FHWA Chart Number	FHWA Scale Number	Culvert Diameter (ft)	Manning's Coefficient	Entrance Loss Coefficient	Culvert Length (ft)	Downstream Invert Elevation (ft msl)	Upstream Invert Elevation (ft msl)	Flow Rate (cfs)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Headwater Inlet Control (ft)	Headwater Outlet Control (ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Depth at Outlet (ft)	Outlet Velocity (fps)
3	--	2	3	3.5	0.024	0.5	25.10	699.71	699.71	89.50	1.48	21.03	8.87	3.50	3.44	3.50	18.60

- Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC Hydraulics for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.0, 1996-2010).
- Tailwater depth is assumed to be the 25-year, 24-hour storm water surface elevation in CH4 or Stream B in HEC-RAS Cross section B-2385 (701.19 ft-msl).



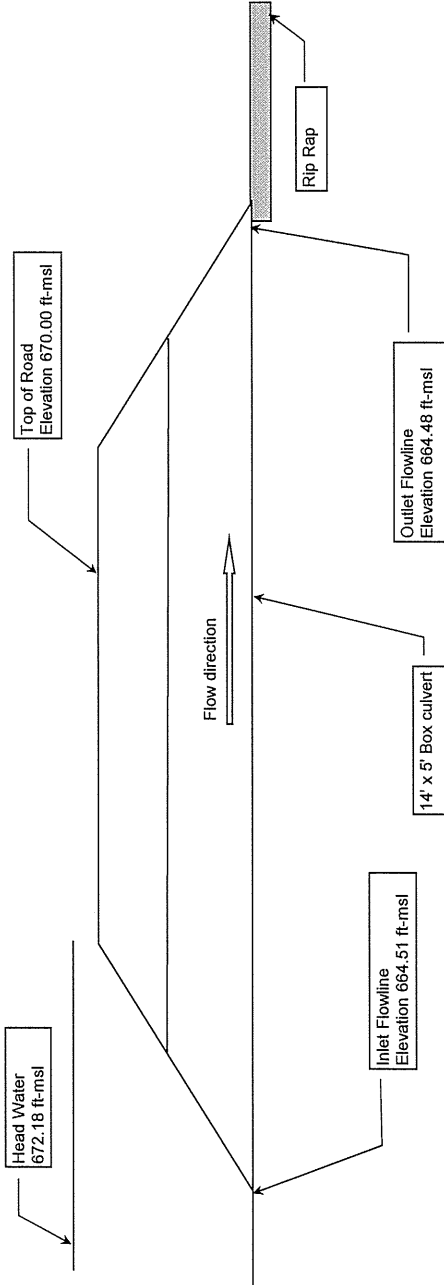
TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
CULVERT DESIGN

For existing culvert at downstream of "SS", Culvert "4"

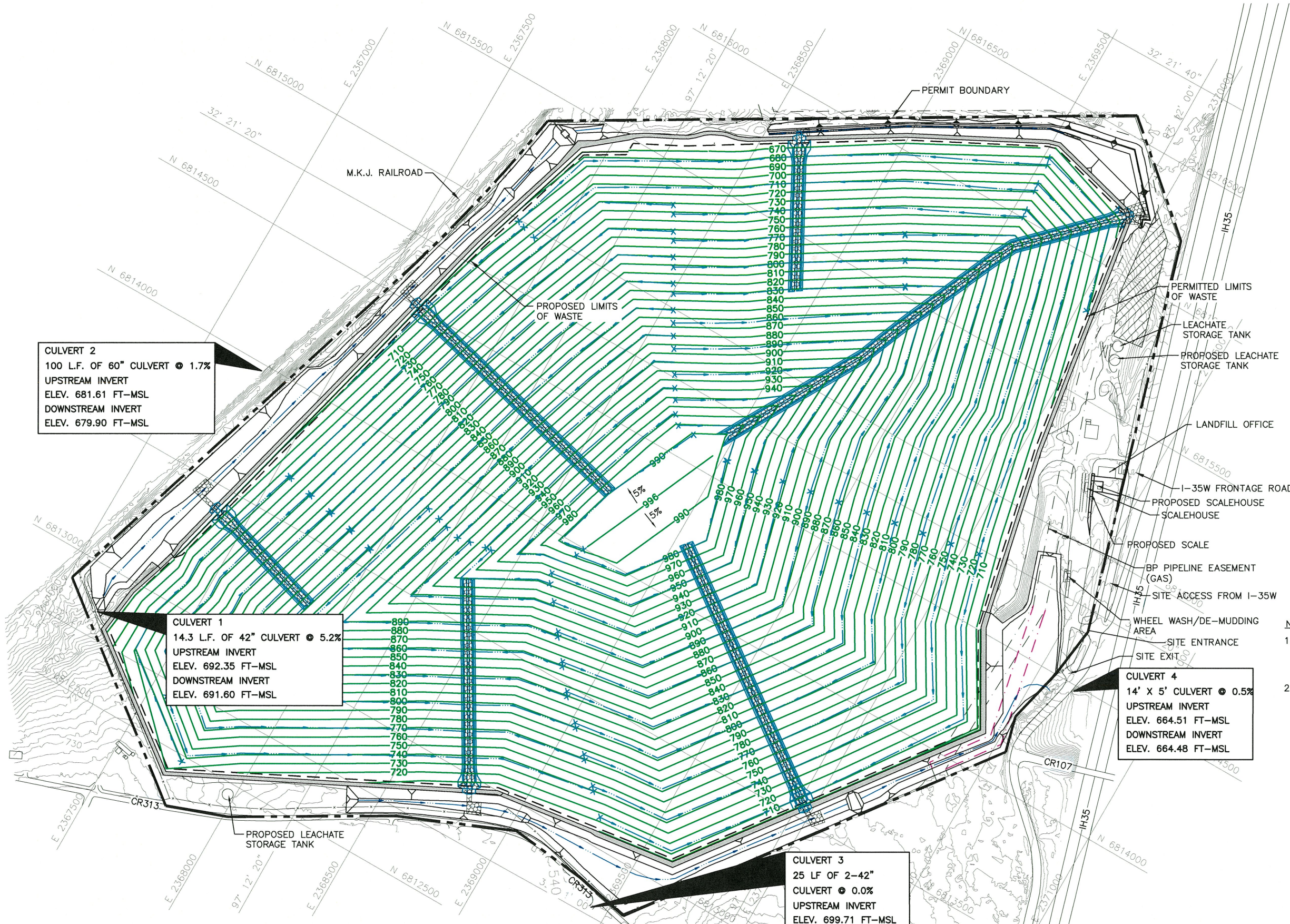
Total Flow= 558 cfs
No. of Culverts= 1
Culvert Span= 168 inches
Culvert Rise= 60 inches
Culvert Diameter= -- inches

Culvert ID	Culvert Span (ft)	Culvert Rise (ft)	FHWA Chart Number	FHWA Scale Number	Culvert Diameter (ft)	Manning's Coefficient	Entrance Loss Coefficient	Culvert Length (ft)	Downstream Invert Elevation (ft msl)	Upstream Invert Elevation (ft msl)	Flow Rate (cfs)	Tailwater Depth ² (ft)	Headwater Inlet Control (ft)	Headwater Outlet Control (ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Depth at Outlet (ft)	Outlet Velocity (fps)
4	14	5	8	1	--	0.013	0.5	66.00	664.48	664.51	558.00	6.08	6.11	7.67	5.00	3.67	5.00	7.97

- Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC Hydraulics for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.0, 1996-2010).
- Tailwater depth is assumed to be the 25-year, 24-hour storm water surface elevation in CH4 or Stream B in HEC-RAS Cross section B-420 (670.56 ft-msl).



O:\0771\368\EXPANSION 2021\PART III\IIF-B-53-CULVERT LOCATION.dwg, Farrington, 1:2

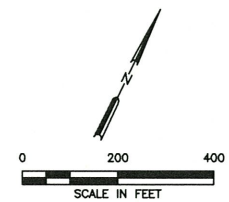


CULVERT 2
 100 L.F. OF 60" CULVERT @ 1.7%
 UPSTREAM INVERT
 ELEV. 681.61 FT-MSL
 DOWNSTREAM INVERT
 ELEV. 679.90 FT-MSL

CULVERT 1
 14.3 L.F. OF 42" CULVERT @ 5.2%
 UPSTREAM INVERT
 ELEV. 692.35 FT-MSL
 DOWNSTREAM INVERT
 ELEV. 691.60 FT-MSL

CULVERT 3
 25 LF OF 2-42"
 CULVERT @ 0.0%
 UPSTREAM INVERT
 ELEV. 699.71 FT-MSL
 DOWNSTREAM INVERT
 ELEV. 699.71 FT-MSL

CULVERT 4
 14' X 5' CULVERT @ 0.5%
 UPSTREAM INVERT
 ELEV. 664.51 FT-MSL
 DOWNSTREAM INVERT
 ELEV. 664.48 FT-MSL



LEGEND

- PERMIT BOUNDARY
- LIMIT OF WASTE
- EXISTING CONTOUR (SEE NOTE 1)
- STATE PLANE COORDINATE
- GEODETIC COORDINATE
- EASEMENT
- PROPOSED EASEMENT (SEE NOTE 2)
- PROPOSED FINAL COVER CONTOUR
- PROPOSED DRAINAGE CHUTE
- DRAINAGE SWALE
- PROPOSED PERIMETER CHANNEL
- FUTURE LFGTE FACILITY LOCATION

- NOTES:**
1. EXISTING CONTOURS AND ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY FIRMATEK FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 01-08-2021. THE GRID SYSTEM IS TIED TO THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM NORTH CENTRAL ZONE NAD 1983.
 2. THE PROPOSED EASEMENT SHOWN IS FOR VISUAL PURPOSES ONLY. THE ACTUAL LOCATION WILL BE DETERMINED AT A LATER DATE IN COORDINATION WITH THE EASEMENT HOLDER.



<input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	PREPARED FOR TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP	MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT CULVERT LOCATIONS												
DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: IIF-B-53_CULVERT_LOC.DWG	DRAWN BY: JDW DESIGN BY: BPY REVIEWED BY: CRM	REVISIONS <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;">NO.</th> <th style="width: 10%;">DATE</th> <th style="width: 80%;">DESCRIPTION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>	NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION									
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION												
Weaver Consultants Group TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727		TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS WWW.WCGRP.COM DRAWING IIF-B-53												

APPENDIX IIIF-C

FINAL COVER EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURE DESIGN

Includes pages IIIF-C-1 through IIIF-C-23



CONTENTS

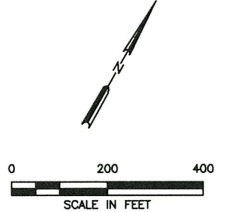
Drainage Swale Design	IIIF-C-1
Drainage Letdown (or Chute) Design	IIIF-C-8



DRAINAGE SWALE DESIGN

- The drainage swale layout is shown on Drawing IIF.1 – Drainage Structure Plan. A swale detail is provided on Drawing IIF.7 – Drainage Details.
- Typical Swale Design Summary:
 - Typical swale drainage areas analyzed are shown on sheet IIF-C-2.
 - Hydraulic calculations are summarized on page IIF-C-5.
 - Maximum normal depth is 1.49 feet (Drainage Area S7).
 - Maximum flow velocity is 2.76 fps (Drainage Area S7).
 - Vegetation will be established on the swales to protect against erosion.
 - Typical swale drainage areas were selected such that all slope conditions (3.5% and 4.0%) are included in this analysis. Additionally, swales with large individual drainage areas and short and long swale lengths are included in this analysis.

O:\0771\368\EXPANSION 2021\PART III\IIF-C-2 Swale Areas.dwg, Farrington, I:2



LEGEND

- PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- LIMITS OF WASTE
- STATE PLANE GRID
- GEODETIC COORDINATE
- 730 EXISTING CONTOUR
- 810 PROPOSED FINAL COVER CONTOUR
- PROPOSED DRAINAGE CHUTE
- PROPOSED DRAINAGE SWALE
- PROPOSED PERIMETER CHANNEL
- DRAINAGE DIVIDE
- SW2 SWALE DRAINAGE AREA DESIGNATION
- FUTURE LFGTE FACILITY LOCATION

NOTE:
 1. EXISTING CONTOURS AND ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY DALLAS AERIAL SURVEYS FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 03-07-2018. THE GRID SYSTEM IS TIED TO THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM NORTH CENTRAL ZONE NAD 1983.

TYPICAL SWALE DRAINAGE AREA DESIGNATION	AREA (ACRES)
SW1	2.81
SW2	2.28
SW3	1.11
SW4	1.47
SW5	1.25
SW6	1.18
SW7	3.03
SW8	2.13



DRAFT
 FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY
 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION

DATE: 02/2022
 FILE: 0771-368-11
 CAD: IIF-C-2-TYP. SWALE AREAS.DWG

DRAWN BY: JDW
 DESIGN BY: BPY
 REVIEWED BY: CRM

Weaver Consultants Group
 TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727

PREPARED FOR
TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP

REVISIONS		
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION

**MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT
 SWALE DRAINAGE AREAS**

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
 JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS

WWW.WCGRP.COM DRAWING IIF-C-2

Required: Analyze swales to determine the adequacy of the swale design.

Method: 1. Determine the 25-year, 24-hour flow rates for the swale drainage areas by the Rational Method.

Reference: 1. State of Texas, Department of Transportation, Bridge Division, Hydraulic Manual, 3rd Edition, September 2019.
2. NOAA Atlas 14 - Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the United States, Volume 11, Version 2.0: Texas (U.S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and National Weather Service, 2018)

Solution: 1. Determine the 25-year intensity flow rates.

$$Q = CIA$$

Where: C= 0.7 (runoff coefficient, Ref 1.)
I = intensity in/hr
A = drainage area, ac

$$I = \frac{b}{(t_c + d)^e}$$

b = 83.01 From Ref. 2, for Johnson County
d = 10.65 25-year storm event
e = 0.775
t_c is assumed to be 10 min.

$$I = 7.95 \text{ in/hr}$$

Swale	Area ¹ (ac)	Flow Rate (cfs)
S1	2.81	15.6
S2	2.28	12.7
S3	1.11	6.2
S4	1.47	8.2
S5	1.25	7.0
S6	1.18	6.6
S7	3.03	16.9
S8	2.13	11.9

¹The total drainage area was conservatively assumed to be contributing to the swale at the analysis point.



Rainfall Intensity-Duration-Frequency Coefficients for Texas

Based on "National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA) Atlas 14
Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the United States, Volume 11: Version 2.0: Texas" (Perica et al. 2018)

Parameter Selection

- 1. Select Units (i)
- 2. Select Methodology (i)
- 3. Select County (i)
- 4. Select County Zone (i)
- 5. Select Time of Concentration (t_c) (i)

Coefficient	Design Annual Exceedance Probability (Design Annual Recurrence Interval)						
	50% (2-year)	20% (5-year)	10% (10-year)	4% (25-year)	2% (50-year)	1% (100-year)	0.2% (500-year)
e	0.7853	0.7799	0.7772	0.7746	0.7732	0.7717	0.7666
b	45.0947	58.5103	68.8917	83.0120	94.0156	105.4618	133.5994
d (min)	10.3117	10.3756	10.4692	10.6482	10.8145	11.0321	11.6620
Intensity (inches/hour)	4.24	5.57	6.59	7.95	8.99	10.05	12.64

Note: Johnson County has 1 rainfall zone.

Prep By: BPY
Date: 11/15/2021

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
SWALE ANALYSIS

Chkd By: CRM
Date: 11/15/2021

Swale	Flow Rate (cfs)	Bottom Slope (ft/ft)	n-value	Side Slope (left)	Side Slope (right)	Bottom Width (ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Flow Vel. (fps)	Froude No.	Velocity Head (ft)	Energy Head (ft)	Flow Area (sq. ft.)	Top Width of Flow (ft)
S1	15.6	0.005	0.03	4.0	2.0	0	1.40	2.65	0.559	0.11	1.51	5.88	8.40
S2	12.7	0.005	0.03	3.5	2.0	0	1.34	2.56	0.552	0.10	1.44	4.95	7.38
S3	6.2	0.005	0.03	3.5	2.0	0	1.03	2.14	0.528	0.07	1.10	2.89	5.64
S4	8.2	0.005	0.03	20.0	2.0	0	1.14	2.31	0.539	0.08	1.22	3.56	6.25
S5	7.0	0.005	0.03	3.5	2.0	0	0.67	1.68	0.511	0.04	0.71	4.89	14.68
S6	6.6	0.005	0.03	3.5	2.0	0	1.05	2.18	0.529	0.07	1.12	3.03	5.78
S7	16.9	0.005	0.03	3.5	2.0	0	1.49	2.76	0.563	0.12	1.61	6.12	8.21
S8	11.9	0.005	0.03	4.0	2.0	0	1.26	2.48	0.550	0.10	1.36	4.80	7.59

Note: Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010).

Maximum flow depth is 1.49 ft < 2.0 ft (swale height).

Design is okay.

Example Calculation: Calculate the normal depth for the swale for drainage area SW1 (See IIIF-C-2)

List of Symbols

- Q_d = design flow rate for channel, cfs
- R = hydraulic radius, ft
- n = Manning's roughness coefficient
- S = channel slope, ft/ft
- b = bottom width of channel, ft
- z_r = z-ratio (ratio of run to rise for channel sideslope) for right side slope of swale
- z_l = z-ratio (ratio of run to rise for channel sideslope) for left side slope of swale
- A_f = flow area, sf
- g = gravitational acceleration = 32.2 ft/s²
- T = top width of flow, ft
- d = normal depth of swale, ft

The program uses an iterative process to calculate the normal depth of the swale to satisfy Manning's Equation

$$Q = \frac{1.486}{n} A R^{0.67} S^{0.5}$$

Design Inputs:	$Q_d = 15.6$	cfs	(From page IIIF-C-3)
	$S = 0.005$	ft/ft	
	$b = 0$	ft	
	$z_r = 4$	(H) : 1 (V)	
	$z_l = 2$	(H) : 1 (V)	
	$n = 0.03$		

Step 1 - Based on the geometry of the swale cross-section, solve for R and A_f

$$R = \frac{bd + 1/2d^2(z_r + z_l)}{b + d((z_l^2 + 1)^{0.5} + (z_r^2 + 1)^{0.5})}$$

$$A_f = bd + 1/2d^2(z_r + z_l)$$

assume: $d = 1.40$ ft

$R = 0.66$ ft

$A_f = 5.88$ sf

solve for Q: $Q = 15.6$

if Q is not equal to Q_d , select a new d and repeat calculations

Step 2 - solve for velocity, T, Froude number, velocity head, and energy head

$$Q = VA \Rightarrow V = Q/A$$

$$V = 2.65 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$T = b + d(z_1 + z_r)$$

$$T = 8.40 \text{ ft}$$

$$F_r = \frac{V}{(gA/T)^{0.5}}$$

$$F_r = 0.570$$

$$\text{Velocity Head} = \frac{V^2}{2g}$$

$$\text{Velocity Head} = 0.11 \text{ ft}$$

Energy Head = water elevation + velocity head

$$\text{Energy Head} = 1.51 \text{ ft}$$

DRAINAGE LETDOWN (OR CHUTE) DESIGN

Chute Design

The letdown structures are designed using gabions as a liner. Bedding for the gabions will be prepared subgrade soil overlain by 8 oz/sy geotextile (refer to Drawing IIIIF.9). The gabions or FML are placed along the entire chute to protect the chute bottom and the final cover from erosion due to potential erosive velocities. Tumbling flow concrete energy dissipators will be placed at the bottom end of the letdown structure to dissipate excess energy present in the water as it travels down the two and three percent slopes in the low-water crossings over the perimeter road.

The following design information is included in this Appendix:

- Flow rates used in the chutes are presented in Appendix IIIIF-A – HEC-1 computer program output file.
- Hydraulic calculations are summarized on pages IIIIF-C-9 and IIIIF-C-10, and the calculation procedure is provided on pages IIIIF-C-11 and IIIIF-C-12.
- Chute layouts and drainage areas are shown on Sheet IIIIF-C-13.
- The chute energy dissipater sizing calculation procedure is provided on pages IIIIF-C-14 through IIIIF-C-18.
- FML Anchor Trench Design calculations are provided on Pages IIIIF-C-19 through IIIIF-C-23
- Additional stormwater details are included on Drawings IIIIF.7 through IIIIF.12.

CHUTE ANALYSIS
NORMAL DEPTH CALCULATIONS FOR
GABION LINED CHUTES

Drainage Area	Flow Rate (cfs)	Bottom Slope (ft/ft)	Manning's n	Side Slope (left)	Side Slope (right)	Bottom Width (ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Flow Vel. (fps)	Froude Number	Velocity Head (ft)	Energy Head (ft)	Flow Area (sf)	Flow Top Width (ft)
SIDESLOPE AREAS													
LD1	106	0.29	0.04	4.0	4.0	8.0	0.72	13.60	3.183	2.87	3.59	7.79	13.74
LD2	299	0.29	0.04	4.0	4.0	8.0	1.25	18.45	3.425	5.29	6.54	16.21	17.98
LD3	178	0.29	0.04	4.0	4.0	8.0	0.95	15.89	3.306	3.92	4.87	11.20	15.60
LD4	253	0.13	0.04	4.0	4.0	8.0	1.41	13.19	2.331	2.70	4.11	19.18	19.26
LD5	347	0.25	0.04	4.0	4.0	8.0	1.40	18.24	3.229	5.17	6.57	19.03	19.19
LD6	233	0.29	0.04	4.0	4.0	8.0	1.10	17.18	3.367	4.59	5.68	13.56	16.76

Drainage Area	Flow Rate (cfs)	Bottom Slope (ft/ft)	Manning's n	Side Slope (left)	Side Slope (right)	Bottom Width (ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Flow Vel. (fps)	Froude Number	Velocity Head (ft)	Energy Head (ft)	Flow Area (sf)	Flow Top Width (ft)
LOW WATER CROSSING (2%) AREAS													
LD1	106	0.02	0.04	8.0	8.0	12.0	1.24	5.06	0.911	0.40	1.63	20.97	20.90
LD2	299	0.02	0.04	8.0	8.0	34.0	1.32	5.77	0.944	0.52	1.84	51.78	44.55
LD3	178	0.02	0.04	8.0	8.0	20.0	1.29	5.47	0.930	0.46	1.76	32.57	30.35
LD4	253	0.02	0.04	8.0	8.0	28.0	1.33	5.72	0.941	0.51	1.84	44.26	38.63
LD5	347	0.02	0.04	8.0	8.0	38.0	1.35	5.91	0.950	0.54	1.90	58.73	48.82
LD6	233	0.02	0.04	8.0	8.0	28.0	1.27	5.56	0.935	0.48	1.75	41.91	38.14

Note: Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010).

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
CHUTE ANALYSIS
NORMAL DEPTH CALCULATIONS FOR
FML LINED CHUTES

Drainage Area	Flow Rate (cfs)	Bottom Slope (ft/ft)	Manning's n	Side Slope (left)	Side Slope (right)	Bottom Width (ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Flow Vel. (fps)	Froude Number	Velocity Head (ft)	Energy Head (ft)	Flow Area (sf)	Flow Top Width (ft)
SIDESLOPE AREAS													
LD1	106	0.29	0.01	2.0	2.0	8.0	0.34	36.24	11.421	20.41	20.74	2.93	9.35
LD2	299	0.29	0.01	2.0	2.0	8.0	0.62	55.22	12.455	42.38	43.00	5.73	10.48
LD3	178	0.29	0.01	2.0	2.0	8.0	0.46	43.67	11.957	29.64	30.10	4.08	9.83
LD4	253	0.13	0.01	2.0	2.0	8.0	0.71	38.00	8.544	22.44	23.15	6.66	10.83
LD5	347	0.25	0.01	2.0	2.0	8.0	0.70	52.50	11.838	42.84	43.54	6.61	10.81
LD6	233	0.29	0.01	2.0	2.0	8.0	0.56	45.89	11.482	32.72	33.28	5.08	10.23

Drainage Area	Flow Rate (cfs)	Bottom Slope (ft/ft)	Manning's n	Side Slope (left)	Side Slope (right)	Bottom Width (ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Flow Vel. (fps)	Froude Number	Velocity Head (ft)	Energy Head (ft)	Flow Area (sf)	Flow Top Width (ft)
LOW WATER CROSSING (2%) AREAS													
LD1	106	0.02	0.04	8.0	8.0	12.0	1.24	5.06	0.911	0.40	1.63	20.97	20.90
LD2	299	0.02	0.04	8.0	8.0	34.0	1.32	5.77	0.944	0.52	1.84	51.78	44.55
LD3	178	0.02	0.04	8.0	8.0	20.0	1.29	5.47	0.930	0.46	1.76	32.57	30.35
LD4	253	0.02	0.04	8.0	8.0	28.0	1.33	5.72	0.941	0.51	1.84	44.26	38.63
LD5	347	0.02	0.04	8.0	8.0	38.0	1.35	5.91	0.950	0.54	1.90	58.73	48.82
LD6	233	0.02	0.04	8.0	8.0	28.0	1.27	5.56	0.935	0.48	1.75	41.91	38.14

Note: Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010).

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
CHUTE ANALYSIS
EXAMPLE CALCULATION FOR
GABION-LINED CHUTES

Example Calculation: Calculate the normal depth for the chute for the 25% slope portion of drainage area LD1.

List of Symbols

- Q_d = design flow rate for channel, cfs
- R = hydraulic radius, ft
- n = Manning's roughness coefficient
- S = channel slope, ft/ft
- b = bottom width of channel, ft
- z = z-ratio (ratio of run to rise for channel sideslope)
- A_f = flow area, sf
- g = gravitational acceleration = 32.2 ft/s²
- T = top width of flow, ft
- d = normal depth of chute, ft

The program uses an iterative process to calculate the normal depth of the chute to satisfy Manning's Equation

$$Q = \frac{1.486}{n} A R^{0.67} S^{0.5}$$

Design Inputs:	$Q_d =$	106	cfs (from HEC-1 analysis, Appendix IIIF-A)
	$S =$	0.290	ft/ft
	$b =$	8	ft
	$z =$	4	(H) : 1 (V)
	$n =$	0.04	

Step 1 - Based on the geometry of the chute cross-section, solve for R and A_f

$$R = \frac{bd + zd^2}{b + 2d(z^2 + 1)^{0.5}}$$

$$A_f = bd + zd^2$$

assume: $d = 0.720$ ft

$$R = 0.562 \text{ ft}$$

$$A_f = 7.79 \text{ sf}$$

solve for Q : $Q = 106$ cfs

if Q is not equal to Q_d , select a new d and repeat calculations

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
CHUTE ANALYSIS
EXAMPLE CALCULATION FOR
GABION-LINED CHUTES

Step 2 - solve for velocity, T, Froude number, velocity head, and energy head

$$Q = VA \Rightarrow V = Q/A$$

$$V = 13.60 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$T = b + 2(z \times d)$$

$$T = 13.74 \text{ ft}$$

$$F_r = \frac{V}{(gA/T)^{0.5}}$$

$$F_r = 3.183$$

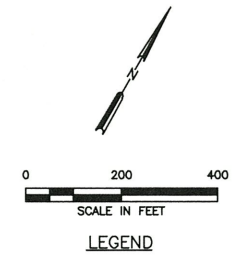
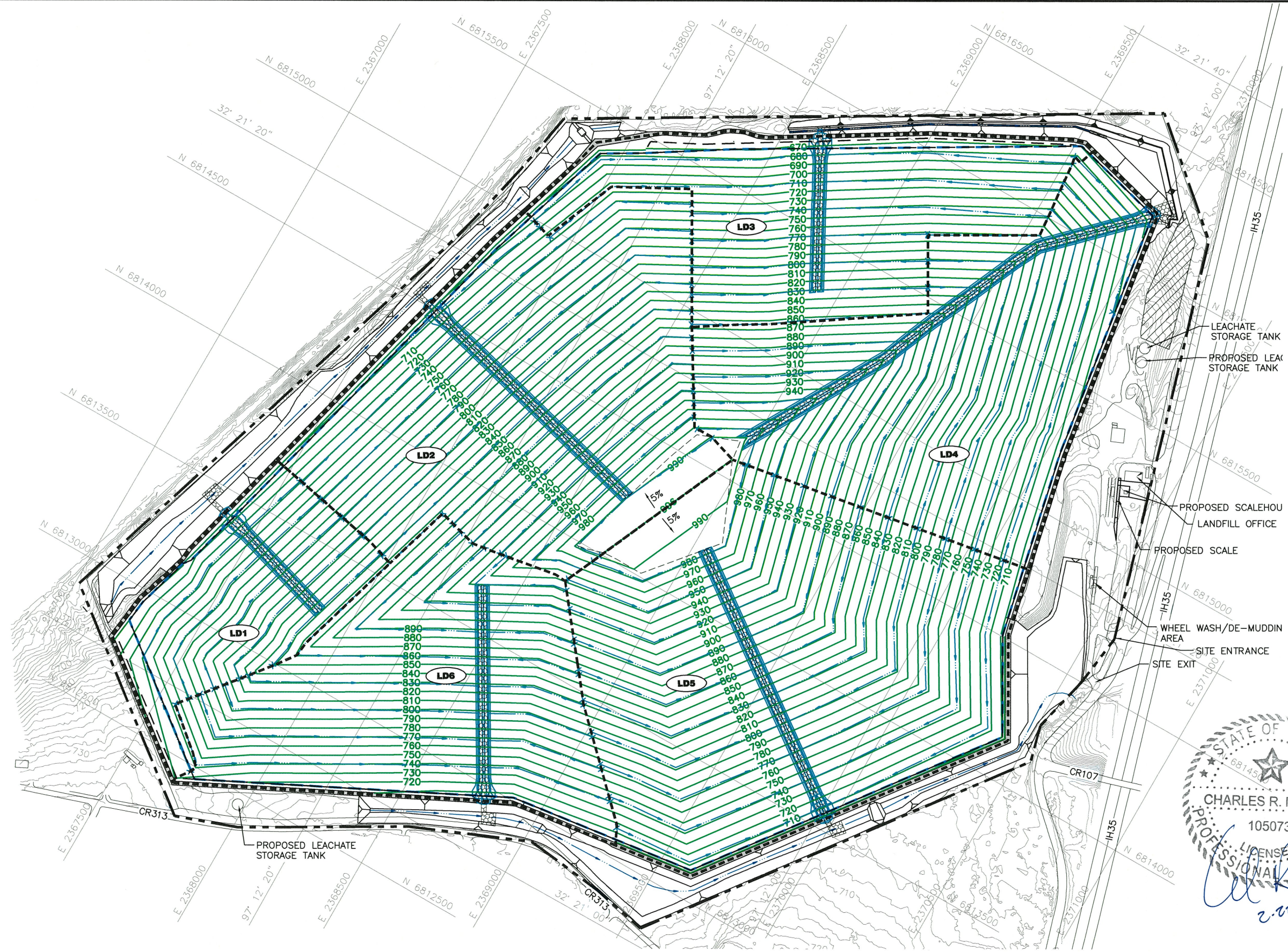
$$\text{Velocity Head} = \frac{V^2}{2g}$$

$$\text{Velocity Head} = 2.87 \text{ ft}$$

Energy Head = water elevation + velocity head

$$\text{Energy Head} = 3.59 \text{ ft}$$

O:\0771\368\EXPANSION 2021\PART III\IIIIF-C-13-LETDOWN STRUCTURE.dwg, r a r rington, 1:2



LEGEND

- PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- LIMITS OF WASTE
- DRAINAGE DIVIDE
- EXISTING CONTOUR
- PROPOSED FINAL COVER CONTOUR
- STATE PLANE GRID
- DRAINAGE LETDOWN
- DRAINAGE SWALE
- PROPOSED PERIMETER CHANNEL
- LD2 DRAINAGE AREA DESIGNATION
- FUTURE LFGTE FACILITY LOCATION

NOTE:

1. EXISTING CONTOURS AND ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY DALLAS AERIAL SURVEYS FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 03-07-2018. THE GRID SYSTEM IS TIED TO THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM NORTH CENTRAL ZONE NAD 1983.
2. REFER TO DRAWING IIIIF-A-25 FOR COMPLETE OFFSITE DRAINAGE AREA DELINEATIONS.

DRAINAGE AREA NO.	AREA (ACRES)
LD1	12.96
LD2	36.87
LD3	22.58
LD4	33.25
LD5	44.98
LD6	27.53



<p><input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION</p> <p>DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: IIIIF-D-7-TYP. SLOPE LENGTHS.DWG</p>	<p>PREPARED FOR</p> <p style="text-align: center;">TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP</p> <p>DRAWN BY: RAA DESIGN BY: BPY REVIEWED BY: CRM</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT LETDOWN STRUCTURE DRAINAGE AREAS</p> <p style="text-align: center;">TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS</p>						
<p>Weaver Consultants Group TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727</p>		<p>REVISIONS</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 5%;">NO.</th> <th style="width: 15%;">DATE</th> <th style="width: 80%;">DESCRIPTION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION			
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION						
<p>WWW.WCGRP.COM</p>		<p style="text-align: right;">DRAWING IIIIF-C-13</p>						

Required: Determine the hydraulic properties for the grouted ripraps as energy letdown structures (chutes).

Method:

1. Calculate the design flow rate of the chute section.
2. Estimate the normal and flow velocity from Hydrocalc using calculated design flow rate.
3. Calculate the critical depth and critical flow velocity.
4. Calculate the height of the roughness element and spacing between the rows of the roughness elements.
5. Calculate the total length of roughness elements.

References:

1. Henry M. Morris, *Hydraulic Dissipation in Steep, Rough Channels*, Bulletin 19, Research Division, Virginia Polytechnic Institute, 1968.
2. "Open Channel Hydraulics" by V.T. Chow.
3. "Hydraulic Design of Energy Dissipators for Culverts and Channels", FHWA Hydraulics Engineering Circular Number 14, Third Edition.
4. "Hydraulic Considerations for Corrugated Plastic Pipes" Plastic Pipe Institute.
5. "Reclamation Managing Water in the West" Erosion and Sedimentation Manual. US Department of the Interior Bureau of Reclamation, November 2006.
6. Fort Bend County, Texas, Drainage District "Drainage Criteria Manual", 2nd Revision, February, 2011. Interim Atlas 14 Drainage Criteria Manual and Minimum Slab Elevation Criteria December, 2019.

Solution:

The design of energy dissipators for the 28.6 percent sideslope is based on tumbling flow in the chute. Tumbling flow consists of a series of hydraulic jumps on overfalls that maintain the critical velocity in the chute.

1. For Chute LF1 (For the Upper Portion of a FML Chute):

1.A Design flow rates for energy dissipation.

According to the definition of the unit flow rate,

$$q = Q/b$$

Where: Q = Design flow rate for channel, cfs
b = Bottom width of chute, ft
q = Unit flowrate, cfs/ft of chute width

$$Q = 106 \text{ cfs}$$

$$b = 8 \text{ ft}$$

$$q = 13.25 \text{ cfs/ft}$$

1.B. Estimate the normal depth and flow velocity from Hydrocalc using the design flow rate and appropriate Manning's coefficient.

Where: n = Manning's roughness coefficient
S = channel slope, ft/ft
b = Width of the channel, ft
z = z-ratio (ratio of run to rise for channel sideslope) for side slope
d = Normal Depth of the channel
v = Flow Velocity in the channel

$$Q = 106 \text{ cfs}$$

$$n = 0.01$$

$$S = 0.286 \text{ ft/ft}$$

$$z = 2 \text{ ft/ft}$$

$$D = 8 \text{ ft}$$

From Hydrocalc

$$d = 0.34 \text{ ft}$$

$$v = 36.24 \text{ ft/sec}$$

1.C For Chute LF1 (For the Lower Portion of the Chute):

Design flow rates for energy dissipation.

According to the definition of the unit flow rate,

$$q = Q/b$$

Where: Q = Design flow rate for channel, cfs
b = Bottom width of chute, ft
q = Unit flowrate, cfs/ft of chute width

$$Q = 106 \text{ cfs}$$

$$b = 18 \text{ ft}$$

$$q = 5.89 \text{ cfs/ft}$$

2. Estimate the normal and flow velocity due to the roughness elements from Hydrocalc using flow rate and appropriately adjusted Manning's coefficient.

The roughness coefficient can be calculated from Equation 5-12 from Reference 2

$$n = (n_0 + n_1 + n_2 + n_3 + n_4) m_5 \quad \text{(Equation 5-12, Reference 2)}$$

Where: n_0 basic n value for straight, uniform, smooth channel based on material = 0.013 (Reference 2, Page 111, Table 5-6)
 n_1 value added for surface irregularities = 0.01 (Reference 2, Page 109, Table 5-5)
 n_2 value added for variation in channel cross section = 0.0 (Reference 2, Page 109, Table 5-5)
 n_3 value added for obstructions = 0.015 (Reference 2, Page 109, Table 5-5)
 n_4 value added for vegetation and flow conditions = 0.001 (Reference 2, Page 109, Table 5-5)
 m_5 correction factor for meandering of channel = 1.0 (Reference 2, Page 109, Table 5-5)

$$n = (0.013 + 0.01 + 0.0 + 0.015 + 0.001) * 1.0$$

$$n = 0.039$$

Therefore: Q = 106 cfs
n = 0.039
S = 0.286 ft/ft
z = 4 ft/ft
b = 18 ft

From Hydrocalc

$$d = 0.46 \text{ ft}$$

$$v = 11.50 \text{ ft/sec}$$

3. Calculate the critical depth and critical flow velocity.

$$Y_c = (q^2/g)^{1/3} \quad \text{(Reference 3, Equation 7.1)}$$

$$V_c = (gq)^{1/3} \quad \text{(Reference 3)}$$

Where: Y_c = Critical depth, ft
q = Unit flowrate, cfs/ft of channel width
g = Acceleration due to gravity = 32.2 ft/s²
 V_c = Critical velocity, ft/s

$$q = 5.89 \text{ cfs}$$

$$Y_c = 1.03 \text{ ft}$$

$$V_c = 5.75 \text{ ft/s}$$

4. Calculate the height of the roughness element and spacing between the rows of the roughness elements.

$$h = Y_c((3-3.7S)^{(2/3)}) \quad (\text{Reference 3, Equation 7.2})$$

Where: Y_c = Critical depth, ft
 S = Channel slope, ft/ft
 h = Element height, ft

$$S = 0.286 \text{ ft/ft}$$

$$h = 0.66 \text{ ft}$$

$$h = 7.9 \text{ in}$$

$$h_{\text{provided}} = 12.0 \text{ in}$$

$h_{\text{provided}} > h$, so the design is adequate.

5. Calculate the total length of roughness elements.

$$L = 8.5 * h \quad (\text{Reference 3})$$

Where: L = Spacing between the roughness elements, ft
 h = Element height, ft
 L_{Total} = Total length of roughened section, ft

$$L = 6.09 \text{ ft}$$

The spacing and height of the roughness elements are designed based on 5 rows of roughness elements. (Reference 3)

$$L_{\text{total (recommended)}} = L5$$

$$L_{\text{total (recommended)}} = 30.5$$

$$L_{\text{total(provided)}} = 40.00 \text{ ft}$$

$L_{\text{total(provided)}} > L_{\text{total (recommended)}}$, so the design is adequate.

CHUTE ENERGY DISSIPATOR GABION SIZING CALCULATION

The following table summarizes the calculations for gabion chutes.

Upper Portion of Chutes

Chute	1Q (cfs)	W_{Design} (ft)	q (cfs/ft)	n-value	Bottom Slope (ft/ft)	Side Slope (ft/ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Flow Velocity (ft/sec)
LD1	106	8	13.25	0.04	0.286	4	0.72	13.60
LD2	299	8	37.38	0.04	0.286	4	1.25	18.45
LD3	178	8	22.25	0.04	0.286	4	0.95	15.89
LD4	253	8	31.63	0.04	0.130	4	1.41	13.19
LD5	347	8	43.38	0.04	0.250	4	1.40	18.24
LD6	233	8	29.13	0.04	0.286	4	1.10	17.18

Lower Portion of Chutes

Chute	1Q (cfs)	W_{Design} (ft)	q (cfs/ft)	n-value	Bottom Slope (ft/ft)	Side Slope (ft/ft)	Normal Depth (ft)	Flow Velocity (ft/sec)	Y_c (ft)	V_c (fps)	h (ft)	L (= $9.25h$) (ft)	h_{Design} (in)	$^2L_{Total}$ (Recommended) (ft)	$W_{Provided}$ (ft)	$h_{Provided}$ (in)	L_{Total} (Provided) (ft)
LF1	106	12	8.83	0.055	0.286	4	0.71	10.14	1.34	6.58	0.86	8.0	10.3	39.8	12	12.0	40.0
LF2	299	34	8.79	0.055	0.286	4	0.73	11.11	1.34	6.57	0.86	7.9	10.3	39.7	34	12.0	40.0
LF3	178	20	8.90	0.055	0.286	4	0.72	10.73	1.35	6.59	0.86	8.0	10.4	40.0	20	12.0	40.0
LF4	253	28	9.04	0.055	0.130	4	0.93	8.58	1.36	6.63	0.73	6.8	8.8	34.0	28	12.0	40.0
LF5	347	38	9.13	0.055	0.250	4	0.78	10.86	1.37	6.65	0.84	7.8	10.1	38.9	38	12.0	40.0
LF6	233	28	8.32	0.055	0.286	4	0.70	10.76	1.29	6.45	0.83	7.7	9.9	38.3	28	12.0	40.0

1. The flowrates were reproduced from Appendix IIIIF-A.

2. Total length of the roughened section was calculated based on FHWA recommendation of 5 rows of roughened elements.

CHUTE ENERGY DISSIPATOR FML SIZING CALCULATION

The following table summarizes the calculations for FML chutes.

Upper Portion of Chutes

Chute	1Q	W_{Design}	q	n-value	Bottom Slope	Side Slope	Normal Depth	Flow Velocity
	(cfs)	(ft)	(cfs/ft)		(ft/ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft)	(ft/sec)
LD1	106	8	13.25	0.01	0.286	2	0.34	36.24
LD2	299	8	37.38	0.01	0.286	2	0.62	55.22
LD3	178	8	22.25	0.01	0.286	2	0.46	43.67
LD4	253	8	31.63	0.01	0.130	2	0.71	38.00
LD5	347	8	43.38	0.01	0.250	2	0.70	52.50
LD6	233	8	29.13	0.01	0.286	2	0.56	45.89

Lower Portion of Chutes

Chute	1Q	W_{Design}	q	n-value	Bottom Slope	Side Slope	Normal Depth	Flow Velocity	Y_c	V_c	h	L (=9.25h)	h_{Design}	$^2L_{Total}$ (Recommended)	$W_{Provided}$	$h_{Provided}$	L_{Total} (Provided)
	(cfs)	(ft)	(cfs/ft)		(ft/ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft)	(ft/sec)	(ft)	(fps)	(ft)	(ft)	(in)	(ft)	(ft)	(in)	(ft)
LF1	106	12	8.83	0.055	0.286	4	0.71	10.14	1.34	6.58	0.86	8.0	10.3	39.8	12	12.0	40.0
LF2	299	34	8.79	0.055	0.286	4	0.73	11.11	1.34	6.57	0.86	7.9	10.3	39.7	34	12.0	40.0
LF3	178	20	8.90	0.055	0.286	4	0.72	10.73	1.35	6.59	0.86	8.0	10.4	40.0	20	12.0	40.0
LF4	253	28	9.04	0.055	0.130	4	0.93	8.58	1.36	6.63	0.73	6.8	8.8	34.0	28	12.0	40.0
LF5	347	38	9.13	0.055	0.250	4	0.78	10.86	1.37	6.65	0.84	7.8	10.1	38.9	38	12.0	40.0
LF6	233	28	8.32	0.055	0.286	4	0.70	10.76	1.29	6.45	0.83	7.7	9.9	38.3	28	12.0	40.0

1. The flowrates were reproduced from Appendix III-F-A.

2. Total length of the roughened section was calculated based on FHWA recommendation of 5 rows of roughened elements.

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
FML-LINED CHUTE ANCHOR TRENCH DESIGN
25-YEAR, 24 HOUR STORM

Required: Provide topslope and sideslope anchor trench design for a geomembrane-lined letdown structure (or chute).

Method:

1. Design anchor trench spacing and depths.
2. Design upstream end anchor trench.

Assumptions:

1. The geomembrane-lined chute will transition to its maximum width for the energy dissipater design where maximum total flow for chute is expected to occur.
2. Proposed chutes will convey runoff from the following chute drainage area:

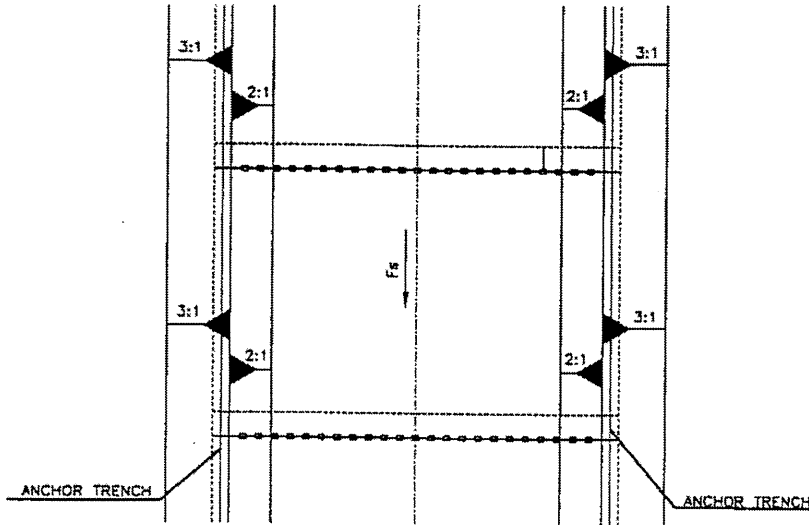
Proposed Chute	Chute Drainage Areas	25-year Total Flow (cfs) ¹
1	LD1	128
2	LD2	302
3	LD3	174
4	LD4	302
5	LD5	83
6	LD6	140

¹ From HEC-1 Analysis, Appendix IIIF-A

References:

1. Gamelsky, S.G., *Innovations in Stormwater Management for Landfill Closure* Technical Paper
2. Koerner, R.M., *Designing with Geosynthetics*, 5th Edition, Prentice-Hall, Inc, 2005.
3. Morris, H.M., *Hydraulics of Energy Dissipators in Steep Rough Channels*, Bulletin 19, Research Division, Virginia Polytechnic Institute, Blacksburg, Virginia.

Design anchor trench spacing and depths.



Shear force pulling on geomembrane due to water:

The shear force acting on the geomembrane per square foot of water in the chute:

$$T = \gamma_w \times D \times S \quad \text{where:} \quad \begin{array}{l} \gamma_w = \text{unit weight of water (lb/cf)} \\ D = \text{maximum water depth (ft)} \\ S = \text{hydraulic gradient (ft/ft)} \end{array}$$

Shear force acting on the geomembrane per foot of anchor trench:

$$F_{s1} = T \times P$$

where:

$$P = \text{wetted perimeter of the chute} = (W + 2 \times (a^2 + D^2)^{1/2})$$

$$a = h \times D = \text{horizontal distance from bottom of chute to the depth submerged on the sideslopes}$$

$$h = \text{Slope of sidewalls} = \begin{array}{l} 2 \\ 8 \end{array} \text{ (H) : 1 (V)}$$

$$W = \text{Minimum bottom width of flow} = 8 \text{ ft}$$

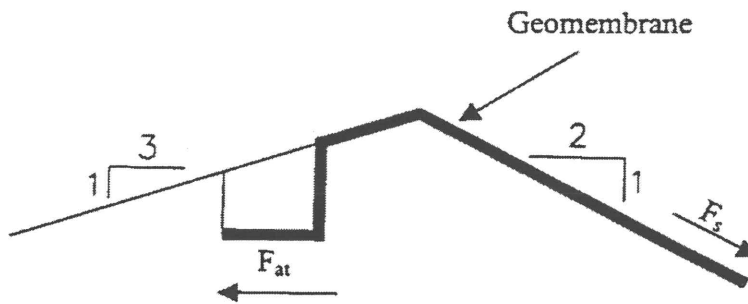
Conservatively, the maximum calculated water depth in the chutes will be used to verify the design. Thus, the water depth in the narrowest part of the chute with the highest depth will be used.

Letdown	Maximum Water Depth (ft) ¹	Hydraulic Gradient (ft/ft)	T (lb/sf)	a (ft)	F _{s1} (lb/ft)
LD1	0.34	0.286	6.07	0.68	58
LD2	0.62	0.286	11.06	1.24	119
LD3	0.46	0.286	8.21	0.92	83
LD4	0.71	0.13	5.76	1.42	64
LD5	0.70	0.25	10.92	1.40	122
LD6	0.56	0.286	9.99	1.12	105

¹ See design depths on page IIF-C-9 and IIF-C-10

Pullout Resistance from Edges, F_{at1}¹

Assuming pullout only opposed by trench (conservative assumption)



$$F_{at} = 2[\{K_o\gamma(D/2)\}\{\tan\zeta\}\{D\} + \{\gamma D\}\{\tan\zeta\}\{w\}] \quad (\text{Ref 3})$$

- where:
- ζ = interface friction angle
 - $K_o = 1 - \sin \zeta$
 - γ = unit weight of soil (lb/cf)
 - D = depth of anchor trench (ft)
 - w = bottom width of anchor trench (ft)

- soil friction angle = 33 degrees
- soil/geomembrane friction angle = 18.2 degrees
- unit weight = 112 lb/ft³
- depth of anchor trench = 1 ft
- bottom width of anchor trench = 1 ft

¹See detail D10 - Anchor Trench Type 2 on Drawing IIIIF.9 for dimensions.

$$K_o = 0.46$$

$$F_{at1} = 179 \text{ lb/ft width on one side}$$

$$\text{Factor of Safety} = 2F_{at1}/F_{s1} = \frac{357}{122} \quad \text{FS} = 2.9$$

3. Upstream End Anchor Trench Design

Shear force pulling on geomembrane due to water:

$$F_{s2} = T \times A$$

where: T = Maximum shear force acting on the geomembrane per square foot of water in the chute (lb/sf)

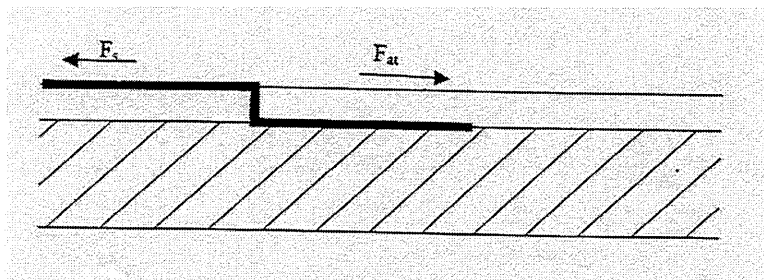
A = area of geomembrane at the top of the chute (ft²)

$$\text{Area of geomembrane at top of chute} = 116 \text{ ft} \times 17 \text{ ft} = 1,972 \text{ sf}$$

Conservatively, use the maximum shear force per square foot calculated in Part 2

$$F_{s2} = 21,820 \text{ lbs}$$

Pullout resistance of upstream end, F_{at2}



$$F_{at} = 2[\{K_o\gamma(D/2)\}\{\tan\zeta\}\{D\} + \{\gamma D\}\{\tan\zeta\}\{w\}] \quad (\text{Ref 3})$$

where:

ζ = interface friction angle

$K_o = 1 - \sin \zeta$

γ = unit weight of soil (lb/cf)

D = depth of anchor trench (ft)

w = bottom width of anchor trench (ft)

friction angle = 18.2 degrees
anchor trench soil unit weight = 112 lb/ft³
depth of anchor trench = 0.5 ft
bottom width of anchor trench = 3 ft

$$K_o = 0.69$$

$$F_{at2} = 117 \text{ lb/ft width}$$

$$\text{Total End Anchor Length } (L_T) = 150 \text{ ft}$$

$F_{pr} = \text{Pullout Resistance (End)} = F_{at2} \times L_T = 17,520 \text{ lbs}$
--

$\text{Factor of Safety} = F_{pr}/F_{s2} = \frac{17,520}{21,820} \quad \text{FS} = 0.8$

Summary of Results

Side Anchor Trench Pullout resistance:

$$\text{FS} = \frac{2F_{AT2}}{F_{S1}} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{FS} = 2.9$$

Upstream End Anchor Trench Pullout resistance:

$$\text{FS} = \frac{F_{pr}}{F_{s2}} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{FS} = 0.8$$

As it is stated on page 557 of Reference 3, the typical factors of safety for the proposed anchor trenches are between 0.7 to 5.0. Therefore, the design is acceptable.

APPENDIX IIIF-D
EROSION LAYER EVALUATION

Includes pages IIIF-D-1 through IIIF-D-37



EROSION LAYER EVALUATION

This appendix presents the supporting documentation for evaluation of the thickness of the erosion layer for the final cover system at the Turkey Creek Landfill. The evaluation is based on the premise of adding excess soil to increase the time required before maintenance is needed as recommended in the EPA Solid Waste Disposal Facility Criteria Technical Manual (EPA 530-R-93-017, November 1993). The design procedure is as follows:

1. Minimum thickness of the erosion layer at the end of the 30-year postclosure period is evaluated based on the depth of frost penetration or 6 inches, whichever is greater. For Johnson County, the approximate depth of frost penetration is approximately 6 inches (see IIF-D-10). Therefore, the minimum erosion layer thickness is 6 inches.
2. Soil loss is calculated using the Universal Soil Loss Equation (USLE) by following SCS procedures. The soil loss is adjusted by a safety factor of 2 and is then converted to a thickness. The thickness of the soil loss over a 30-year postclosure period is added to the minimum thickness of the erosion layer (from Step 1) to yield an initial thickness to be placed at closure of the site. According to the USLE, the typical 5 percent topslope and 28.6 percent side slope require a minimum of 6.082 inches and 7.041 inches, respectively, for the erosion layer. These USLE requirements include the 6-inch minimum required by regulations. Conservatively, a 12-inch erosion layer is proposed over final cover. These calculations begin on page IIF-D-3.
3. Stormwater flows over the final cover system by (1) sheet flow over the topslope and sideslopes and (2) channelized flow in the drainage berms (or swales). As discussed in Section 2.2 and Appendix IIF-C, flow also occurs in the letdown structures. The letdown structures are lined with gabions or FML to prevent erosion given that the velocities in the letdowns are over 5 ft/sec.

Sheet flow velocities for the topslope and sideslope cases for a 25-year storm event are calculated to be less than permissible nonerosive velocities. A permissible nonerosive velocity is defined as 5.0 ft/sec or less. Calculated sheet flow velocities range from 0.23 to 0.40 ft/sec for topslope and sideslope cases. The supporting calculations are presented on pages IIF-D-20 through IIF-D-28.

Channelized flow for drainage swales is also calculated to be less than permissible nonerosive velocities. Calculated channelized flow velocities

range from 2.14 to 2.83 ft/sec for the drainage swales. The supporting calculations are presented on pages IIF-C-3 through IIF-C-7.

4. Vegetation for the site will be native and introduced grasses with root depths of 6 inches to 8 inches. The erosion layer shall also include a mixture of Bermuda, vetch, rye, wheat grass, wild flowers, and flowering plants. The seeding is specified on the attached pages IIF-D-29 through IIF-D-37. The seeding included on pages IIF-D-29 through IIF-D-37 is specified by TxDOT for temporary and permanent erosion control for Johnson County, Texas (Fort Worth District).
5. Native and introduced grasses will be hydroseeded with fertilizer on the disked (parallel to contours) erosion layer upon final grading. Temporary cold weather vegetation will be established if needed. Irrigation will be employed for 6 to 8 weeks or until vegetation is well established. Erosion control measures such as silt fences and straw bales will be used to minimize erosion until the vegetation is established. Areas that experience erosion or do not readily vegetate after hydroseeding will be reseeded until vegetation is established or the soil will be replaced with soil that will support the grasses.
6. Slope stability information is included in Appendix IIIE.

Required: Determine expected soil loss and minimum thickness for the erosion layer.

Method: Expected soil loss is calculated using the Universal Soil Loss Equation. Minimum erosion layer thickness is determined by adding the minimum thickness allowed by TCEQ to the expected soil loss.

- References:**
1. SCS National Engineering Handbook, Chapter 3 - Erosion.
 2. TNRCC, *Use of the USLE in Final Cover/Configuration Design*, 1993.
 3. United States Department of Agriculture, National Resource Conservation Service, Web Soil Survey for Johnson County, Texas (<http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov>).
 4. United States Environmental Protection Agency, *Solid Waste Disposal Facility Criteria Technical Manual*, 1993.

Solution:

1. Soil Loss Equation: $A=RKL_sCP$

Where:

- A= Soil loss (tons/ac/yr)
- R= Rainfall factor
- K= Soil erodibility factor
- L_s = Slope length/slope gradient factor
- C= Plant cover or cropping management factor
- P= Erosion practice factor

The rainfall factor, R, represents the average intensity for the maximum intensity, 30 minute storms over a 22 year period of record compiled by the SCS. Using Figure 1 (Ref 2), Average Annual Values of the R Factor, the R factor for Johnson County is:

$$R = 290$$

The soil erodibility factor, K, factor represents the resistance of a soil surface to erosion as a function of the soil's physical and chemical properties. Assume an organic matter content of 2% to determine the K factor. The site top soil will consist of sandy clay with high organic content. Clean compost as a soil amendment may be added to final cover top soil as necessary to protect against erosion. Therefore, the following is a K value for the site.

$$K = 0.25$$

The slope length/slope gradient factor, L_s , represents the erosion of the soil due to both slope length and degree of slope. The slopes of interest are the typical side slope and top slope conditions.
See sheet IIIIF-D-7 for the locations of the slopes analyzed.

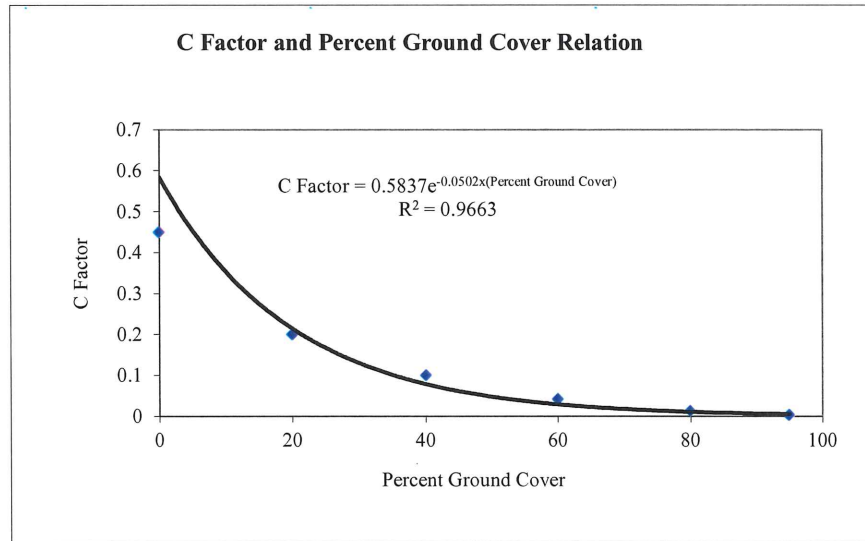
Case 1.	Typical Top Slope	Case 2.	Longest Top Slope
	slope = 5 %		slope = 5 %
	length = 119 ft		length = 249 ft
Case 3.	Typical Side Slope	Case 4.	Typical Side Slope
	28.6 %		25 %
	105 ft		120 ft
Case 5.	Longest Side Slope (28.6%)	Case 6.	Longest Side Slope (25%)
	28.6 %		25 %
	130 ft		145 ft

Using the above information and Figure 2 (Ref 2, p.9), the L_s factors are determined.

Case	Slope (%)	Slope Length (ft)	L_s
1. Typical Top Slope	5	119	0.59
2. Longest Top Slope	5	249	0.85
3. Typical Side Slope	28.6	105	7.50
4. Typical Side Slope	25	120	6.50
5. Longest Side Slope (28.6%)	28.6	130	8.10
6. Longest Side Slope (25%)	25	145	7.00

The plant cover or cropping management factor, C, represents the percentage of soil loss that would occur if the surface were partially protected by some combination of cover and management practices. C Factor for Permanent Pasture, Range, and Idle Land with No Appreciable Canopy has the following relation with percent ground cover (GC) (from Ref 2, p.7).

% GC	C Factor
0	0.45
20	0.2
40	0.1
60	0.042
80	0.013
95	0.003



$C \text{ Factor} = 0.5837e^{(-0.0502 \times 90)}$
 $C \text{ Factor} = 0.0064$ (for 90% ground cover)

The erosion control practice factor, P, measures the effect of control practices that reduce the erosion potential of the runoff by influencing drainage patterns, runoff concentration, and runoff velocity. Contouring for this site will be done only to establish vegetation.

P = 1.00

2. Soil loss calculations

Slope Condition	R	K	L _s	C	P	A (tons/ac/yr)
1. Typical Top Slope 5% slope 119 ft length	290	0.25	0.59	0.0064	1.00	0.27
2. Longest Top Slope 5% slope 249 ft length	290	0.25	0.85	0.0064	1.00	0.39
3. Typical Side Slope 28.6% slope 120 ft length	290	0.25	7.50	0.0064	1.00	3.46
4. Typical Side Slope 25.0% slope 120 ft length	290	0.25	6.50	0.0064	1.00	3.00
5. Longest Side Slope 28.6% slope 130 feet length	290	0.25	8.10	0.0064	1.00	3.74
6. Longest Side Slope 25% slope 140 feet length	290	0.25	7.00	0.0064	1.00	3.23

Note: Erosion layer will be maintained to provide 90% ground cover.

3. Erosion layer thickness calculations:

$$T_{el} = 6\text{ in} + \frac{AYF(2000\text{lb/ton})(12\text{in/ft})}{w(43,560\text{sf/ac})}$$

Where: T_{el} = Erosion layer thickness
A = Soil loss (ton/ac/yr)
Y = Postclosure period (yr)
F = Factor of Safety
w = Specific weight of soil (pcf)

Y = 30 yr
F = 2
w = 110 pcf

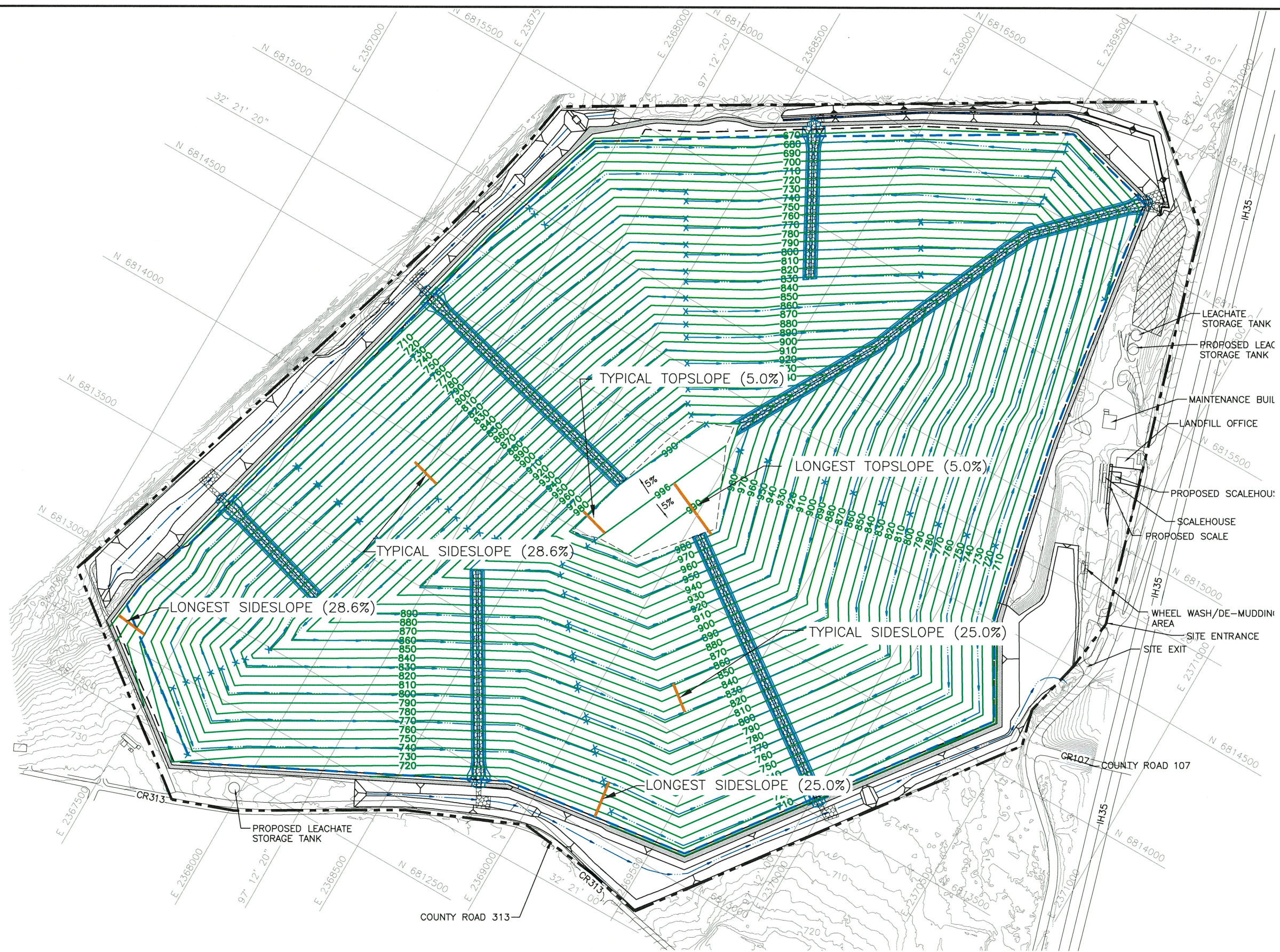
1. Typical Top Slope Thickness:		
T_{et} , Required thickness ¹ =	6.082	in
Total estimated soil loss =	0.082	in
Minimum Specified thickness =	12.000	in
2. Longest Top Slope Thickness:		
T_{et} , Required thickness ¹ =	6.118	in
Total estimated soil loss =	0.118	in
Minimum Specified thickness =	12.000	in
3. Typical Sideslope Thickness:		
T_{et} , Required thickness ¹ =	7.041	in
Total estimated soil loss =	1.041	in
Minimum Specified thickness =	12.000	in
4. Typical Sideslope Thickness:		
T_{et} , Required thickness ¹ =	6.902	in
Total estimated soil loss =	0.902	in
Minimum Specified thickness =	12.000	in
5. Longest Sideslope Thickness (28.6%):		
T_{et} , Required thickness ¹ =	7.124	in
Total estimated soil loss =	1.124	in
Minimum Specified thickness =	12.000	in
6. Longest Sideslope Thickness (25%):		
T_{et} , Required thickness ¹ =	6.971	in
Total estimated soil loss =	0.971	in
Minimum Specified thickness =	12.000	in

Note: ¹Required thicknesses include 6 inch minimum required and estimated soil loss.

4. Summary:

Calculated erosion losses are shown in Step 2 above.
The erosion layer will be a minimum of 12 inches thick.
As shown above, this is a conservative design considering the maximum expected soil loss for a 30 year period is 1.17 inches.

O:\0771\366\EXPANSION 2021\PART III\IIF-D-7-TYP. SLOPE LENGTHS.DWG. RARRINGTON, I:2



LEGEND

	PROPERTY BOUNDARY
	LIMITS OF WASTE
	EXISTING CONTOUR
	PROPOSED FINAL COVER CONTOUR
	STATE PLANE GRID
	GEODETIC COORDINATE
	DRAINAGE LETDOWN
	DRAINAGE SWALE
	PROPOSED PERIMETER CHANNEL
	FUTURE LFGTE FACILITY LOCATION

NOTE:
 1. EXISTING CONTOURS AND ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY DALLAS AERIAL SURVEYS FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 03-07-2018. THE GRID SYSTEM IS TIED TO THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM NORTH CENTRAL ZONE NAD 1983.



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CAD: IIF-D-7-TYP. SLOPE LENGTHS.DWG	REVIEWED BY: CRM										
Weaver Consultants Group TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727											

EROSION LAYER EVALUATION
TYPICAL SLOPE LENGTHS
 TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
 JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
 WWW.WCGRP.COM DRAWING IIF-D-7

SOIL LOSS ESTIMATE SUMMARY TABLE

Case	Slope (%)	Length (ft)	L_s	Percent Ground Cover	C Factor	A (tons/ac/yr)
Top Slope	5	119	0.59	60	0.042	1.8
Top Slope	5	119	0.59	70	0.017	0.7
Top Slope	5	119	0.59	80	0.013	0.6
Top Slope	5	119	0.59	90	0.0064	0.3
Top Slope	5	249	0.85	60	0.042	2.6
Top Slope	5	249	0.85	70	0.017	1.0
Top Slope	5	249	0.85	80	0.013	0.8
Top Slope	5	249	0.85	90	0.0064	0.4
Side Slope	28.6	120	7.50	60	0.042	22.8
Side Slope	28.6	120	7.50	70	0.017	9.2
Side Slope	28.6	120	7.50	80	0.013	7.1
Side Slope	28.6	120	7.50	90	0.0064	3.5
Side Slope	25	120	6.50	60	0.042	19.8
Side Slope	25	120	6.50	70	0.017	8.0
Side Slope	25	120	6.50	80	0.013	6.1
Side Slope	25	120	6.50	90	0.0064	3.0
Side Slope	28.6	151	8.10	60	0.042	24.7
Side Slope	28.6	151	8.10	70	0.017	10.0
Side Slope	28.6	151	8.10	80	0.013	7.6
Side Slope	28.6	151	8.10	90	0.0064	3.8
Side Slope	25	151	7.00	60	0.042	21.3
Side Slope	25	151	7.00	70	0.017	8.6
Side Slope	25	151	7.00	80	0.013	6.6
Side Slope	25	151	7.00	90	0.0064	3.2



Solid Waste Disposal Facility Criteria

Technical Manual

Printed on Recycled Paper

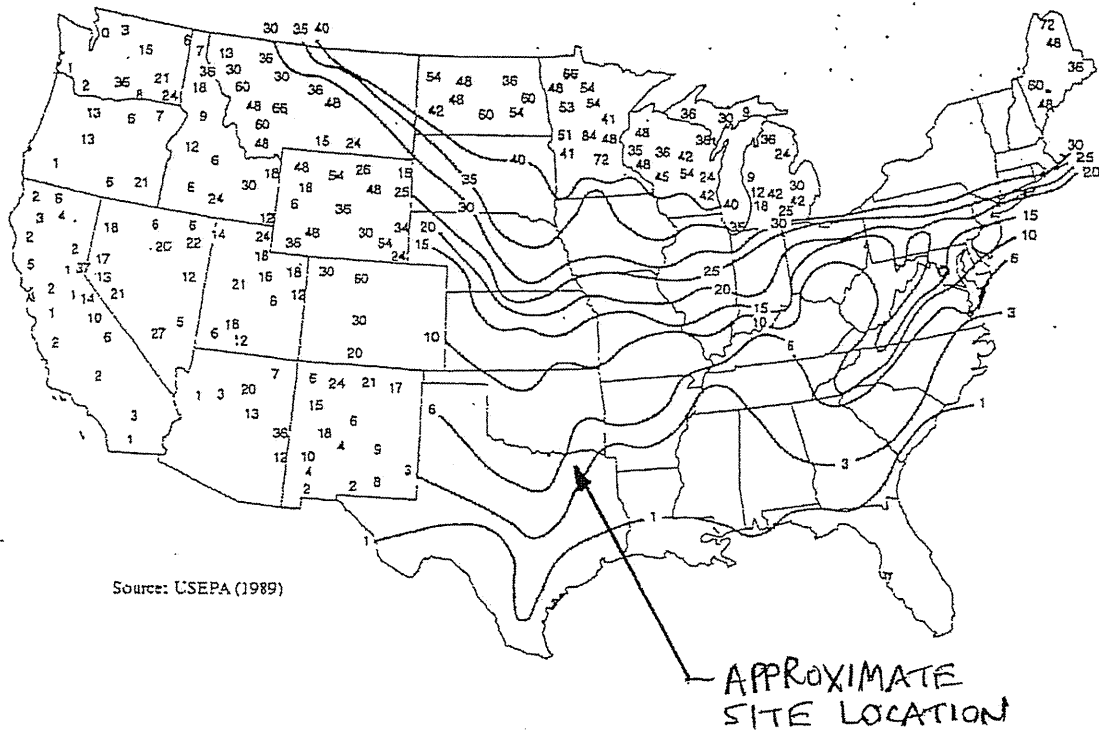
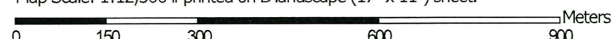


Figure 6-4
Regional Depth of Frost Penetration in Inches

Hydrologic Soil Group—Johnson County, Texas



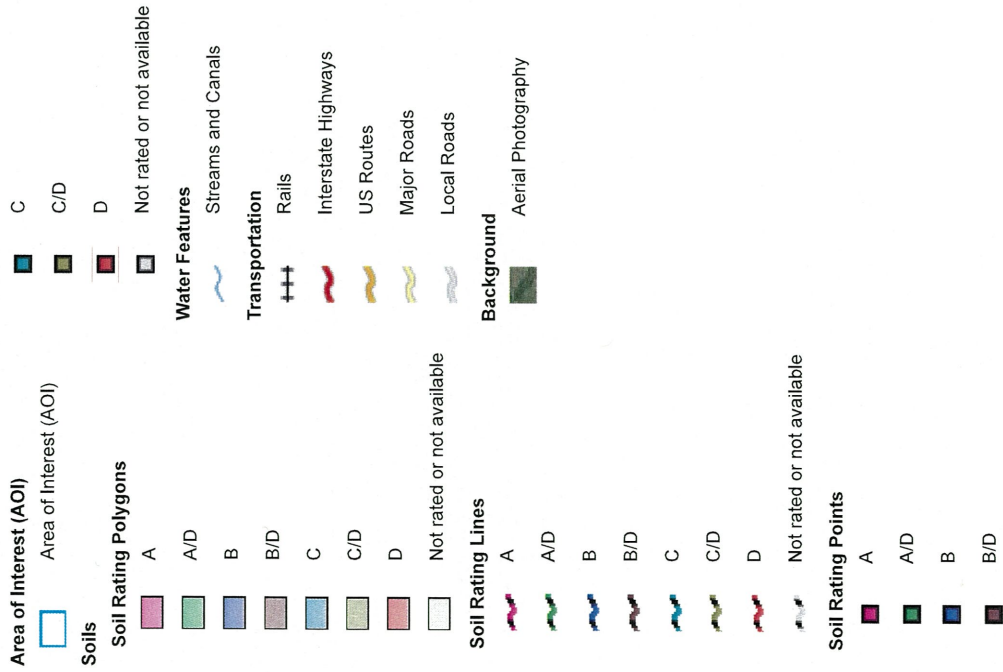
Map Scale: 1:12,500 if printed on B landscape (17" x 11") sheet.



Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 14N WGS84



MAP LEGEND



MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20,000.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
 Web Soil Survey URL:
 Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Johnson County, Texas
 Survey Area Data: Version 15, Sep 14, 2018

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Nov 27, 2014—Mar 19, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
BmE	Birome-Rayex complex, 5 to 20 percent slopes	C	50.9	4.3%
BuB	Burleson clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes	D	7.2	0.6%
CrB	Crosstell fine sandy loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	D	85.8	7.3%
CrD	Crosstell fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	D	433.7	36.7%
FhC	Ferris-Heiden complex, 2 to 5 percent slopes	D	91.4	7.7%
GfB	Gasil fine sandy loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	B	5.0	0.4%
GfC	Gasil fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	B	9.2	0.8%
HeB	Heiden clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes	D	216.3	18.3%
NaC	Navo clay loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	D	11.9	1.0%
Pb	Pits, 0 to 45 percent slopes		49.6	4.2%
Pp	Pulexas fine sandy loam, frequently flooded	A	74.9	6.3%
SfB	Silstid loamy fine sand, 1 to 3 percent slopes	B	52.7	4.5%
SfD	Silstid loamy fine sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	B	19.6	1.7%
Tn	Tinn clay, 0 to 1 percent slopes, frequently flooded	D	72.3	6.1%
W	Water	D	2.3	0.2%
Totals for Area of Interest			1,182.6	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

TEXAS NATURAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION COMMISSION

USE OF THE UNIVERSAL SOIL LOSS EQUATION
IN FINAL COVER/CONFIGURATION DESIGN

PROCEDURAL HANDBOOK

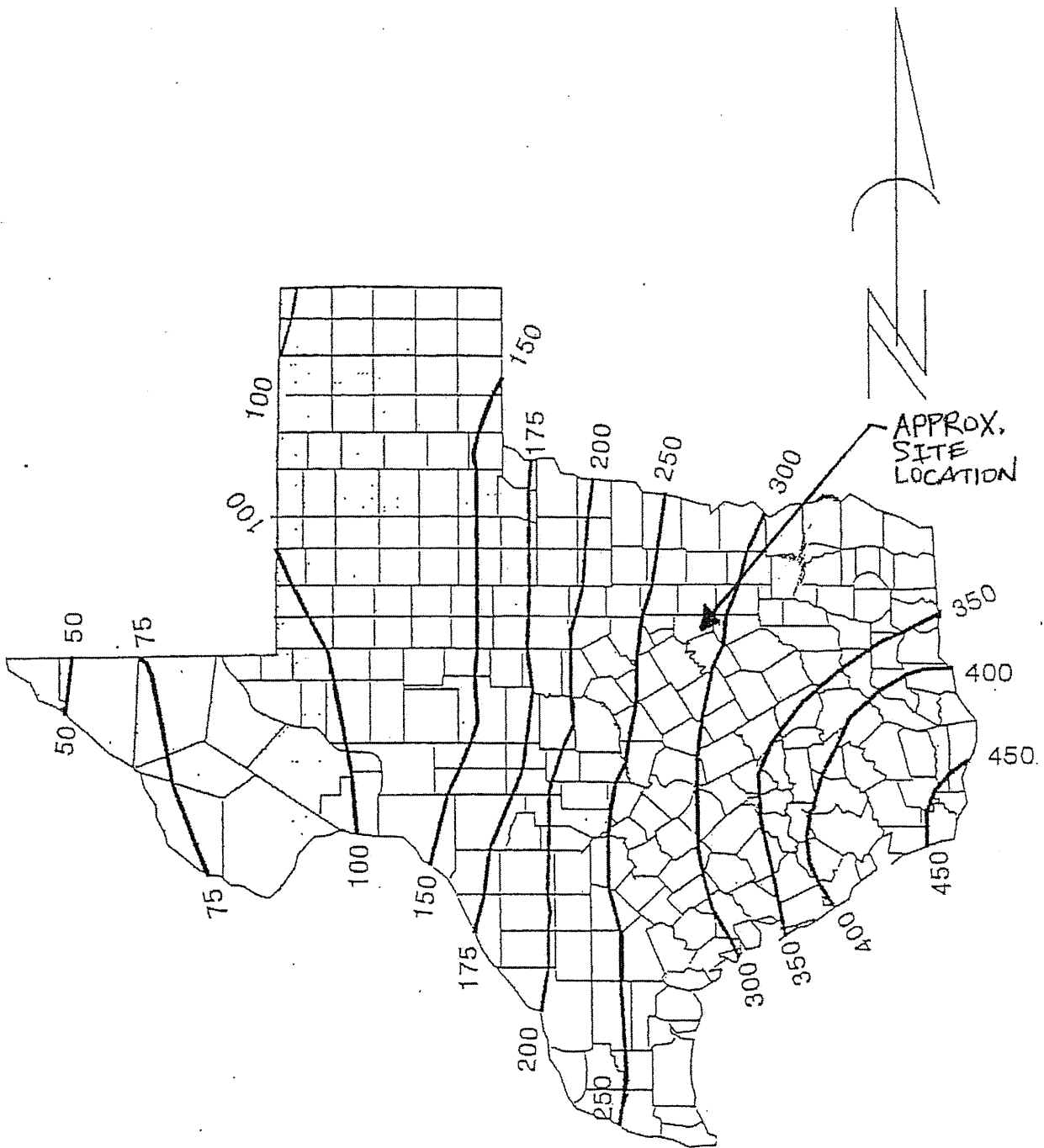
PERMITS SECTION
MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE DIVISION

OCTOBER 1993

Table 1 Approximate Values of Factor K for USDA Textural Classes

Texture Class	Organic Matter Content		
	<0.5%	2%	4%
	K	K	K
Sand	0.05	0.03	0.02
Fine Sand	0.16	0.14	0.10
Very Fine Sand	0.42	0.36	0.28
Loamy Sand	0.12	0.10	0.08
Loamy Fine Sand	0.24	0.20	0.16
Loamy Very Fine Sand	0.44	0.38	0.30
Sandy Loam	0.27	0.24	0.19
Fine Sandy Loam	0.35	0.30	0.24
Very Fine Sandy Loam	0.47	0.41	0.33
Loam	0.38	0.32	0.29
Silt Loam	0.48	0.42	0.33
Silt	0.60	0.52	0.42
Sandy Clay Loam	0.27	0.25	0.21
Clay Loam	0.28	0.25	0.21
Silty Clay Loam	0.37	0.32	0.26
Sandy Clay	0.14	0.13	0.12
Silty Clay	0.25	0.23	0.19
Clay	0.13 - 0.29 K = 0.25		

The values shown are estimated averages of broad ranges of specific-soil values. When a texture is near the borderline of two texture classes, use the average of the two K values.



W.H. Wischmeier, SEA, 1976

FIGURE 1. - AVERAGE ANNUAL VALUES OF THE RAINFALL EROSION INDEX

tion and developmental areas can be obtained from table 5 if good judgment is exercised in comparing the surface conditions with those of agricultural conditions specified in lines of the table. Time intervals analogous to cropstage periods will be defined to begin and end with successive construction or management activities that appreciably change the surface conditions. The procedure is then similar to that described for cropland.

Establishing vegetation on the denuded areas as quickly as possible is highly important. A good sod has a *C* value of 0.01 or less (table 5-B), but such a low *C* value can be obtained quickly only by laying sod on the area, at a substantial cost. When grass or small grain is started from seed, the probable soil loss for the period while cover is developing can be computed by the procedure outlined for estimating cropstage-period soil losses. If the seeding is on topsoil, without a mulch, the soil loss ratios given in line 141 of table 5 are appropriate for cropstage *C* values. If the seeding is on a desurfaced area, where residual effects of prior vegetation are no longer significant, the ratios for periods SB, 1 and 2 are 1.0, 0.75 and 0.50, respectively, and line 141 applies for cropstage 3. When the seedbed is protected by a mulch, the pertinent mulch factor from the upper curve of figure 6 or table 9 is applicable until good canopy cover is attained. The combined effects of vegetative mulch and low-growing canopy are given in figure 7. When grass is established in small grain, it can usually be evaluated as established meadow about 2 mo after the grain is cut.

C Values for Pasture, Range, and Idle Land

Factor *C* for a specific combination of cover conditions on these types of land may be obtained from table 10 (57). The cover characteristics that must be appraised before consulting this table are defined in the table and its footnotes. Cropstage periods and *EI* monthly distribution data are generally not necessary where perennial vegetation has become established and there is no mechanical disturbance of the soil.

Available soil loss data from undisturbed land were not sufficient to derive table 10 by direct comparison of measured soil loss rates, as was done for development of table 5. However, analyses of the assembled erosion data showed that the research information on values of *C* can be ex-

tended to completely different situations by combining subfactors that evaluate three separate and distinct, but interrelated, zones of influence: (a) vegetative cover in direct contact with the soil surface, (b) canopy cover, and (c) residual and tillage effects.

Subfactors for various percentages of surface cover by mulch are given by the upper curve of

TABLE 10.—Factor *C* for permanent pasture, range, and idle land¹

Vegetative canopy		Cover that contacts the soil surface						
Type and height ²	Percent cover ³	Type ⁴	Percent ground cover					
			0	20	40	60	80	95+
No appreciable canopy		G	0.45	0.20	0.10	0.042	0.013	0.003
		W	.45	.24	.15	.091	.043	.011
Tall weeds or short brush with average drop fall height of 20 in	25	G	.36	.17	.09	.038	.013	.003
		W	.36	.20	.13	.083	.041	.011
	50	G	.26	.13	.07	.035	.012	.003
		W	.26	.16	.11	.076	.039	.011
	75	G	.17	.10	.06	.032	.011	.003
		W	.17	.12	.09	.068	.038	.011
Appreciable brush or bushes, with average drop fall height of 6½ ft	25	G	.40	.18	.09	.040	.013	.003
		W	.40	.22	.14	.087	.042	.011
	50	G	.34	.16	.08	.038	.012	.003
		W	.34	.19	.13	.082	.041	.011
	75	G	.28	.14	.08	.036	.012	.003
		W	.28	.17	.12	.078	.040	.011
Trees, but no appreciable low brush. Average drop fall height of 13 ft	25	G	.42	.19	.10	.041	.013	.003
		W	.42	.23	.14	.089	.042	.011
	50	G	.39	.18	.09	.040	.013	.003
		W	.39	.21	.14	.087	.042	.011
	75	G	.36	.17	.09	.039	.012	.003
		W	.36	.20	.13	.084	.041	.011

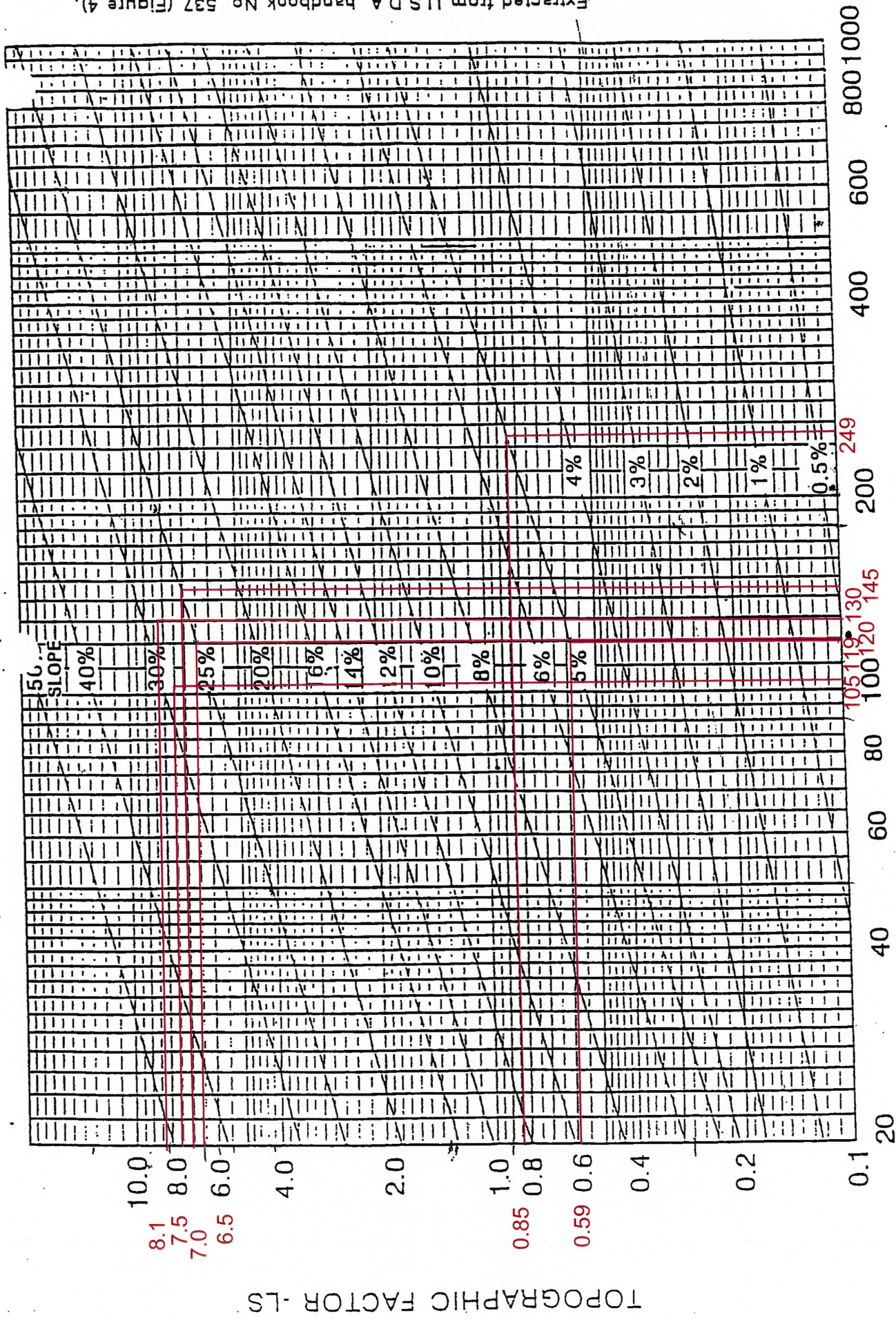
¹ The listed *C* values assume that the vegetation and mulch are randomly distributed over the entire area.

² Canopy height is measured as the average fall height of water drops falling from the canopy to the ground. Canopy effect is inversely proportional to drop fall height and is negligible if fall height exceeds 33 ft.

³ Portion of total-area surface that would be hidden from view by canopy in a vertical projection (a bird's-eye view).

⁴ G: cover at surface is grass, grasslike plants, decaying compacted duff, or litter at least 2 in deep.

W: cover at surface is mostly broadleaf herbaceous plants (as weeds with little lateral-root network near the surface) or undecayed residues or both.



SLOPE LENGTH (FEET)

FIGURE 2.- Slope effect chart (topographic factor, LS). $LS = (\lambda/72.6)^m 65.41 \sin^2 (\theta) = 4.56 \sin (\theta) + 0.065$ where λ = slope length in feet; θ = angle of slope; and $m = 0.2$ for gradients < 1 percent, 0.3 for 1 to 3 slopes; 0.4 for 3.5 to 4.5 percent slopes, and 0.5 for slopes of 5 percent or steeper.

Required: Determine the sheet flow velocity for the final cover system design and compare to the permissible non-erodible flow velocity.

Method:

1. Determine the flow using the Rational Method.
2. Calculate flow depth using Kinematic Wave procedures.
3. Compute flow velocity and compare to permissible non-erodibility velocity.

References:

1. Raudkivi, A.J., *Hydrology - An Advanced Introduction to Hydrological Processes and Modeling*, 1979.
2. NOAA Atlas 14 - Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the United States, Volume 11, Version 2.0: Texas
3. United States Soil Conservation Service, *TR-55 Hydrology for Small Watersheds*, December 1989.

Solution: Use the typical case scenarios from the USLE calculation to determine the expected sheet flow velocity.

Case 1. Typical top slope	Case 2. Longest top slope
slope = 0.05 ft/ft	slope = 0.05 ft/ft
length = 119 ft	length = 249 ft
Case 3. Typical side slope	Case 4. Typical side slope
slope = 0.286 ft/ft	slope = 0.25 ft/ft
length = 105 ft	length = 120 ft
Case 5. Longest Side Slope (28.6%)	Case 6. Longest Side Slope (25%)
slope = 0.286 ft/ft	slope = 0.25 ft/ft
length = 130 ft	length = 150 ft

Time of Concentration:

$$t_c = \frac{0.007(nL)^{0.8}}{(P_{2,24})^{0.5}S^{0.4}}$$

Where:

- t_c = time of concentration (hr)
- n = Manning's roughness coefficient
- L = slope length
- $P_{2,24}$ = 2-year, 24-hour rainfall depth (in)
- S = slope (ft/ft)



United States
Department of
Agriculture

**Natural
Resources
Conservation
Service**

**Conservation
Engineering
Division**

Technical
Release 55

June 1986

Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds

TR-55

Travel time (T_t) is the time it takes water to travel from one location to another in a watershed. T_t is a component of time of concentration (T_c), which is the time for runoff to travel from the hydraulically most distant point of the watershed to a point of interest within the watershed. T_c is computed by summing all the travel times for consecutive components of the drainage conveyance system.

T_c influences the shape and peak of the runoff hydrograph. Urbanization usually decreases T_c , thereby increasing the peak discharge. But T_c can be increased as a result of (a) ponding behind small or inadequate drainage systems, including storm drain inlets and road culverts, or (b) reduction of land slope through grading.

Factors affecting time of concentration and travel time

Surface roughness

One of the most significant effects of urban development on flow velocity is less retardance to flow. That is, undeveloped areas with very slow and shallow overland flow through vegetation become modified by urban development: the flow is then delivered to streets, gutters, and storm sewers that transport runoff downstream more rapidly. Travel time through the watershed is generally decreased.

Channel shape and flow patterns

In small non-urban watersheds, much of the travel time results from overland flow in upstream areas. Typically, urbanization reduces overland flow lengths by conveying storm runoff into a channel as soon as possible. Since channel designs have efficient hydraulic characteristics, runoff flow velocity increases and travel time decreases.

Slope

Slopes may be increased or decreased by urbanization, depending on the extent of site grading or the extent to which storm sewers and street ditches are used in the design of the water management system. Slope will tend to increase when channels are straightened and decrease when overland flow is directed through storm sewers, street gutters, and diversions.

Computation of travel time and time of concentration

Water moves through a watershed as sheet flow, shallow concentrated flow, open channel flow, or some combination of these. The type that occurs is a function of the conveyance system and is best determined by field inspection.

Travel time (T_t) is the ratio of flow length to flow velocity:

$$T_t = \frac{L}{3600V} \quad [\text{eq. 3-1}]$$

where:

T_t = travel time (hr)

L = flow length (ft)

V = average velocity (ft/s)

3600 = conversion factor from seconds to hours.

Time of concentration (T_c) is the sum of T_t values for the various consecutive flow segments:

$$T_c = T_{t_1} + T_{t_2} + \dots + T_{t_m} \quad [\text{eq. 3-2}]$$

where:

T_c = time of concentration (hr)

m = number of flow segments

Determine $P_{2,24}$:

$$P_{2,24} = 3.98 \text{ in (ref 2)}$$

Calculate t_c :

Case 1:

$$\begin{aligned} n &= 0.24 \\ L &= 119 \\ P_{2,24} &= 4.0 \\ S &= 0.05 \end{aligned}$$

$t_c =$	0.17	hr
	10.19	min

Case 2:

$$\begin{aligned} n &= 0.24 \\ L &= 249 \\ P_{2,24} &= 4.0 \\ S &= 0.05 \end{aligned}$$

$t_c =$	0.31	hr
	18.40	min

Case 3:

$$\begin{aligned} n &= 0.24 \\ L &= 105 \\ P_{2,24} &= 4.0 \\ S &= 0.286 \end{aligned}$$

$t_c =$	0.08	hr
	4.59	min

Case 4:

$$\begin{aligned} n &= 0.24 \\ L &= 120 \\ P_{2,24} &= 4.0 \\ S &= 0.25 \end{aligned}$$

$t_c =$	0.09	hr
	4.59	min

Case 5:

$$\begin{aligned} n &= 0.24 \\ L &= 130 \\ P_{2,24} &= 4.0 \\ S &= 0.286 \end{aligned}$$

$t_c =$	0.09	hr
	5.45	min

Case 6:

$$\begin{aligned} n &= 0.24 \\ L &= 150 \\ P_{2,24} &= 4.0 \\ S &= 0.25 \end{aligned}$$

$t_c =$	0.11	hr
	6.44	min

Sheet flow

Sheet flow is flow over plane surfaces. It usually occurs in the headwater of streams. With sheet flow, the friction value (Manning's n) is an effective roughness coefficient that includes the effect of raindrop impact; drag over the plane surface; obstacles such as litter, crop ridges, and rocks; and erosion and transportation of sediment. These n values are for very shallow flow depths of about 0.1 foot or so. Table 3-1 gives Manning's n values for sheet flow for various surface conditions.

Table 3-1 Roughness coefficients (Manning's n) for sheet flow

Surface description	n ^{1/}
Smooth surfaces (concrete, asphalt, gravel, or bare soil)	0.011
Fallow (no residue)	0.05
Cultivated soils:	
Residue cover ≤20%	0.06
Residue cover >20%	0.17
Grass:	
Short grass prairie	0.15
Dense grasses ^{2/}	0.24
Bermudagrass	0.41
Range (natural)	0.13
Woods: ^{3/}	
Light underbrush	0.40
Dense underbrush	0.80

¹ The n values are a composite of information compiled by Engman (1986).

² Includes species such as weeping lovegrass, bluegrass, buffalo grass, blue grama grass, and native grass mixtures.

³ When selecting n , consider cover to a height of about 0.1 ft. This is the only part of the plant cover that will obstruct sheet flow.

For sheet flow of less than 300 feet, use Manning's kinematic solution (Overtop and Meadows 1976) to compute T_t :

$$T_t = \frac{0.007(nL)^{0.8}}{(P_2)^{0.5} s^{0.4}} \quad [\text{eq. 3-3}]$$

where:

- T_t = travel time (hr),
- n = Manning's roughness coefficient (table 3-1)
- L = flow length (ft)
- P_2 = 2-year, 24-hour rainfall (in)
- s = slope of hydraulic grade line (land slope, ft/ft)

This simplified form of the Manning's kinematic solution is based on the following: (1) shallow steady uniform flow, (2) constant intensity of rainfall excess (that part of a rain available for runoff), (3) rainfall duration of 24 hours, and (4) minor effect of infiltration on travel time. Rainfall depth can be obtained from appendix B.

Shallow concentrated flow

After a maximum of 300 feet, sheet flow usually becomes shallow concentrated flow. The average velocity for this flow can be determined from figure 3-1, in which average velocity is a function of watercourse slope and type of channel. For slopes less than 0.005 ft/ft, use equations given in appendix F for figure 3-1. Tillage can affect the direction of shallow concentrated flow. Flow may not always be directly down the watershed slope if tillage runs across the slope.

After determining average velocity in figure 3-1, use equation 3-1 to estimate travel time for the shallow concentrated flow segment.

Open channels

Open channels are assumed to begin where surveyed cross section information has been obtained, where channels are visible on aerial photographs, or where blue lines (indicating streams) appear on United States Geological Survey (USGS) quadrangle sheets. Manning's equation or water surface profile information can be used to estimate average flow velocity. Average flow velocity is usually determined for bank-full elevation.



Rainfall Intensity-Duration-Frequency Coefficients for Texas

Based on "National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA) Atlas 14
Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the United States, Volume 11: Version 2.0: Texas" (Perica et al. 2018)

Parameter Selection

1. Select Units
English
2. Select Methodology
Annual Maximum Series (AMS)
3. Select County
JOHNSON
4. Select County Zone
Zone-1
5. Select Time of Concentration (t_c)
10 Minute

Coefficient	Design Annual Exceedance Probability (Design Annual Recurrence Interval)						
	50% (2-year)	20% (5-year)	10% (10-year)	4% (25-year)	2% (50-year)	1% (100-year)	0.2% (500-year)
e	0.7853	0.7799	0.7772	0.7746	0.7732	0.7717	0.7666
b	45.0947	58.5103	68.8917	83.0120	94.0156	105.4618	133.5994
d (min)	10.3117	10.3756	10.4692	10.6482	10.8145	11.0321	11.6620
Intensity (inches/hour)	4.24	5.57	6.59	7.95	8.99	10.05	12.64

Note: Johnson County has 1 rainfall zone.

Calculate the design 25-year frequency for each condition:

$$Q = CiA$$

Where: Q = flow rate (cfs)
C = runoff coefficient
i = rainfall intensity (in/hr)
A = drainage area (ac)

$$i = b/(t_c+d)^e$$

Where: i = rainfall intensity (in/hr)
b = constant for Johnson County = 83.01
d = constant for Johnson County = 10.65
e = constant for Johnson County = 0.775
t_c = time of concentration (min)

For a unit width of final cover, the flow lengths shown on sheet IIF-D-7 for each case is used.

$$A = [\text{Length (ft)} \times \text{Width (ft)}] / 43560 \text{ sq. ft/acre} = A \text{ in acres}$$

Case 1:
C = 0.7
t_c = 10.19 min
i = 7.90 in/hr
Length: 119.00 ft
A = 0.0027 ac
Q = 0.015 cfs

Case 2:
C = 0.7
t_c = 18.40 min
i = 6.11 in/hr
Length: 249.00 ft
A = 0.0057 ac
Q = 0.024 cfs

Case 3:
C = 0.7
t_c = 4.59 min
i = 10.07 in/hr
Length: 105.00 ft
A = 0.0024 ac
Q = 0.017 cfs

Case 4:
C = 0.7
t_c = 4.59 min
i = 10.07 in/hr
Length: 120.00 ft
A = 0.0028 ac
Q = 0.017 cfs

Case 5:
C = 0.7
t_c = 5.45 min
i = 9.65 in/hr
Length: 130.00 ft
A = 0.0030 ac
Q = 0.020 cfs

Case 6:
C = 0.7
t_c = 6.44 min
i = 9.65 in/hr
Length: 150.00 ft
A = 0.0034 ac
Q = 0.023 cfs

Approximate depth of flow:

Using Manning's Equation

$$V = (1.49/n) y^{0.67} S^{0.5}$$

$$Q = VA \Rightarrow V = Q/A$$

$$A = y \times 1 \text{ (assuming unit width of flow)}$$

substituting for V

$$Q/y = (1.49/n) y^{0.67} S^{0.5}$$

$$Q = (1.49/n) y^{1.67} S^{0.5}$$

solve for y

$$y = (Qn/1.49 S^{0.5})^{1/1.67}$$

$$y = (Qn/1.49S^{0.5})^{0.6}$$

Case 1:

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= 0.015 \text{ cfs} \\ n &= 0.24 \\ S &= 0.05 \text{ ft/ft} \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 0.066 \text{ ft}$$

Case 2:

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= 0.024 \text{ cfs} \\ n &= 0.24 \\ S &= 0.05 \text{ ft/ft} \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 0.089 \text{ ft}$$

Case 3:

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= 0.017 \text{ cfs} \\ n &= 0.24 \\ S &= 0.286 \text{ ft/ft} \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 0.042 \text{ ft}$$

Case 4:

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= 0.017 \text{ cfs} \\ n &= 0.24 \\ S &= 0.25 \text{ ft/ft} \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 0.044 \text{ ft}$$

Case 5:

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= 0.020 \text{ cfs} \\ n &= 0.24 \\ S &= 0.286 \text{ ft/ft} \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 0.047 \text{ ft}$$

Case 6:

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= 0.023 \text{ cfs} \\ n &= 0.24 \\ S &= 0.25 \text{ ft/ft} \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 0.053 \text{ ft}$$

Determine sheet flow velocity:

$$V = Q/A \quad (\text{assume unit flow width for the flow area, A})$$

Case 1:

$$Q = 0.015 \text{ cfs}$$

$$A = 0.066 \text{ sf}$$

$$V = 0.23 \text{ ft/s}$$

Case 2:

$$Q = 0.024 \text{ cfs}$$

$$A = 0.089 \text{ sf}$$

$$V = 0.28 \text{ ft/s}$$

Case 3:

$$Q = 0.017 \text{ cfs}$$

$$A = 0.042 \text{ sf}$$

$$V = 0.40 \text{ ft/s}$$

Case 4:

$$Q = 0.017 \text{ cfs}$$

$$A = 0.044 \text{ sf}$$

$$V = 0.39 \text{ ft/s}$$

Case 5:

$$Q = 0.020 \text{ cfs}$$

$$A = 0.047 \text{ sf}$$

$$V = 0.43 \text{ ft/s}$$

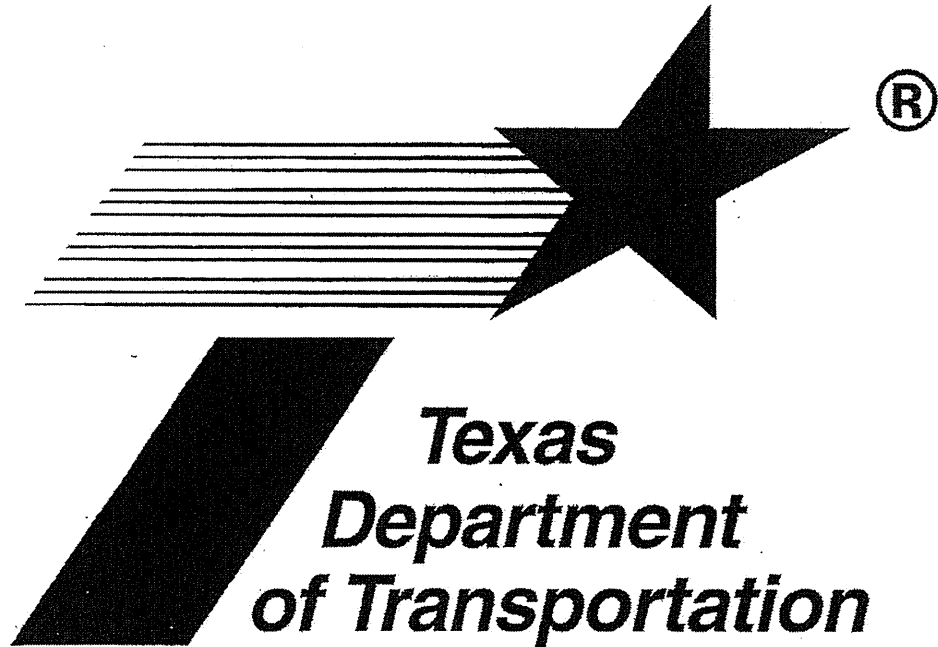
Case 6:

$$Q = 0.023 \text{ cfs}$$

$$A = 0.053 \text{ sf}$$

$$V = 0.44 \text{ ft/s}$$

Permissible non-erodible velocity is 5.0 ft/s. Therefore, expected sheet flow velocity is acceptable on the final cover system top and side slopes.



**Standard
Specifications
for Construction
and Maintenance of
Highways, Streets,
and Bridges**

Adopted by the
Texas Department of Transportation

November 1, 2014

Item 164

Seeding for Erosion Control



1. DESCRIPTION

Provide and install temporary or permanent seeding for erosion control as shown on the plans or as directed.

2. MATERIALS

- 2.1. **Seed.** Provide seed from the previous season's crop meeting the requirements of the Texas Seed Law, including the testing and labeling for pure live seed (PLS = Purity × Germination). Furnish seed of the designated species, in labeled unopened bags or containers to the Engineer before planting. Use within 12 mo. from the date of the analysis. When Buffalograss is specified, use seed that is treated with KNO₃ (potassium nitrate) to overcome dormancy.

Use Tables 1–4 to determine the appropriate seed mix and rates as specified on the plans. If a plant species is not available by the producers, the other plant species in the recommended seed mixture will be increased proportionally by the PLS/acre of the missing plant species.

Table 1
Permanent Rural Seed Mix

District and Planting Dates	Clay Soils		Sandy Soils	
	Species and Rates (lb. PLS/acre)		Species and Rates (lb. PLS/acre)	
1 (Paris) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	3.2	Bermudagrass	1.5
	Bermudagrass	1.8	Bahiagrass (Pensacola)	6.0
	Little Bluestem (Native)	1.7	Sand Lovegrass	0.6
	Illinois Bundleflower	1.0	Weeping Lovegrass (Ermelo)	0.8
			Partridge Pea	1.0
2 (Ft. Worth) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	1.0	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.2
	Texas Grama (Atascosa)	1.0	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2
	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.4	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.4
	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2	Slender Grama (Dilley)	1.0
	Little Bluestem (OK Select)	0.8	Sand Lovegrass (Mason)	0.2
	Purple Prairie Clover (Cuero)	0.6	Sand Dropseed (Borden County)	0.2
	Engelmann Daisy (Eldorado)	0.75	Partridge Pea (Comanche)	0.6
	Illinois Bundleflower	1.3	Little Bluestem (OK Select)	0.8
	Awnless Bushsunflower (Plateau)	0.2	Engelmann Daisy (Eldorado)	0.75
			Purple Prairie Clover	0.3
3 (Wichita Falls) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	0.6	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	1.0	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.2
	Texas Grama (Atascosa)	1.0	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2
	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.4	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.4
	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2	Sand Lovegrass (Mason)	0.2
	Little Bluestem (OK Select)	0.8	Sand Dropseed (Borden County)	0.2
	Blue Grama (Hachita)	0.4	Partridge Pea (Comanche)	0.6
	Western Wheatgrass (Barton)	1.2	Little Bluestem (OK Select)	0.8
	Galleta Grass (Viva)	0.6	Engelmann Daisy (Eldorado)	0.75
	Engelmann Daisy (Eldorado)	0.75	Purple Prairie Clover (Cuero)	0.3
	Awnless Bushsunflower (Plateau)	0.2		
4 (Amarillo) Feb. 15–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	3.6	Weeping Lovegrass (Ermelo)	0.8
	Blue Grama (Hachita)	1.2	Blue Grama (Hachita)	1.0
	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6	Sand Dropseed (Borden Co.)	0.3
	Illinois Bundleflower	1.0	Sand Bluestem	1.8
			Purple Prairie Clover	0.5

Table 1 (continued)
Permanent Rural Seed Mix

District and Planting Dates	Clay Soils		Sandy Soils	
	Species and Rates (lb. PLS/acre)		Species and Rates (lb. PLS/acre)	
5 (Lubbock) Feb. 15–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (El Reno)	3.6	Weeping Lovegrass (Ermelo)	0.8
	Blue Grama (Hachita)	1.2	Blue Grama (Hachita)	1.0
	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6	Sand Dropseed (Borden Co.)	0.3
	Illinois Bundleflower	1.0	Sand Bluestem	1.8
			Purple Prairie Clover	0.5
6 (Odessa) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0
	Sideoats Grama (South Texas)	1.0	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.2
	Blue Grama (Hachita)	0.4	Blue Grama (Hachita)	0.4
	Galleta Grass (Viva)	0.6	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.4
	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2	Sand Lovegrass (Mason)	0.2
	Pink Pappusgrass (Maverick)	0.6	Sand Dropseed (Borden County)	0.2
	Alkali Sacaton (Saltalk)	0.2	Indian Ricegrass (Rim Rock)	1.6
	Plains Bristlegrass (Catarina Blend)	0.2	Sand Bluestem (Cottle County)	1.2
	False Rhodes Grass (Kinney)	0.1	Little Bluestem (Pastura)	0.8
	Whiplash Pappusgrass (Webb)	0.6	Purple Prairie Clover (Cuero)	0.3
	Arizona Cottontop (La Salle)	0.2		
7 (San Angelo) Feb. 1–May 1	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	1.0	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.2
	Texas Grama (Atascosa)	1.0	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2
	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.4	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.4
	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2	Sand Lovegrass (Mason)	0.2
	Little Bluestem (OK Select)	0.4	Sand Dropseed (Borden County)	0.2
	Blue Grama (Hachita)	0.4	Sand Bluestem (Cottle County)	1.2
	Western Wheatgrass (Barton)	1.2	Partridge Pea (Comanche)	0.6
	Galleta Grass (Viva)	0.6	Little Bluestem (OK Select)	0.8
	Engelmann Daisy (Eldorado)	0.75	Engelmann Daisy (Eldorado)	0.75
	Illinois Bundleflower (Sabine)	1.0	Purple Prairie Clover (Cuero)	0.3
8 (Abilene) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	1.0	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.2
	Texas Grama (Atascosa)	1.0	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2
	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.4	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.4
	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2	Sand Lovegrass (Mason)	0.2
	Little Bluestem (OK Select)	0.4	Sand Dropseed (Borden County)	0.2
	Blue Grama (Hachita)	0.4	Sand Bluestem (Cottle County)	1.2
	Western Wheatgrass (Barton)	1.2	Partridge Pea (Comanche)	0.6
	Galleta Grass (Viva)	0.6	Little Bluestem (OK Select)	0.8
	Engelmann Daisy (Eldorado)	0.75	Engelmann Daisy (Eldorado)	0.75
	Illinois Bundleflower (Sabine)	1.0	Purple Prairie Clover (Cuero)	0.3
9 (Waco) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	1.0	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.2
	Texas Grama (Atascosa)	1.0	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2
	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.4	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.4
	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2	Slender Grama (Dilley)	1.0
	Little Bluestem (OK Select)	0.8	Sand Lovegrass (Mason)	0.2
	Purple Prairie Clover (Cuero)	0.6	Sand Dropseed (Borden County)	0.2
	Engelmann Daisy (Eldorado)	0.75	Partridge Pea (Comanche)	0.6
	Illinois Bundleflower	1.3	Little Bluestem (OK Select)	0.8
	Awnless Bushsunflower (Plateau)	0.2	Engelmann Daisy (Eldorado)	0.75
			Purple Prairie Clover	0.3
10 (Tyler) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Bermudagrass	1.8	Bermudagrass	1.8
	Bahiagrass (Pensacola)	9.0	Bahiagrass (Pensacola)	9.0
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	2.7	Weeping Lovegrass (Ermelo)	0.5
	Illinois Bundleflower	1.0	Sand Lovegrass	0.5
		Lance-Leaf Coreopsis	1.0	
11 (Lufkin) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Bermudagrass	1.8	Bermudagrass	2.1
	Bahiagrass (Pensacola)	9.0	Bahiagrass (Pensacola)	9.0
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	2.7	Sand Lovegrass	0.5
	Illinois Bundleflower	1.0	Lance-Leaf Coreopsis	1.0

Table 1 (continued)
Permanent Rural Seed Mix

District and Planting Dates	Clay Soils		Sandy Soils	
	Species and Rates (lb. PLS/acre)		Species and Rates (lb. PLS/acre)	
12 (Houston) Jan. 15–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Bermudagrass	2.1	Bermudagrass	2.4
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	3.2	Bahiagrass (Pensacola)	10.5
	Little Bluestem (Native)	1.4	Weeping Lovegrass (Ermelo)	1.0
	Illinois Bundleflower	1.0	Lance-Leaf Coreopsis	1.0
13 (Yoakum) Jan. 15–May 15	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0
	Sideoats Grama (South Texas)	1.0	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.4
	Texas Grama (Atascosa)	1.5	Slender Grama (Dilley)	1.0
	Slender Grama (Dilley)	1.0	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.8
	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.3	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2
	Halls Panicum (Oso)	0.2	Purple Prairie Clover (Cuero)	0.6
	Plains Bristlegrass (Catarina Blend)	0.2	Partridge Pea (Comanche)	0.6
	Canada Wildrye (Lavaca)	2.0	Englemann Daisy (Eldorado)	1.0
	Illinois Bundleflower (Sabine)	1.3		
	Purple Prairie Clover (Cuero)	0.6		
14 (Austin) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0
	Sideoats Grama (South Texas)	1.0	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.2
	Texas Grama (Atascosa)	1.0	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2
	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.4	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.4
	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2	Slender Grama (Dilley)	1.0
	Little Bluestem (OK Select)	0.8	Sand Lovegrass (Mason)	0.2
	Purple Prairie Clover (Cuero)	0.6	Sand Dropseed (Borden County)	0.2
	Engelmann Daisy (Eldorado)	0.75	Partridge Pea (Comanche)	0.6
	Illinois Bundleflower (Sabine)	1.3	Little Bluestem (OK Select)	0.8
	Awnless Bushsunflower (Plateau)	0.2	Engelmann Daisy (Eldorado)	0.75
			Purple Prairie Clover	0.3
15 (San Antonio) Feb. 1–May 1	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0
	Sideoats Grama (South Texas)	1.0	Slender Grama (Dilley)	2.0
	Texas Grama (Atascosa)	1.0	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.6
	Slender Grama (Dilley)	1.0	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.4
	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2	Pink Pappusgrass (Maverick)	0.6
	Pink Pappusgrass (Maverick)	0.6	Plains Bristlegrass (Catarina Blend)	0.2
	Halls Panicum (Oso)	0.2	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.3
	Plains Bristlegrass (Catarina Blend)	0.2	Multi-flowered False Rhodes Grass (Hidalgo)	0.1
	False Rhodes Grass (Kinney)	0.1		0.2
	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.2	Arizona Cottontop (La Salle)	
	Arizona Cottontop (La Salle)	0.2		
16 (Corpus Christi) Jan. 1–May 1	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0
	Sideoats Grama (South Texas)	1.0	Slender Grama (Dilley)	2.0
	Texas Grama (Atascosa)	1.0	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.6
	Slender Grama (Dilley)	1.0	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.4
	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2	Pink Pappusgrass (Maverick)	0.6
	Pink Pappusgrass (Maverick)	0.6	Plains Bristlegrass (Catarina Blend)	0.2
	Halls Panicum (Oso)	0.2	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.3
	Plains Bristlegrass (Catarina Blend)	0.2	Multi-flowered False Rhodes Grass (Hidalgo)	0.1
	False Rhodes Grass (Kinney)	0.1		0.2
	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.2	Arizona Cottontop (La Salle)	
Arizona Cottontop (La Salle)	0.2			
17 (Bryan) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Bermudagrass	1.5	Bermudagrass	1.5
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	3.6	Bahiagrass (Pensacola)	7.5
	Little Bluestem (Native)	1.7	Weeping Lovegrass (Ermelo)	0.6
	Illinois Bundleflower	1.0	Sand Lovegrass	0.6
		Lance-Leaf Coreopsis	1.0	

Table 1 (continued)

Permanent Rural Seed Mix

District and Planting Dates	Clay Soils		Sandy Soils	
	Species and Rates (lb. PLS/acre)		Species and Rates (lb. PLS/acre)	
18 (Dallas) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	1.0	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.2
	Texas Grama (Atascosa)	1.0	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2
	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.4	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.4
	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2	Slender Grama (Dilley)	1.0
	Little Bluestem (OK Select)	0.8	Sand Lovegrass (Mason)	0.2
	Purple Prairie Clover (Cuero)	0.6	Sand Dropseed (Borden County)	0.2
	Engelmann Daisy (Eldorado)	0.75	Partridge Pea (Comanche)	0.6
	Illinois Bundleflower	1.3	Little Bluestem (OK Select)	0.8
	Awnless Bushsunflower (Plateau)	0.2	Engelmann Daisy (Eldorado)	0.75
			Purple Prairie Clover	0.3
19 (Atlanta) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Bermudagrass	2.4	Bermudagrass	2.1
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	4.5	Bahiagrass (Pensacola)	7.5
	Illinois Bundleflower	1.0	Sand Lovegrass	0.6
		Lance-Leaf Coreopsis	1.0	
20 (Beaumont) Jan. 15–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Bermudagrass	2.7	Bermudagrass	2.1
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	4.1	Bahiagrass (Pensacola)	7.5
	Illinois Bundleflower	1.0	Sand Lovegrass	0.6
		Lance-Leaf Coreopsis	1.0	
21 (Pharr) Jan. 15–May 15	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0
	Sideoats Grama (South Texas)	1.0	Slender Grama (Dilley)	2.0
	Texas Grama (Atascosa)	1.0	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.6
	Slender Grama (Dilley)	1.0	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.4
	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2	Pink Pappusgrass (Maverick)	0.6
	Pink Pappusgrass (Maverick)	0.6	Plains Bristlegrass (Catarina Blend)	0.2
	Halls Panicum (Oso)	0.2	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.3
	Plains Bristlegrass (Catarina Blend)	0.2	Multi-flowered False Rhoades Grass (Hidalgo)	0.1
	False Rhoades Grass (Kinney)	0.1		0.2
	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.2	Arizona Cottontop (La Salle)	
	Arizona Cottontop (La Salle)	0.2		
22 (Laredo) Jan. 15–May 1	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0
	Sideoats Grama (South Texas)	1.0	Slender Grama (Dilley)	2.0
	Texas Grama (Atascosa)	1.0	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.6
	Slender Grama (Dilley)	1.0	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.4
	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2	Pink Pappusgrass (Maverick)	0.6
	Pink Pappusgrass (Maverick)	0.6	Plains Bristlegrass (Catarina Blend)	0.2
	Halls Panicum (Oso)	0.2	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.3
	Plains Bristlegrass (Catarina Blend)	0.2	Multi-flowered False Rhoades Grass (Hidalgo)	0.1
	False Rhoades Grass (Kinney)	0.1		0.2
	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.2	Arizona Cottontop (La Salle)	
	Arizona Cottontop (La Salle)	0.2		
23 (Brownwood) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	0.6	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	1.0	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.2
	Texas Grama (Atascosa)	1.0	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2
	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.4	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.4
	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2	Sand Lovegrass (Mason)	0.2
	Little Bluestem (OK Select)	0.8	Sand Dropseed (Borden County)	0.2
	Blue Grama (Hachita)	0.4	Partridge Pea (Comanche)	0.6
	Western Wheatgrass (Barton)	1.2	Little Bluestem (OK Select)	0.8
	Galleta Grass (Viva)	0.6	Engelmann Daisy (Eldorado)	0.75
	Engelmann Daisy (Eldorado)	0.75	Purple Prairie Clover (Cuero)	0.3
	Awnless Bushsunflower (Plateau)	0.2		

Table 1 (continued)
Permanent Rural Seed Mix

District and Planting Dates	Clay Soils		Sandy Soils	
	Species and Rates (lb. PLS/acre)		Species and Rates (lb. PLS/acre)	
24 (El Paso) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0	Green Sprangletop (Van Horn)	1.0
	Sideoats Grama (South Texas)	1.0	Hooded Windmillgrass (Mariah)	0.2
	Blue Grama (Hachita)	0.4	Blue Grama (Hachita)	0.4
	Galleta Grass (Viva)	0.6	Hairy Grama (Chaparral)	0.4
	Shortspike Windmillgrass (Welder)	0.2	Sand Lovegrass (Mason)	0.2
	Pink Pappusgrass (Maverick)	0.6	Sand Dropseed (Borden County)	0.2
	Alkali Sacaton (Saltalk)	0.2	Indian Ricegrass (Rim Rock)	1.6
	Plains Bristlegrass (Catarina Blend)	0.2	Sand Bluestem (Cottle County)	1.2
	False Rhodes Grass (Kinney)	0.1	Little Bluestem (Pastura)	0.8
	Whiplash Pappusgrass (Webb)	0.6	Purple Prairie Clover (Cuero)	0.3
Arizona Cottontop (La Salle)	0.2			
25 (Childress) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (El Reno)	2.7	Weeping Lovegrass (Ermelo)	1.2
	Blue Grama (Hachita)	0.9	Sand Dropseed (Borden Co.)	0.5
	Western Wheatgrass	2.1	Sand Lovegrass	0.8
	Galleta	1.6	Purple Prairie Clover	0.5
	Illinois Bundleflower	1.0		

Table 2
Permanent Urban Seed Mix

District and Planting Dates	Clay Soils		Sandy Soils	
	Species and Rates (lb. PLS/acre)		Species and Rates (lb. PLS/acre)	
1 (Paris) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Bermudagrass	2.4	Bermudagrass	5.4
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	4.5		
2 (Ft. Worth) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (El Reno)	3.6	Sideoats Grama (El Reno)	3.6
	Bermudagrass	2.4	Bermudagrass	2.1
	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6	Sand Dropseed (Borden Co.)	0.3
3 (Wichita Falls) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (El Reno)	4.5	Sideoats Grama (El Reno)	3.6
	Bermudagrass	1.8	Bermudagrass	1.8
	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6	Sand Dropseed (Borden Co.)	0.4
4 (Amarillo) Feb. 15–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (El Reno)	3.6	Sideoats Grama (El Reno)	2.7
	Blue Grama (Hachita)	1.2	Blue Grama (Hachita)	0.9
	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6	Sand Dropseed (Borden Co.)	0.4
			Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6
5 (Lubbock) Feb. 15–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (El Reno)	3.6	Sideoats Grama (El Reno)	2.7
	Blue Grama (Hachita)	1.2	Blue Grama (Hachita)	0.9
	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6	Sand Dropseed (Borden Co.)	0.4
			Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6
6 (Odessa) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	3.6	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	2.7
	Blue Grama (Hachita)	1.2	Sand Dropseed (Borden Co.)	0.4
	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6	Blue Grama (Hachita)	0.9
			Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6
7 (San Angelo) Feb. 1–May 1	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	7.2	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	3.2
	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6	Sand Dropseed (Borden Co.)	0.3
			Blue Grama (Hachita)	0.9
			Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6
8 (Abilene) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	3.6	Sand Dropseed (Borden Co.)	0.3
	Blue Grama (Hachita)	1.2	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	3.6
	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6	Blue Grama (Hachita)	0.8
			Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6

Table 2 (continued)
Permanent Urban Seed Mix

District and Planting Dates	Clay Soils		Sandy Soils	
	Species and Rates (lb. PLS/acre)		Species and Rates (lb. PLS/acre)	
9 (Waco) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Bermudagrass	1.8	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6
	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6	Bermudagrass	3.6
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	4.5	Sand Dropseed (Borden Co.)	0.4
10 (Tyler) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Bermudagrass	2.4	Bermudagrass	5.4
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	4.5		
11 (Lufkin) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Bermudagrass	2.4	Bermudagrass	5.4
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	4.5		
12 (Houston) Jan. 15–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	4.5	Bermudagrass	5.4
	Bermudagrass	2.4		
13 (Yoakum) Jan. 15–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (South Texas)	4.5	Bermudagrass	5.4
	Bermudagrass	2.4		
14 (Austin) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Bermudagrass	2.4	Bermudagrass	4.8
	Sideoats Grama (South Texas)	3.6	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6
	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6		
15 (San Antonio) Feb. 1–May 1	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (South Texas)	3.6	Bermudagrass	4.8
	Bermudagrass	2.4	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6
	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6		
16 (Corpus Christi) Jan. 1–May 1	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (South Texas)	3.6	Bermudagrass	4.8
	Bermudagrass	2.4	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6
	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6		
17 (Bryan) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Bermudagrass	2.4	Bermudagrass	5.4
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	4.5		
18 (Dallas) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (El Reno)	3.6	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6
	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6	Bermudagrass	3.6
	Bermudagrass	2.4	Sand Dropseed (Borden Co.)	0.4
19 (Atlanta) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Bermudagrass	2.4	Bermudagrass	5.4
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	4.5		
20 (Beaumont) Jan. 15–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Bermudagrass	2.4	Bermudagrass	5.4
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	4.5		
21 (Pharr) Jan. 15–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (South Texas)	3.6	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6
	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6	Bermudagrass	3.6
	Bermudagrass	2.4	Sand Dropseed (Borden Co.)	0.4
22 (Laredo) Jan. 15–May 1	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (South Texas)	4.5	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6
	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6	Bermudagrass	3.6
	Bermudagrass	1.8	Sand Dropseed	0.4
23 (Brownwood) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (Haskell)	3.6	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6
	Bermudagrass	1.2	Bermudagrass	3.6
	Blue Grama (Hachita)	0.9	Sand Dropseed (Borden Co.)	0.4
24 (El Paso) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (South Texas)	3.6	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6
	Blue Grama (Hachita)	1.2	Sand Dropseed (Borden Co.)	0.4
	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6	Blue Grama (Hachita)	1.8
25 (Childress) Feb. 1–May 15	Green Sprangletop	0.3	Green Sprangletop	0.3
	Sideoats Grama (El Reno)	3.6	Sand Dropseed (Borden Co.)	0.4
	Blue Grama (Hachita)	1.2	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6
	Buffalograss (Texoka)	1.6	Bermudagrass	1.8

Table 3
Temporary Cool Season Seeding

Districts	Dates	Seed Mix and Rates (lb. PLS/acre)
Paris (1), Amarillo (4), Lubbock (5), Dallas (18)	September 1–November 30	Tall Fescue 4.5 Western Wheatgrass 5.6 Wheat (Red, Winter) 34
Odessa (6), San Angelo (7), El Paso (24)	September 1–November 30	Western Wheatgrass 8.4 Wheat (Red, Winter) 50
Waco (9), Tyler (10), Lufkin (11), Austin (14), San Antonio (15), Bryan (17), Atlanta (19)	September 1–November 30	Tall Fescue 4.5 Oats 24 Wheat 34
Houston (12), Yoakum (13), Corpus Christi (16), Beaumont (20), Pharr (21), Laredo (22)	September 1–November 30	Oats 72
Ft. Worth (2), Wichita Falls (3), Abilene (8), Brownwood (23), Childress (25)	September 1–November 30	Tall Fescue 4.5 Western Wheatgrass 5.6 Cereal Rye 34

Table 4
Temporary Warm Season Seeding

Districts	Dates	Seed Mix and Rates (lb. PLS/acre)
All	May 1–August 31	Foxtail Millet 34

- 2.2. **Fertilizer.** Use fertilizer in conformance with Article 166.2., "Materials."
- 2.3. **Vegetative Watering.** Use water that is clean and free of industrial wastes and other substances harmful to the growth of vegetation.
- 2.4. **Mulch.**
- 2.4.1. **Straw or Hay Mulch.** Use straw or hay mulch in conformance with Section 162.2.5., "Mulch."
- 2.4.2. **Cellulose Fiber Mulch.** Use only cellulose fiber mulches that are on the Approved Products List, *Erosion Control Approved Products*. (<http://www.txdot.gov/business/resources/erosion-control.html>) Submit one full set of manufacturer's literature for the selected material. Keep mulch dry until applied. Do not use molded or rotted material.
- 2.5. **Tacking Methods.** Use a tacking agent applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations or a crimping method on all straw or hay mulch operations. Use tacking agents as approved or as specified on the plans.

3. CONSTRUCTION

Cultivate the area to a depth of 4 in. before placing the seed unless otherwise directed. Use approved equipment to vertically track the seedbed as shown on the plans or as directed. Cultivate the seedbed to a depth of 4 in. or mow the area before placement of the permanent seed when performing permanent seeding after an established temporary seeding. Plant the seed specified and mulch, if required, after the area has been completed to lines and grades as shown on the plans.

- 3.1. **Broadcast Seeding.** Distribute the seed or seed mixture uniformly over the areas shown on the plans using hand or mechanical distribution or hydro-seeding on top of the soil unless otherwise directed. Apply the mixture to the area to be seeded within 30 min. of placement of components in the equipment when seed and water are to be distributed as a slurry during hydro-seeding. Roll the planted area with a light roller or other suitable equipment. Roll sloped areas along the contour of the slopes.

- 3.2. **Straw or Hay Mulch Seeding.** Plant seed according to Section 164.3.1., "Broadcast Seeding." Apply straw or hay mulch uniformly over the seeded area immediately after planting the seed or seed mixture. Apply straw mulch at 2 to 2.5 tons per acre. Apply hay mulch at 1.5 to 2 tons per acre. Use a tacking method over the mulched area.
- 3.3. **Cellulose Fiber Mulch Seeding.** Plant seed in accordance with Section 164.3.1., "Broadcast Seeding." Apply cellulose fiber mulch uniformly over the seeded area immediately after planting the seed or seed mixture at the following rates.
- Sandy soils with slopes of 3:1 or less—2,500 lb. per acre.
 - Sandy soils with slopes greater than 3:1—3,000 lb. per acre.
 - Clay soils with slopes of 3:1 or less—2,000 lb. per acre.
 - Clay soils with slopes greater than 3:1—2,300 lb. per acre.
- Cellulose fiber mulch rates are based on dry weight of mulch per acre. Mix cellulose fiber mulch and water to make a slurry and apply uniformly over the seeded area using suitable equipment.
- 3.4. **Drill Seeding.** Plant seed or seed mixture uniformly over the area shown on the plans at a depth of 1/4 to 1/3 in. using a pasture or rangeland type drill unless otherwise directed. Plant seed along the contour of the slopes.
- 3.5. **Straw or Hay Mulching.** Apply straw or hay mulch uniformly over the area as shown on the plans. Apply straw mulch at 2 to 2.5 tons per acre. Apply hay mulch at 1.5 to 2 tons per acre. Use a tacking method over the mulched area.

Apply fertilizer in conformance with Article 166.3., "Construction." Seed and fertilizer may be distributed simultaneously during "Broadcast Seeding" operations, provided each component is applied at the specified rate. Apply half of the required fertilizer during the temporary seeding operation and the other half during the permanent seeding operation when temporary and permanent seeding are both specified for the same area.

Water the seeded areas at the rates and frequencies as shown on the plans or as directed.

4. MEASUREMENT

This Item will be measured by the square yard or by the acre.

5. PAYMENT

The work performed and the materials furnished in accordance with this Item and measured as provided under "Measurement" will be paid for at the unit price bid for "Broadcast Seeding (Perm)" of the rural or urban seed mixture and sandy or clay soil specified, "Broadcast Seeding (Temp)" of warm or cool season specified, "Straw or Hay Mulch Seeding (Perm)" of the rural or urban seed mixture and sandy or clay soil specified, "Straw or Hay Mulch Seeding (Temp)" of warm or cool season specified, "Cellulose Fiber Mulch Seeding (Perm)" of the rural or urban seed mixture and sandy or clay soil specified, "Cellulose Fiber Mulch Seeding (Temp)" of warm or cool season specified, "Drill Seeding (Perm)" of the rural or urban seed mixture and sandy or clay soil specified, "Drill Seeding (Temp)" of warm or cool season specified, and "Straw or Hay Mulching." This price is full compensation for furnishing materials, including water for hydro-seeding and hydro-mulching operations, mowing, labor, equipment, tools, supplies, and incidentals. Fertilizer will not be paid for directly but will be subsidiary to this Item. Water for irrigating the seeded area, when specified, will be paid for under Item 168, "Vegetative Watering."

APPENDIX IIIF-E

**PERMITTED LANDFILL CONDITION
HYDROLOGIC CALCULATIONS**

Includes pages IIIF-E-1 through IIIF-E-69



CONTENTS

Hypothetical Storm Data	IIIF-E-1
Precipitation Loss Data	IIIF-E-3
Hydrograph Development Information	IIIF-E-12
Distributed Runoff Method Kinematic Wave Example	IIIF-E-15
EPSEY 10-Minute Method Parameter	IIIF-E-18
Permitted Landfill HEC-1 Analysis Drainage Areas	IIIF-E-24
HEC-1 Output – Permitted Landfill 25-Year, 24-Hour Storm Event	IIIF-E-27
Volume Calculations	IIIF-E-61
Velocity Calculations	IIIF-E-65



HYPOTHETICAL STORM DATA

Hypothetical Storm Data

Precipitation data taken from NOAA Atlas 14 rainfall data.

Time	5 min	15 min	60 min	2 hr	3 hr	6 hr	12 hr	24 hr
25-Year Event	0.85	1.69	3.07	3.88	4.38	5.30	6.27	7.33

NOAA Atlas 14 - Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the United States, Volume 11, Version 2.0: Texas (U.S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and National Weather Service, 2018) was used to identify precipitation values for storm durations ranging from 5 minutes to 24 hours.

PRECIPITATION LOSS DATA

Required: Determine the SCS curve numbers for both on-site and off-site drainage areas for use in the HEC-1 analysis.

- References:**
1. Dodson's and Associates, Inc., *ProHec-1 Plus Program Documentation*, 1995.
 2. United States Department of Agriculture, National Resource Conservation Service, Web Soil Survey for Johnson County, Texas (<http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov>).
 3. The Hydrologic Evaluation of Landfill Performance (HELP) Model - Engineering Documentation for version 3. EPA/600/R-94/168b, September 1994.

Note: Approximate non landfill areas within the permit boundary on SCS map (page IIIF-E-5).

Solution: Based on the soil survey information found in Ref. 2, hydrologic group D soils predominate the soils within the permit boundary drainage area (see pages IIIF-E-5 through IIIF-E-8).

The curve number for the offsite drainage areas around the site, large non-landfill drainage basins within the permit boundary, and drainage channels (O1, O2, O3, O4, O5, S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6, S7, CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4, and CH5) was calculated using the table on Page IIIF- assuming pasture land in fair conditions. The majority of the area is undeveloped and assumed to compare to the off-site and on-site subbasins near the site.

Use: CN = 84

The final cover system was assumed to be in place and the erosion layer will control precipitation loss. A curve number that is corrected for the surface slope of the erosion layer may be computed first using the chart on page IIIF-E-11 to select an un-adjusted curve number. Calculate the adjusted curve number using equation 34 from Ref. 3 (see page IIIF-E-10).

$$CN_{II} = 100 - (100 - CN_{IIo}) * (L^* / S^*) ^ (CN_{IIo}^{-0.81})$$

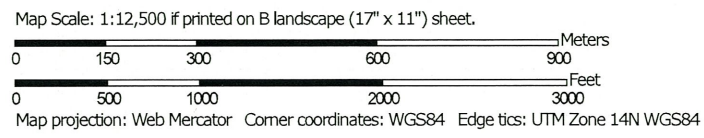
Use: CN _{IIo} = 84 , L* = (500/500) , S* = (.06/.04)	for top dome surfaces
Use: CN _{IIo} = 84 , L* = (120/500) , S* = (.29/.04)	for side slopes

Calculate: CN = 85	for top dome surfaces
Calculate: CN = 86	for side slopes

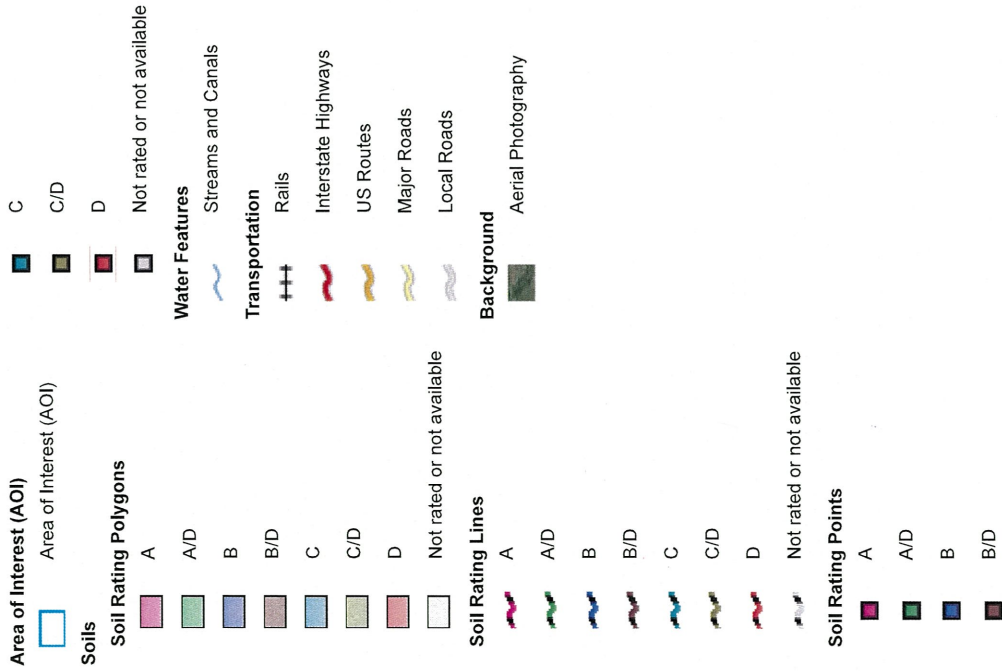
- Use curve number calculated for side slopes for the entire final cover area, including top dome areas, conservatively.
The pond areas are assumed to collect all precipitation for their areas:

Use: CN = 100

Hydrologic Soil Group—Johnson County, Texas



MAP LEGEND



MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20,000.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
 Web Soil Survey URL: [Blank]
 Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Johnson County, Texas
 Survey Area Data: Version 15, Sep 14, 2018

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Nov 27, 2014—Mar 19, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
BmE	Birome-Rayex complex, 5 to 20 percent slopes	C	50.9	4.3%
BuB	Burleson clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes	D	7.2	0.6%
CrB	Crosstell fine sandy loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	D	85.8	7.3%
CrD	Crosstell fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	D	433.7	36.7%
FhC	Ferris-Heiden complex, 2 to 5 percent slopes	D	91.4	7.7%
GfB	Gasil fine sandy loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	B	5.0	0.4%
GfC	Gasil fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	B	9.2	0.8%
HeB	Heiden clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes	D	216.3	18.3%
NaC	Navo clay loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	D	11.9	1.0%
Pb	Pits, 0 to 45 percent slopes		49.6	4.2%
Pp	Pulexas fine sandy loam, frequently flooded	A	74.9	6.3%
SfB	Silstid loamy fine sand, 1 to 3 percent slopes	B	52.7	4.5%
SfD	Silstid loamy fine sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	B	19.6	1.7%
Tn	Tinn clay, 0 to 1 percent slopes, frequently flooded	D	72.3	6.1%
W	Water	D	2.3	0.2%
Totals for Area of Interest			1,182.6	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

where

CN_{II_0} = AMC-II curve number for mild slope (unadjusted for slope)

C_0 = regression constant for a given level of vegetation

C_1 = regression constant for a given level of vegetation

C_2 = regression constant for a given level of vegetation

IR = infiltration correlation parameter for given soil type

The relationship between CN_{II_0} , the vegetative cover and default soil texture is shown graphically in Figure 8. Table 7 gives values of C_0 , C_1 and C_2 for the five types of vegetative cover built into the HELP program.

4.2.3 Adjustment of Curve Number for Surface Slope

A regression equation was developed to adjust the AMC-II curve number for surface slope conditions. The regression was developed based on kinematic wave theory where

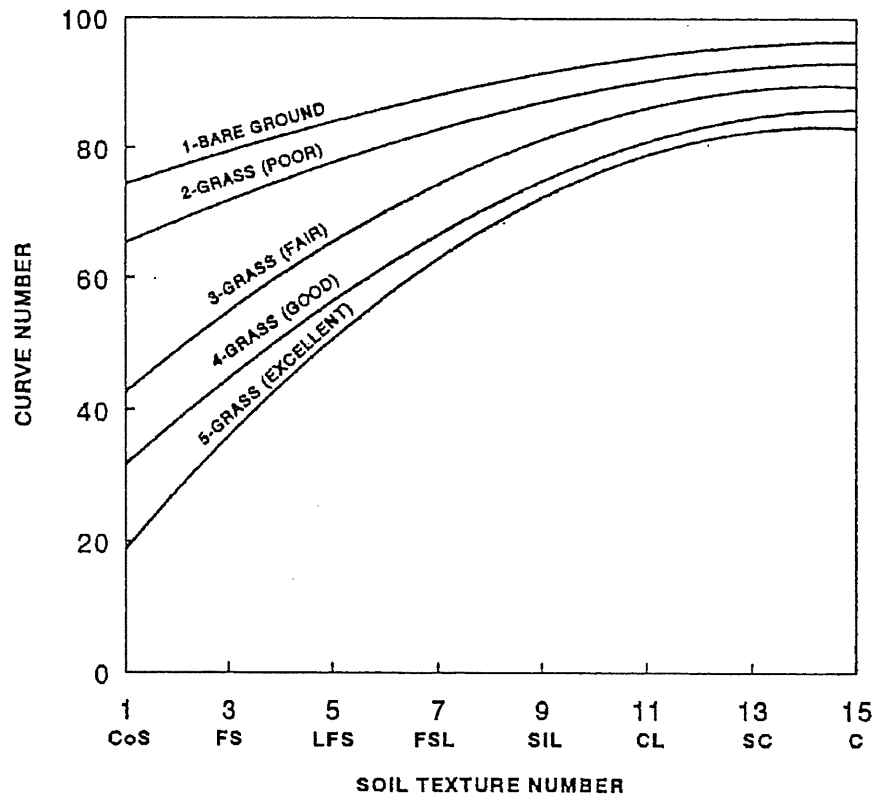


Figure 8. Relation between SCS Curve Number and Default Soil Texture Number for Various Levels of Vegetation

loam, and clayey loam as specified by saturated hydraulic conductivity, capillary drive, porosity, and maximum relative saturation, Two levels of vegetation were described--a good stand of grass (bluegrass sod) and a poor stand of grass (clipped range). Slopes of 0.04, 0.10, 0.20, 0.35, and 0.50 ft/ft and slope lengths of 50, 100, 250, and 500 ft were used. Rainfalls of 1.1 inches, 1-hour duration and 2nd quartile Huff distribution and of 3.8 inches, 6-hour duration and balanced distribution were modeled.

The resulting regression equation used for adjusting the AMC-II curve number computed for default soils and vegetation placed at mild slopes, CN_{II_o} , is:

$$CN_{II} = 100 - (100 - CN_{II_o}) \cdot \left(\frac{L^{*2}}{S^*} \right) CN_{II_o}^{-0.81} \quad (34)$$

where

L^* = standardized dimensionless length, (L/500 ft)

S^* = standardized dimensionless slope, (S/0.04)

This same equation is used to adjust user-specified AMC-II curve numbers for surface slope conditions by substituting the user value for CN_{II_o} in Equation 34.

4.2.4 Adjustment of Curve Number for Frozen Soil

When the HELP program predicts frozen conditions to exist, the value of CN_{II} is increased, resulting in a higher calculated runoff. Knisel et al. (1985) found that this type of curve number adjustment in the CREAMS model resulted in improved predictions of annual runoff for several test watersheds. If the CN_{II} for unfrozen soil is less than or equal to 80, the CN_{II} for frozen soil conditions is set at 95. When the unfrozen soil CN_{II} is greater than 80, the CN_{II} is reset to be 98 on days when the program has determined the soil to be frozen. This adjustment results in an increase in CN_{II} and consequently a decrease in S_{mx} and S' (Equations 19, 26, and 30).

From Equations 19 and 21, it is apparent that as S' approaches zero, Q approaches P . In other words, as S' decreases, the calculated runoff becomes closer to being equal to the net rainfall which is most often, when frozen soil conditions exist, predominantly snowmelt. This will result in a decrease in infiltration under frozen soil conditions, which has been observed in numerous studies.

4.2.5 Summary of Daily Runoff Computation

The HELP model determines daily runoff by the following procedure:

TABLE 5.3 Values of SCS
Curve Number for Rural Areas

Source: [McCuen, 1982]

Land Use Description	Hydrologic Soil Group			
	A	B	C	D
Fallow:				
Straight Row	77	86	91	94
Row Crops:				
Straight Row, Poor Condition	72	81	88	91
Straight Row, Good Condition	67	78	85	89
Contoured, Poor Condition	70	79	84	88
Contoured, Good Condition	65	75	82	86
Contoured and Terraced, Poor Condition	66	74	80	82
Contoured and Terraced, Good Condition	62	71	78	81
Small Grain:				
Straight Row, Poor Condition	65	76	84	88
Straight Row, Good Condition	63	75	83	87
Contoured, Poor Condition	63	74	82	85
Contoured, Good Condition	61	73	81	84
Contoured and Terraced, Poor Condition	61	72	79	82
Contoured and Terraced, Good Condition	59	70	78	81
Close-Seeded Legumes or Rotation Meadow				
Straight Row, Poor Condition	66	77	85	89
Straight Row, Good Condition	58	72	81	85
Contoured, Poor Condition	64	75	83	85
Contoured, Good Condition	55	69	78	83
Contoured and Terraced, Poor Condition	63	73	80	83
Contoured and Terraced, Good Condition	51	67	76	80
Pasture or Range:				
Poor Condition	68	79	86	89
Fair Condition	49	69	79	84
Good Condition	39	61	74	80
Contoured, Poor Condition	47	67	81	88
Contoured, Fair Condition	25	59	75	83
Contoured, Good Condition	6	35	70	79
Meadow, Good Condition	30	58	71	78
Woods or Forest Land:				
Poor Condition	45	66	77	83
Fair Condition	36	60	73	79
Good Condition	25	55	70	77
Farmsteads:	59	74	82	86

Initial and Uniform Loss Rate

An initial loss in inches (*STRTL*) and a constant loss rate (*CNSTL*) in inches per hour are specified for this method. All rainfall is lost until the volume of initial loss is satisfied. After the initial loss is satisfied, rainfall is lost at the constant rate.

This section provides guidance in selecting the values used for the initial loss and uniform loss rate in two ways:

1. By consulting previous studies of actual rainfall events for a particular watershed or region.
2. By relating the parameters to the SCS Curve Number, which can be estimated using the information presented earlier in this chapter.

Previous studies by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers or other public agencies may provide guidance on selecting appropriate values for the initial loss and uniform loss rate for a particular location. Tables 5.4 through 5.6 list the values of initial and

HYDROGRAPH DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION

HYDROGRAPH DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION

Landfill Areas

Direct runoff methods, (i.e., kinematic wave) have been used for the majority of the landfill final cover areas. The kinematic wave method has been used to model the 4 percent topslope areas and 25 percent side slope areas before the flow is intercepted by the drainage swales. The kinematic wave method is a physically based method using slope, surface roughness, catchment lengths and areas. This method does not consider attenuation for flood wave; as a consequence, this method provides for a conservative analysis. The following typical parameters for the kinematic wave method have been developed for landfill areas.

Kinematic wave parameters for overland flow:

- Slope: Varies from 0.04 to 0.25 ft/ft landfill slopes
- N: 0.35 Manning's friction coefficient (based on using a value between dense grass (N = 0.24) and Bermuda grass (N = 0.41) listed in Soil Conservation Services TR-55)
- L: Represents a typical distance between swales for overland flow for each drainage area. For example, as shown on Sheet IIIF-E-23, the swale spacing on 4H:1V sideslopes is 120 feet.

Percentage of drainage area represented by this element is 100 percent.

Kinematic Wave routing for channels:

- Channel length (ft): The length of the channel section.
- Channel slope (ft/ft): Varies from 0.0010 to 0.0574 (0.005 for swales).
- Channel roughness coefficient: 0.03 for grass lined channels and swales.
- Channel type: A trapezoidal channel was used with varying width and 3:1 side slopes ("V" ditch with varying side slopes for swales).

Non-Landfill Final Cover Areas

Hydrographs for the majority of non-landfill final cover areas within and near the permit boundary (e.g., pond areas) were developed using the Snyder unit

hydrograph method. Espey "10-Minute" method has been used to estimate Snyder parameters. Snyder parameter estimations are provided on pages IIF-E-18 through IIF-E-23.

As discussed in Section 2 of Appendix IIF, hydrographs for the areas outside of the permit boundary (O, O2, O3, O4, and O5), and larger areas inside the permit boundary (S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6, and S7) were developed using the Snyder unit hydrograph method. The percent imperviousness ranges from 2 percent to 12 percent, for the majority of the non-landfill no-site and off-site areas, which represents the majority of the watershed as undeveloped. Pond areas are assumed to be 100 percent impervious, and areas with significant channel surface or paved surfaces were assigned higher percentages of impervious area, as shown on IIF-E-19.

Drainage Areas

The drainage areas used for this analysis are shown on Sheets IIF-E-25 and IIF-E-26. The routing scheme for the post-development condition is shown in the HEC-1 output file presented on pages IIF-E-27 through IIF-E-60.

**DISTRIBUTED RUNOFF METHOD
KINEMATIC WAVE EXAMPLE**

Drainage area "DA4" is used in this example (refer to Sheet III-F-A-17 for location of drainage area).

Watershed Specific Parameters:

A =	36.24	acres	Watershed Area (acres)
A =	0.0566	sq-miles	Watershed Area (sq-miles)
CN =	86		SCS Curve Number (see sheet III-F-A-4 for more information)

Kinematic Wave parameter for overland flow:

L =	135	ft	Typical overland flow (ft)
S =	0.29	ft/ft	Landfill slope (ft/ft)
N =	0.30		Manning's Coefficient

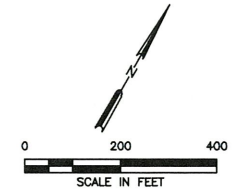
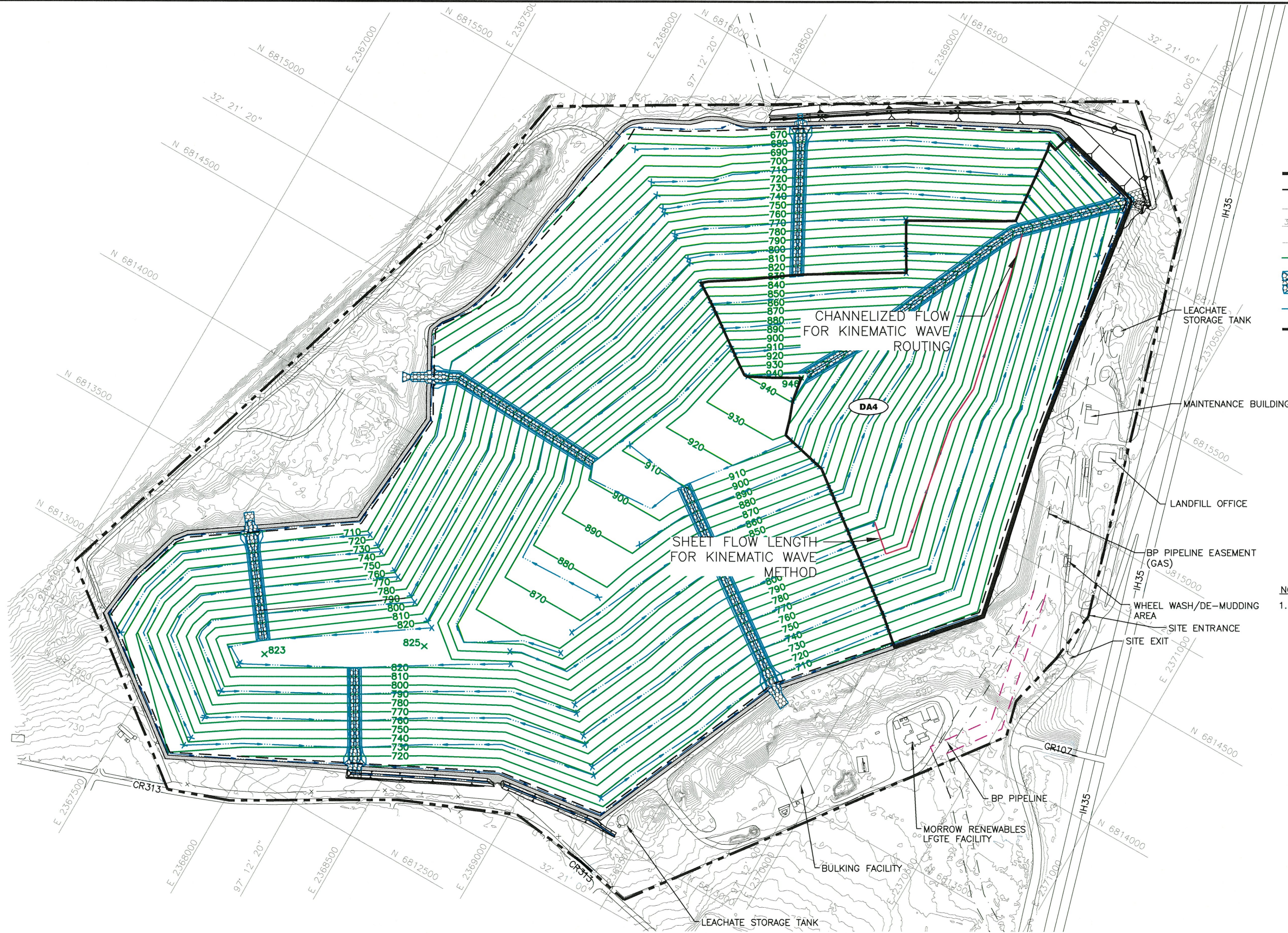
Percentage of the drainage area represented by this element is 100 percent

Kinematic Wave routing data for the swale:

L =	1520	ft	Typical swale length (ft)
S =	0.01	ft/ft	Swale bottom slope (ft/ft)
N =	0.03		Manning's Coefficient
Channel =	TRAP		Swale Type*

* A trapezoidal channel with no bottom width was used to simulate a triangular channel.

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LEGEND

	PROPERTY BOUNDARY
	PERMITTED LIMITS OF WASTE
	STATE PLANE GRID
	GEODETIC COORDINATE
	EXISTING CONTOUR
	PERMITTED FINAL COVER CONTOUR
	PERMITTED DRAINAGE CHUTE
	PERMITTED DRAINAGE SWALE
	DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY
	DRAINAGE AREA DESIGNATION

NOTE:
 1. EXISTING CONTOURS AND ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY DALLAS AERIAL SURVEYS FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 01-08-2021. THE GRID SYSTEM IS TIED TO THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM NORTH CENTRAL ZONE NAD 1983.



<input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT	PREPARED FOR	TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP	KINEMATIC WAVE PARAMETERS
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY			
<input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION			
DATE: 02/2022	DRAWN BY: RAA	REVISIONS	
FILE: 0771-368-11	DESIGN BY: BPY	NO.	DATE
CAD: FIG IIIIF-E-17 KINEMATIC WAVE.DWG	REVIEWED BY: CRM		DESCRIPTION
Weaver Consultants Group			
TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727			

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS	
WWW.WCGRP.COM	DRAWING IIIIF-E-17

ESPEY 10-MINUTE METHOD PARAMETERS

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA
PROPOSED EXPANSION CONDITION

Snyder's Hydrograph Coefficients (Espey's 10 Minute Method)

Proposed Expansion Conditions

Area No.	Area (acres)	Max. Flow Length (L) (ft)	S (ft/ft)	I (%)	Manning "n"	Φ^1	T_r^2 (min)	T_{lag}^3 (min)	T_{lag} (hr)	Area ⁴ (sq mi)	q_p^5 (cfs/sq mi)	C_p^6
O1	180.49	6,381	0.0110	10	0.04	0.84	36.1	33.6	0.56	0.2820	716.3	0.63
O2	74.63	4,784	0.0115	5	0.04	0.86	39.3	36.8	0.61	0.1166	678.5	0.65
O3	69.25	3,820	0.0147	10	0.04	0.84	29.8	27.3	0.46	0.1082	912.5	0.65
O4	61.05	2,617	0.0172	5	0.04	0.86	30.9	28.4	0.47	0.0954	883.6	0.65
O5	6.34	1,135	0.0282	2	0.04	0.87	27.1	24.6	0.41	0.0099	1115.0	0.71
S1	13.82	2,309	0.0225	25	0.04	0.79	18.4	15.9	0.26	0.0216	1634.4	0.68
S2	1.74	100	0.0950	2	0.04	0.87	11.4	8.9	0.15	0.0027	2954.4	0.69
S3	6.40	1,184	0.0355	5	0.04	0.86	21.5	19.0	0.32	0.0100	1426.7	0.71
S4	1.93	684	0.0190	5	0.04	0.86	22.1	19.6	0.33	0.0030	1449.8	0.74
S5	21.38	2,043	0.0225	15	0.04	0.82	20.8	18.3	0.30	0.0334	1409.0	0.67
S6	3.78	1,466	0.0164	2	0.04	0.87	32.9	30.4	0.51	0.0059	924.1	0.73
S7	4.10	630	0.0413	2	0.04	0.87	21.5	19.0	0.32	0.0064	1452.1	0.72

¹ Conveyance efficiency coefficient from Dodson & Associates Inc., *ProHec-1 Program Documentation*, 1995, pages 6-19 and 6-20.

² $T_r = 3.1(L^{0.23})(S^{-0.25})(\Phi^{0.18})(\Phi^{1.57})$

³ $T_{lag} = T_r - \Delta t/2$

⁴ From area summary sheet

⁵ $q_p = 31600(A^{-0.04})(T_r^{-1.07})$

⁶ $C_p = 49.375(A^{-0.04})(T_r^{-1.07})(T_{lag})$

- T_r = surface runoff to unit hydrograph peak (min)
- L = distance along main channel from study point to watershed boundary (ft)
- S = main channel slope (ft/ft)
- I = impervious cover within the watershed (%)
- T_{lag} = watershed lag time (min)
- Δt = computation interval (minutes)
- q_p = unit hydrograph peak discharge (cfs/sq mi)
- C_p = Snyder's peaking coefficient

Snyder Unit Hydrograph uses lag time (T_{lag}) and peaking coefficient accounting for flood wave and watershed storage conditions.

Drainage area "S1" is used in this example.

Estimated Watershed specific parameters

A =	13.82	acres	watershed area
L =	2309	feet	maximun flow length with this watershed
S =	0.0225	feet/feet	watershed slope
I =	25	percent (%)	watershed imperviousness
n =	0.04		Manning's coefficient

Calculate T_r : time beginning of surface runoff to the unit hydrograph peak in minutes

$$T_r = 3.1(L^{0.23})(S^{-0.25})(I^{-0.18})(\Phi^{1.57})$$

Estimate : conveyance efficiency coefficient

See figure 6.12 on page IIIF-A-18 for estimating

Φ = for 0.6 percent impervious cover and $n = 0.01$

$$\Phi = 0.79$$

$$T_r = 3.1(2309^{0.23})(0.0225^{-0.25})(0.25^{-0.18})(0.79^{1.57})$$

$$T_r = 18.4 \quad \text{min}$$

Calculate T_{lag} : watershed lag time

$$T_{lag} = T_r - (\Delta t/2)$$

$$T_{lag} = 15.9 \quad \text{minutes}$$

$$T_{lag} = 0.26 \quad \text{hours}$$

Δt is calculation interval, and 10 minutes is used in the HEC - HMS modeling in this project

$$A = A/640$$

$$A = 0.0216 \quad \text{square miles}$$

Calculate q_p : peak discharge of unit hydrograph per unit area (cfs/sq. mi).

$$q_p = 31600(A^{-0.04})(T_r^{-1.07})$$

$$q_p = 31600(0.0216^{-0.04})(18.4^{-1.07})$$

$$q_p = 1634.4 \quad \text{cfs/sq. mi}$$

Calculate Peaking coefficient C_p :

$$C_p = 49.375(A^{-0.04})(T_r^{-1.07})(T_{lag})$$

$$C_p = 49.375(0.0351^{-0.04})(29.6^{-1.07})(0.45)$$

$$C_p = 0.68$$

compute the value of Snyder's peaking coefficient C_p for use in HEC-1 analyses. First, the watershed lag time T_L is determined by subtracting one-half of the computation interval from the time to rise ($T_L = T_r - \Delta t/2$). Then, C_p may be computed by substituting the known values of T_L and q_p into Snyder's equation for peak unit hydrograph flow rate and solving for C_p .

$$C_p = \frac{q_p \times T_L}{640} \tag{6.30}$$

In another study, Espey [1977] derived the following equation for computing the time from the beginning of surface runoff to the unit hydrograph peak:

$$T_r = 3.10 L^{0.23} S^{-0.25} I^{-0.18} \Phi^{1.57} \tag{6.31}$$

Espey "10-Minute" Method for Estimating Snyder Parameters

6.31

in which:

T_r = time from beginning of surface runoff to unit hydrograph peak (minutes)

L = total distance along main channel from study point to watershed boundary (feet)

S = main channel slope between the reference point and a point 0.2L downstream from the upstream watershed boundary (feet per foot)

I = impervious cover within the watershed (percent)

Φ = description of conveyance efficiency of the watershed drainage system.

The conveyance efficiency coefficient Φ is determined using the relationships illustrated on Figure 6.12.

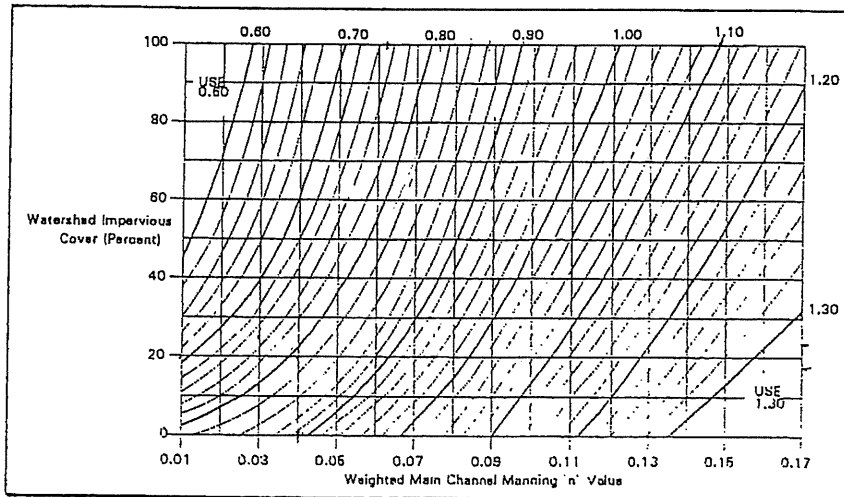


FIGURE 6.12 Determination of Conveyance Efficiency Coefficient Φ

This equation was derived from records for 41 watersheds in Texas, Tennessee, Mississippi, Pennsylvania, North Carolina, Colorado, Kentucky, and Indiana. The range in the watershed characteristics used to develop the equations for urban areas were:

Area : From 0.0128 square miles to 15.00 square miles

L : From 555 feet to 35,600 feet

S : From 0.0005 ft. per ft. to 0.0295 ft. per ft.

I : From 2% to 100%

Φ : From 0.60 to 1.30

Again, note that the time to rise T_r is not the same as the watershed lag time T_p . The difference between the two is that T_r is defined as the time from the beginning of effective rainfall to the peak of the unit hydrograph, while T_L is the time from the centroid of the effective rainfall to the peak of the unit hydrograph. For the purposes of HEC-1 analyses, however, T_L may be determined simply by subtracting one-half the computation time interval from the computed value of T_r ($T_r - \Delta t/2$).

The relationship developed by Espey to compute the peak flow rate of the unit hydrograph is as follows:

$$6.32 \quad Q_u = 31600 A^{0.96} T_r^{-1.07}$$

in which:

Q_u = unit hydrograph peak discharge (cfs)

A = drainage area (square miles)

T_r = time of rise from beginning of surface runoff to unit hydrograph peak (minutes)

Riverside County Method for Estimating Snyder Parameters

Three watershed lag equations have been derived for use in rural areas of Riverside County, California by the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District [Anonymous, 1963]. These equations differ slightly from those developed at the Tulsa District of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers in that lag is defined as the time from the beginning of rainfall to the point on the unit hydrograph corresponding to one-half of the total runoff volume.

Each equation is applicable to a different topographic region:

$$6.33 \quad T_L = 120 \left(\frac{L \times L_{ca}}{\sqrt{S}} \right)^{0.38} \quad \text{(Mountain Areas)}$$

$$6.34 \quad T_L = 0.72 \left(\frac{L \times L_{ca}}{\sqrt{S}} \right)^{0.38} \quad \text{(Foothill Areas)}$$

$$6.35 \quad T_L = 0.38 \left(\frac{L \times L_{ca}}{\sqrt{S}} \right)^{0.38} \quad \text{(Valley Areas)}$$

in which:

T_L = watershed lag in hours

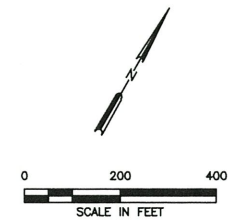
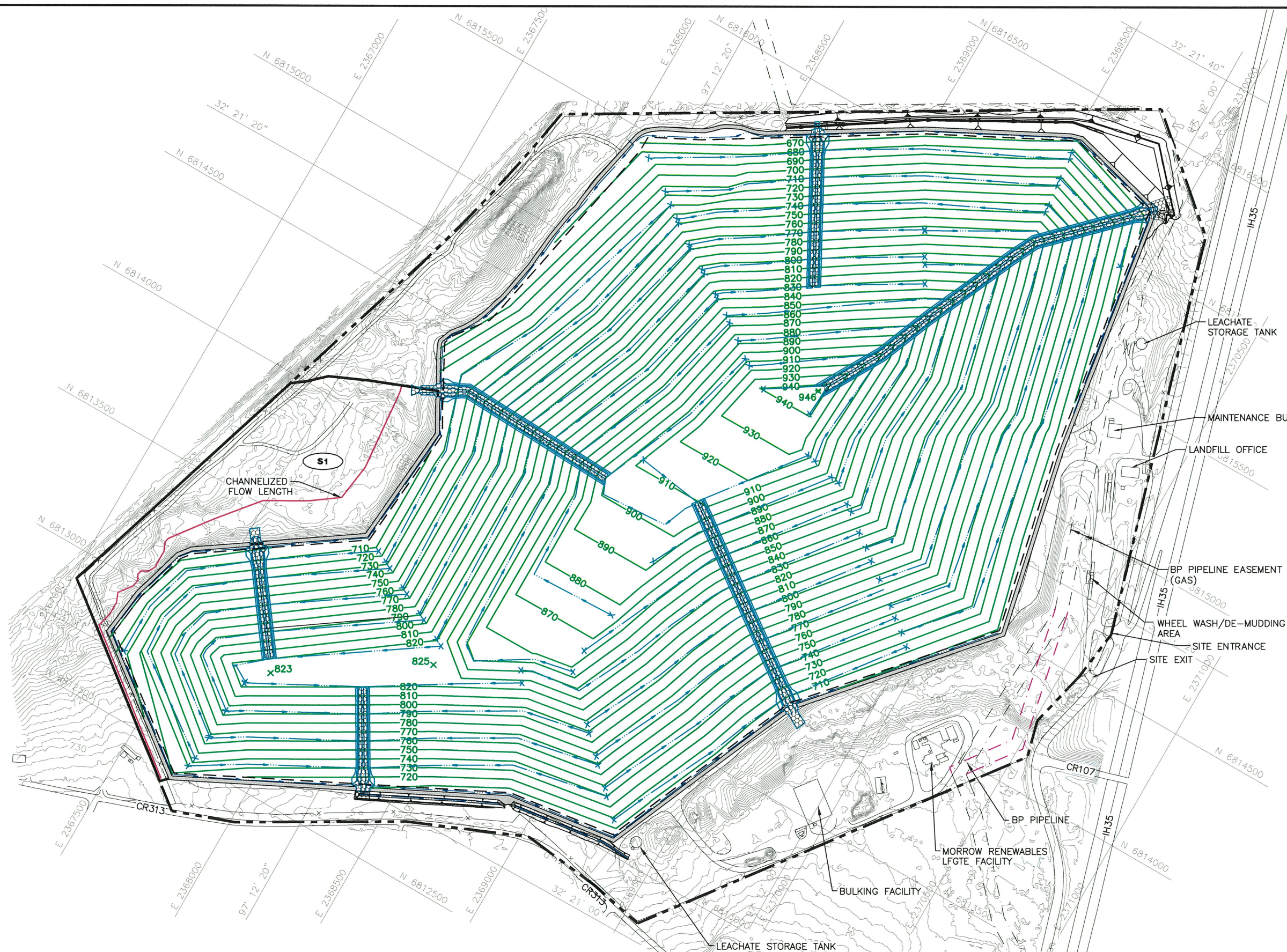
L = watershed length in miles

L_{ca} = length to centroid in miles

S = watershed slope in feet per mile.

The sizes of the watersheds studied in developing these equations ranged from 2.3 square miles to 645 square miles.

O:\0771\368\EXPANSION 2021\PART III\IIF-E-23_EPSEY METHOD.dwg, FARRINGTON, 1:2



LEGEND

- PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- PERMITTED LIMITS OF WASTE
- STATE PLANE GRID
- GEODETIC COORDINATE
- EXISTING CONTOUR
- PERMITTED FINAL COVER CONTOUR
- PERMITTED DRAINAGE CHUTE
- PERMITTED DRAINAGE SWALE
- DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY
- DRAINAGE AREA DESIGNATION

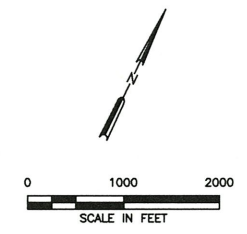
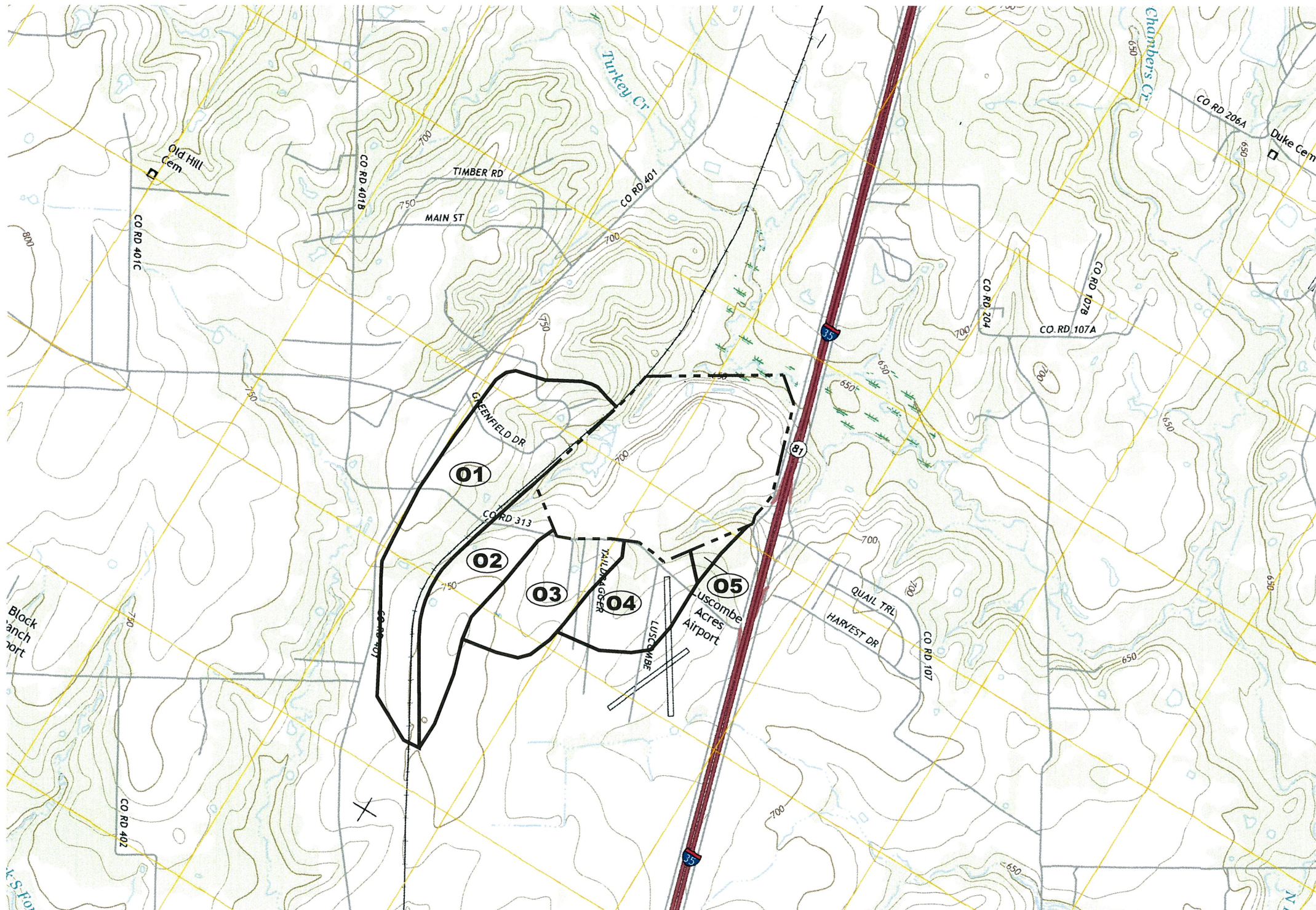
NOTE:
 1. EXISTING CONTOURS AND ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY DALLAS AERIAL SURVEYS FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 01-08-2021. THE GRID SYSTEM IS TIED TO THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM NORTH CENTRAL ZONE NAD 1983.



<input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY <input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	PREPARED FOR TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP													
DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: FIG IIF-E-23 EPSEY METHOD.DWG	DRAWN BY: RAA DESIGN BY: BPY REVIEWED BY: CRM	REVISIONS <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 5%;">NO.</th> <th style="width: 15%;">DATE</th> <th style="width: 80%;">DESCRIPTION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>	NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION									
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION												
Weaver Consultants Group <small>TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727</small>		EPSEY "10-MINUTE" METHOD PARAMETERS TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS WWW.WCGRP.COM DRAWING IIF-E-23												

**PERMITTED LANDFILL HEC-1 ANALYSIS
DRAINAGE AREAS**

O:\0771\368\EXPANSION 2021\PART III\IIF-E-25-OFFSITE DRAINAGE.dwg, rarrington, 1:2



LEGEND

	PERMIT BOUNDARY
	DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY
	DRAINAGE AREA LABEL

DRAINAGE AREA NO.	AREA (ACRES)
01	180.5
02	74.6
03	69.2
04	61.0
05	6.3
TOTAL	391.6

ROAD CLASSIFICATION

	Expressway		Local Connector
	Secondary Hwy		Local Road
	Ramp		4WD
	Interstate Route		US Route
			State Route

ALVARADO, TX
2016

GRANDVIEW, TX
2016

- NOTES:**
- DRAINAGE AREA DELINEATION WITHIN THE PERMIT BOUNDARY IS INCLUDED ON DRAWING IIF-E-26.
 - ALL TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION REPRODUCED FROM UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY 7 1/2 MINUTE QUADRANGLE SHEETS COMMERCE ALVARADO, TX; GRANDVIEW, TX.



<input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT	PREPARED FOR TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY	
<input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	
DATE: 02/2022 FILE: 0771-368-11 CAD: IIF-E-25-OFFSITE DRAINAGE MAP.DWG	DRAWN BY: RAA DESIGN BY: BPY REVIEWED BY: CRM
Weaver Consultants Group TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727	

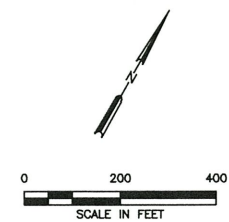
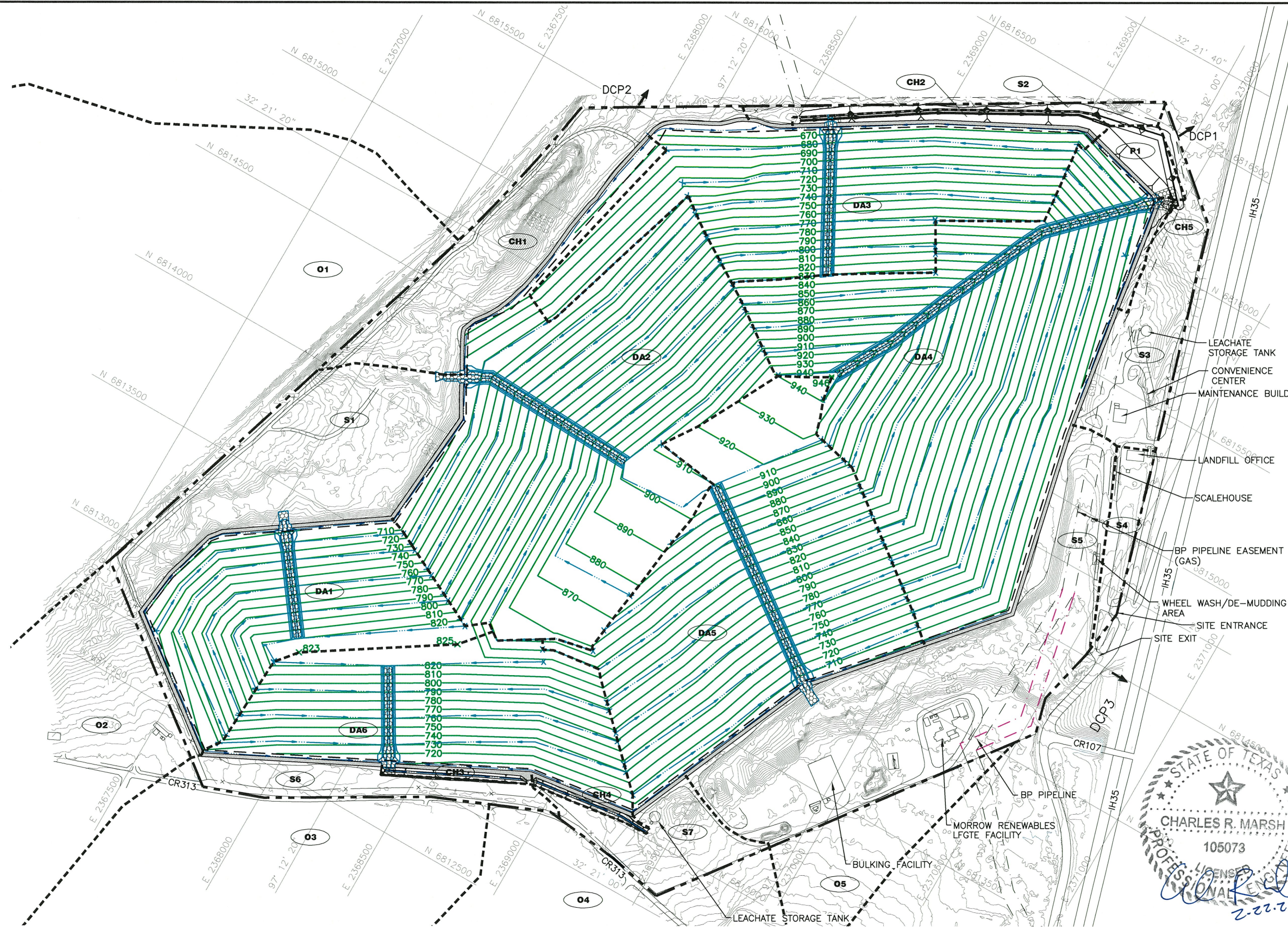
REVISIONS		
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION

**MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT
OFFSITE DRAINAGE AREA MAP**

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS

WWW.WCGRP.COM DRAWING IIF-E-25

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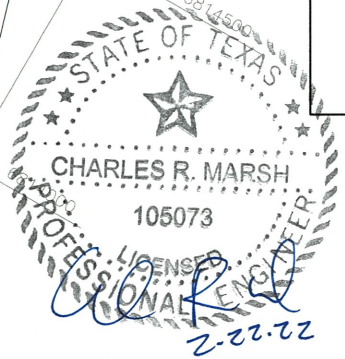
LEGEND

- PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- PERMITTED LIMITS OF WASTE
- DRAINAGE DIVIDE
- EXISTING CONTOUR
- PERMITTED FINAL COVER CONTOUR
- STATE PLANE GRID
- GEODETIC COORDINATE
- DRAINAGE LETDOWN
- DRAINAGE SWALE
- DRAINAGE AREA DESIGNATION

NOTE:

1. EXISTING CONTOURS AND ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY DALLAS AERIAL SURVEYS FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 01-08-2021. THE GRID SYSTEM IS TIED TO THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM NORTH CENTRAL ZONE NAD 1983.
2. REFER TO DRAWING IIIIF-E-25 FOR COMPLETE OFFSITE DRAINAGE AREA DELINEATIONS.

DRAINAGE AREA NO.	AREA (ACRES)	DRAINAGE AREA NO.	AREA (ACRES)
DA1	14.85	CH1	10.30
DA2	35.46	CH2	1.47
DA3	21.31	CH3	0.51
DA4	36.22	CH4	0.45
DA5	27.65	CH5	0.45
DA6	16.51	S1	13.82
O1	180.49	S2	1.74
O2	74.63	S3	6.40
O3	69.25	S4	1.93
O4	61.05	S5	21.38
O5	6.31	S6	3.78
P1	1.34	S7	4.10



- DRAFT
- FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY
- ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION

DATE: 02/2022
 FILE: 0771-368-11
 CAD: IIIIF-E-26-POST DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE.DWG

DRAWN BY: RAA
 DESIGN BY: BPY
 REVIEWED BY: CRM

PREPARED FOR
TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP

REVISIONS		
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION

Weaver Consultants Group
 TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727

**MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT
 PERMITTED LANDFILL DRAINAGE**

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
 JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS

WWW.WCGRP.COM DRAWING IIIIF-E-26

**HEC-1 OUTPUT – PERMITTED LANDFILL
25-YEAR, 24-HOUR STORM EVENT**

```

1*****
*
* FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1) *
* JUN 1998 *
* VERSION 4.1 *
* RUN DATE 10JUL19 TIME 15:00:29 *
*
*****

```

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*****
*
* U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS *
* HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER *
* 609 SECOND STREET *
* DAVIS, CALIFORNIA 95616 *
* (916) 756-1104 *
*
*****

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X X XXXXXXX XXXXX X
X X X X X XX
X X X X X X
XXXXXXX XXXX X XXXXX X
X X X X X X
X X X X X X
X X XXXXXXX XXXXX XXX

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THIS PROGRAM REPLACES ALL PREVIOUS VERSIONS OF HEC-1 KNOWN AS HEC1 (JAN 73), HEC1GS, HEC1DB, AND HEC1KW.

THE DEFINITIONS OF VARIABLES -RTIMP- AND -RTIOR- HAVE CHANGED FROM THOSE USED WITH THE 1973-STYLE INPUT STRUCTURE. THE DEFINITION OF -AMSKK- ON RM-CARD WAS CHANGED WITH REVISIONS DATED 28 SEP 81. THIS IS THE FORTRAN77 VERSION
NEW OPTIONS: DAMBREAK OUTFLOW SUBMERGENCE , SINGLE EVENT DAMAGE CALCULATION, DSS:WRITE STAGE FREQUENCY,
DSS:READ TIME SERIES AT DESIRED CALCULATION INTERVAL LOSS RATE:GREEN AND AMPT INFILTRATION
KINEMATIC WAVE: NEW FINITE DIFFERENCE ALGORITHM

1 HEC-1 INPUT PAGE 1

```

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10
*DIAGRAM
1 ID IESI TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
2 ID 25-YEAR 24-HOUR STORM EVENT
3 ID PROPOSED SITE CONDITION
4 ID P:\SW\IESI\TURKEY CREEK\EXPANSION_VERTICAL\SDP\APP IIIF\IIIF-A\HEC-1\TCPROPOSE
5 IT 5 0 2400 432 0 0
6 IO 3 0 0
*
7 KK O1
8 KM SUBAREA O1
9 KO 0 0 0 7 21
10 BA 0.282
11 PH 0.85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.3 6.27 7.33
12 LS 0 84
13 US 0.56 0.63
*
14 KK CLVT
15 KM CULVERT AT O1 DISCHARGE
16 KO 0 0 0 7 21
17 RS 1 ELEV 680
18 SA 0 0.0055 0.0211 0.0402 0.065 0.101 6.53
19 SE 680 682 684 686
20 SL 682.5 19.63 0.7 0.5
21 SS 707 500 2.6 1.5
*
22 KK O2
23 KM SUBAREA O2
24 KO 0 0 0 7 21
25 BA 0.1166
26 LS 0 84
27 US 0.61 0.65
*
28 KK DA1
29 KM DRAINAGE AREA DA1
30 KO 0 0 0 7 21
31 BA 0.0232
32 LS 0 86
33 UK 86 0.29 0.3 100
34 RD 953 0.005 0.03 0.0022 TRAP 0 2 NO
*
35 KK C/DA1
36 KM COMBINE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPHS
37 KO 0 0 0 7 21
38 HC 2
*

```

1 HEC-1 INPUT PAGE 2

```

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10
39 KK DA2
40 KM DRAINAGE AREA DA2
41 KO 0 0 0 7 21
42 BA 0.0554
43 LS 0 86
44 UK 383 0.06 0.3 100
45 RD 955 0.005 0.03 0.0032 TRAP 0 2 NO
*
46 KK S1
47 KM SUBAREA S1

```

```

48      KO      0      0      0      7      21
49      BA 0.0216
50      LS      0      84
51      US 0.26 0.68
      *

52      KK      C/S1
53      KM COMBINE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPHS
54      KO      0      0      0      7      21
55      HC      4
      *

56      KK      NORTH
57      KM REROUTE THROUGH SUBAREA CH1
58      KO      0      0      0      7      21
59      BA 0.0161
60      LS      0      84
61      UK 173 0.0867 0.3 100
62      RD 145 0.0177 0.3 TRAP 0 5 YES
      *

63      KK      DA3
64      KM DRAINAGE AREA DA3
65      KO      0      0      0      7      21
66      BA 0.0333
67      LS      0      86
68      UK 105 0.29 0.3 100
69      RD 1431 0.005 0.03 0.0071 TRAP 0 2 NO
      *

70      KK      CH2
71      KM SUBAREA CH2
72      KO      0      0      0      7      21
73      BA 0.0023
74      LS      0      84
75      UK 29 0.4 0.3 100
76      RD 1238 0.01 0.03 TRAP 6 2 YES
      *

```

1

HEC-1 INPUT

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

```

77      KK      DA4
78      KM DRAINAGE AREA DA4
79      KO      0      0      0      7      21
80      BA 0.0566
81      LS      0      86
82      UK 105 0.29 0.3 100
83      RD 1266 0.005 0.03 TRAP 0 2 NO
      *

84      KK      CH5
85      KM CHANNEL CH5
86      KO      0      0      0      7      21
87      BA 0.0007
88      LS      0      84
89      UK 137 0.175 0.3 100
90      RD 505 0.0625 0.03 TRAP 0 3 NO
      *

91      KK      P1
92      KM POND P1
93      KO      0      0      0      7      21
94      BA 0.0021
95      LS      0      100
96      UD      0
      *

97      KK      C/P1
98      KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS
99      KO      0      0      0      7      21
100     HC      4
      *

101     KK      RP1
102     KM ROUTE THROUGH P1
103     KO      0      0      0      7      21
104     RS      1      ELEV 643.5
105     SA      0 0.3339 0.3903 0.4978 0.6141 0.7406 0.7953 0.8818 0.9494
106     SE 643.5 643.6 645 647.5 650 652.5 653.5 655 656.5
107     SL 645 7.07 0.8 0.5
108     SS 653.5 10 2.6 1.5
      *

109     KK      S2
110     KM SUBAREA S2
111     KO      0      0      0      7      21
112     BA 0.0027
113     LS      0      84
114     US 0.15 0.69
      *

```

1

HEC-1 INPUT

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

```

115     KK      S3
116     KM SUBAREA S3
117     KO      0      0      0      7      21
118     BA 0.01
119     LS      0      84
120     US 0.32 0.71
      *

```



```

121 KK C/NENORTHEAST
122 KM DISCHARGE AT NE
123 KO 0 0 0 7 21
124 HC 3
*
125 KK O3
126 KM SUBAREA O3
127 KO 0 0 0 7 21
128 BA 0.1082
129 LS 0 84
130 US 0.46 0.65
*
131 KK S6
132 KM SUBAREA S6
133 KO 0 0 0 7 21
134 BA 0.0059
135 LS 0 84
136 US 0.51 0.73
*
137 KK C/S6
138 KM COMBINE OFFSITE HYDROGRAPHS ENTERING S6
139 KO 0 0 0 7 21
140 HC 2
*
141 KK O4
142 KM SUBAREA O4
143 KO 0 0 0 7 21
144 BA 0.0954
145 LS 0 84
146 US 0.47 0.65
*
147 KK S7
148 KM SUBAREA S7
149 KO 0 0 0 7 21
150 BA 0.0064
151 LS 0 84
152 US 0.32 0.72
*

```

1

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 5

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

```

153 KK DA6
154 KM DRAINAGE AREA DA6
155 KO 0 0 0 7 21
156 BA 0.026
157 LS 0 86
158 UK 105 0.29 0.3 100
159 RD 877 0.005 0.03 0.0037 TRAP 0 2 NO
*
160 KK CH3
161 KM CHANNEL CH3
162 KO 0 0 0 7 21
163 BA 0.0008
164 LS 0 84
165 UK 45 0.116 0.3 100
166 RD 545 0.01 0.03 TRAP 8 3 YES
*
167 KK CH4
168 KM CHANNEL CH4
169 KO 0 0 0 7 21
170 BA 0.0007
171 LS 0 84
172 UK 54 0.0957 0.3 100
173 RD 484 0.01 0.03 TRAP 8 3 YES
*
174 KK C/S7
175 KM COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS AT S7
176 KO 0 0 0 7 21
177 HC 4
*
178 KK CLVRT
179 KM CULVERT AT S6/S5
180 KO 0 0 0 7 21
181 RS 1 680.74
182 SA 0 0.009 0.049 0.0805 0.134 0.334 0.693
183 SE 680.74 682 684 686 690 694 698
184 SL 682.9 45 0.7 0.5
185 SS 697.9 9 2.6 1.5
*
186 KK DA5
187 KM DRAINAGE AREA DA5
188 KO 0 0 0 7 21
189 BA 0.0432
190 LS 0 86
191 UK 120 0.25 0.3 100
192 RD 835 0.005 0.03 0.0033 TRAP 0 2 NO
*

```

1

HEC-1 INPUT

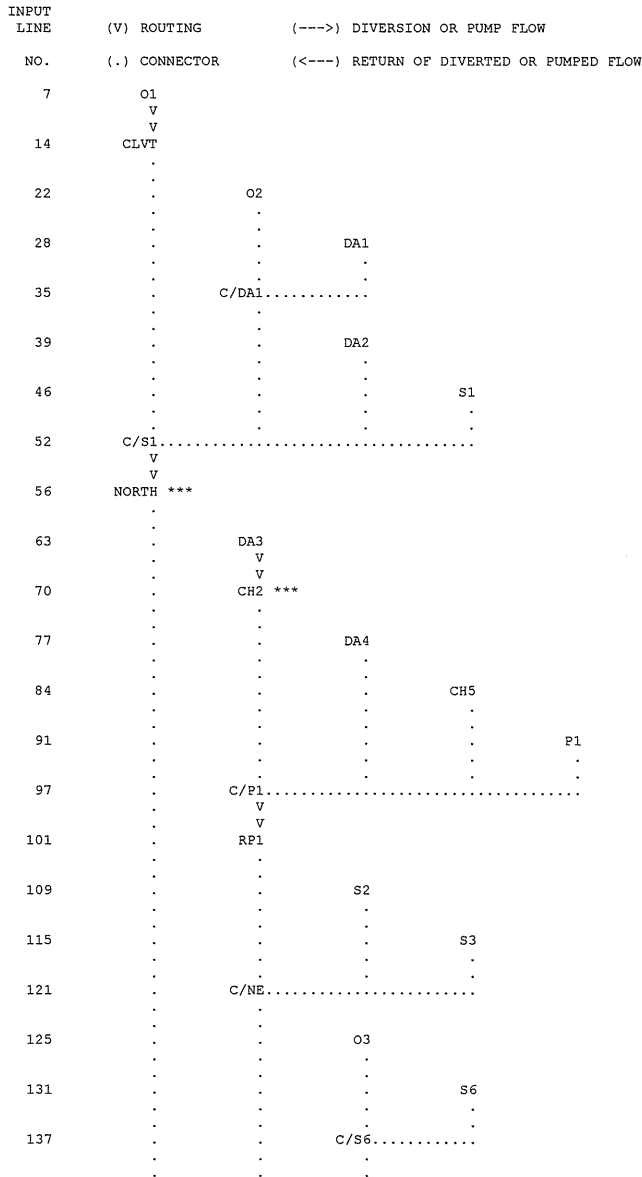
PAGE 6

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

193	KK	S4					
194	KM	SUBAREA S4					
195	KO	0	0	0	7	21	
196	BA	0.003					
197	LS	0	84				
198	US	0.33	0.74				
	*						
199	KK	S5					
200	KM	SUBAREA S5					
201	KO	0	0	0	7	21	
202	BA	0.0334					
203	LS	0	84				
204	US	0.3	0.67				
	*						
205	KK	O5					
206	KM	SUBAREA O5					
207	KO	0	0	0	7	21	
208	BA	0.0099					
209	LS	0	84				
210	US	0.41	0.71				
	*						
211	KK	C/SESOUTHEAST					
212	KM	COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS AT SE					
213	KO	0	0	0	7	21	
214	HC	5					
	*						
215	ZZ						

1

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF STREAM NETWORK



SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

10 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
TAREA .28 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
..... HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
.85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00
STORM AREA = .28

12 LS SCS LOSS RATE
STRFL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
CRVNBR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

13 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH
TP .56 LAG
CP .63 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
CLARK TC= .64 HR, R= .51 HR
SNYDER TP= .56 HR, CP= .64

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
37 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES
11. 41. 81. 126. 167. 195. 208. 200. 176. 149.
126. 107. 91. 77. 65. 55. 47. 40. 34. 29.
24. 21. 17. 15. 13. 11. 9. 8. 7. 6.
5. 4. 3. 3. 2. 2. 2.

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION 01

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
466.	12.58	132.	41.	27.	27.
		(INCHES) 4.339	5.427	5.427	5.427
		(AC-FT) 65.	82.	82.	82.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .28 SQ MI

*** **

14 KK
* CLVT *
* *

CULVERT AT 01 DISCHARGE

16 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
IPLT 0 PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

17 RS STORAGE ROUTING
NSTPS 1 NUMBER OF SUBREACHES
ITYP ELEV TYPE OF INITIAL CONDITION
RSVRIC 680.00 INITIAL CONDITION
X .00 WORKING R AND D COEFFICIENT

18 SA AREA .0 .0 .0 .1 .1 6.5

19 SE ELEVATION 680.00 682.00 684.00 686.00 688.00 690.00 708.00

20 SL LOW-LEVEL OUTLET
ELEVEL 682.50 ELEVATION AT CENTER OF OUTLET
CAREA 19.63 CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA
COQL .70 COEFFICIENT
EXPL .50 EXPONENT OF HEAD

21 SS SPILLWAY
CREL 707.00 SPILLWAY CREST ELEVATION
SPWID 500.00 SPILLWAY WIDTH
COQW 2.60 WEIR COEFFICIENT
EXPW 1.50 EXPONENT OF HEAD

COMPUTED STORAGE-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	.00	.00	.03	.09	.19	.36	45.02			
ELEVATION	680.00	682.00	684.00	686.00	688.00	690.00	708.00			

COMPUTED OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

OUTFLOW	.00	.00	175.72	194.56	217.93	247.67	286.82	340.67	419.40	545.48
ELEVATION	680.00	682.50	685.04	685.62	686.41	687.55	689.27	692.06	696.98	707.00
OUTFLOW	547.11	557.08	583.02	632.66	713.59	833.50	1000.07	1221.06	1503.95	1856.50
ELEVATION	707.01	707.04	707.09	707.16	707.25	707.36	707.49	707.64	707.81	708.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	.00	.00	.01	.03	.06	.07	.09	.11	.17	.19
OUTFLOW	.00	.00	.00	134.97	175.72	194.56	206.17	217.93	247.67	258.45
ELEVATION	680.00	682.00	682.50	684.00	685.04	685.62	686.00	686.41	687.55	688.00
STORAGE	.29	.36	.78	4.74	38.80	38.86	39.05	39.35	39.77	40.31
OUTFLOW	286.82	301.80	340.67	419.40	545.48	547.11	557.08	583.02	632.66	713.59
ELEVATION	689.27	690.00	692.06	696.98	707.00	707.01	707.04	707.09	707.16	707.25
STORAGE	40.98	41.78	42.72	43.79	45.02					
OUTFLOW	833.50	1000.07	1221.06	1503.95	1856.50					
ELEVATION	707.36	707.49	707.64	707.81	708.00					

*** WARNING *** MODIFIED PULS ROUTING MAY BE NUMERICALLY UNSTABLE FOR OUTFLOWS BETWEEN 0. TO 287.
 THE ROUTED HYDROGRAPH SHOULD BE EXAMINED FOR OSCILLATIONS OR OUTFLOWS GREATER THAN PEAK INFLOWS.
 THIS CAN BE CORRECTED BY DECREASING THE TIME INTERVAL OR INCREASING STORAGE (USE A LONGER REACH.)

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION CLVT

PEAK FLOW	TIME	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ (CFS)	(HR)				
+ 391.	12.83				
		(CFS)			
		(INCHES)			
		(AC-FT)			
		132.	41.	27.	27.
		4.339	5.427	5.427	5.427
		65.	82.	82.	82.
PEAK STORAGE	TIME	MAXIMUM AVERAGE STORAGE			
+ (AC-FT)	(HR)	6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ 3.	12.83	0.	0.	0.	0.
PEAK STAGE	TIME	MAXIMUM AVERAGE STAGE			
+ (FEET)	(HR)	6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ 695.19	12.83	685.36	683.31	682.67	682.67

CUMULATIVE AREA = .28 SQ MI

*** **

 * *
 22 KK * O2 *
 * *

SUBAREA O2

24 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT	3	PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT	0	PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL	0.	HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH	7	PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT	21	SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1	1	FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2	432	LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT	.083	TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

25 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS

TAREA	.12	SUBBASIN AREA
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PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM

.....	HYDRO-35	TP-40	TP-49					
5-MIN	15-MIN	60-MIN	2-HR	3-HR	6-HR	12-HR	24-HR	2-DAY	4-DAY	7-DAY	10-DAY
.85	1.69	3.07	3.88	4.38	5.30	6.27	7.33	.00	.00	.00	.00

STORM AREA = .12

26 LS SCS LOSS RATE

STRTL	.38	INITIAL ABSTRACTION
CRVNBR	84.00	CURVE NUMBER
RTIMP	.00	PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

27 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH

TP	.61	LAG
CP	.65	PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
CLARK TC= .71 HR, R= .52 HR
SNYDER TP= .61 HR, CP= .65

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
38 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES

4. 14. 28. 44. 60. 72. 79. 81. 76. 66.
56. 48. 41. 35. 30. 25. 21. 18. 16. 13.
11. 10. 8. 7. 6. 5. 4. 4. 3. 3.
2. 2. 2. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION O2

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW TIME MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
+ (CFS) (HR) 6-HR 24-HR 72-HR 35.92-HR
+ 188. 12.67 (CFS) 54. 17. 11. 11.
(INCHES) 4.339 5.428 5.428 5.428
(AC-FT) 27. 34. 34. 34.
CUMULATIVE AREA = .12 SQ MI

*** **

* *
28 KK * DAL *
* *

DRAINAGE AREA DAL

30 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

31 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
TAREA .02 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
..... HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
.85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .02

32 LS SCS LOSS RATE
STRTL .33 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
CRVNBR 86.00 CURVE NUMBER
RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

KINEMATIC WAVE

33 UK OVERLAND-FLOW ELEMENT NO. 1
L 86. OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH
S .2900 SLOPE
N .300 ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
PA 100.0 PERCENT OF SUBBASIN
DXMIN 5 MINIMUM NUMBER OF DX INTERVALS

MUSKINGUM-CUNGE

34 RD MAIN CHANNEL
L 953. CHANNEL LENGTH
S .0050 SLOPE
N .030 CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
CA .02 CONTRIBUTING AREA
SHAPE TRAP CHANNEL SHAPE
WD .00 BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER
Z 2.00 SIDE SLOPE
RUPSTQ NO ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

COMPUTATION TIME STEP
ELEMENT ALPHA M DT DX PEAK TIME TO VOLUME MAXIMUM
CELEBRITY
(MIN) (FT) (CFS) (MIN) (IN) (FPS)
PLANE1 2.67 1.67 .54 17.20 136.80 724.76 5.68 .66
MAIN 1.63 1.33 2.87 476.50 124.82 723.24 5.49 5.53

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .7032E+01 OUTFLOW= .6789E+01 BASIN STORAGE= .5766E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 3.4

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

```

MAIN          1.63    1.33    5.00          117.02    725.00    5.46
***          ***          ***          ***          ***
HYDROGRAPH AT STATION    DA1
TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.65, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.68
PEAK FLOW      TIME          MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
+ (CFS)        (HR)          6-HR      24-HR      72-HR      35.92-HR
+ 117.         12.08          (CFS)
                              (INCHES)  4.447    3.        2.        2.
                              (AC-FT)   6.        5.457    7.        5.457    7.
CUMULATIVE AREA = .02 SQ MI
  
```

*** **

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*****
*          *
35 KK      * C/DA1 *
*          *
*****
  
```

COMBINE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPHS

```

37 KO      OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
           IPRNT      3 PRINT CONTROL
           IPLOT      0 PLOT CONTROL
           QSCAL      0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
           IPNCH      7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
           IOUT       21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
           ISAV1      1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
           ISAV2     432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
           TIMINT     .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS
  
```

```

38 HC      HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION
           ICOMP      2 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE
  
```

*** **

```

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION    C/DA1
PEAK FLOW      TIME          MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
+ (CFS)        (HR)          6-HR      24-HR      72-HR      35.92-HR
+ 201.         12.67          (CFS)
                              (INCHES)  4.351    20.       14.       14.
                              (AC-FT)   32.     5.433    41.     5.433    41.
CUMULATIVE AREA = .14 SQ MI
  
```

*** **

```

*****
*          *
39 KK      * DA2 *
*          *
*****
  
```

DRAINAGE AREA DA2

```

41 KO      OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
           IPRNT      3 PRINT CONTROL
           IPLOT      0 PLOT CONTROL
           QSCAL      0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
           IPNCH      7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
           IOUT       21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
           ISAV1      1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
           ISAV2     432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
           TIMINT     .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS
  
```

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

```

42 BA      SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
           TAREA      .06 SUBBASIN AREA
  
```

PRECIPITATION DATA

```

11 PH      DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
           HYDRO-35      TP-40      TP-49
           5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
           .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00
           STORM AREA = .06
  
```

```

43 LS      SCS LOSS RATE
  
```

STRTL .33 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNB 86.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

44 UK KINEMATIC WAVE
 OVERLAND-FLOW ELEMENT NO. 1
 L 383. OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH
 S .0600 SLOPE
 N .300 ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 PA 100.0 PERCENT OF SUBBASIN
 DXMIN 5 MINIMUM NUMBER OF DX INTERVALS

45 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE
 MAIN CHANNEL
 L 955. CHANNEL LENGTH
 S .0050 SLOPE
 N .030 CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 CA .06 CONTRIBUTING AREA
 SHAPE TRAP CHANNEL SHAPE
 WD .00 BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER
 Z 2.00 SIDE SLOPE
 RUPSTQ NO ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

 COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS
 COMPUTATION TIME STEP

ELEMENT	ALPHA	M	DT (MIN)	DX (FT)	PEAK (CFS)	TIME TO PEAK (MIN)	VOLUME (IN)	MAXIMUM CELERITY (FPS)
PLANE1	1.22	1.67	2.22	76.60	202.90	727.05	5.67	.60
MAIN	1.63	1.33	2.60	477.50	198.37	729.26	5.57	6.11

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .1679E+02 OUTFLOW= .1644E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .5735E-02 PERCENT ERROR= 2.0

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN 1.63 1.33 5.00 194.99 730.00 5.56

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION DA2

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.65, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.68

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	6-HR (CFS)	24-HR (INCHES)	72-HR (AC-FT)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW (CFS)	35.92-HR (AC-FT)
195.	12.17	27.	4.504	13.	8.	5.561
					6.	16.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .06 SQ MI

*** **

 * *
 46 KK * S1 *
 * *

SUBAREA S1

48 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

49 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .02 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .02

50 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNB 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

51 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH
 TP .26 LAG
 CP .68 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
CLARK TC= .33 HR, R= .19 HR
SNYDER TP= .26 HR, CP= .69

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
14 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES

5. 19. 31. 35. 28. 18. 11. 7. 5. 3.
2. 1. 1. 0.

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION S1

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW	TIME	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
(CFS)	(HR)	6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
59.	12.33	10.	3.	2.	2.
		(INCHES) 4.353	5.427	5.427	5.427
		(AC-FT) 5.	6.	6.	6.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .02 SQ MI

*** **

* *
52 KK * C/S1 *
* *

COMBINE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPHS

54 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT	3	PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT	0	PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL	0.	HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH	7	PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT	21	SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1	1	FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2	432	LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT	.083	TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

55 HC HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION

ICOMP	4	NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE
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*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION C/S1

PEAK FLOW	TIME	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
(CFS)	(HR)	6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
653.	12.58	234.	73.	49.	49.
		(INCHES) 4.360	5.443	5.444	5.444
		(AC-FT) 116.	145.	145.	145.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .50 SQ MI

*** **

* *
56 KK * NORTH *
* *

REROUTE THROUGH SUBAREA CH1

58 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT	3	PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT	0	PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL	0.	HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH	7	PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT	21	SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1	1	FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2	432	LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT	.083	TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

59 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS

TAREA	.02	SUBBASIN AREA
-------	-----	---------------

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM

..... HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .02

60 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

61 UK KINEMATIC WAVE
 OVERLAND-FLOW ELEMENT NO. 1
 L 173. OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH
 S .0867 SLOPE
 N .300 ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 PA 100.0 PERCENT OF SUBBASIN
 DXMIN 5 MINIMUM NUMBER OF DX INTERVALS

62 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE
 MAIN CHANNEL
 L 1145. CHANNEL LENGTH
 S .0177 SLOPE
 N .300 CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 CA .02 CONTRIBUTING AREA
 SHAPE TRAP CHANNEL SHAPE
 WD .00 BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER
 Z 5.00 SIDE SLOPE
 RUPSTQ YES ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

 COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	COMPUTATION TIME STEP			PEAK (CFS)	TIME TO PEAK (MIN)	VOLUME (IN)	MAXIMUM CELERITY (FPS)
		M	DT (MIN)	DX (FT)				
PLANE1	1.46	1.67	1.15	34.60	79.20	725.20	.55	
MAIN	.24	1.33	5.00	381.67	663.91	760.00	1.96	

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .1448E+03 EXCESS= .4683E+01 OUTFLOW= .1495E+03 BASIN STORAGE= .2834E-02 PERCENT ERROR= .0

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN .24 1.33 5.00 663.91 760.00 5.44

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION NORTH

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW		
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR
664.	12.67	241.	75.	50.
		(INCHES) 4.358	5.442	5.443
		(AC-FT) 120.	149.	149.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .51 SQ MI

*** **

 * *
 63 KK * DA3 *
 * *

DRAINAGE AREA DA3

65 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

66 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .03 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .03

67 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .33 INITIAL ABSTRACTION

76 RD PA 100.0 PERCENT OF SUBBASIN
 DXMIN 5 MINIMUM NUMBER OF DX INTERVALS
 MUSKINGUM-CUNGE
 MAIN CHANNEL
 L 1238. CHANNEL LENGTH
 S .0100 SLOPE
 N .030 CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 CA .00 CONTRIBUTING AREA
 SHAPE TRAP CHANNEL SHAPE
 WD 6.00 BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER
 Z 2.00 SIDE SLOPE
 RUPSTQ YES ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

 MCUNGE FATAL ERROR - NUMBER OF ORDINATES FOR CONSTANT TIME STEP OVERLAND FLOW EXCEEDS ARRAY DIMENSIONS - REDUCE DURATION OF RUN
 ON IT - RECORD

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	COMPUTATION TIME STEP			PEAK (CFS)	TIME TO PEAK (MIN)	VOLUME (IN)	MAXIMUM CELERITY (FPS)
		M	DT (MIN)	DX (FT)				
PLANEL	3.14	1.67	.31	5.80	13.20	724.57	.47	
MAIN	1.69	1.40	2.79	619.00	155.25	726.68	7.38	

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .9746E+01 EXCESS= .6690E+00 OUTFLOW= .1827E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .4582E-01 PERCENT ERROR= -75.8

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN 1.69 1.40 5.00 148.69 725.00 9.62
 *** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION CH2
 TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45
 PEAK FLOW TIME MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
 + (CFS) (HR) 6-HR 24-HR 72-HR 35.92-HR
 + 149. 12.08 (CFS) 17. 9. 6. 6.
 (INCHES) 4.466 9.026 9.619 9.619
 (AC-FT) 8. 17. 18. 18.
 CUMULATIVE AREA = .04 SQ MI

77 KK *****
 * *
 * DA4 *
 * *

 DRAINAGE AREA DA4

79 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

80 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .06 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00
 STORM AREA = .06

81 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .33 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNR 86.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

82 UK KINEMATIC WAVE
 OVERLAND-FLOW ELEMENT NO. 1
 L 105. OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH
 S .2900 SLOPE
 N .300 ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 PA 100.0 PERCENT OF SUBBASIN
 DXMIN 5 MINIMUM NUMBER OF DX INTERVALS

83 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE
 MAIN CHANNEL
 L 1266. CHANNEL LENGTH
 S .0050 SLOPE

N .030 CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 CA .06 CONTRIBUTING AREA
 SHAPE TRAP CHANNEL SHAPE
 WD .00 BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER
 Z 2.00 SIDE SLOPE
 RUPSTQ NO ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

 COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS
 COMPUTATION TIME STEP

ELEMENT	ALPHA	M	DT (MIN)	DX (FT)	PEAK (CFS)	TIME TO PEAK (MIN)	VOLUME (IN)	MAXIMUM CELERITY (FPS)
PLANE1	2.67	1.67	.63	21.00	332.10	724.66	5.68	.71
MAIN	1.63	1.33	3.06	633.00	318.17	724.25	5.50	6.90

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .1715E+02 OUTFLOW= .1661E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .8922E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 3.2

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN 1.63 1.33 5.00 296.69 725.00 5.50

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION DA4

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.65, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.68

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW				
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR	
297.	12.08	27.	8.	6.	6.	
		(INCHES)	4.495	5.503	5.503	5.503
		(AC-FT)	14.	17.	17.	17.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .06 SQ MI

*** **

84 KK *****
 * CH5 *
 * *

CHANNEL CH5

86 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

87 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .00 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00
 STORM AREA = .00

88 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

KINEMATIC WAVE

89 UK OVERLAND-FLOW ELEMENT NO. 1
 L 137. OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH
 S .1750 SLOPE
 N .300 ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 PA 100.0 PERCENT OF SUBBASIN
 DXMIN 5 MINIMUM NUMBER OF DX INTERVALS

90 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE
 MAIN CHANNEL
 L 505. CHANNEL LENGTH
 S .0625 SLOPE
 N .030 CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 CA .06 CONTRIBUTING AREA
 SHAPE TRAP CHANNEL SHAPE
 WD .00 BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER
 Z 3.00 SIDE SLOPE
 RUPSTQ NO ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS
COMPUTATION TIME STEP

ELEMENT	ALPHA	M	DT (MIN)	DX (FT)	PEAK (CFS)	TIME TO PEAK (MIN)	VOLUME (IN)	MAXIMUM CELERITY (FPS)
PLANE1	2.08	1.67	.71	27.40	3.87	724.93	5.45	.65
MAIN	5.24	1.33	1.54	252.50	3.75	724.41	5.36	5.45

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .2036E+00 OUTFLOW= .2000E+00 BASIN STORAGE= .1158E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 1.7

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN 5.24 1.33 5.00 3.64 725.00 5.36

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION CH5

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	6-HR (CFS)	24-HR (CFS)	72-HR (CFS)	35.92-HR (CFS)
+	4.	0.	0.	0.	0.
+	12.08	4.364 (INCHES)	5.360	5.360	5.360
		0.	0.	0.	0.
		0.	0.	0.	0.
		0.	0.	0.	0.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .00 SQ MI

*** **

* *
91 KK P1 *
* *

POND P1

93 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT	3	PRINT CONTROL
IPILOT	0	PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL	0.	HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH	7	PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT	21	SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1	1	FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2	432	LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT	.083	TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

94 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
TAREA .00 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM

5-MIN	15-MIN	60-MIN	2-HR	3-HR	6-HR	12-HR	24-HR	2-DAY	4-DAY	7-DAY	10-DAY
.85	1.69	3.07	3.88	4.38	5.30	6.27	7.33	.00	.00	.00	.00

STORM AREA = .00

95 LS SCS LOSS RATE

STRTL	.00	INITIAL ABSTRACTION
CRVNR	100.00	CURVE NUMBER
RTIMP	.00	PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

96 UD SCS DIMENSIONLESS UNITGRAPH
TLAG .00 LAG

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
5 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES

12. 3. 1. 0.

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION P1

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = .00, TOTAL EXCESS = 7.33

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	6-HR (CFS)	24-HR (CFS)	72-HR (CFS)	35.92-HR (CFS)
+	12.	1.	0.	0.	0.
+	12.08	5.298 (INCHES)	7.327	7.330	7.330
		1.	1.	1.	1.
		1.	1.	1.	1.
		1.	1.	1.	1.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .00 SQ MI

*** **

97 KK * C/P1 *

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS

99 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

100 HC HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION ICOMP 4 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION C/P1

Table with columns: PEAK FLOW (CFS), TIME (HR), MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW (6-HR, 24-HR, 72-HR, 35.92-HR). Values include 461. CFS at 12.08 HR, and flow rates of 4.499, 6.674, 7.085, 7.085 CFS.

*** **

101 KK * RP1 *

ROUTE THROUGH P1

103 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

104 RS STORAGE ROUTING NSTPS 1 NUMBER OF SUBREACHES ITYP ELEV TYPE OF INITIAL CONDITION RSVRIC 643.50 INITIAL CONDITION X .00 WORKING R AND D COEFFICIENT

105 SA AREA .0 .3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8 .9 .9

106 SE ELEVATION 643.50 643.60 645.00 647.50 650.00 652.50 653.50 655.00 656.50

107 SL LOW-LEVEL OUTLET ELEV 645.00 ELEVATION AT CENTER OF OUTLET CAREA 7.07 CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA COQL .80 COEFFICIENT EXPL .50 EXPONENT OF HEAD

108 SS SPILLWAY CREL 653.50 SPILLWAY CREST ELEVATION SPWID 10.00 SPILLWAY WIDTH COQW 2.60 WEIR COEFFICIENT EXPW 1.50 EXPONENT OF HEAD

COMPUTED STORAGE-ELEVATION DATA

Table with columns: STORAGE, ELEVATION. Values range from .00 to 8.10 for storage and 643.50 to 656.50 for elevation.

COMPUTED OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

Table with columns: OUTFLOW, ELEVATION. Values range from .00 to 132.25 for outflow and 643.50 to 656.50 for elevation.

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	.00	.01	.52	1.14	1.27	1.45	1.62	1.70	2.06	2.63
OUTFLOW	.00	.00	.00	55.33	60.34	66.36	71.72	73.70	82.87	94.65
ELEVATION	643.50	643.60	645.00	646.49	646.77	647.14	647.50	647.64	648.34	649.35
STORAGE	3.01	3.60	4.70	5.47	5.57	5.68	5.82	6.01	6.24	6.51
OUTFLOW	101.43	110.34	124.23	132.25	134.35	137.59	143.04	151.23	162.74	178.09
ELEVATION	650.00	650.92	652.50	653.50	653.62	653.76	653.93	654.16	654.43	654.75
STORAGE	6.73	6.83	7.20	7.63	8.10					
OUTFLOW	191.21	197.84	222.53	252.71	288.93					
ELEVATION	655.00	655.12	655.53	655.99	656.50					

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION RP1

PEAK FLOW	TIME		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR	
+	(CFS)	(HR)					
+	185.	12.25	46.	17.	12.	12.	
			(INCHES)	4.498	6.672	6.975	6.975
			(AC-FT)	23.	34.	35.	35.
PEAK STORAGE	TIME		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR	
+	(AC-FT)	(HR)					
+	7.	12.25	2.	1.	1.	1.	
PEAK STAGE	TIME		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR	
+	(FEET)	(HR)					
+	654.88	12.25	647.04	645.67	645.19	645.19	

CUMULATIVE AREA = .09 SQ MI

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* *
109 KK * S2 *
* * *

SUBAREA S2

111 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0 HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

112 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .00 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .00

113 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNBR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

114 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH
 TP .15 LAG
 CP .69 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
 CLARK TC= .21 HR, R= .07 HR
 SNYDER TP= .15 HR, CP= .68

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
 6 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES
 1. 0.

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION S2

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45


```

PEAK FLOW      TIME      MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
+ (CFS)        (HR)
+ 10.          12.17      6-HR      24-HR      72-HR      35.92-HR
                        (CFS)
                        (INCHES)  1.         0.         0.         0.
                        (AC-FT)  4.358     5.431     5.431     5.431
                        1.         1.         1.         1.
CUMULATIVE AREA = .00 SQ MI

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* 115 KK      S3
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*****

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SUBAREA S3

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117 KO      OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
            IPRNT      3 PRINT CONTROL
            IPLOT      0 PLOT CONTROL
            QSCAL      0 HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
            IPNCH      7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
            IOUT       21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
            ISAV1      1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
            ISAV2      432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
            TIMINT     .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

```

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

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118 BA      SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
            TAREA      .01 SUBBASIN AREA

```

PRECIPITATION DATA

```

11 PH      DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
            HYDRO-35      TP-40      TP-49
            5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
            .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

```

STORM AREA = .01

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119 LS      SCS LOSS RATE
            STRTL      .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
            CRVNBR     84.00 CURVE NUMBER
            RTIMP      .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

```

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120 US      SNYDER UNITGRAPH
            TP         .32 LAG
            CP         .71 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

```

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

```

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
CLARK TC= .39 HR, R= .22 HR
SNYDER TP= .32 HR, CP= .71

```

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
17 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES

```

2. 6. 11. 14. 13. 10. 7. 5. 3. 2.
1. 1. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0.

```

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION S3

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

```

PEAK FLOW      TIME      MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
+ (CFS)        (HR)
+ 25.          12.33      6-HR      24-HR      72-HR      35.92-HR
                        (CFS)
                        (INCHES)  5.         1.         1.         1.
                        (AC-FT)  4.358     5.434     5.434     5.434
                        2.         3.         3.         3.
CUMULATIVE AREA = .01 SQ MI

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*** **

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*****
*
* 121 KK      C/NE      NORTHEAST
*
*****

```

DISCHARGE AT NE

```

123 KO      OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
            IPRNT      3 PRINT CONTROL
            IPLOT      0 PLOT CONTROL
            QSCAL      0 HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
            IPNCH      7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH

```

IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

124 HC HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION
 ICOMP 3 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE

 HYDROGRAPH AT STATION C/NE
 PEAK FLOW TIME MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
 + (CFS) (HR) 6-HR 24-HR 72-HR 35.92-HR
 + 216. 12.25
 (CFS) 52. 19. 13. 13.
 (INCHES) 4.481 6.504 6.793 6.793
 (AC-FT) 26. 37. 39. 39.
 CUMULATIVE AREA = .11 SQ MI

 * *
 125 KK * O3 *
 * *

 SUBAREA O3

127 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IELOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

128 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .11 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00
 STORM AREA = .11

129 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNBR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

130 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH
 TP .46 LAG
 CP .65 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
 CLARK TC= .54 HR, R= .39 HR
 SNYDER TP= .46 HR, CP= .66

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
 29 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES
 7. 25. 49. 73. 91. 99. 92. 77. 62. 50.
 41. 33. 27. 21. 17. 14. 11. 9. 7. 6.
 5. 4. 3. 3. 2. 2. 1. 1. 1. 1.

 HYDROGRAPH AT STATION O3
 TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW TIME MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
 + (CFS) (HR) 6-HR 24-HR 72-HR 35.92-HR
 + 206. 12.50
 (CFS) 51. 16. 11. 11.
 (INCHES) 4.348 5.429 5.429 5.429
 (AC-FT) 25. 31. 31. 31.
 CUMULATIVE AREA = .11 SQ MI

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* *
131 KK * S6 *
* *

SUBAREA S6

133 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

134 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
TAREA .01 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
..... HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
.85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .01

135 LS SCS LOSS RATE
STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
CRVNR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
RTMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

136 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH
TP .51 LAG
CP .73 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
CLARK TC= .62 HR, R= .32 HR
SNYDER TP= .51 HR, CP= .72

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
25 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES
0. 1. 3. 4. 5. 5. 5. 5. 4. 3.
2. 2. 1. 1. 1. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0.
0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION S6

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW TIME MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
+ (CFS) (HR) 6-HR 24-HR 72-HR 35.92-HR
+ 12. 12.58 (CFS) 3. 1. 1. 1.
(INCHES) 4.350 5.429 5.429 5.429
(AC-FT) 1. 2. 2. 2.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .01 SQ MI

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* *
137 KK * C/S6 *
* *

COMBINE OFFSITE HYDROGRAPHS ENTERING S6

139 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

140 HC HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION
ICOMP 2 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE

149 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

150 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .01 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .01

151 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNBR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

152 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH
 TP .32 LAG
 CP .72 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
 CLARK TC= .40 HR, R= .21 HR
 SNYDER TP= .32 HR, CP= .71

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
 16 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES

1. 4. 7. 9. 9. 7. 4. 3. 2. 1.
 1. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION S7

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
16.	12.33	3.	1.	1.	1.
	(INCHES)	4.354	5.429	5.429	5.429
	(AC-FT)	1.	2.	2.	2.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .01 SQ MI

*** **

 * *
 153 KK * DA6 *
 * *

DRAINAGE AREA DA6

155 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

156 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .03 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .03

157 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .33 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNBR 86.00 CURVE NUMBER

RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

KINEMATIC WAVE
 158 UK OVERLAND-FLOW ELEMENT NO. 1
 L 105. OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH
 S .2900 SLOPE
 N .300 ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 PA 100.0 PERCENT OF SUBBASIN
 DXMIN 5 MINIMUM NUMBER OF DX INTERVALS

MUSKINGUM-CUNGE
 159 RD MAIN CHANNEL
 L 877. CHANNEL LENGTH
 S .0050 SLOPE
 N .030 CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 CA .03 CONTRIBUTING AREA
 SHAPE TRAP CHANNEL SHAPE
 WD .00 BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER
 Z 2.00 SIDE SLOPE
 RUPSTQ NO ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

 COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS
 COMPUTATION TIME STEP

ELEMENT	ALPHA	M	DT (MIN)	DX (FT)	PEAK (CFS)	TIME TO PEAK (MIN)	VOLUME (IN)	MAXIMUM CELERITY (FPS)
PLANEL	2.67	1.67	.63	21.00	152.58	724.66	5.68	.71
MAIN	1.63	1.33	2.57	438.50	141.88	725.49	5.50	5.68

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .7880E+01 OUTFLOW= .7632E+01 BASIN STORAGE= .5604E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 3.1

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN	1.63	1.33	5.00	139.92	725.00	5.50
***	***	***	***	***		

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION DA6

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.65, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.68

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	6-HR (CFS)	24-HR (INCHES)	72-HR (AC-FT)	35.92-HR (CFS)
140.	12.08	13.	4.484	4.	3.
		6.	5.499	8.	5.499

CUMULATIVE AREA = .03 SQ MI

*** **

 * *
 160 KK * CH3 *
 * *

CHANNEL CH3

162 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

IPRNT	3	PRINT CONTROL
IPLST	0	PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL	0.	HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH	7	PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT	21	SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1	1	FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2	432	LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT	.083	TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

163 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .00 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM

HYDRO-35	TP-40	TP-49									
5-MIN	15-MIN	60-MIN	2-HR	3-HR	6-HR	12-HR	24-HR	2-DAY	4-DAY	7-DAY	10-DAY
.85	1.69	3.07	3.88	4.38	5.30	6.27	7.33	.00	.00	.00	.00

STORM AREA = .00

164 LS SCS LOSS RATE

STRTL	.38	INITIAL ABSTRACTION
CRVNBR	84.00	CURVE NUMBER
RTIMP	.00	PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

KINEMATIC WAVE
 165 UK OVERLAND-FLOW ELEMENT NO. 1
 L 45. OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH
 S .1160 SLOPE
 N .300 ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 PA 100.0 PERCENT OF SUBBASIN

166 RD
 MUSKINGUM-CUNGE
 MAIN CHANNEL
 L 545. CHANNEL LENGTH
 S .0100 SLOPE
 N .030 CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 CA .00 CONTRIBUTING AREA
 SHAPE TRAP CHANNEL SHAPE
 WD 8.00 BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER
 Z 3.00 SIDE SLOPE
 RUPSTQ YES ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

 COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	COMPUTATION TIME STEP			PEAK (CFS)	TIME TO PEAK (MIN)	VOLUME (IN)	MAXIMUM CELERITY (FPS)
		M	DT (MIN)	DX (FT)				
PLANE1	1.69	1.67	.57	9.00	4.59	725.00	5.45	
MAIN	1.50	1.40	1.43	272.50	134.66	725.77	6.37	

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .7625E+01 EXCESS= .2327E+00 OUTFLOW= .7848E+01 BASIN STORAGE= .3526E-03 PERCENT ERROR= .1

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN 1.50 1.40 5.00 128.51 725.00 5.50

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION CH3

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW + (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	35.92-HR
+ 129.	12.08	13.	4.	3.	3.
		(INCHES) (AC-FT)	4.483 6.	5.497 8.	5.497 8.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .03 SQ MI

*** **

 * *
 167 KK * CH4 *
 * *

CHANNEL CH4

169 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0 HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

170 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .00 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM

HYDRO-35			TP-40						TP-49			
5-MIN	15-MIN	60-MIN	2-HR	3-HR	6-HR	12-HR	24-HR	2-DAY	4-DAY	7-DAY	10-DAY	
.85	1.69	3.07	3.88	4.38	5.30	6.27	7.33	.00	.00	.00	.00	

STORM AREA = .00

171 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

KINEMATIC WAVE

172 UK OVERLAND-FLOW ELEMENT NO. 1
 L 54. OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH
 S .0957 SLOPE
 N .300 ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 PA 100.0 PERCENT OF SUBBASIN
 DXMIN 5 MINIMUM NUMBER OF DX INTERVALS

173 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE
 MAIN CHANNEL
 L 484. CHANNEL LENGTH
 S .0100 SLOPE
 N .030 CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
 CA .00 CONTRIBUTING AREA
 SHAPE TRAP CHANNEL SHAPE

WD 8.00 BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER
 Z 3.00 SIDE SLOPE
 RUPSTQ YES ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

 COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS
 COMPUTATION TIME STEP

ELEMENT	ALPHA	M	DT (MIN)	DX (FT)	PEAK (CFS)	TIME TO PEAK (MIN)	VOLUME (IN)	MAXIMUM CELERITY (FPS)
PLANE1	1.54	1.67	.53	10.80	4.00	724.87	5.45	.38
MAIN	1.50	1.40	1.30	242.00	127.76	726.32	5.49	6.22

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .7857E+01 EXCESS= .2036E+00 OUTFLOW= .8057E+01 BASIN STORAGE= .3186E-03 PERCENT ERROR= .0

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN	1.50	1.40	5.00	120.13	725.00	5.50
------	------	------	------	--------	--------	------

 HYDROGRAPH AT STATION CH4
 TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW 6-HR (CFS)	24-HR (INCHES)	72-HR (AC-FT)	35.92-HR (INCHES)
120.	12.08	13.	4.	3.	3.
		4.491	5.503	5.504	5.504
		7.	8.	8.	8.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .03 SQ MI

*** **

 *
 *
 174 KK C/S7 *
 *
 *

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS AT S7

176 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0 HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

177 HC HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION
 ICOMP 4 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION C/S7

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW 6-HR (CFS)	24-HR (INCHES)	72-HR (AC-FT)	35.92-HR (INCHES)
435.	12.50	114.	36.	24.	24.
		4.362	5.438	5.438	5.438
		57.	71.	71.	71.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .24 SQ MI

*** **

 *
 *
 178 KK CLVRT *
 *
 *

CULVERT AT S6/S5

180 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0 HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

```

181 RS      STORAGE ROUTING
           NSTPS      1 NUMBER OF SUBREACHES
           ITYP      0.74 TYPE OF INITIAL CONDITION
           RSVRIC    .00 INITIAL CONDITION
           X         .00 WORKING R AND D COEFFICIENT

182 SA      AREA      .0      .0      .0      .1      .1      .3      .7

183 SE      ELEVATION  680.74  682.00  684.00  686.00  690.00  694.00  698.00

184 SL      LOW-LEVEL OUTLET
           ELEV      682.90 ELEVATION AT CENTER OF OUTLET
           CAREA     45.00 CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA
           COQL      .70 COEFFICIENT
           EXPL      .50 EXPONENT OF HEAD

185 SS      SPILLWAY
           CREL      697.90 SPILLWAY CREST ELEVATION
           SPWID     9.00 SPILLWAY WIDTH
           COQW      2.60 WEIR COEFFICIENT
           EXPW      1.50 EXPONENT OF HEAD
    
```

COMPUTED STORAGE-ELEVATION DATA

```

STORAGE      .00      .00      .06      .18      .61      1.52      3.53
ELEVATION    680.74  682.00  684.00  686.00  690.00  694.00  698.00
    
```

COMPUTED OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

```

OUTFLOW      .00      .00      484.50  522.15  566.15  618.26  680.92  757.72  854.05  978.43
ELEVATION    680.74  682.90  686.58  687.17  687.92  688.89  690.16  691.90  694.33  697.90

OUTFLOW      1017.99  1011.70  1006.07  1001.06  996.65  992.80  989.48  986.67  984.33  982.43
ELEVATION    698.65  698.55  698.46  698.37  698.29  698.22  698.15  698.09  698.04  698.00
    
```

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

```

STORAGE      .00      .00      .02      .06      .18      .23      .29      .36      .47      .61
OUTFLOW      .00      .00      264.96  444.80  484.50  522.15  566.15  618.26  673.15
ELEVATION    680.74  682.00  682.90  684.00  686.00  686.58  687.17  687.92  688.89  690.00

STORAGE      .63      .94      1.52      1.63      3.46      3.53      4.00
OUTFLOW      680.92  757.72  841.68  854.05  978.43  982.43  1017.99
ELEVATION    690.16  691.90  694.00  694.33  697.90  698.00  698.65
    
```

*** WARNING *** MODIFIED PULS ROUTING MAY BE NUMERICALLY UNSTABLE FOR OUTFLOWS BETWEEN 0. TO 681.
 THE ROUTED HYDROGRAPH SHOULD BE EXAMINED FOR OSCILLATIONS OR OUTFLOWS GREATER THAN PEAK INFLOWS.
 THIS CAN BE CORRECTED BY DECREASING THE TIME INTERVAL OR INCREASING STORAGE (USE A LONGER REACH.)

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION CLVRT

```

PEAK FLOW    TIME          MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
+ (CFS)      (HR)          6-HR      24-HR      72-HR      35.92-HR
+ 435.      12.50          (CFS)
                   114.      36.      24.      24.
                   (INCHES) 4.362    5.437    5.437    5.437
                   (AC-FT)  57.      71.      71.      71.

PEAK STORAGE TIME          MAXIMUM AVERAGE STORAGE
+ (AC-FT)     (HR)          6-HR      24-HR      72-HR      35.92-HR
+ 0.          12.50          0.      0.      0.      0.

PEAK STAGE   TIME          MAXIMUM AVERAGE STAGE
+ (FEET)     (HR)          6-HR      24-HR      72-HR      35.92-HR
+ 685.89     12.50          683.47  683.07  682.70  682.70

CUMULATIVE AREA = .24 SQ MI
    
```

*** **

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*****
*      *
186 KK *      DA5 *
*      *
*****
    
```

DRAINAGE AREA DA5

```

188 KO      OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
           IPRNT     3 PRINT CONTROL
           IPLOT     0 PLOT CONTROL
           QSCAL     0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
           IPNCH     7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
           IOUT      21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
           ISAV1     1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
           ISAV2     432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
           TIMINT    .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS
    
```

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

189 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
TAREA .04 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
..... HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
.85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .04

190 LS SCS LOSS RATE
STRTL .33 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
CRVNBR 86.00 CURVE NUMBER
RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

KINEMATIC WAVE

191 UK OVERLAND-FLOW ELEMENT NO. 1
L 120. OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH
S .2500 SLOPE
N .300 ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
PA 100.0 PERCENT OF SUBBASIN
DXMIN 5 MINIMUM NUMBER OF DX INTERVALS

MUSKINGUM-CUNGE

192 RD MAIN CHANNEL
L 835. CHANNEL LENGTH
S .0050 SLOPE
N .030 CHANNEL ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT
CA .04 CONTRIBUTING AREA
SHAPE TRAP CHANNEL SHAPE
WD .00 BOTTOM WIDTH OR DIAMETER
Z 2.00 SIDE SLOPE
RUPSTQ NO ROUTE UPSTREAM HYDROGRAPH

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	COMPUTATION TIME STEP		PEAK (CFS)	TIME TO PEAK (MIN)	VOLUME (IN)	MAXIMUM CELERITY (FPS)
		M	DT (MIN)				
PLANE1	2.48	1.67	.64	24.00	252.30	724.94	5.68
MAIN	1.63	1.33	2.16	417.50	240.79	725.14	6.45

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .1309E+02 OUTFLOW= .1274E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .7125E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 2.7

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN 1.63 1.33 5.00 239.05 725.00 5.56

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION DA5

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.65, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.68

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW		
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR
+	239.	12.08	21.	6.
			4.538	5.560
			(INCHES)	4.
			(AC-FT)	5.560
			10.	13.
			13.	13.

CUMULATIVE AREA = .04 SQ MI

*** **

193 KK SUBAREA S4

195 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

196 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
TAREA .00 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM

..... HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .00

197 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNBR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

198 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH
 TP .33 LAG
 CP .74 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
 CLARK TC= .42 HR, R= .19 HR
 SNYDER TP= .33 HR, CP= .73

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
 15 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES
 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15.
 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.

*** **

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION S4

TOTAL RAINFALL = 7.33, TOTAL LOSS = 1.88, TOTAL EXCESS = 5.45

| PEAK FLOW
(CFS) | TIME
(HR) | MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------|----------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| | | 6-HR | 24-HR | 72-HR | 35.92-HR | |
| 8. | 12.33 | 1. | 0. | 0. | 0. | |
| | | (INCHES) | 4.356 | 5.431 | 5.431 | 5.431 |
| | | (AC-FT) | 1. | 1. | 1. | 1. |

CUMULATIVE AREA = .00 SQ MI

*** **

 * *
 199 KK * S5 *
 * *

SUBAREA S5

201 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPILOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA

202 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA .03 SUBBASIN AREA

PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PH DEPTHS FOR 0-PERCENT HYPOTHETICAL STORM
 HYDRO-35 TP-40 TP-49
 5-MIN 15-MIN 60-MIN 2-HR 3-HR 6-HR 12-HR 24-HR 2-DAY 4-DAY 7-DAY 10-DAY
 .85 1.69 3.07 3.88 4.38 5.30 6.27 7.33 .00 .00 .00 .00

STORM AREA = .03

203 LS SCS LOSS RATE
 STRTL .38 INITIAL ABSTRACTION
 CRVNBR 84.00 CURVE NUMBER
 RTIMP .00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA

204 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH
 TP .30 LAG
 CP .67 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
 CLARK TC= .35 HR, R= .24 HR
 SNYDER TP= .30 HR, CP= .67

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
 18 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES
 6. 22. 39. 47. 42. 30. 21. 15. 11. 8.
 5. 4. 3. 2. 1. 1. 1. 0.

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS AT SE

213 KO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE
 IPNCH 7 PUNCH COMPUTED HYDROGRAPH
 IOUT 21 SAVE HYDROGRAPH ON THIS UNIT
 ISAV1 1 FIRST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 ISAV2 432 LAST ORDINATE PUNCHED OR SAVED
 TIMINT .083 TIME INTERVAL IN HOURS

214 HC HYDROGRAPH COMBINATION
 ICOMP 5 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPHS TO COMBINE

*** **
 *** **
 *** **
 *** **
 *** **
 HYDROGRAPH AT STATION C/SE
 PEAK FLOW TIME MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
 + (CFS) (HR) 6-HR 24-HR 72-HR 35.92-HR
 + 571. 12.42 (CFS) 157. 49. 33. 33.
 (INCHES) 4.382 5.452 5.452 5.452
 (AC-FT) 78. 97. 97. 97.
 CUMULATIVE AREA = .33 SQ MI

1

RUNOFF SUMMARY
 FLOW IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND
 TIME IN HOURS, AREA IN SQUARE MILES

| + | OPERATION | STATION | PEAK FLOW | TIME OF PEAK | AVERAGE FLOW FOR MAXIMUM PERIOD | | | BASIN AREA | MAXIMUM STAGE | TIME OF MAX STAGE |
|---|---------------|---------|-----------|--------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|------------|---------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | 6-HOUR | 24-HOUR | 72-HOUR | | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | O1 | 466. | 12.58 | 132. | 41. | 27. | .28 | | |
| + | ROUTED TO | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | CLVT | 391. | 12.83 | 132. | 41. | 27. | .28 | 695.19 | 12.83 |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | O2 | 188. | 12.67 | 54. | 17. | 11. | .12 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | DA1 | 117. | 12.08 | 11. | 3. | 2. | .02 | | |
| + | 2 COMBINED AT | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | C/DA1 | 201. | 12.67 | 65. | 20. | 14. | .14 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | DA2 | 195. | 12.17 | 27. | 8. | 6. | .06 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | S1 | 59. | 12.33 | 10. | 3. | 2. | .02 | | |
| + | 4 COMBINED AT | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | C/S1 | 653. | 12.58 | 234. | 73. | 49. | .50 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | NORTH | 664. | 12.67 | 241. | 75. | 50. | .51 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | DA3 | 162. | 12.08 | 16. | 5. | 3. | .03 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | CH2 | 149. | 12.08 | 17. | 9. | 6. | .04 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | DA4 | 297. | 12.08 | 27. | 8. | 6. | .06 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | CH5 | 4. | 12.08 | 0. | 0. | 0. | .00 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | P1 | 12. | 12.08 | 1. | 0. | 0. | .00 | | |
| + | 4 COMBINED AT | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | C/P1 | 461. | 12.08 | 46. | 17. | 12. | .09 | | |
| + | ROUTED TO | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | RP1 | 185. | 12.25 | 46. | 17. | 12. | .09 | 654.88 | 12.25 |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | S2 | 10. | 12.17 | 1. | 0. | 0. | .00 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | S3 | 25. | 12.33 | 5. | 1. | 1. | .01 | | |
| + | 3 COMBINED AT | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | C/NE | 216. | 12.25 | 52. | 19. | 13. | .11 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | | | | | | | | | |
| + | | O3 | 206. | 12.50 | 51. | 16. | 11. | .11 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|-------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|-----|--------|-------|
| + | | S6 | 12. | 12.58 | 3. | 1. | 1. | .01 | | |
| + | 2 COMBINED AT | C/S6 | 217. | 12.50 | 53. | 17. | 11. | .11 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | O4 | 179. | 12.50 | 45. | 14. | 9. | .10 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | S7 | 16. | 12.33 | 3. | 1. | 1. | .01 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | DA6 | 140. | 12.08 | 13. | 4. | 3. | .03 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | CH3 | 129. | 12.08 | 13. | 4. | 3. | .03 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | CH4 | 120. | 12.08 | 13. | 4. | 3. | .03 | | |
| + | 4 COMBINED AT | C/S7 | 435. | 12.50 | 114. | 36. | 24. | .24 | | |
| + | ROUTED TO | CLVRT | 435. | 12.50 | 114. | 36. | 24. | .24 | 685.89 | 12.50 |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | DA5 | 239. | 12.08 | 21. | 6. | 4. | .04 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | S4 | 8. | 12.33 | 1. | 0. | 0. | .00 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | S5 | 83. | 12.33 | 16. | 5. | 3. | .03 | | |
| + | HYDROGRAPH AT | O5 | 22. | 12.42 | 5. | 1. | 1. | .01 | | |
| + | 5 COMBINED AT | C/SE | 571. | 12.42 | 157. | 49. | 33. | .33 | | |
| + | 1 | | | | | | | | | |

SUMMARY OF KINEMATIC WAVE - MUSKINGUM-CUNGE ROUTING
(FLOW IS DIRECT RUNOFF WITHOUT BASE FLOW)

| ISTAQ | ELEMENT | DT
(MIN) | PEAK
(CFS) | TIME TO
PEAK
(MIN) | VOLUME
(IN) | DT
(MIN) | INTERPOLATED TO
COMPUTATION INTERVAL | | VOLUME
(IN) |
|---|---------|-------------|---------------|--------------------------|----------------|-------------|---|--------------------------|----------------|
| | | | | | | | PEAK
(CFS) | TIME TO
PEAK
(MIN) | |
| DA1 | MANE | 2.87 | 124.82 | 723.24 | 5.49 | 5.00 | 117.02 | 725.00 | 5.46 |
| CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .7032E+01 OUTFLOW= .6789E+01 BASIN STORAGE= .5766E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 3.4 | | | | | | | | | |
| DA2 | MANE | 2.60 | 198.37 | 729.26 | 5.57 | 5.00 | 194.99 | 730.00 | 5.56 |
| CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .1679E+02 OUTFLOW= .1644E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .5735E-02 PERCENT ERROR= 2.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| NORTH | MANE | 5.00 | 663.91 | 760.00 | 5.44 | 5.00 | 663.91 | 760.00 | 5.44 |
| CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .1448E+03 EXCESS= .4683E+01 OUTFLOW= .1495E+03 BASIN STORAGE= .2834E-02 PERCENT ERROR= .0 | | | | | | | | | |
| DA3 | MANE | 3.95 | 166.19 | 725.96 | 5.50 | 5.00 | 162.39 | 725.00 | 5.49 |
| CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .1009E+02 OUTFLOW= .9767E+01 BASIN STORAGE= .8725E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 3.2 | | | | | | | | | |
| CH2 | MANE | 2.79 | 155.25 | 726.68 | 9.62 | 5.00 | 148.69 | 725.00 | 9.62 |
| CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .9746E+01 EXCESS= .6690E+00 OUTFLOW= .1827E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .4582E-01 PERCENT ERROR= -75.8 | | | | | | | | | |
| DA4 | MANE | 3.06 | 318.17 | 724.25 | 5.50 | 5.00 | 296.69 | 725.00 | 5.50 |
| CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .1715E+02 OUTFLOW= .1661E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .8922E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 3.2 | | | | | | | | | |
| CH5 | MANE | 1.54 | 3.75 | 724.41 | 5.36 | 5.00 | 3.64 | 725.00 | 5.36 |
| CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .2036E+00 OUTFLOW= .2000E+00 BASIN STORAGE= .1158E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 1.7 | | | | | | | | | |
| DA6 | MANE | 2.57 | 141.88 | 725.49 | 5.50 | 5.00 | 139.92 | 725.00 | 5.50 |
| CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .7880E+01 OUTFLOW= .7632E+01 BASIN STORAGE= .5604E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 3.1 | | | | | | | | | |
| CH3 | MANE | 1.43 | 134.66 | 725.77 | 5.49 | 5.00 | 128.51 | 725.00 | 5.50 |
| CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .7625E+01 EXCESS= .2327E+00 OUTFLOW= .7848E+01 BASIN STORAGE= .3526E-03 PERCENT ERROR= .1 | | | | | | | | | |

CH4 MANE 1.30 127.76 726.32 5.49 5.00 120.13 725.00 5.50

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .7857E+01 EXCESS= .2036E+00 OUTFLOW= .8057E+01 BASIN STORAGE= .3186E-03 PERCENT ERROR= .0

DA5 MANE 2.16 240.79 725.14 5.53 5.00 239.05 725.00 5.56

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW= .0000E+00 EXCESS= .1309E+02 OUTFLOW= .1274E+02 BASIN STORAGE= .7125E-03 PERCENT ERROR= 2.7

*** NORMAL END OF HEC-1 ***

VOLUME CALCULATIONS

EXCESS RAINFALL VOLUME CALCULATION

The volume generated by the site and the surrounding properties is calculated for the 25-year storm event. A summary of the design information that is included in this Appendix and related appendices are listed below.

- Excess rainfall and drainage areas used in the volume calculations were taken from the HEC-1 analysis located on pages IIF-E-24 through IIF-E-60.
- Permitted landfill condition volume information is summarized on pages IIF-E-63 through IIF-E-64.

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
EXCESS RAINFALL
VOLUME CALCULATIONS

Required: Determine the volume generated by the site and offsite areas using the excess rainfall calculated in the HEC-1 analysis of the post-development site conditions.

Method: 1. Use the excessive rainfall data generated by the HEC-1 analysis (see Appendix IIIF-E) to determine the volume produced by the site for the post-development conditions.

1. Post-development Conditions

1. a. Total Flow to Unnamed Tributary of Turkey Creek **northeast** of permit boundary (DCP1)

| Area No. | Area (sq mi) | Total Excess Rainfall (in) | Area (ac) | Volume (ac-ft) |
|----------|--------------|----------------------------|-----------|----------------|
| DA3 | 0.0333 | 5.68 | 21.31 | 10.1 |
| DA4 | 0.0566 | 5.68 | 36.22 | 17.1 |
| S2 | 0.0027 | 5.45 | 1.74 | 0.8 |
| S3 | 0.0100 | 5.45 | 6.40 | 2.9 |
| CH2 | 0.0023 | 5.45 | 1.47 | 0.7 |
| CH5 | 0.0007 | 5.45 | 0.45 | 0.2 |
| P1 | 0.0021 | 7.33 | 1.34 | 0.8 |

Total Volume of flow discharging from northeast of the Permit Boundary (refer to Figure 4.4 in the Drainage Report for the location) = **32.6 ac-ft**

1. b. Total volume of flow for areas discharging to the **north** (DCP2)

| Area No. | Area (sq mi) | Total Excess Rainfall (in) | Area (ac) | Volume (ac-ft) |
|----------|--------------|----------------------------|-----------|----------------|
| DA1 | 0.0232 | 5.68 | 14.83 | 7.0 |
| DA2 | 0.0554 | 5.45 | 35.46 | 16.1 |
| O1 | 0.2820 | 5.45 | 180.49 | 82.0 |
| O2 | 0.1166 | 5.45 | 74.63 | 33.9 |
| S1 | 0.0216 | 5.45 | 13.82 | 6.3 |
| CH1 | 0.0161 | 5.45 | 10.30 | 4.7 |

Total Volume of flow discharging from north of the Permit Boundary (refer to Figure 4.4 in the Drainage Report for the location) = **149.9 ac-ft**

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
 0771-368-11-123
 EXCESS RAINFALL
 VOLUME CALCULATIONS

1. c. Total flow to Turkey Creek from southeast corner (DCP3)

| Area No. | Area (sq mi) | Total Excess Rainfall (in) | Area (ac) | Volume (ac-ft) |
|----------|--------------|----------------------------|-----------|----------------|
| DA5 | 0.0432 | 5.68 | 27.65 | 13.1 |
| DA6 | 0.0260 | 5.68 | 16.51 | 7.8 |
| O3 | 0.1082 | 5.45 | 69.25 | 31.5 |
| O4 | 0.0954 | 5.45 | 61.05 | 27.7 |
| O5 | 0.0099 | 5.45 | 6.34 | 2.9 |
| S4 | 0.0030 | 5.45 | 1.93 | 0.9 |
| S5 | 0.0334 | 5.45 | 21.38 | 9.7 |
| S6 | 0.0059 | 5.45 | 3.78 | 1.7 |
| S7 | 0.0064 | 5.45 | 4.10 | 1.9 |
| CH3 | 0.0008 | 5.45 | 0.51 | 0.2 |
| CH4 | 0.0007 | 5.45 | 0.45 | 0.2 |

Total Volume of flow discharging from southeast of the Permit Boundary (refer to Figure 4.4 in the Drainage Report for the location) = **97.6 ac-ft**

VELOCITY CALCULATIONS

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
VELOCITY CALCULATIONS
EXISTING EXPANSION CONDITION

Required: Determine the flow velocities entering and exiting the permit boundary using HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS (Version 2.0, 1996-2010) for the flows calculated for the 25-year and 25-year storm event in the HEC-1 analysis.

- Method:**
1. Use the flow data generated by the HEC-1 analysis to determine velocity of runoff entering the landfill permit boundary.
 2. Use the flow data generated by the HEC-1 analysis to determine velocity of runoff exiting the landfill permit boundary.

1. Flow Velocity entering the landfill permit boundary

O1

- Flows were obtained from the HEC-1 files included in this Appendix and are summarized below.

$Q_{25} = 466 \text{ cfs}$

| Storm Year | Flow Rate (cfs) | Bottom Slope (ft/ft) | Manning's n | Side Slope (left) | Side Slope (right) | Bottom Width (ft) | Normal Depth (ft) | Flow Vel. (fps) |
|------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 25 | 466 | 0.0110 | 0.03 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 15.00 | 2.72 | 8.38 |

Note: Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010)

O2

- Flows were obtained from the HEC-1 files included in this Appendix and are summarized below.

$Q_{25} = 188 \text{ cfs}$

| Storm Year | Flow Rate (cfs) | Bottom Slope (ft/ft) | Manning's n | Side Slope (left) | Side Slope (right) | Bottom Width (ft) | Normal Depth (ft) | Flow Vel. (fps) |
|------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 25 | 188 | 0.0115 | 0.03 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 30.00 | 1.09 | 5.34 |

Note: Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010)

O3

- Flows were obtained from the HEC-1 files included in this Appendix and are summarized below.

$Q_{25} = 206 \text{ cfs}$

| Storm Year | Flow Rate (cfs) | Bottom Slope (ft/ft) | Manning's n | Side Slope (left) | Side Slope (right) | Bottom Width (ft) | Normal Depth (ft) | Flow Vel. (fps) |
|------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 25 | 206 | 0.0182 | 0.03 | 2.00 | 4.00 | 20.00 | 1.33 | 6.47 |

Note: Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010)

O4

- Flows were obtained from the HEC-1 files included in this Appendix and are summarized below.

$Q_{25} = 179 \text{ cfs}$

| Storm Year | Flow Rate (cfs) | Bottom Slope (ft/ft) | Manning's n | Side Slope (left) | Side Slope (right) | Bottom Width (ft) | Normal Depth (ft) | Flow Vel. (fps) |
|------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 25 | 179 | 0.0172 | 0.03 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 15.00 | 0.82 | 3.93 |

Note: Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010)

O5

- Flows were obtained from the HEC-1 files included in this Appendix and are summarized below.

$Q_{25} = 22 \text{ cfs}$

| Storm Year | Flow Rate (cfs) | Bottom Slope (ft/ft) | Manning's n | Side Slope (left) | Side Slope (right) | Bottom Width (ft) | Normal Depth (ft) | Flow Vel. (fps) |
|------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 25 | 22 | 0.0282 | 0.03 | 100.00 | 40.00 | 100.00 | 0.11 | 1.84 |

Note: Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010)

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
VELOCITY CALCULATIONS
EXISTING EXPANSION CONDITION

2.

Flow Velocity exiting the landfill permit boundary

DCP1

- Flows were obtained from the HEC-1 files included in this Appendix and are summarized below.

$Q_{25} = 297 \text{ cfs}$

| Storm Year | Flow Rate (cfs) | Bottom Slope (ft/ft) | Manning's n | Side Slope (left) | Side Slope (right) | Bottom Width (ft) | Normal Depth (ft) | Flow Vel. (fps) |
|------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 25 | 297 | 0.013 | 0.03 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 17.00 | 1.86 | 7.37 |

Note: Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010).

DCP2

- Flows were obtained from the HEC-1 files included in this Appendix and are summarized below.

$Q_{25} = 664 \text{ cfs}$

| Storm Year | Flow Rate (cfs) | Bottom Slope (ft/ft) | Manning's n | Side Slope (left) | Side Slope (right) | Bottom Width (ft) | Normal Depth (ft) | Flow Vel. (fps) |
|------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 25 | 664 | 0.018 | 0.03 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 0.00 | 3.68 | 9.83 |

Note: Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010).

DCP3

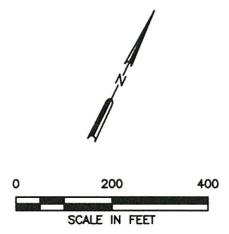
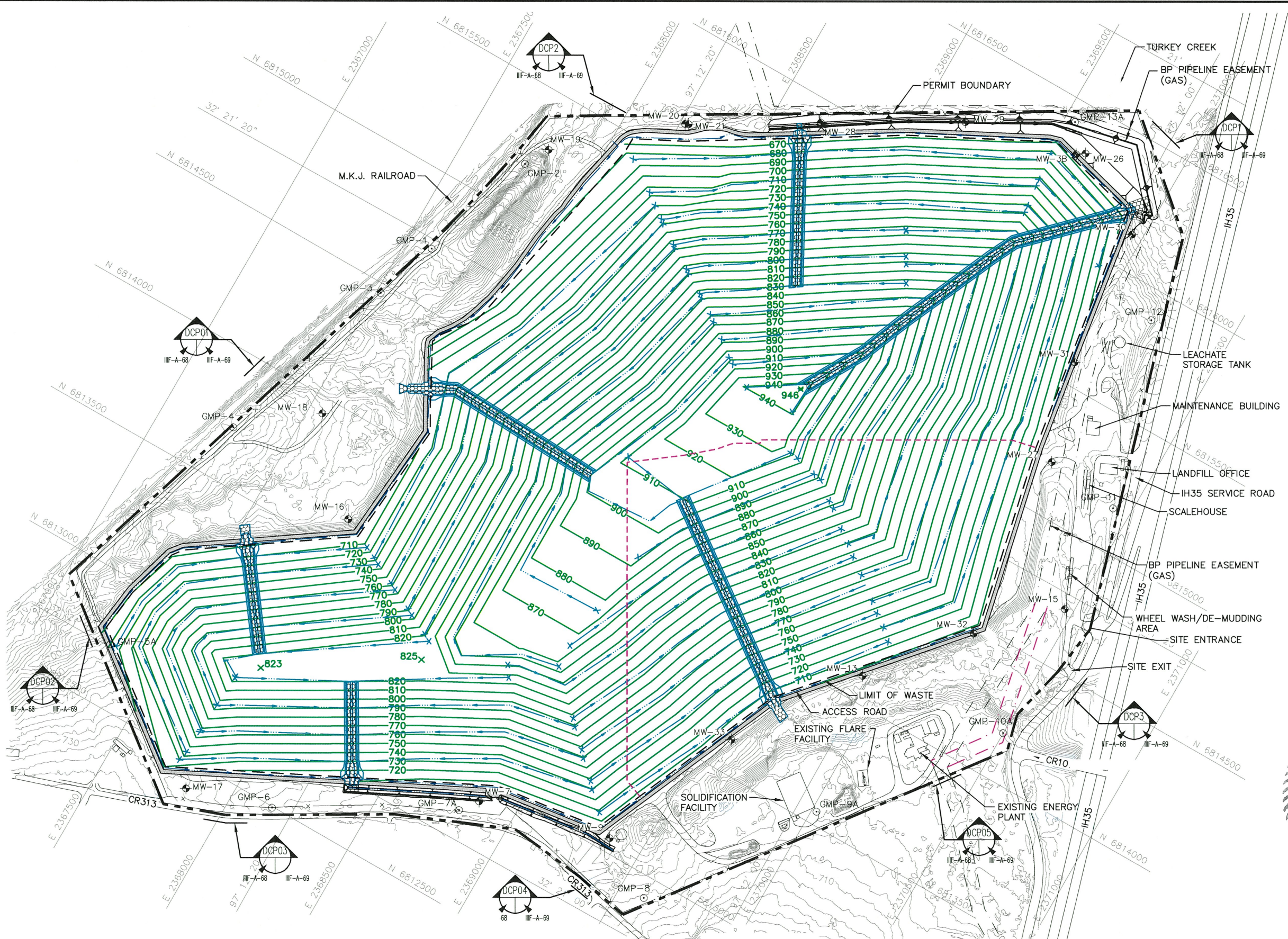
- Flows were obtained from the HEC-1 files included in this Appendix and are summarized below.

$Q_{25} = 564 \text{ cfs}$

| Storm Year | Flow Rate (cfs) | Bottom Slope (ft/ft) | Manning's n | Side Slope (left) | Side Slope (right) | Bottom Width (ft) | Normal Depth (ft) | Flow Vel. (fps) |
|------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 25 | 564 | 0.065 | 0.03 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 28 | 1.31 | 14.11 |

Note: Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010).

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LEGEND

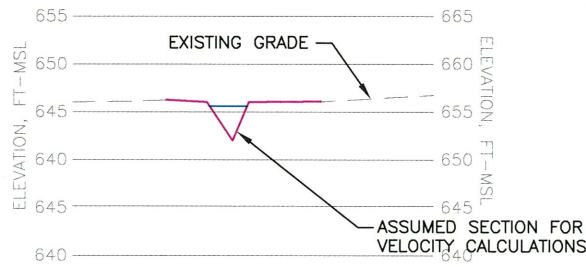
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|--|--------------------------------------|
| | PERMIT BOUNDARY |
| | PERMITTED LIMITS OF WASTE |
| | EXISTING CONTOUR |
| | STATE PLANE COORDINATE |
| | GEODETIC COORDINATE |
| | EASEMENT |
| | FINAL COVER CONTOUR |
| | LIMIT OF CLASS 1 WASTE DISPOSAL AREA |
| | DRAINAGE SWALE |
| | DRAINAGE LETDOWN |
| | GABIONS |
| | EXISTING GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL |
| | EXISTING GAS MONITORING PROBE |

- NOTES:**
- EXISTING CONTOURS AND ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY DALLAS AERIAL SURVEYS FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 01-08-2021. THE GRID SYSTEM IS TIED TO THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM NORTH CENTRAL ZONE NAD 1983.
 - REFER TO APPENDIX IIF-SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE PLAN FOR DRAINAGE DESIGN INFORMATION.
 - MAXIMUM FINAL COVER ELEVATION IS 946.0 FT-MSL. MAXIMUM TOP OF WASTE ELEVATION IS 942.5 FT-MSL.

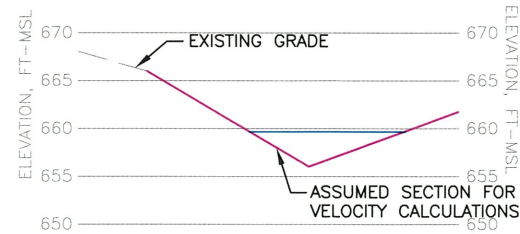
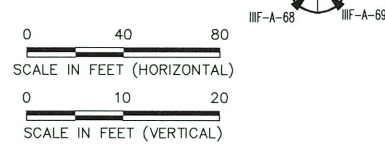


| <input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY
<input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION | PREPARED FOR
TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP | | MAJOR PERMIT AMENDMENT
 PERMITTED LANDFILL DRAINAGE | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---------------|
| | DATE: 02/2022
FILE: 0771-368-11
CAD: IIF-E-68-POST DEV DRAINAGE.DWG | | DRAWN BY: RAA
DESIGN BY: BPY
REVIEWED BY: CRM | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Weaver Consultants Group
TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727 | | REVISIONS | | TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| NO. | DATE | DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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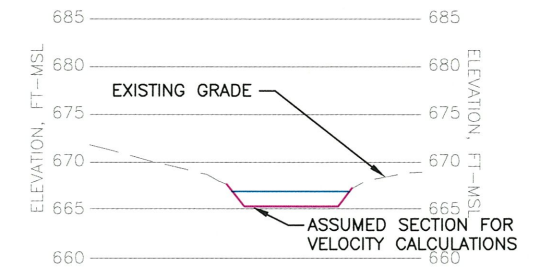
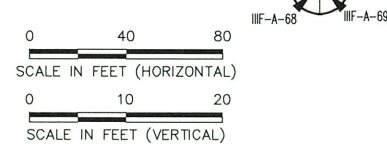
O:\0771\368\EXPANSION 2021\PART III\IIF-E-69_DISCHARGE POINT SECTIONS.dwg, rarrington, 1:2



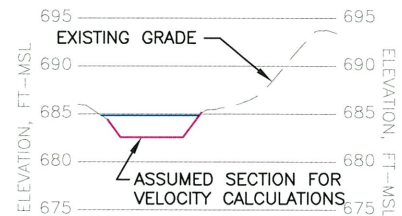
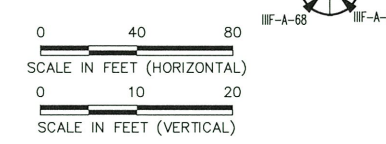
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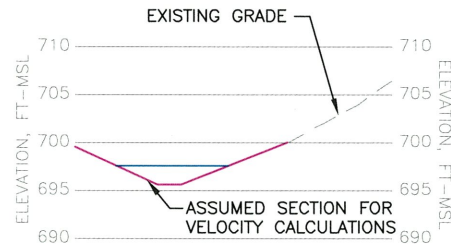
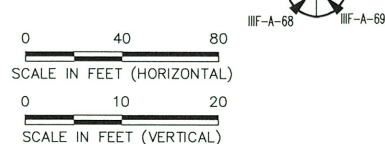
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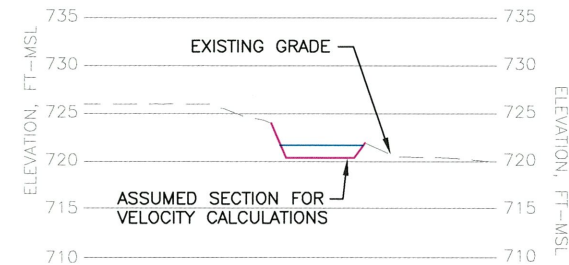
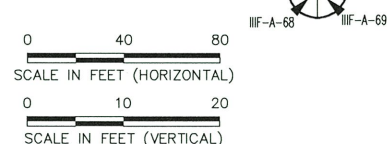
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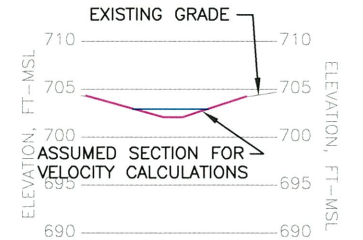
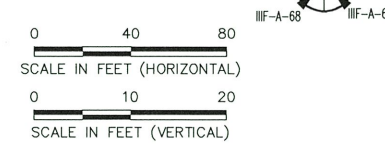
DISCHARGE POINT 01



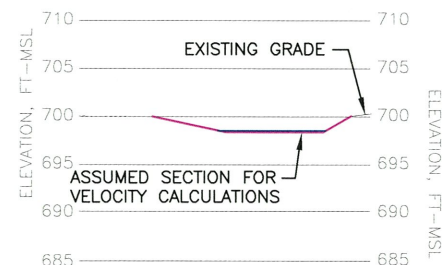
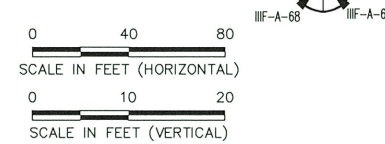
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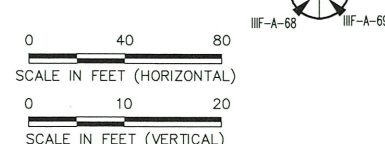
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DISCHARGE POINT 04



DISCHARGE POINT 05



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CAD: IIF-E-69-DISCHARGE POINT SEC.DWG | DRAWN BY: RAA
DESIGN BY: BPY
REVIEWED BY: CRM | TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS | | | | | | | | | |
| Weaver Consultants Group
TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727 | | REVISIONS
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APPENDIX III-F

**EROSION CONTROL PLAN FOR ALL PHASES
OF LANDFILL OPERATION**

Includes pages III-F-1 through III-F-15



CONTENTS

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APPENDIX IIIF-F-1

Temporary Add-on Swale Design

APPENDIX IIIF-F-2

Temporary Letdown Design

APPENDIX IIIF-F-3

Sediment Control Pond Design



EROSION CONTROL PLAN FOR ALL PHASES OF LANDFILL OPERATION

1.0 Introduction

The purpose of this appendix is to provide an Erosion Control Plan (ECP) to meet the requirements of Title 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter §330.305(d), which are listed below.

"The landfill design must provide effective erosional stability to top dome surfaces and external embankment side slopes during all phases of landfill operation, closure, and post-closure care in accordance with the following.

(1) Estimated peak velocities for top surfaces and external embankment slopes should be less than the permissible non-erodible velocities under similar conditions.

(2) The top surfaces and external embankment slopes of municipal solid waste landfill units must be designed to minimize erosion and soil loss through the use of appropriate side slopes, vegetation, and other structural and nonstructural controls, as necessary. Soil erosion loss (tons/acre) for the top surfaces and external embankment slopes may be calculated using the Soil Conservation Service of the United States Department of Agriculture's Universal Soil Loss Equation, in which case the potential soil loss should not exceed the permissible soil loss for comparable soil-slope lengths and soil-cover conditions."

This ECP has also been developed to meet the requirements of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) guidance document titled, "Guidance for Addressing Erosional Stability During All Phases of Landfill Operation." As noted in the above guidance document, landfill cover phases are defined as daily cover, intermediate cover, and final cover. Top dome surfaces and external embankment side slopes are:

- Those above grade slopes that directly drain to the site perimeter stormwater management system (i.e., areas where the stormwater directly flows to a perimeter channel or detention pond designed in accordance with Title 30 TAC §330.63(c), §330.303, and §330.305);
- Above grade slopes that have received intermediate or final cover; and
- Above grade slopes that have either reached their permitted elevation, or will subsequently remain inactive for longer than 180 days. For example, after an above grade slope has reached the permitted elevation and

intermediate cover has been placed, the structural erosion control features (e.g., drainage swales, letdown structures, and/or sedimentation ponds) will be in-place 180 days after intermediate cover has been placed.

Slopes which drain to ongoing waste placement areas, pre-excavated areas, areas that have received only daily cover, and areas under construction which have not received waste are not considered external side slopes.

The ECP for daily cover areas and top dome surfaces and external side slopes that drain directly to the site perimeter stormwater management system, have received intermediate cover, and either reached their permitted configuration or will remain inactive for longer than 180 days are addressed in the following sections. Erosion control measures for final cover areas are addressed in the currently TCEQ-approved Site Development Plan (SDP).

Inspection, maintenance, and recordkeeping requirements are included in the Site Operating Plan (SOP). The word “temporary” is used throughout the ECP to describe any erosion control feature that is not a permanent erosion control feature that is included in the approved Site Development Plan. Additionally, “temporary” is defined as the time between construction of intermediate cover and the construction of final cover. Temporary erosion controls are those controls which may be installed or constructed within 180 days from when the intermediate cover is constructed and in place until permanent controls are constructed for the final cover.

2.0 Erosion Control Plan for Top Dome Surfaces and External Side Slopes with Intermediate Cover

Erosion control for above grade top dome surfaces and external embankment side slopes that drain directly to the site perimeter stormwater management system, have received intermediate cover, and either reached their permitted configuration or may remain inactive for longer than 180 days will be managed using a system of nonstructural and structural erosion and sediment controls to meet rule requirements for the intermediate cover phase of landfill construction.

The structural controls may consist of a combination of vegetation, temporary add-on swales, and letdown structures. These structural controls will be configured in a manner that will result in a net soil loss of 50 tons/acre/year or less from the external slope area. As shown on Sheet IIIF-F-10, stormwater runoff will be collected in swales and conveyed to drainage letdown structures down the 28.6 and 25 percent slopes to the perimeter drainage system. The primary goal will be to establish the vegetative cover percentage and swale spacing distance indicated in the swale design summary table on Sheet IIIF-F-11 on all external top dome surfaces and external embankment slopes. These criteria will result in a net soil loss of 50

tons/acres/year or less for each drainage swale and letdown combination specified on Sheets IIIF-F-10 and IIIF-F-11 (refer to Section 2.1 for additional information).

Mulch, woodchips, compost or straw/hay may be used as a layer placed over the intermediate cover to protect the exposed soil surface from erosive forces and conserve soil moisture until vegetation can be established. The mulch, woodchips, compost or straw/hay may be used to stabilize recently graded or seeded areas. If needed, the mulch, woodchips, compost or straw/hay will be spread evenly over a recently seeded area and tracked into the surface to protect the soil from erosion and moisture loss, and provide additional erosional stability to the intermediate cover surface during the establishment of vegetation. These materials are not required for the establishment of vegetation on the intermediate cover unless they are needed to provide additional erosional stability to the intermediate cover surface. These materials will vary in thickness but the mulch, woodchips, compost or straw/hay will be placed so as not to inhibit the growth of vegetation. In the event that the indicated vegetative ground cover required for a specific swale spacing distance is not obtained within 180 days after intermediate cover is placed on a top dome or external side slope, mulch, woodchips, compost or straw/hay may be used as a secondary measure to limit soil loss to 50 tons/acre/year or less until vegetation is established. In the above referenced cases, other erosion protection measures will only be used upon prior written authorization by TCEQ (e.g., permit modification). Stormwater discharge from the site must comply with the current TPDES for the site. The discharge locations for the site are identified in Appendix IIIF as a part of the final drainage design and cannot be revised based on this ECP. Design and use of temporary erosion control measures cannot result in offsite discharge exceeding the peak flow rates, volumes, or velocities listed in Table 4-1 of Appendix IIIF.

As an alternative to mulch, wood chips, compost, or straw/hay, a detention/sedimentation pond may be used as a secondary measure to limit the discharge of eroded soil loss to 50 tons/acre/year or less (refer to Section 2.2 for additional information) if the required percent vegetation goal is not obtained within 180 days after intermediate cover is placed on the top dome or external side slopes. In this case, the detention/sedimentation pond will remain in place until the specified percent vegetation goal is met (e.g., 60 percent vegetation on the external embankment slopes and top dome surfaces).

2.1 Drainage Swale and Letdown Structure Requirements

Sheet IIIF-F-10 shows a typical layout for erosion control structures, including temporary add-on swales and drainage letdowns. Sheet IIIF-F-11 provides a swale design summary, which includes spacing and vegetative cover requirements for the swales. Supporting calculations for the specifications listed on Sheet IIIF-F-11 are provided in Appendix IIIF-F-1 – Temporary Add-on Swale Design. Appendix IIIF-F-1 also includes a demonstration to show that sheet flow velocities for the grass

established surfaces for all swale spacings are less than 5 ft/sec and sheet flow velocity for “nearly bare ground” is less than 3.5 ft/sec (consistent with Title 30 TAC §330.305(d)(1)).

Letdown structures will be located and constructed in a manner that minimizes erosion loss. The letdowns are designed to convey runoff from the 25-year frequency storm event (refer to Appendix IIIF-F-2 – Temporary Letdown Design for more information). Sheet IIIF-F-12 shows letdown details and the letdown design summary. As shown on Sheet IIIF-F-12, the letdowns will consist of either a lined open channel structure or a pipe letdown. The type, size, and number of letdowns will be determined based on the size of the drainage area using the design information specified on Sheet IIIF-F-12. As noted on Sheet IIIF-F-12, the use of pipe letdowns will be limited to 1 inlet per letdown.

As noted on Sheet IIIF-F-10, the acceptable soil loss is determined for each acre on the top dome surfaces and external embankment side slopes. The soil loss for top dome surfaces and external embankment side slopes will vary depending on swale spacing and percent vegetative cover (refer to Sheet IIIF-F-11 for soil loss estimates). If certain percent vegetation cover is not achieved, a sediment control pond will be temporarily used for sediment capture to reduce the discharge of eroded soil from the external slopes to a rate that is equal to or less than 50 tons/acre/year. The swale spacing as shown on Sheet IIIF-F-11 for top dome and side slope surfaces is based on the limiting soil loss of 50 tons/acres/year. If a vegetative coverage and swale spacing configuration results in a soil loss greater than 50 tons/acre/year, the following procedure will be used to verify that an acceptable intermediate cover thickness is maintained.

- Intermediate cover areas will be inspected to detect erosion gullies and vegetation loss.
- After identifying the areas requiring additional soil, these areas will be replenished with additional soil and graded to provide uniform surfaces prior to reseeded.
- Any damaged concentrated flow drainage structures such as swales will be repaired to eliminate uncontrolled concentrated flow.

Temporary open channel letdowns will be inspected for erosion/hollowing through and under the lining materials (e.g., gabions, grouted riprap, and turf reinforcement) and repaired as necessary to ensure the letdown is functioning as designed. Numerous erosion control structures have been installed at the site that conform to the requirements of this ECP, and these structures will remain in place and continue to serve as erosion control measures until they are decommissioned.

As stated previously, the primary goal is to obtain the required vegetation coverage percentage for each condition (e.g., swale spacing).

2.2 Sedimentation Pond Design

As noted on Sheets IIIF-F-10 and IIIF-F-11, if vegetative cover for any surface is maintained at or above the percentages given for swale spacing distances, the estimated soil loss is less than 50 tons/acre/year. In the event that certain percent ground cover that limits the soil loss to 50 tons/acre/year is not achieved and soil loss is temporarily greater than 50 tons/acre/year, a sedimentation pond will be used along with other structural and non-structural BMPs approved as part of this plan to limit the discharge of eroded soil. Sheet IIIF-F-13 provides a procedure for determining the required pond size. Supporting calculations for the procedure listed on Sheet IIIF-F-13 are included in Appendix IIIF-F-3 – Sediment Control Pond Design. If a sediment control pond is used to limit the off-site discharge of eroded soil to 50 tons/acre/year or less from the external slope area, a demonstration noting how the pond was sized will be documented and maintained in the Site Operating Record. This document will also include a statement that notes how the temporary sedimentation pond, the pond outlet, and any related perimeter channels were constructed consistent with the requirements of the Site Development Plan. Sheet IIIF-F-14 shows the different options for typical pond outlet structures.

The sedimentation pond option is a secondary erosion control option, similar to mulch, wood chips, compost, or straw/hay, and will only be used if the required percent vegetation specification is not met. If the sedimentation pond option is implemented, the swales and letdowns specified will remain in-place. The sedimentation pond option simply allows for the control of sediment while vegetation is being established.

For example, if intermediate cover is placed over a 20-acre external side slope area that is at the permitted elevation on December 31, then the operator will install swales and letdowns on the 20-acre slope consistent with the design and specifications listed in Section 2.1. The operator then has 180 days (which for this example would be June 29) to obtain the required vegetation coverage on the 20-acre area. If in early June it becomes apparent that the percent vegetation will be less than the required coverage on June 29, then the operator may install a sedimentation pond downstream of the 20-acre area, consistent with the requirements shown on Sheet IIIF-F-13. Consistent with Section II.D of the TCEQ guidance document titled, "Guidance for Addressing Erosional Stability During All Phases of Landfill Operation," the sedimentation pond will remain in-place so that the net annual soil loss from the 20-acre area that could leave the facility boundary is less than 50 tons/acre/year until the required percent vegetation specification is met.

If a sedimentation pond is used as a source to maintain a soil loss equal to or less than 50 tons/acre/year, the following procedure will be used to verify that an acceptable intermediate cover thickness is maintained.

- Intermediate cover areas will be inspected to detect erosion gullies and vegetation loss.
- After identifying the areas requiring additional soil, these areas will be replenished with additional soil and graded to provide uniform surfaces prior to reseeding.
- Any damaged concentrated flow drainage structures such as swales will be repaired to eliminate uncontrolled concentrated flow.

As stated previously, the primary goal is to obtain the specified vegetation coverage percentage on top dome surfaces and external embankments. The sedimentation pond will only be used until the specified vegetation coverage percentage is obtained. The sedimentation pond may only be used for a period of 12 months after the 180-day period has expired (e.g., 12 months after the June 29th date used in the above example). Once the required vegetation percentage is achieved, then the sedimentation pond will no longer be needed (but may remain in-place as an additional BMP until the site reaches the permitted final configuration). If the percent vegetation does not meet the required specification within the 12-month period, then additional erosion control measures will be implemented. These measures will include: (1) adjusting the swale spacing, (2) applying mulch, wood chips, compost, or straw/hay, or similar TCEQ approved materials, or (3) the submittal of a permit modification to revise this erosion control plan to provide additional erosion protection measures that will allow the site to meet the goals of this plan.

2.3 Other Erosion Control BMPs

Other best management practices (BMPs) used in conjunction with the above erosion control measures are listed below.

- Check Dams – These structures will be used in channels to slow down flow velocities and improve sediment capture.
- Silt Fences – These structures will be used in capturing sediment transported by sheet flow and for diversion of flow for controlling sediment discharge.
- Compost Filter Berms – These structures may be used in capturing sediment transported by sheet flow and for diversion of flow for controlling sediment discharge.
- Erosion Booms – These structures may be used in capturing sediment and for diversion of flow for controlling sediment discharge.

These erosion control measures will be used on slopes to help control erosion loss. Rock check dams will be used in the detention/sedimentation pond. Refer to Sheet III-F-15 for details of typical BMPs.

Nonstructural controls that will be used at the site to minimize erosion loss include: plans and designs to minimize disruption of the natural features, drainage, topography, and vegetative cover features; phased development to minimize the area of bare soil exposed at any given time; plans to disturb only the smallest area necessary to perform current activities; scheduling of construction activities during the time of year with the least erosion potential; and specific plans for the stabilization of exposed surfaces in a timely manner. Other BMPs will only be utilized upon prior written authorization (e.g., permit modification) by TCEQ.

2.4 Schedule and Recordkeeping Requirements

After an external side slope or top dome surface reaches the final permitted grade or will remain inactive for longer than 180 days, the structural erosion control features and letdown structures will be in place within 180 days from when intermediate cover is placed. During this 180 day period, the structural erosion control structures will be constructed and vegetation established. Structural erosion control measures consist of drainage swales, letdown structures, and detention ponds.

At the end of this 180-day period, the cover log will be updated to document the external side slope and top dome surface area, the structural controls that were installed, and a demonstration showing how the structural controls meet the 50 tons/acre/year or less soil loss requirement (e.g., percent vegetation coverage, swale spacing, and letdowns installed). Inspection requirements and schedules are listed in the SOP for all drainage features, including intermediate cover areas. If the required percent vegetation coverage is not achieved within the 180-day period, secondary erosion control measures such as mulch, wood chips or compost will be used to limit the soil loss to the 50 tons/acre/year or less. Other erosion protection measures will only be utilized upon prior written authorization (e.g., permit modification) by TCEQ. In addition, a detention/sedimentation pond may also be used until the required vegetation coverage is achieved. Any secondary measure used will be documented in the Site Operating Record at the end of the 180-day period to document compliance with this plan. In addition, the date the required vegetation cover is achieved and the date that the secondary measure is no longer needed will also be documented in the Site Operating Record. The dates and locations of installation of erosion and sediment control will also be documented in the Site Operating Record. Inspection requirements and schedules are listed in the SOP for all drainage features, including intermediate cover areas. Inspection and maintenance of the erosion and sediment control structures of the top dome surfaces and external embankment side slopes will follow the same schedule and methods as described in Section 4.24 of the facility's SOP.

For example, as stated in Section 4.18.3 of the current Site Operating Plan (SOP), intermediate cover areas are inspected weekly and within 72 hours of a rainfall event of 0.5 inches or more, or as soon as the areas are accessible, for proper

placement, thickness, erosion, and compaction. Additionally, Section 4.23 of the SOP also requires inspections of perimeter channels and ponds to ensure they are functioning as designed (e.g., excess sediment removed, outlet structures intact, and erosion control measures intact, etc.) on a weekly basis and after a rainfall event of 0.5 inches or more, or as soon as the areas are accessible.

During the inspection of structural controls (e.g., vegetation over intermediate cover areas), if significant soil loss is identified in a given intermediate cover area, impacted areas will be replenished with additional soil. Prior to application of temporary erosion controls and seeding, the area will be graded to eliminate preferential path ways or any other uneven surface due to settlement to prevent concentrated flow over the intermediate cover areas. Soil for replenishment of cover areas will be borrowed from sedimentation ponds or any other soil source. If sediment collected from wet retention pond(s) (e.g., Pond NP or temporary sedimentation ponds) is used for erosion layer replenishment, it will be stockpiled outside the ponds to dry out prior to being used for intermediate cover layer replenishment. Soil borrowed from other soil sources may be used as intermediate cover layer and erosion layer replenishment soil.

2.5 Construction Activities on Top Dome Surfaces and External Side Slopes with Intermediate Cover

Occasionally, top dome surfaces and external side slopes that have been stabilized through the use of swales, letdown structures, and compliance with the minimum required vegetation cover specification will be disturbed due to various construction activities such as the installation or repair of a landfill gas system, regrading of an area due to ponded water caused by uneven waste settlement, the repair of erosion rills, or damage due to an extreme storm event or natural disaster. Each of these events will be documented in the Site Operating Record. Recorded information will include the date of construction, approximate area disturbed, and the date re-seeding of the disturbed area occurred. In accordance with Title 30 TAC §330.165(g), previously stabilized surfaces will be repaired within 5 days of detection of the disturbance of these surfaces.

3.0 Erosion Control Plan for Daily Cover Areas and Intermediate Cover Areas for Non-External Side Slopes

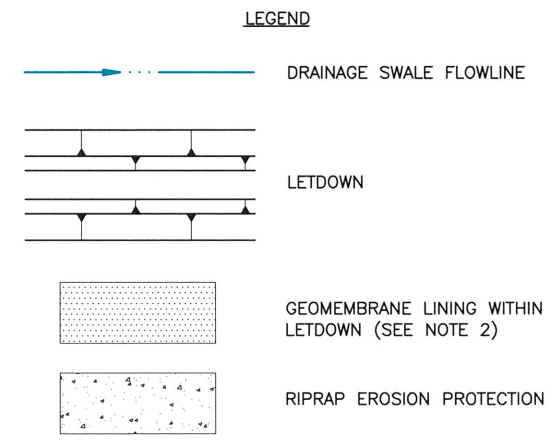
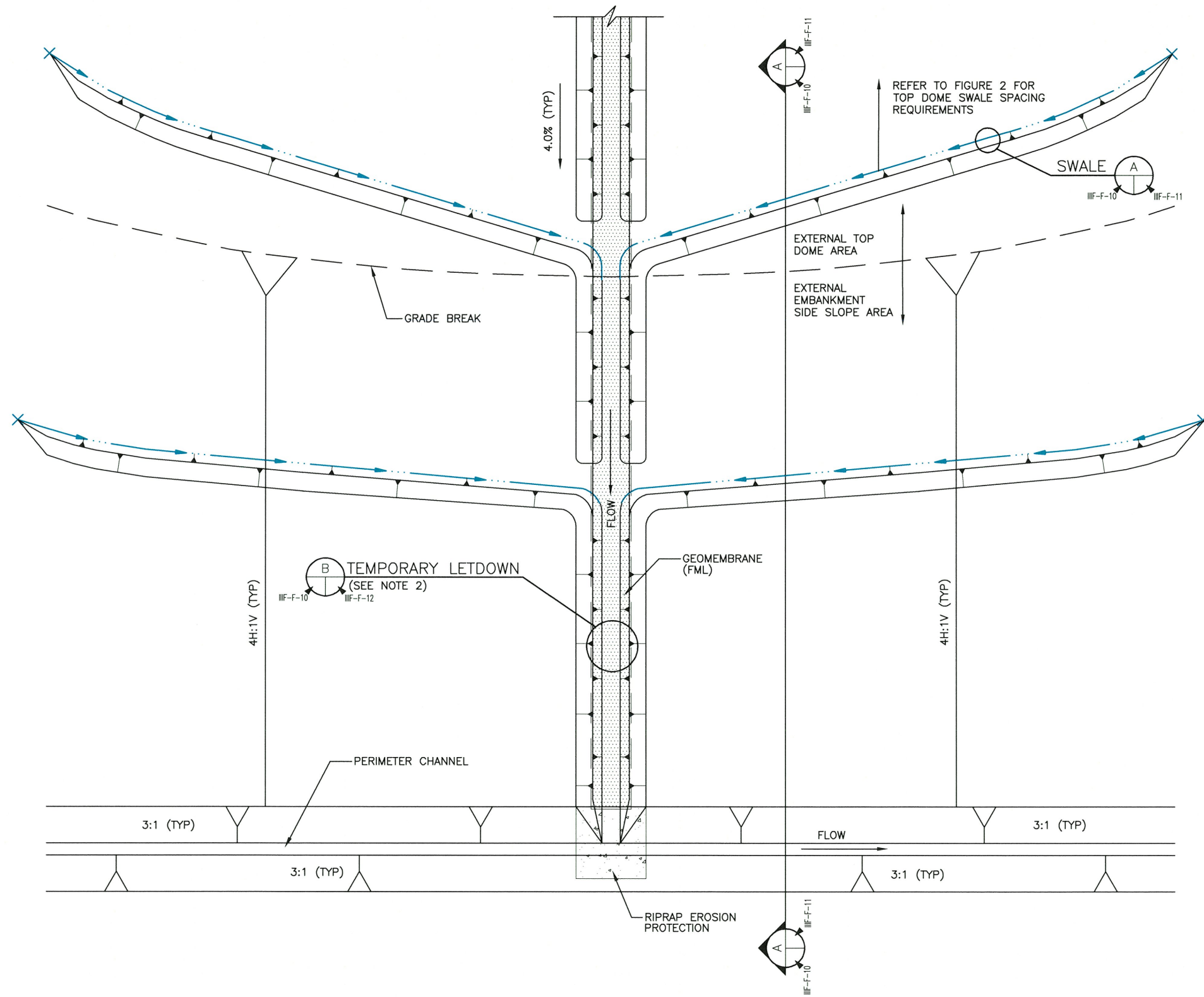
BMPs will be employed to control erosion. BMPs will include the use of temporary rock riprap, silt fences, straw bales, check dams, interceptor swales and berms, temporary and permanent seeding and sodding, surface roughening, matting and mulching, sediment traps, and surface wetting for dust control.

Examples of erosion and sedimentation control features that will be used during the phased development of the site are shown in Appendix IIIA-A of the Site Development Plan. The following provides general guidelines of how the erosion control features will minimize sediment discharge from the site.

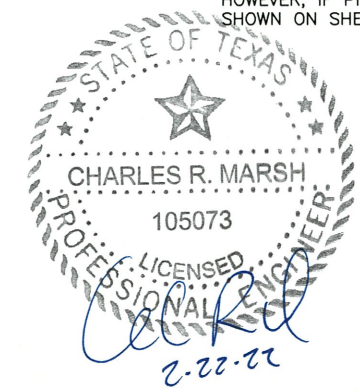
- As noted in the SOP, vegetation will be established on above-grade intermediate cover areas that remain inactive. The temporary vegetative cover will minimize erosion potential.
- Typically, uncontaminated stormwater runoff from the site will be channeled through the perimeter channel system to detention ponds before being discharged from the site. Sediment that collects in the channels and detention ponds will be removed consistent with the stormwater system maintenance plan presented in Section 2.3 of Appendix IIIF.
- Erosion will be controlled by vegetation in drainage structures with flow velocities less than or equal to 5 ft/sec. For drainage structures with flow velocities greater than 5 ft/sec, rock riprap or gabions will be used for surface reinforcement. Other erosion protection measures will only be utilized upon prior written authorization (e.g., permit modification) by TCEQ.

Typical erosion control features are shown on Sheet IIIF-F-15. Inspection items and schedules are listed in the SOP for all drainage features, daily cover, and intermediate cover areas.

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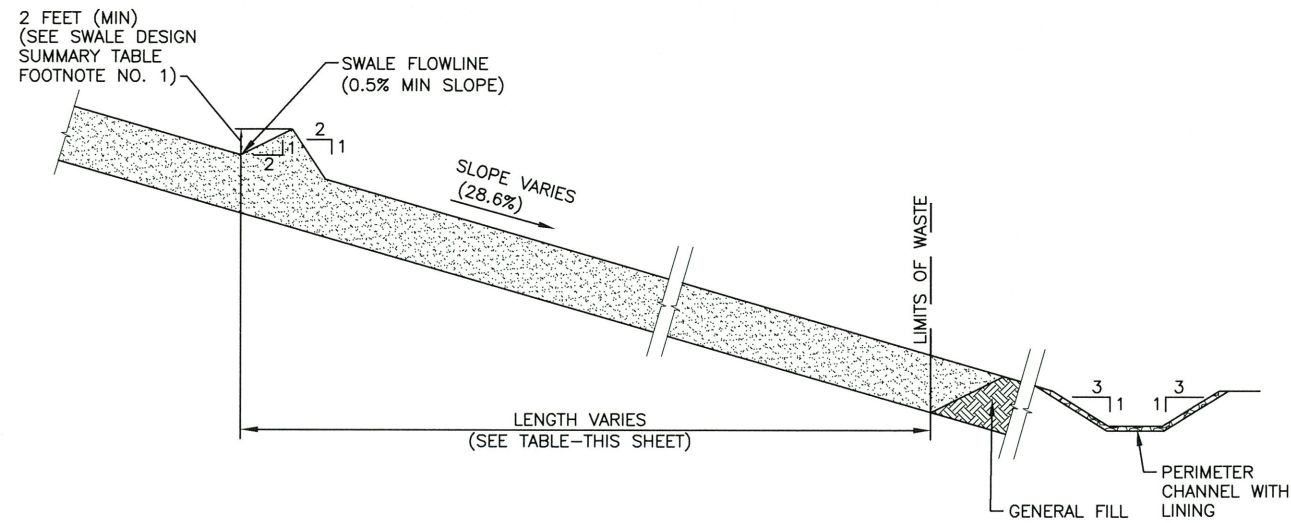


- NOTES:**
1. THE ACCEPTABLE SOIL LOSS IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 50 TONS/ACRE/YEAR. THE SOIL LOSS FOR TOP DOME SURFACES AND EXISTING EXTERNAL EMBANKMENT SIDE SLOPES WILL VARY DEPENDING ON SWALE SPACING AND PERCENT VEGETATIVE COVER (REFER TO SHEET III-F-11 FOR SOIL LOSS ESTIMATES).
 2. TEMPORARY LETDOWN IS SHOWN AS AN OPEN CHANNEL WITH A GEOMEMBRANE LINER. AS NOTED ON SHEET III-F-12, OTHER CHANNEL LININGS MAY BE USED (e.g., GABIONS, GROUT, GROUTED CONCRETE RIPRAP, AND TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT). IN ADDITION, PIPE LETDOWNS MAY ALSO BE USED. HOWEVER, IF PIPE LETDOWNS ARE USED THEY WILL BE LIMITED TO 1-INLET AS SHOWN ON SHEET III-F-12.



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TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP | EROSION CONTROL PLAN
TYPICAL EROSION CONTROL
STRUCTURE LAYOUT

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS | | |
| | DATE: 02/2022
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DESIGN BY: BPY
REVIEWED BY: CRM |
| Weaver Consultants Group
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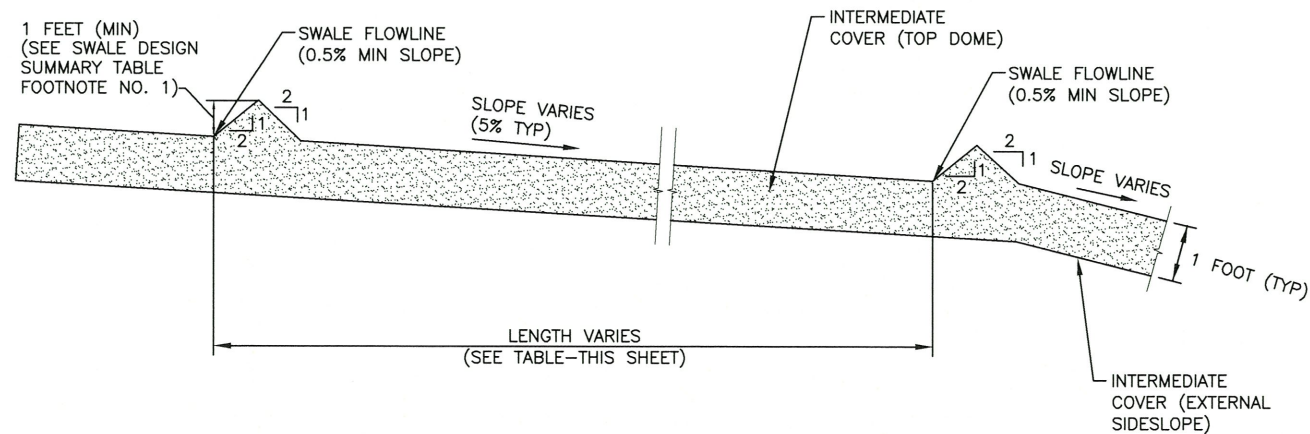
A SIDE SLOPE DRAINAGE SWALE
 III-F-10 III-F-11

| SWALE DRAINAGE AREA SUMMARY | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| CONDITION (SWALE HEIGHT) | MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA (ACRES) | MINIMUM SWALE SPACING ¹ (FEET) | MAXIMUM SWALE LENGTH ² (FEET) |
| TOP SLOPE (2 FT SWALE, 5%) | 27.5 | 200 | 5,984 |
| TOP SLOPE (1.5 FT SWALE, 5%) | 12.8 | 200 | 2,781 |
| TOP SLOPE (1 FT SWALE, 5%) | 4.3 | 200 | 943 |
| SIDE SLOPE (2 FT SWALE, 28.6%) | 6.6 | 105 | 2,757 |
| SIDE SLOPE (2 FT SWALE, 25%) | 7.3 | 120 | 2,640 |

¹ THE MINIMUM SWALE SPACING IS USED TO DETAIN THE MAXIMUM SWALE LENGTH GIVEN THAT THE AREA IS FIXED. MINIMUM SWALE SPACING IS OBTAINED FROM THE CALCULATIONS PROVIDED ON PAGE III-F-1-10.

² MAXIMUM SWALE LENGTH CALCULATED USING THE FOLLOWING EQUATION:

$$\text{MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA} \times (43,560 \text{ SF/ACRE}) / \text{MINIMUM SWALE SPACING}$$



A TOP DOME SURFACE DRAINAGE SWALE
 III-F-10 III-F-11

| SWALE DESIGN SUMMARY ¹ | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| TOP SLOPE (5%) | | | | SIDE SLOPE (28.6%) | | | |
| VEGETATIVE COVER PERCENTAGE | DISTANCE BETWEEN SWALES ³ (FT) | ESTIMATED SOIL LOSS (TONS/ACRE/YEAR) | ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CAPTURE REQUIRED ² | VEGETATIVE COVER PERCENTAGE | DISTANCE BETWEEN SWALES (FT) | ESTIMATED SOIL LOSS (TONS/ACRE/YEAR) | ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CAPTURE REQUIRED ² |
| 60 | 200 | 2.3 | NO | 60 | 105 | 25.3 | NO |
| 70 | 200 | 0.9 | NO | 70 | 105 | 10.2 | NO |
| 80 | 200 | 0.7 | NO | 80 | 105 | 7.8 | NO |
| 90 | 200 | 0.3 | NO | 90 | 105 | 3.9 | NO |
| 60 | 500 | 4.0 | NO | 60 | 200 | 31.1 | NO |
| 70 | 500 | 1.6 | NO | 70 | 200 | 12.6 | NO |
| 80 | 500 | 1.2 | NO | 80 | 200 | 9.6 | NO |
| 90 | 500 | 0.6 | NO | 90 | 200 | 4.7 | NO |
| 60 | 700 | 4.6 | NO | 60 | 300 | 32.3 | NO |
| 70 | 700 | 1.8 | NO | 70 | 300 | 13.1 | NO |
| 80 | 700 | 1.4 | NO | 80 | 300 | 10.0 | NO |
| 90 | 700 | 0.7 | NO | 90 | 300 | 4.9 | NO |

¹ REFER TO APPENDIX III-F-1 FOR SUPPORTING CALCULATIONS.

² IF SITE SPECIFIC CONDITIONS YIELD A MAXIMUM HORIZONTAL DISTANCE BETWEEN THE TOE OF THE SLOPE AND GRADE BREAK OF LESS THAN 120 FEET FOR SIDE SLOPES AND A DISTANCE OF 200 FEET FROM THE GRADE BREAK TO THE PEAK OF THE TOP SLOPES, ESTABLISHMENT OF 60% VEGETATION WILL BE SUFFICIENT MEANS OF EROSION CONTROL WITHOUT THE ADDITION OF TEMPORARY SWALES AND LETDOWNS GIVEN THAT THE TOTAL SOIL LOSS FOR THE SIDE SLOPE IS LESS THAN 50 TONS/ACRE/YEAR AND THE TOP SLOPE IS LESS THAN 50 TONS/ACRE/YEAR.

³ NUMBERS INDICATE THE MAXIMUM SWALE SPACING FOR A GIVEN VEGETATIVE COVER PERCENTAGE.

| SIDE SLOPE (25.0%) | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| VEGETATIVE COVER PERCENTAGE | DISTANCE BETWEEN SWALES (FT) | ESTIMATED SOIL LOSS (TONS/ACRE/YEAR) | ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CAPTURE REQUIRED ² |
| 60 | 120 | 19.8 | NO |
| 70 | 120 | 8.0 | NO |
| 80 | 120 | 6.1 | NO |
| 90 | 120 | 3.0 | NO |
| 60 | 200 | 24.1 | NO |
| 70 | 200 | 9.7 | NO |
| 80 | 200 | 7.4 | NO |
| 90 | 200 | 3.7 | NO |
| 60 | 300 | 31.1 | NO |
| 70 | 300 | 12.6 | NO |
| 80 | 300 | 9.6 | NO |
| 90 | 300 | 4.7 | NO |



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 SWALE DESIGN SUMMARY

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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OPEN CHANNEL GEOMEMBRANE LETDOWN DESIGN SUMMARY

DESIGN IS APPLICABLE FOR A DRAINAGE AREA UP TO 30.0 ACRES (TOP DECK AND SIDE SLOPE).

28.6% SLOPE
MAXIMUM FLOW DEPTH = 0.44 FT.
BOTTOM WIDTH = 8 FT.

25.0% SLOPE
MAXIMUM FLOW DEPTH = 0.46 FT.
BOTTOM WIDTH = 8 FT.

5% SLOPE
MAXIMUM FLOW DEPTH = 0.73 FT.
BOTTOM WIDTH = 8 FT.

OPEN CHANNEL GABION AND ROCK RIPRAP LETDOWN DESIGN SUMMARY

DESIGN IS APPLICABLE FOR A DRAINAGE AREA UP TO 30.0 ACRES (SIDE SLOPE AND TOP DECK).

28.6% SLOPE
MAXIMUM FLOW DEPTH = 0.99 FT.
BOTTOM WIDTH = 8 FT.

25.0% SLOPE
MAXIMUM FLOW DEPTH = 1.02 FT.
BOTTOM WIDTH = 8 FT.

5% SLOPE
MAXIMUM FLOW DEPTH = 1.60 FT.
BOTTOM WIDTH = 8 FT.

OPEN CHANNEL GROUDED RIPRAP LETDOWN DESIGN SUMMARY

DESIGN IS APPLICABLE FOR A DRAINAGE AREA UP TO 30.0 ACRES (TOP DECK AND SIDE SLOPE) AND 5% TOP DECK.

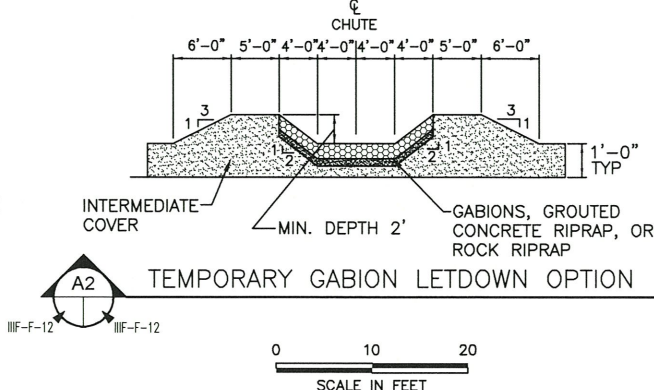
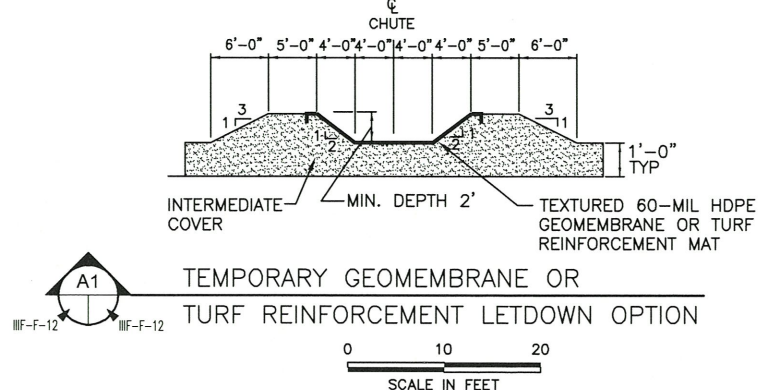
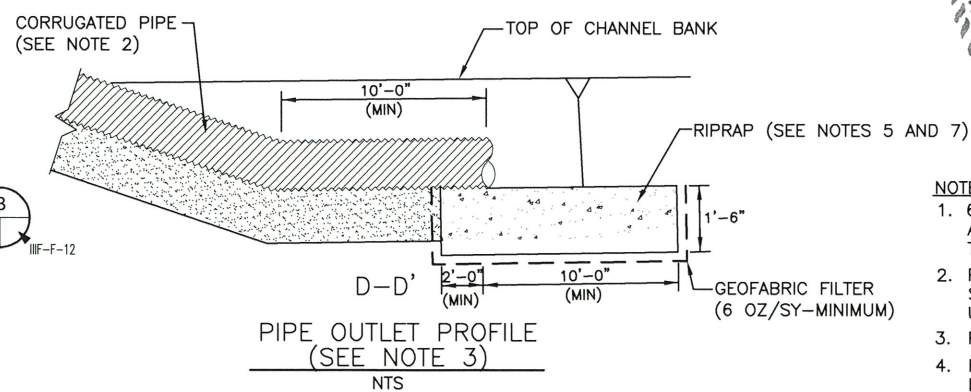
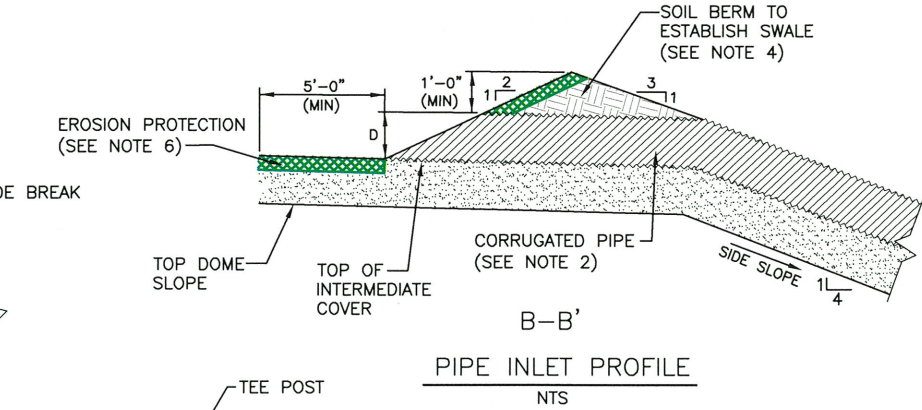
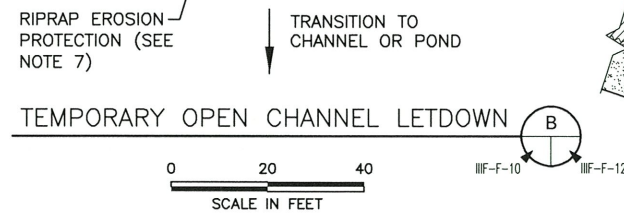
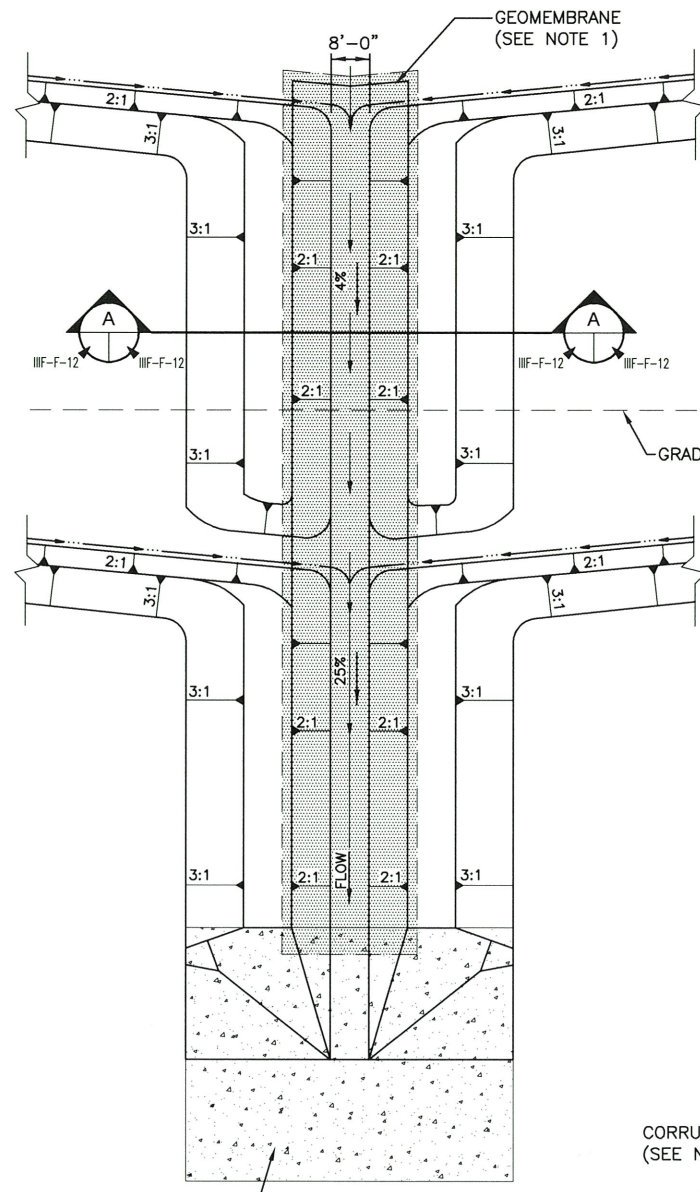
28.6% SLOPE
MAXIMUM FLOW DEPTH = 0.84 FT.
BOTTOM WIDTH = 8 FT.

25.0% SLOPE
MAXIMUM FLOW DEPTH = 0.87 FT.
BOTTOM WIDTH = 8 FT.

5% SLOPE
MAXIMUM FLOW DEPTH = 1.37 FT.
BOTTOM WIDTH = 8 FT.

OPEN CHANNEL TURF REINFORCEMENT LETDOWN DESIGN SUMMARY

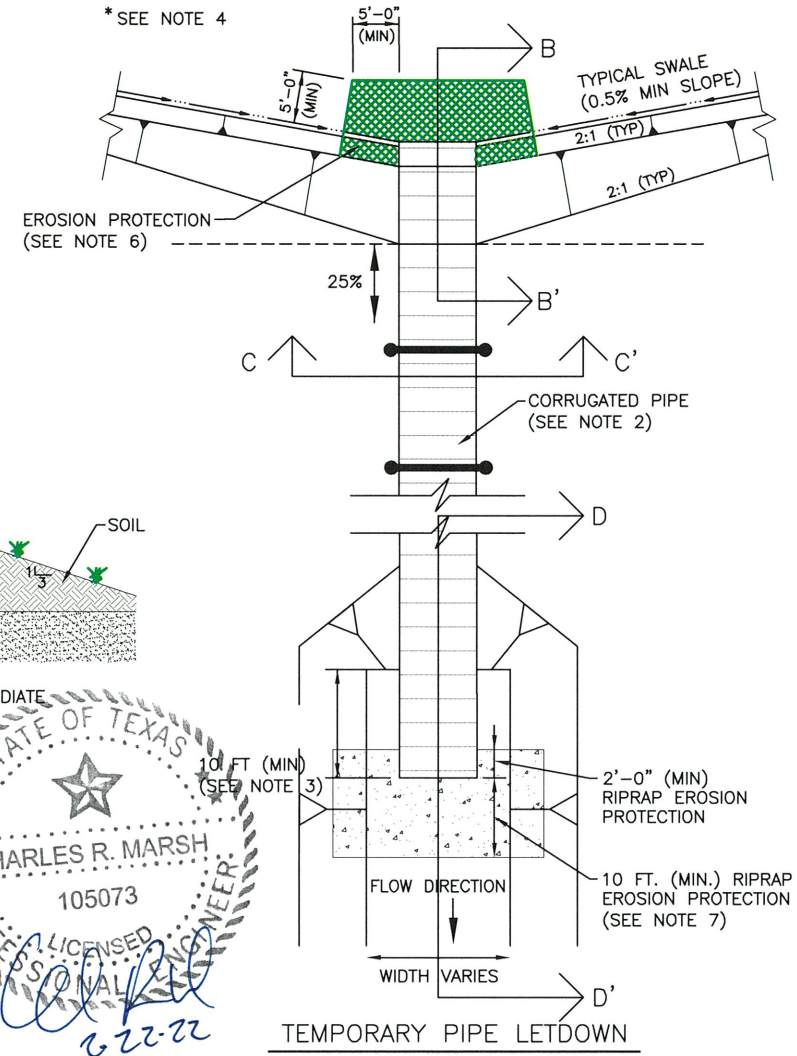
SEE GROUDED RIPRAP LETDOWN DESIGN.



28.6% PIPE LETDOWN DESIGN SUMMARY*
(USE OF PIPE LETDOWN IS LIMITED TO 1-INLET)

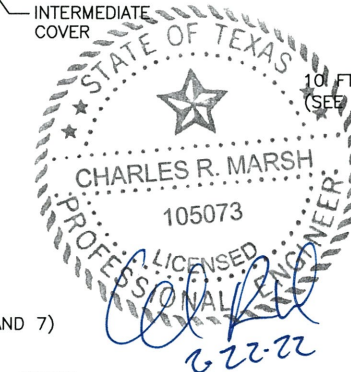
| DRAINAGE AREA (ACRE) | DESIGN FLOW RATE (CFS) | REQUIRED PIPE DIAMETER (FT) |
|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 5.2 | 28.9 | 2 |
| 9.3 | 52.0 | 3 |

*SEE NOTE 4



NOTES:

- 60 MIL HDPE GEOMEMBRANE TEXTURED BOTH SIDES WILL BE USED FOR GEOMEMBRANE LETDOWN LINING. AS AN ALTERNATIVE, TEMPORARY LETDOWN CAN BE LINED WITH GABIONS, GROUDED CONCRETE RIPRAP, TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT, OR ROCK RIPRAP.
- PIPE DRAINAGE LETDOWN WILL BE ANCHORED BY USING SOIL BERM AT THE INLET LOCATED WITHIN THE SWALE. ADDITIONAL ANCHORING ON THE SIDE SLOPE MAY BE PROVIDED USING SOIL, HDPE OR METAL U-BOLTS, T-POSTS OR EQUIVALENT MATERIALS.
- PIPE WILL BE EXTENDED INTO THE CHANNEL TO MINIMIZE EROSION.
- PIPE LETDOWNS WILL BE LIMITED TO 1 INLET PER LETDOWN. SOIL BERMS AROUND THE PIPE INLET WILL BE EXTENDED A MINIMUM 1-FOOT ABOVE THE LETDOWN PIPE INLET. REFER TO PAGE III-F-2-24 FOR HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS.
- RIPRAP APRON DESIGN IS PROVIDED ON PAGES III-F-2-36 AND 37. D_{50} FOR RIPRAP 8-INCHES IS MINIMUM.
- RIPRAP, GROUT, GROUDED RIPRAP, GABIONS, GEOMEMBRANE, EXISTING VEGETATION OR TURF REINFORCEMENT MAY BE USED FOR EROSION PROTECTION.
- OTHER EROSION PROTECTION (e.g., RIPRAP, GROUT, GROUDED RIPRAP, GABIONS OR TURF REINFORCEMENT) MAY BE USED AT TEMPORARY LETDOWN OUTFALLS.
- REFER TO PAGE III-F-2-37 FOR EROSION PROTECTION DESIGN. IF LETDOWN DISCHARGES TO A POND, 10 FEET OF RIPRAP WILL BE SUFFICIENT.



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REVIEWED BY: CRM |
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**EROSION CONTROL PLAN
LETDOWN DESIGN SUMMARY**

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS

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EXAMPLE CALCULATION

REQUIRED POND SIZE = EXTERNAL EMBANKMENT AREA (ACRES) X POND AREA REQUIRED/UNIT DRAINAGE AREA FACTOR

EXTERNAL EMBANKMENT AREA DRAINING TO POND = 20 ACRES

ADDITIONAL UPLAND AREA DRAINING TO POND = 0 ACRES (SEE NOTE 1)

REQUIRED SEDIMENT REMOVAL FROM EXTERNAL SIDE SLOPE AREA = 80 TONS/ACRE/YEAR TO 50 TONS/ACRE/YEAR

POND AREA REQUIRED/UNIT DRAINAGE AREA FACTOR (FROM TABLE BELOW) = 0.060

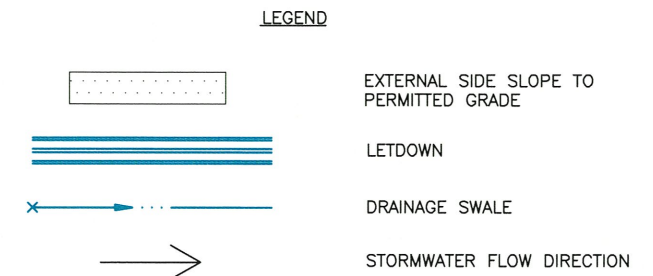
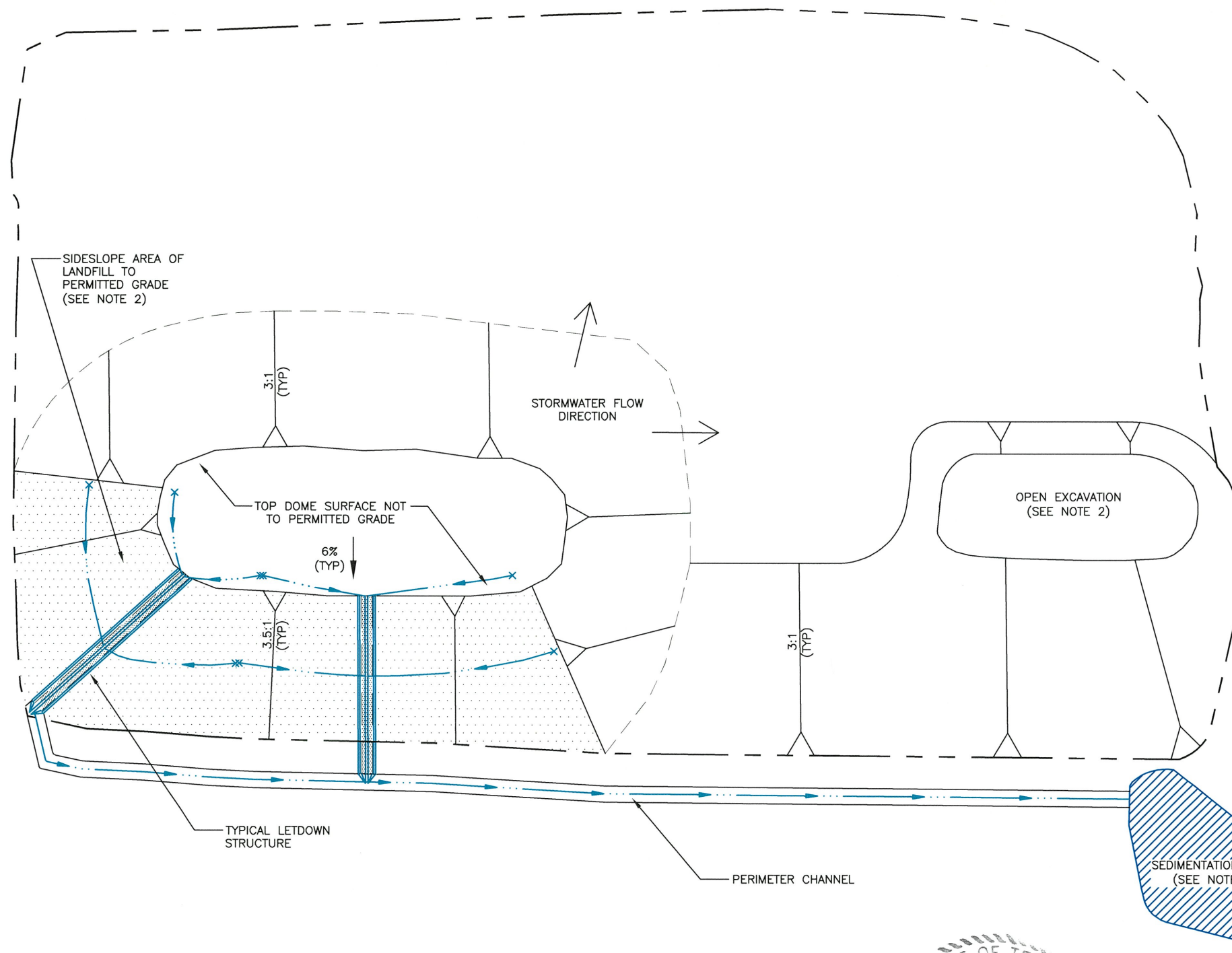
REQUIRED POND SIZE = 20 ACRES X 0.060 = 1.20 ACRES

| SIZE OF POND REQUIRED ¹ | | |
|--|--|--|
| REQUIRED SEDIMENT REMOVAL (TONS/ACRE/YEAR) | POND AREA REQUIRED/UNIT DRAINAGE AREA FACTOR | EFFICIENCY OF POND (DYNAMIC AND QUIESCENT) |
| 60 TO 50 | 0.025 | 13.3% |
| 70 TO 50 | 0.040 | 25.5% |
| 80 TO 50 | 0.060 | 34.0% |
| 90 TO 50 | 0.075 | 41.5% |
| 100 TO 50 | 0.110 | 46.4% |
| 200 TO 50 | 0.300 | 71.2% |

¹ REFER TO APPENDIX III-F-3 FOR MORE INFORMATION. THE POND DESIGN AND DEMONSTRATION ARE PROVIDED TO ENSURE THAT SEDIMENT DISCHARGE FROM THE SITE WILL BE PREVENTED DURING INITIAL ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION OVER THE SIDE SLOPES AND TOP DOME SURFACES.

NOTES:

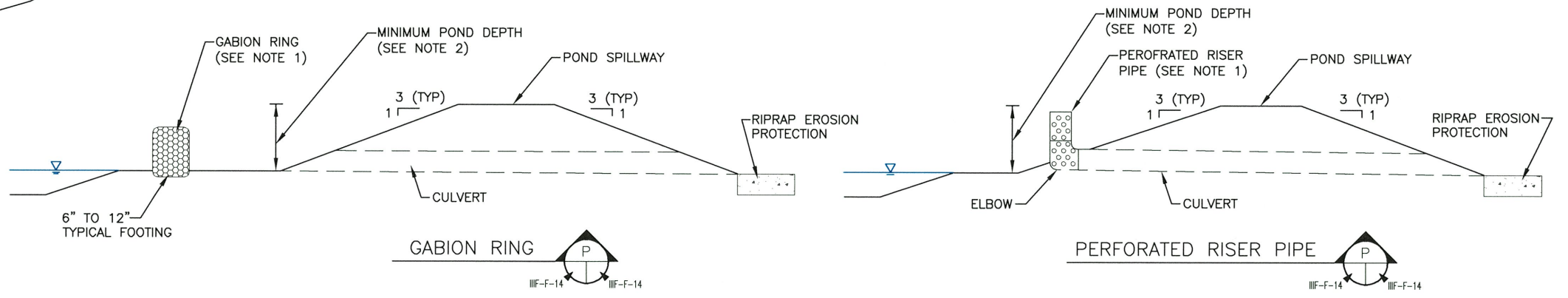
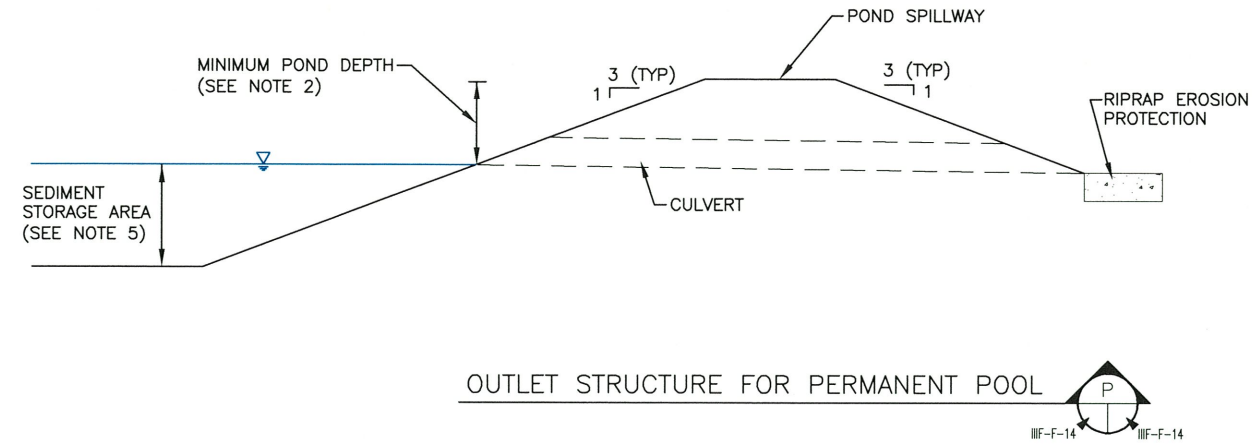
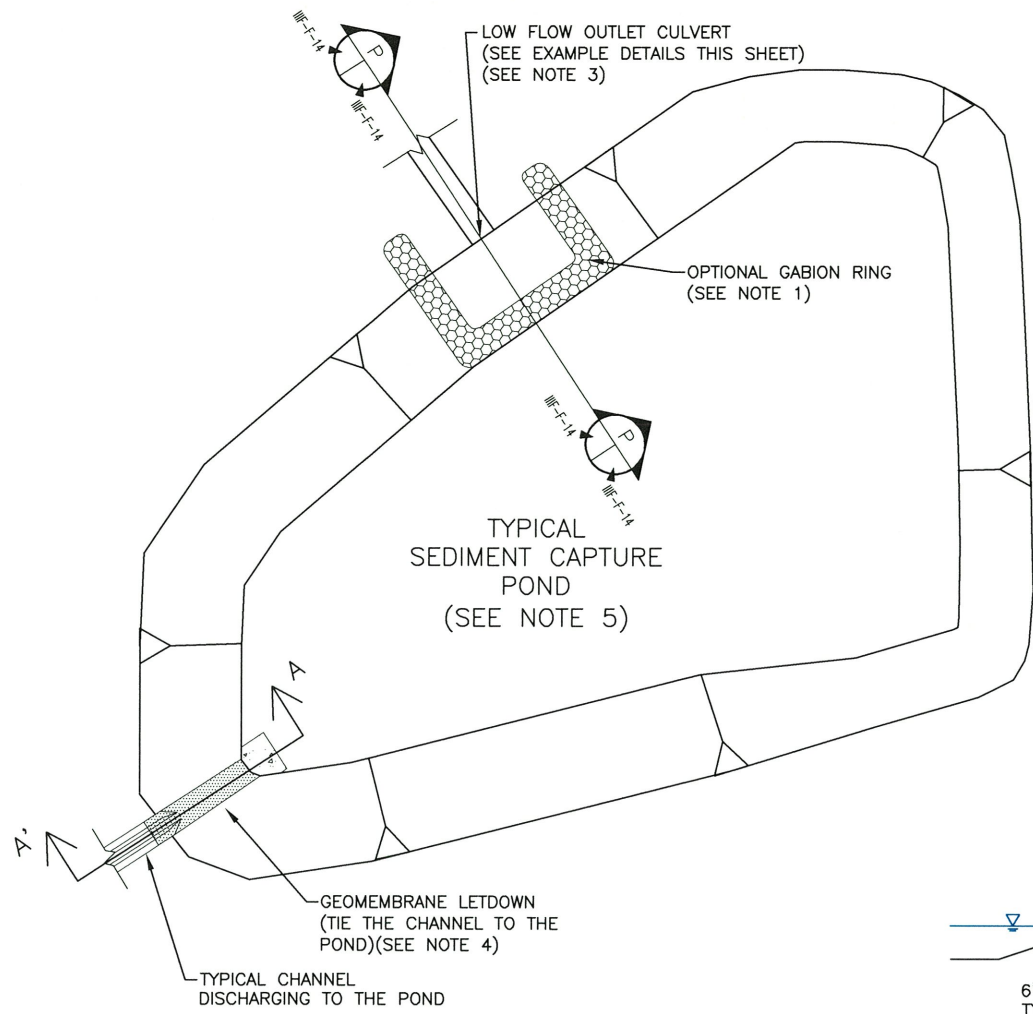
- EXAMPLE POND CONFIGURATION IS SHOWN. A DEMONSTRATION WILL BE INCLUDED IN THE SITE OPERATING RECORD TO SHOW THAT THE POND HAS THE CAPABILITY TO CAPTURE SEDIMENT SUCH THAT DISCHARGE IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 50 TONS/ACRE/YEAR FROM THE EXTERNAL SIDE SLOPE AND TOP DOME AREA. THE DEMONSTRATION WILL ACCOUNT FOR THE ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CREATED BY THE UPLAND AREA THAT FLOWS TO THE POND. FOR DEMONSTRATION PURPOSES, THE POND DEPTH WILL BE AN AVERAGE OF 4 FEET. OVERALL SEDIMENT DISCHARGE FROM THE SITE MUST COMPLY WITH THE CURRENT TPDES PERMIT FOR THE SITE.
- EXCAVATED FUTURE CELL AREAS OR SOIL BORROW AREAS CAN ALSO BE USED AS SEDIMENTATION PONDS. IF THESE AREAS ARE USED FOR PONDS, A DEMONSTRATION NOTING THAT THE EXCAVATED FUTURE CELL AREA OR SOIL BORROW AREA HAS MORE CAPACITY THAN THE VOLUME PRODUCED BY THE 25-YEAR, 24-HOUR STORM WILL BE DOCUMENTED AND MAINTAINED IN THE SITE OPERATING RECORD.
- AS STATED IN SECTION 2.2, A STATEMENT WILL BE ADDED TO THE SITE OPERATING RECORD EACH TIME A SEDIMENTATION POND IS INSTALLED TO NOTE HOW THE TEMPORARY SEDIMENTATION POND AND THE POND OUTLET WERE CONSTRUCTED CONSISTENT WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN.



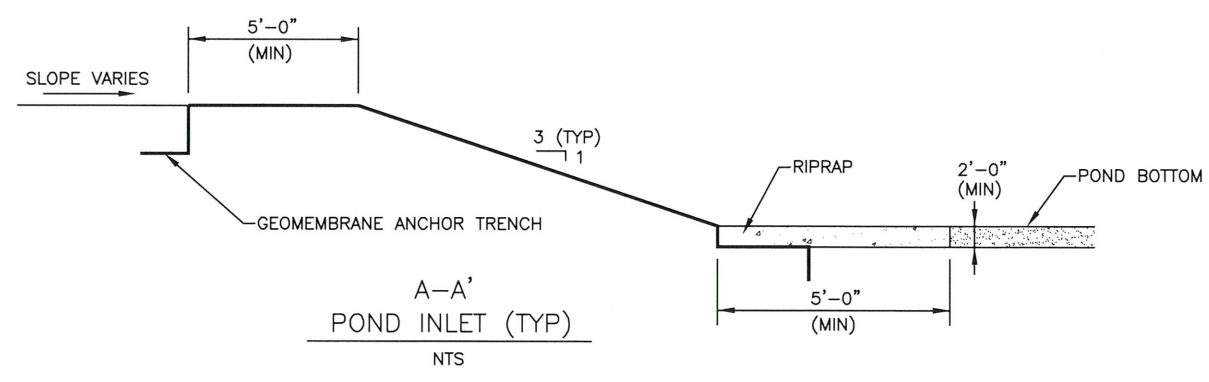
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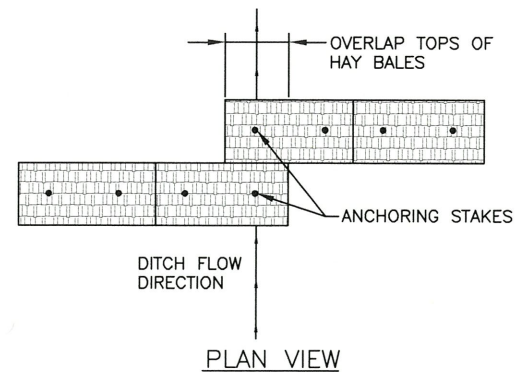


- NOTES:**
1. AS AN OPTION TO THE GABION RING, A PERFORATED RISER PIPE (SHOWN ON THIS SHEET) MAY ALSO BE USED, AS WELL AS A ROCK CHECK DAM.
 2. MINIMUM POND DEPTH IS 4 FEET BETWEEN THE LOW FLOW OUTLET FLOW LINE AND POND SPILLWAY ELEVATION.
 3. IF THE POND IS INSTALLED WITHOUT A LOW FLOW OUTLET, THEN SEE NOTE 2 ON SHEET III-F-13.
 4. VEGETATIVE SURFACING, GROUDED RIPRAP, RIPRAP, GABIONS, OR TURF REINFORCEMENT MAY BE USED TO ENSURE THE STABILITY OF THE POND INLET.
 5. POND BOTTOM AREAS WILL BE EXCAVATED BELOW THE LOW FLOW OUTLET FLOW LINE ELEVATION TO PROVIDE SEDIMENT STORAGE. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED IN POND WILL BE REMOVED AS NEEDED TO ENSURE SEDIMENT STORAGE CAPACITY BELOW THE FLOWLINE ELEVATION OF LOW FLOW OUTLET (REFER TO SECTION 2.4 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING SEDIMENT REMOVAL).

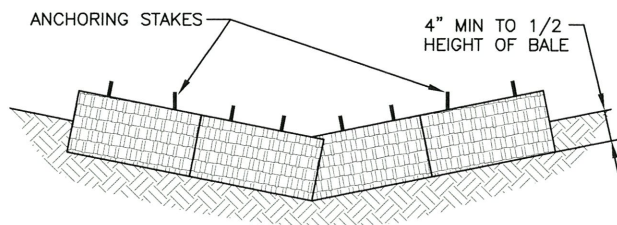


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PLAN VIEW

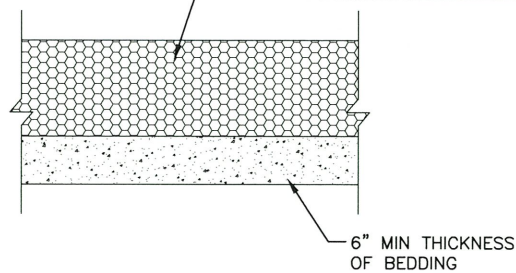


PROFILE VIEW

BALED HAY FOR EROSION CONTROL

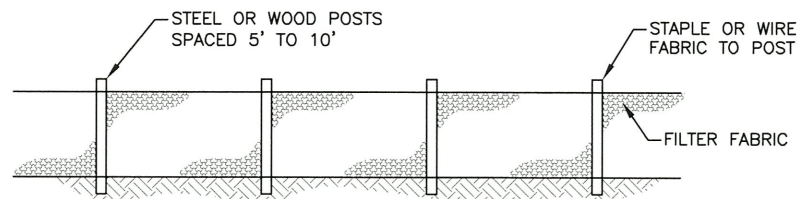
NTS
(SEE NOTE 1)

| 24" THICKNESS OF RIPRAP | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| SIEVE SIZE SQUARE MESH | PERCENT PASSING |
| 30 INCH | 100 |
| 24 INCH | 65-100 |
| 18 INCH | 45-75 |
| 12 INCH | 25-50 |
| 8 INCH | 10-30 |
| 6 INCH | 0-15 |



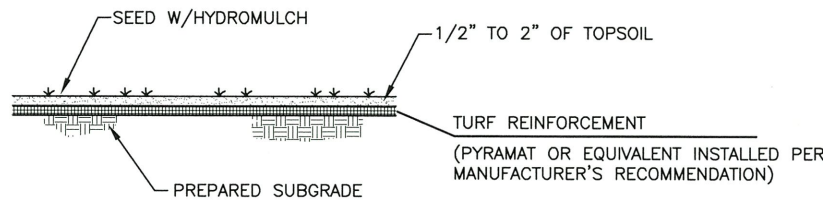
ROCK RIPRAP

NTS
(SEE NOTE 2)



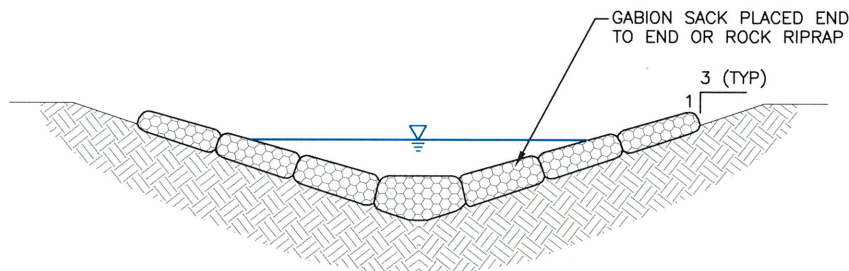
TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE

NTS
(SEE NOTE 3)



TURF REINFORCEMENT

NTS
(SEE NOTE 4)

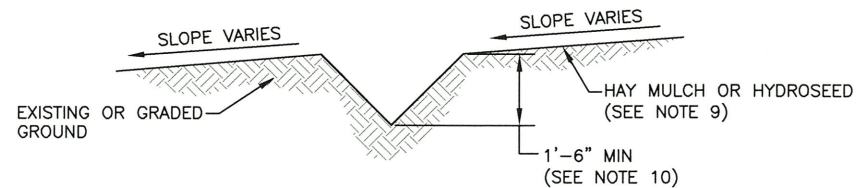


ROCK CHECK DAM

NTS
(SEE NOTE 5)

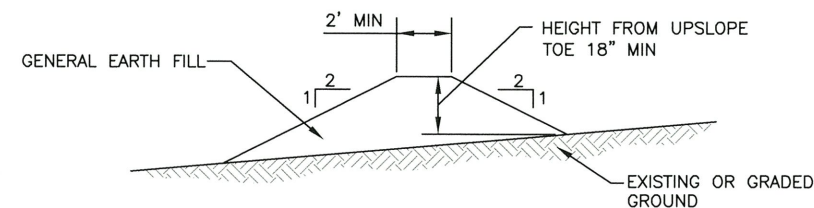
NOTES:

- BALED HAY MAY BE USED IN NEWLY ESTABLISHED COVER AREAS OR DISTURBED/REGRADED SURFACES TO MAINTAIN SHEET FLOW UNTIL VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED.
- ROCK RIPRAP MAY BE USED IN AREAS WHERE CONCENTRATED FLOW WITH HIGH VELOCITIES MAY OCCUR (e.g., CULVERT INLETS/OUTLETS).
- A TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE MAY BE USED IN CAPTURING SEDIMENT TRANSPORTED BY SHEET FLOW AND FOR DIVERSION OF FLOW FOR CONTROLLING SEDIMENT DISCHARGE.
- TURF REINFORCEMENT MAY BE USED ON NEWLY ESTABLISHED SURFACES SUCH AS INTERMEDIATE COVER AND IN CHANNELS WHERE MODERATELY HIGH FLOW VELOCITIES ARE EXPECTED.
- A ROCK CHECK DAM MAY BE USED IN CHANNELS TO SLOW DOWN FLOW VELOCITIES AND IMPROVE SEDIMENT CAPTURE.
- A TEMPORARY DIVERSION CHANNEL MAY BE USED FOR SHORTENING SHEET FLOW DISTANCES IN UNDEVELOPED AREAS OR IN LARGER CHANNELS TO PROVIDE MEANDERING AND SLOWER FLOW VELOCITIES TO PREVENT IN-CHANNEL EROSION.
- A TEMPORARY DIVERSION BERM MAY BE USED IN AREAS TO DIVERT FLOW FROM ENTERING STEEP SLOPED AREAS (e.g., TOP OF EXCAVATION) AND TO REDUCE SHEET FLOW LENGTHS.
- A SWALE MAY BE USED IN AREAS TO DIVERT FLOW FROM ENTERING STEEP SLOPED AREAS (e.g., TOP OF EXCAVATION) AND TO REDUCE SHEET FLOW LENGTHS.
- HAY MULCH AND HYDROSEED MAY ALSO BE USED FOR NEWLY ESTABLISHED SURFACES TO PROMOTE VEGETATION ESTABLISHMENT AND PREVENT EROSION.
- THE VALUE SHOWN IS AT THE TIME OF CHANNEL INSTALLATION; CHANNEL WIDTH AND DEPTH MAY VARY.



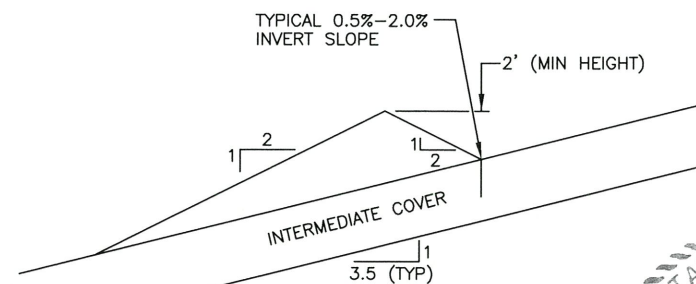
TEMPORARY DIVERSION CHANNEL

NTS
(SEE NOTE 6)



TEMPORARY DIVERSION BERM

NTS
(SEE NOTE 7)



SWALE

NTS
(SEE NOTE 8)



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APPENDIX III-F-1
TEMPORARY ADD-ON SWALE DESIGN

Includes pages III-F-1-1 through III-F-1-12



SWALE DESIGN

This appendix includes the expected soil loss calculations for various swale spacing intervals on the side slopes and top dome surfaces. An example calculation is provided on pages IIF-F-1-2 through IIF-F-1-4 for a vegetative cover of 60 percent. For the results of various percent vegetative covers and swale spacing intervals, refer to the table on page IIF-F-1-5 and to Sheet IIF-F-10 – Swale Design Summary. If the required percent vegetation coverage is not achieved within the 180-day period, secondary erosion control measures such as mulch, wood chips, compost or straw/hay will be used to limit the soil loss to 50 tons/acre/year or less. In addition, a detention/sedimentation pond may also be used until the required vegetation coverage is achieved. Any secondary measure used will be documented in the Site Operating Record at the end of the 180-day period to document compliance with this plan. In addition, the date the required percent vegetation coverage is achieved and the secondary measure is no longer needed will also be documented in the Site Operating Record.

Also included in this appendix are the sheet flow velocities for all swale spacing intervals on the side slopes and top dome surfaces. As noted in these calculations (pages IIF-F-1-6 through IIF-F-1-8), all velocities are acceptable.

Additionally, this appendix includes a calculation for the maximum drainage area that each swale can drain, as well as the maximum swale length. These calculations are included on pages IIF-F-1-9 through IIF-F-1-12.

Required: Determine the required spacing of the drainage swales for different percentages of vegetative cover for top dome surfaces and external embankment side slopes.

Method:

1. Estimate soil loss per acre based on percent ground cover and swale spacing for top dome surface and external side slope.
2. Summary.

Notes:

1. The following example calculation procedure has been developed for 60 percent ground cover.
2. The table on page III-F-1-5 includes the results of the following procedure for 60, 70, 80, and 90 percent ground cover and various swale spacings. The results are also summarized on Figure 2 in Appendix III-F.

References:

1. SCS National Engineering Handbook, Chapter 3 - Erosion.
2. TNRCC, *Use of the USLE in Final Cover/Configuration Design*, 1993.
3. United States Environmental Protection Agency, *Solid Waste Disposal Facility Criteria Technical Manual*, 1993.

Solution:

1. Estimate soil loss per acre based on percent ground cover and swale spacing for top dome surface and external side slope.

Soil Loss Equation: $A=RKL_sCP$

Where:

- A= Soil loss (tons/ac/yr)
- R= Rainfall factor
- K= Soil erodibility factor
- L_s = Slope length/slope gradient factor
- C= Plant cover or cropping management factor
- P= Erosion practice factor

The rainfall factor, R, represents the average intensity for the maximum intensity, 30 minute storms over a 22 year period of record compiled by the SCS. Using Figure 1 (Ref 2), Average Annual Values of the R Factor, the R factor for Johnson County is:

R = 290

The soil erodibility factor, K, factor represents the resistance of a soil surface to erosion as a function of the soil's physical and chemical properties. Assume an organic matter content of 2% to determine the K factor. The intermediate soil will consist of soils comparable to sandy clay. Additionally, compost will be added to intermediate soil as necessary to protect against erosion. Therefore, the following is a conservative K value for the site (Table 1 on page 6, Ref. 2).

K = 0.25

The slope length/slope gradient factor, L_s , represents the erosion of the soil due to both slope length and degree of slope.

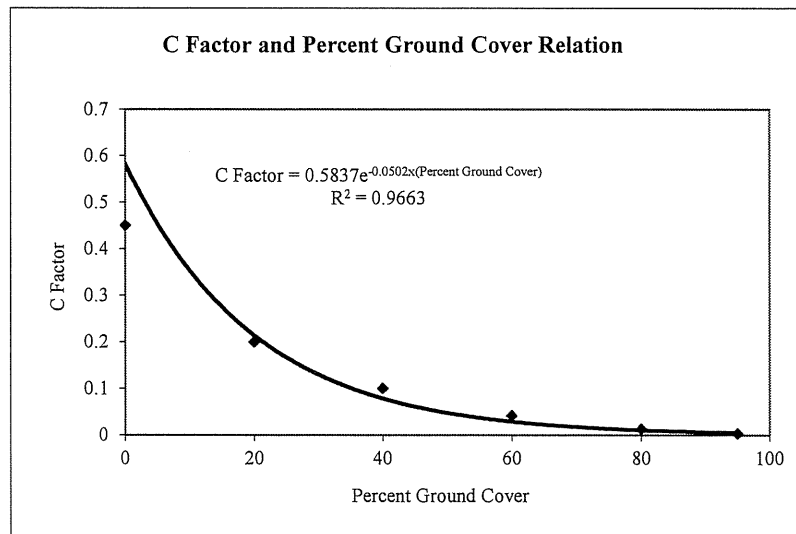
| | |
|---|---|
| Case 1. Top Slope
slope = 5 %
length = 200 ft | Case 2. Top Slope
slope = 5 %
length = 500 ft |
| Case 3. Top Slope
slope = 5 %
length = 700 ft | Case 4. Side Slope (28.6%)
slope = 28.6 %
length = 105 ft |
| Case 5. Side Slope (28.6%)
slope = 28.6 %
length = 200 ft | Case 6. Side Slope (28.6%)
slope = 28.6 %
length = 300 ft |
| Case 7. Side Slope (25.0%)
slope = 25 %
length = 120 ft | Case 8. Side Slope (25.0%)
slope = 25 %
length = 200 ft |
| Case 9. Side Slope (25.0%)
slope = 25 %
length = 300 ft | |

Using the above information and Figure 2 (Ref 2, p.9), the L_s factors are determined.

| Case | Slope (%) | Slope Length (ft) | L_s |
|-----------------------|-----------|-------------------|-------|
| 1. Top Slope | 5 | 200 | 0.75 |
| 2. Top Slope | 5 | 500 | 1.30 |
| 3. Top Slope | 5 | 700 | 1.50 |
| 4. Side Slope (28.6%) | 28.6 | 105 | 8.30 |
| 5. Side Slope (28.6%) | 28.6 | 200 | 10.20 |
| 6. Side Slope (28.6%) | 28.6 | 300 | 10.60 |
| 7. Side Slope (25.0%) | 25 | 120 | 6.50 |
| 8. Side Slope (25.0%) | 25 | 200 | 7.90 |
| 9. Side Slope (25.0%) | 25 | 300 | 10.20 |

The plant cover or cropping management factor, C, represents the percentage of soil loss that would occur if the surface were partially protected by some combination of cover and management practices. C Factor for Permanent Pasture, Range, and Idle Land with No Appreciable Canopy has the following relation with percent ground cover (GC) (from Ref 2, p. 7).

| % GC | C Factor: |
|------|-----------|
| 0 | 0.45 |
| 20 | 0.20 |
| 40 | 0.10 |
| 60 | 0.042 |
| 80 | 0.013 |
| 95 | 0.003 |



C Factor = $0.5837e^{(-0.0502 \times 60)}$
C Factor = 0.0420

The erosion control practice factor, P, measures the effect of control practices that reduce the erosion potential of the runoff by influencing drainage patterns, runoff concentration, and runoff velocity. Contouring for this site will be done only to establish vegetation.

P = 1.00

| Slope Condition | R | K | L_s | C | P | A
(tons/ac/yr) |
|---|-----|------|-------|--------|-----|-------------------|
| 1. Top Slope
5% slope
200 ft length | 290 | 0.25 | 0.75 | 0.0420 | 1.0 | 2.3 |
| 2. Top Slope
5% slope
500 ft length | 290 | 0.25 | 1.30 | 0.0420 | 1.0 | 4.0 |
| 3. Top Slope
5% slope
700 ft length | 290 | 0.25 | 1.50 | 0.0420 | 1.0 | 4.6 |
| 4. Side Slope
28.6% slope
120 ft length | 290 | 0.25 | 8.30 | 0.0420 | 1.0 | 25.3 |
| 5. Side Slope
28.6% slope
200 ft length | 290 | 0.25 | 10.20 | 0.0420 | 1.0 | 31.1 |
| 6. Side Slope
28.6% slope
300 ft length | 290 | 0.25 | 10.60 | 0.0420 | 1.0 | 32.3 |
| 7. Side Slope
25% slope
120 ft length | 290 | 0.25 | 6.50 | 0.0420 | 1.0 | 19.8 |
| 8. Side Slope
25% slope
200 ft length | 290 | 0.25 | 7.90 | 0.0420 | 1.0 | 24.1 |
| 9. Side Slope
25% slope
300 ft length | 290 | 0.25 | 10.20 | 0.0420 | 1.0 | 31.1 |

2. Summary

For a summary of soil loss rates for various percentages of ground cover, see Figure 2 in Appendix III-F and page III-F-1-5.

SOIL LOSS ESTIMATE SUMMARY TABLE

| Case | Slope (%) | Length (ft) | L _s | Percent Ground Cover | C Factor | A (tons/ac/yr) |
|------------|-----------|-------------|----------------|----------------------|----------|----------------|
| Top Slope | 5 | 200 | 0.75 | 60 | 0.042 | 2.3 |
| Top Slope | 5 | 200 | 0.75 | 70 | 0.017 | 0.9 |
| Top Slope | 5 | 200 | 0.75 | 80 | 0.013 | 0.7 |
| Top Slope | 5 | 200 | 0.75 | 90 | 0.0064 | 0.3 |
| Top Slope | 5 | 500 | 1.30 | 60 | 0.042 | 4.0 |
| Top Slope | 5 | 500 | 1.30 | 70 | 0.017 | 1.6 |
| Top Slope | 5 | 500 | 1.30 | 80 | 0.013 | 1.2 |
| Top Slope | 5 | 500 | 1.30 | 90 | 0.0064 | 0.6 |
| Top Slope | 5 | 700 | 1.50 | 60 | 0.042 | 4.6 |
| Top Slope | 5 | 700 | 1.50 | 70 | 0.017 | 1.8 |
| Top Slope | 5 | 700 | 1.50 | 80 | 0.013 | 1.4 |
| Top Slope | 5 | 700 | 1.50 | 90 | 0.0064 | 0.7 |
| Side Slope | 28.6 | 105 | 8.30 | 60 | 0.042 | 25.3 |
| Side Slope | 28.6 | 105 | 8.30 | 70 | 0.017 | 10.2 |
| Side Slope | 28.6 | 105 | 8.30 | 80 | 0.013 | 7.8 |
| Side Slope | 28.6 | 105 | 8.30 | 90 | 0.0064 | 3.9 |
| Side Slope | 28.6 | 200 | 10.20 | 60 | 0.042 | 31.1 |
| Side Slope | 28.6 | 200 | 10.20 | 70 | 0.017 | 12.6 |
| Side Slope | 28.6 | 200 | 10.20 | 80 | 0.013 | 9.6 |
| Side Slope | 28.6 | 200 | 10.20 | 90 | 0.0064 | 4.7 |
| Side Slope | 28.6 | 300 | 10.60 | 60 | 0.042 | 32.3 |
| Side Slope | 28.6 | 300 | 10.60 | 70 | 0.017 | 13.1 |
| Side Slope | 28.6 | 300 | 10.60 | 80 | 0.013 | 10.0 |
| Side Slope | 28.6 | 300 | 10.60 | 90 | 0.0064 | 4.9 |
| Side Slope | 25 | 120 | 6.50 | 60 | 0.042 | 19.8 |
| Side Slope | 25 | 120 | 6.50 | 70 | 0.017 | 8.0 |
| Side Slope | 25 | 120 | 6.50 | 80 | 0.013 | 6.1 |
| Side Slope | 25 | 120 | 6.50 | 90 | 0.0064 | 3.0 |
| Side Slope | 25 | 200 | 7.90 | 60 | 0.042 | 24.1 |
| Side Slope | 25 | 200 | 7.90 | 70 | 0.017 | 9.7 |
| Side Slope | 25 | 200 | 7.90 | 80 | 0.013 | 7.4 |
| Side Slope | 25 | 200 | 7.90 | 90 | 0.0064 | 3.7 |
| Side Slope | 25 | 300 | 10.20 | 60 | 0.042 | 31.1 |
| Side Slope | 25 | 300 | 10.20 | 70 | 0.017 | 12.6 |
| Side Slope | 25 | 300 | 10.20 | 80 | 0.013 | 9.6 |
| Side Slope | 25 | 300 | 10.20 | 90 | 0.0064 | 4.7 |

Required: Determine the sheet flow velocity for the top dome surfaces and external embankment side slopes and compare to the permissible non-erodible flow velocity.

Method:

1. Determine the peak velocities for the cases listed on page III-F-1-2.
2. Compare to permissible velocities.
3. Conclusion.

References:

1. National Engineering Handbook, Section 4, Hydrology. *Chapter 15 - Travel Time, Time of Concentration and Lag.*

Solution: Use the typical case scenarios from the USLE calculation to determine the expected peak sheet flow velocity.

| | |
|---|---|
| Case 1. Top Slope
slope = 5 %
length = 200 ft | Case 2. Top Slope
slope = 5 %
length = 500 ft |
| Case 3. Top Slope
slope = 5 %
length = 700 ft | Case 4. Top Slope
slope = 28.6 %
length = 105 ft |
| Case 5. Side Slope
slope = 28.6 %
length = 200 ft | Case 6. Side Slope
slope = 28.6 %
length = 300 ft |
| Case 5. Side Slope
slope = 25 %
length = 120 ft | Case 6. Side Slope
slope = 25 %
length = 200 ft |
| Case 5. Side Slope
slope = 25 %
length = 300 ft | |

1. Determine the peak velocities for the cases listed on page III-F-1-2.

Cultivated Straight Row (Overland Flow)

From Figure 15.2 (page 15-8 in Ref. 1), determine the velocities for all cases.

| | |
|---------|--------------|
| Case 1. | V = 2.0 ft/s |
| Case 2. | V = 2.0 ft/s |
| Case 3. | V = 2.0 ft/s |
| Case 4. | V = 4.9 ft/s |
| Case 5. | V = 4.9 ft/s |
| Case 6. | V = 4.9 ft/s |
| Case 7. | V = 4.5 ft/s |
| Case 8. | V = 4.5 ft/s |
| Case 9. | V = 4.5 ft/s |

Note: Figure 15.2 is reproduced on page III-F-1-8.

2. Compare to permissible velocities.

Summary of Velocities

| | Condition | Equivalent Percent Ground Coverage | Peak Velocity (ft/s) | Permissible Velocity ¹ (ft/s) |
|--------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Cultivated Straight Row | 5%, 200 ft | >60% | 2.0 | 5.0 |
| | 5%, 500 ft | >60% | 2.0 | 5.0 |
| | 5%, 700 ft | >60% | 2.0 | 5.0 |
| | 28.6%, 120 ft | >60% | 4.9 | 5.0 |
| | 28.6%, 200 ft | >60% | 4.9 | 5.0 |
| | 28.6%, 300 ft | >60% | 4.9 | 5.0 |
| | 25%, 120 ft | >60% | 4.5 | 5.0 |
| | 25%, 200 ft | >60% | 4.5 | 5.0 |
| | 25%, 300 ft | >60% | 4.5 | 5.0 |

¹ Permissible velocity information is from USACE EM 1110-0-1418, Chapter 5 - Evaluation of Stability.

3. Conclusion.

The peak velocities for each case are listed in the above summary table. As shown peak velocities are below permissible velocities for the conditions analyzed. After 180 days, at least 60 percent vegetation will be established in order to maintain permissible non-erodible velocities.

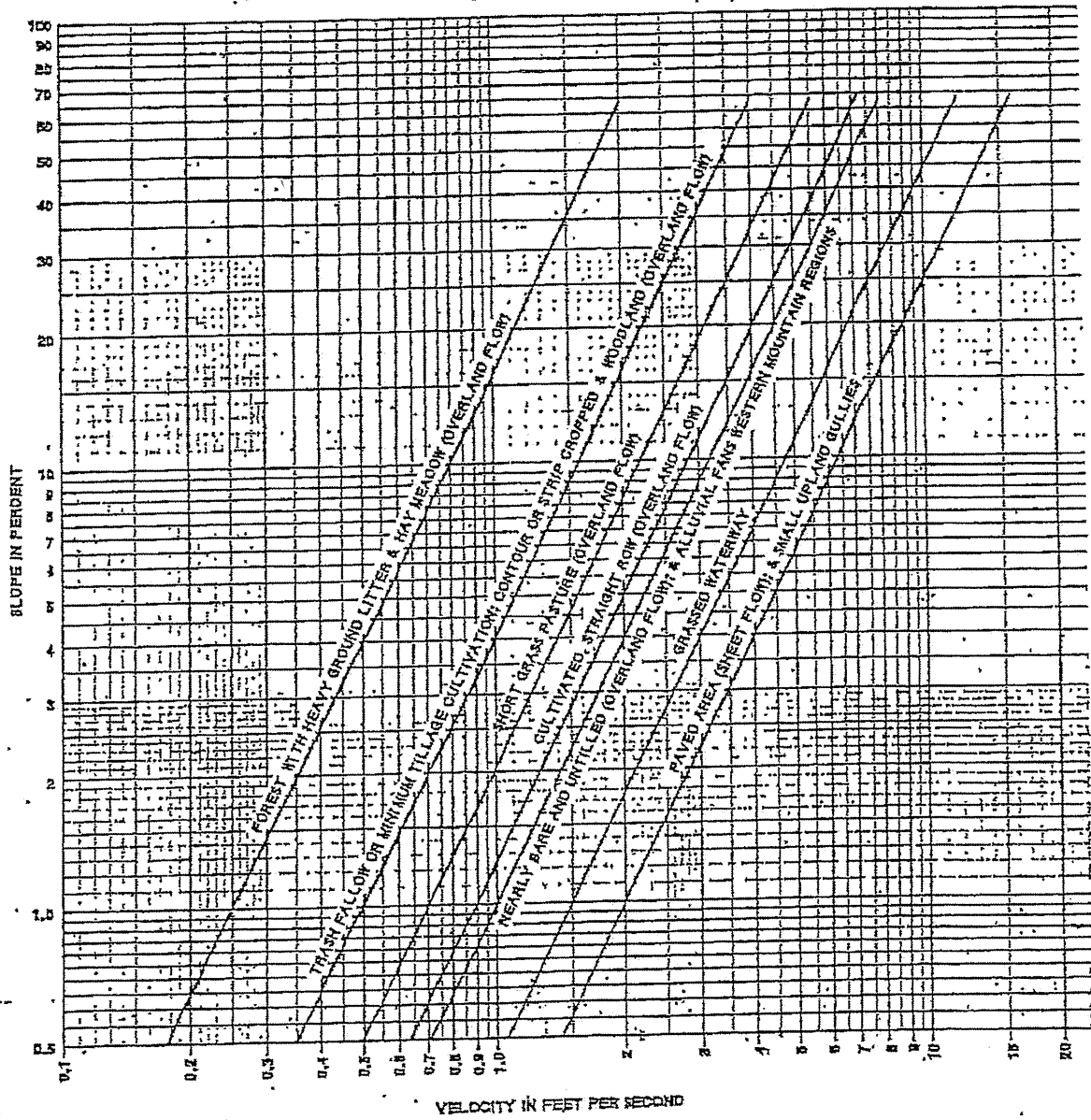


Figure 15.2.—Velocities for upland method of estimating T_c

Required: Analyze swales to determine the adequacy of the swale design.

Method:

1. Determine the 25-year, 24-hour flow rates for a maximum swale drainage area for top slopes and side slopes using the Rational Method.
2. Determine maximum swale length that corresponds to the maximum swale drainage area.

Reference:

1. State of Texas, Department of Transportation, Bridge Division, Hydraulic Manual, September 2019.

Solution:

1. Determine the 25-year, 24-hour flow rates for a maximum swale drainage area for top slopes and side slopes using the Rational Method.

$$Q = CIA$$

Where: C = 0.7 (runoff coefficient, Ref 1.)
I = intensity, in/hr
A = drainage area, ac

$$I = \frac{b}{(t_c + d)^e}$$

b = 83.01 From Ref. 1, for Johnson County
d = 10.65 25-year storm event
e = 0.775
t_c is assumed to be 10 min.

$$I = 7.95 \text{ in/hr}$$

For Top Slope (5%):

Maximum Drainage Area (2 ft swale) = 27.5 acres
Maximum Drainage Area (1.5 ft swale) = 12.8 acres
Maximum Drainage Area (1 ft swale) = 4.3 acres

| | | |
|----------------------------|-------|-----|
| Flow Rate (2 ft swale) = | 153.0 | cfs |
| Flow Rate (1.5 ft swale) = | 71.1 | cfs |
| Flow Rate (1 ft swale) = | 24.1 | cfs |

For Side Slope (28.6 %):

Maximum Drainage Area = 6.6 acres

| | | |
|--------------------------|------|-----|
| Flow Rate (2 ft swale) = | 37.0 | cfs |
|--------------------------|------|-----|

For Side Slope (25 %):

Maximum Drainage Area = 7.3 acres

| | | |
|--------------------------|------|-----|
| Flow Rate (2 ft swale) = | 40.5 | cfs |
|--------------------------|------|-----|

2. Determine maximum swale length that corresponds to the maximum swale drainage area.

| Condition (swale height) | Maximum Drainage Area (acres) | Minimum Swale Spacing ¹ (ft) | Maximum Swale Length ² (ft) |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Top Slope (2 ft swale) | 27.5 | 200 | 5,984 |
| Top Slope (1.5 ft swale) | 12.8 | 200 | 2,781 |
| Top Slope (1 ft swale) | 4.3 | 200 | 943 |
| Side Slope (ft swale - 28.6%) | 6.6 | 105 | 2,757 |
| Side Slope (ft swale - 25%) | 7.3 | 120 | 2,640 |

¹ Minimum swale spacing is taken from calculations provided on page III-F-1-2.

² Maximum swale length calculated using the following equation:

$$\text{Maximum Drainage Area} \times (43,560 \text{ sf/acre}) / \text{Minimum Swale Spacing}$$

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
SWALE ANALYSIS

| Flow Rate (cfs) | Bottom Slope (ft/ft) | n-value | Side Slope (left) | Side Slope (right) | Bottom Width (ft) | Normal Depth (ft) | Flow Vel. (fps) | Froude No. | Velocity Head (ft) | Energy Head (ft) | Flow Area (sq. ft.) | Top Width of Flow (ft) |
|------------------------|----------------------|---------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| 2 ft Top Slope Swale | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 153.0 | 0.005 | 0.03 | 2 | 20 | 0 | 2.00 | 3.48 | 0.613 | 0.19 | 2.19 | 43.98 | 43.99 |
| 1.5 ft Top Slope Swale | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 71.1 | 0.005 | 0.03 | 2 | 20 | 0 | 1.50 | 2.87 | 0.584 | 0.13 | 1.63 | 24.76 | 33.01 |
| 1 ft Top Slope Swale | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 24.1 | 0.005 | 0.03 | 2 | 20 | 0 | 1.00 | 2.19 | 0.546 | 0.07 | 1.07 | 11.00 | 22.00 |
| 2 ft Side Slope Swale | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 37.0 | 0.005 | 0.03 | 2 | 3.5 | 0 | 2.00 | 3.36 | 0.592 | 0.18 | 2.18 | 11.02 | 11.01 |
| 2 ft Side Slope Swale | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 40.5 | 0.005 | 0.03 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 2.00 | 3.37 | 0.595 | 0.18 | 2.18 | 12.00 | 12.00 |

Note: Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC HYDRAULICS program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010).

Maximum flow depth is less than temporary swale height.

Design is acceptable.

Example Calculation: Calculate the normal depth for the swale for the maximum size top slope drainage area.

List of Symbols

- Q_d = design flow rate for channel, cfs
- R = hydraulic radius, ft
- n = Manning's roughness coefficient
- S = channel slope, ft/ft
- b = bottom width of channel, ft
- z_r = z-ratio (ratio of run to rise for channel sideslope) for right side slope of swale
- z_l = z-ratio (ratio of run to rise for channel sideslope) for left side slope of swale
- A_f = flow area, sf
- g = gravitational acceleration = 32.2 ft/s^2
- T = top width of flow, ft
- d = normal depth of swale, ft

The program uses an iterative process to calculate the normal depth of the swale to satisfy Manning's Equation

$$Q = \frac{1.486}{n} A R^{0.67} S^{0.5}$$

Design Inputs:

| | | |
|---------|-------|-------------|
| Q_d = | 153.0 | cfs |
| S = | 0.005 | ft/ft |
| b = | 0 | ft |
| z_r = | 20 | (H) : 1 (V) |
| z_l = | 2 | (H) : 1 (V) |
| n = | 0.03 | |

Step 1 - Based on the geometry of the swale cross-section, solve for R and A_f

$$R = \frac{bd + 1/2d^2(z_r + z_l)}{b + d((z_l^2 + 1)^{0.5} + (z_r^2 + 1))}$$

$$A_f = bd + 1/2d^2(z_r + z_l)$$

assume: $d = 2.00$ ft

$$R = 0.989 \text{ ft}$$

$$A_f = 43.98 \text{ sf}$$

solve for Q: $Q = 153.0$

if Q is not equal to Q_d , select a new d and repeat calculations

Step 2 - solve for velocity, T, Froude number, velocity head, and energy head

$$Q = VA \Rightarrow V = Q/A$$

$$V = 3.48 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$T = b + d(z_1 + z_r)$$

$$T = 43.99 \text{ ft}$$

$$F_r = \frac{V}{(gA/T)^{0.5}}$$

$$F_r = 0.613$$

$$\text{Velocity Head} = \frac{V^2}{2g}$$

$$\text{Velocity Head} = 0.19 \text{ ft}$$

Energy Head = water elevation + velocity head

$$\text{Energy Head} = 2.19 \text{ ft}$$

APPENDIX III F-F-2
TEMPORARY LETDOWN DESIGN

Includes pages III F-F-2-1 through III F-F-2-37



LETDOWN (OR CHUTE) DESIGN

The temporary letdown structure options include open channel flow letdowns and pipe letdowns. Open channel flow letdowns will be lined with either geomembrane, turf reinforcement mat, gabions, grouted concrete riprap, or rock riprap. The pipe letdowns are typically corrugated plastic pipe. Both types of letdowns will have an energy dissipator structure at the bottom of the letdown. Typical letdown details are shown on Sheet III-F-12 – Letdown Design Summary.

This appendix includes a demonstration to show that the letdown structure sizes shown on Sheet III-F-12 will contain the peak flow rate produced by the 25-year storm event. The geomembrane-lined and gabion-lined chutes (as well as turf reinforcement, rock riprap, and grouted riprap-lined chutes) were analyzed for peak flow rates generated from drainage areas ranging from 5 acres to 30 acres. This analysis (pages III-F-2-2 through III-F-2-8) is summarized on Sheet III-F-12 and shows the maximum drainage areas that the 2-foot-deep chutes (8 feet minimum bottom width) are adequate to handle (i.e., the maximum flow depth calculated is less than 2.00 feet).

Also included in this appendix is an analysis for the 24-inch- and 36-inch-diameter temporary pipe letdowns for 25 percent slopes. The maximum flow that these pipes were capable of conveying was determined, and from this design flow rate a maximum drainage area size was calculated. The drainage area corresponds to the area that could drain to the pipe at each inlet. As noted on Sheet III-F-12, the use of pipe letdowns will be limited to 1 inlet per letdown. The design summary for geomembrane-lined letdowns and pipe letdowns is provided on Sheet III-F-12.

Required: Analyze chutes to determine chute sizes for drainage areas that range from 1.81 acres to 32.4 acres.

Method: 1. Determine the 25-year, 24-hour flow rates for various sizes of chute drainage areas using the Rational Method.

Reference: 1. State of Texas, Department of Transportation, Bridge Division, Hydraulic Manual, September 2019.

Solution: 1. Determine the 25-year intensity flow rates.

$$Q = CIA$$

Where: C = 0.7 (runoff coefficient, Ref 1.)
I = intensity, in/hr
A = drainage area, ac

$$I = \frac{b}{(t_c + d)^e}$$

b = 83.01 From Ref. 1, for Johnson County
d = 10.65 25-year storm event
e = 0.775
 t_c is assumed to be 10 min.

$$I = 7.95 \text{ in/hr}$$

| Area (ac) | Flow (cfs) |
|-----------|------------|
| 5.00 | 27.8 |
| 10.0 | 55.7 |
| 15.0 | 83.5 |
| 20.0 | 111.4 |
| 25.0 | 139.2 |
| 30.0 | 167.1 |

2. Demonstrate that the normal depth of flow for the maximum 25-year flow rate will be contained within the chute.

Please refer to Page 3 for chute hydraulic analysis output.

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EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURE DESIGN
GEOMEMBRANE-LINED CHUTE

Uniform flow design for the geomembrane-lined chutes on 5% slope.

| Flow Rate (cfs) | Bottom Slope (ft/ft) | Manning's n | Side Slope (left) | Side Slope (right) | Bottom Width (ft) | Normal Depth (ft) | Flow Vel. (fps) | Froude Number | Velocity Head (ft) | Energy Head (ft) | Flow Area (sf) | Flow Top Width (ft) |
|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| 27.8 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.26 | 12.77 | 4.585 | 2.54 | 2.79 | 2.18 | 9.02 |
| 55.7 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.39 | 16.48 | 4.883 | 4.22 | 4.61 | 3.38 | 9.54 |
| 83.5 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.49 | 19.01 | 5.046 | 5.62 | 6.10 | 4.39 | 9.96 |
| 111.4 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.58 | 21.00 | 5.162 | 6.85 | 7.43 | 5.31 | 10.32 |
| 139.2 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.66 | 22.64 | 5.251 | 7.97 | 8.63 | 6.15 | 10.64 |
| 167.1 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.73 | 24.06 | 5.324 | 9.00 | 9.73 | 6.94 | 10.93 |

Uniform flow design for the geomembrane-lined chutes on 25% slope.

| Flow Rate (cfs) | Bottom Slope (ft/ft) | Manning's n | Side Slope (left) | Side Slope (right) | Bottom Width (ft) | Normal Depth (ft) | Flow Vel. (fps) | Froude Number | Velocity Head (ft) | Energy Head (ft) | Flow Area (sf) | Flow Top Width (ft) |
|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| 27.8 | 0.25 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.16 | 21.20 | 9.590 | 6.99 | 7.14 | 1.31 | 8.63 |
| 55.7 | 0.25 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.24 | 27.42 | 10.152 | 11.69 | 11.93 | 2.03 | 8.96 |
| 83.5 | 0.25 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.30 | 31.83 | 10.521 | 15.75 | 16.05 | 2.62 | 9.22 |
| 111.4 | 0.25 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.36 | 35.34 | 10.786 | 19.41 | 19.77 | 3.15 | 9.45 |
| 139.2 | 0.25 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.41 | 38.34 | 11.019 | 22.85 | 23.26 | 3.63 | 9.65 |
| 167.1 | 0.25 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.46 | 40.89 | 11.183 | 25.99 | 26.44 | 4.09 | 9.83 |

Uniform flow design for the geomembrane-lined chutes on 28.6% slope.

| Flow Rate (cfs) | Bottom Slope (ft/ft) | Manning's n | Side Slope (left) | Side Slope (right) | Bottom Width (ft) | Normal Depth (ft) | Flow Vel. (fps) | Froude Number | Velocity Head (ft) | Energy Head (ft) | Flow Area (sf) | Flow Top Width (ft) |
|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| 27.8 | 0.286 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.15 | 22.11 | 10.195 | 7.59 | 7.75 | 1.26 | 8.61 |
| 55.7 | 0.286 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.23 | 28.61 | 10.794 | 12.72 | 12.95 | 1.95 | 8.92 |
| 83.5 | 0.286 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.29 | 33.22 | 11.187 | 17.15 | 17.44 | 2.51 | 9.17 |
| 111.4 | 0.286 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.35 | 36.90 | 11.470 | 21.15 | 21.50 | 3.02 | 9.39 |
| 139.2 | 0.286 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.40 | 40.04 | 11.720 | 24.92 | 25.31 | 3.48 | 9.58 |
| 167.1 | 0.286 | 0.01 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.44 | 42.72 | 11.896 | 28.36 | 28.80 | 3.91 | 9.76 |

Conclusions: Maximum normal depth is 0.73 feet. Chute design depth is 2.0 feet; therefore, design is acceptable.

- Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC Hydraulics for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996) ~~10/10/2021~~ **Hydro** **Water Consultants Group, LLC**
Rev. 0, 11/15/2021
Appendix III-F-F

EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURE DESIGN
GABION, TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT, ROCK RIPRAP, OR CONCRETE GROUTED RIPRAP-LINED CHUTE

Chute flow design for the gabion and rock riprap-lined chutes on 5% slope.

| Flow Rate (cfs) | Bottom Slope (ft/ft) | Manning's n | Side Slope (left) | Side Slope (right) | Bottom Width (ft) | Normal Depth (ft) | Flow Vel. (fps) | Froude Number | Velocity Head (ft) | Energy Head (ft) | Flow Area (sf) | Flow Top Width (ft) |
|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| 27.8 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.58 | 5.25 | 1.920 | 0.43 | 1.01 | 5.30 | 10.31 |
| 55.7 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.87 | 6.61 | 1.360 | 0.68 | 1.54 | 8.42 | 11.46 |
| 83.5 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 1.09 | 7.52 | 1.400 | 0.88 | 1.97 | 11.10 | 12.36 |
| 111.4 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 1.28 | 8.23 | 1.428 | 1.05 | 2.33 | 13.54 | 13.13 |
| 139.2 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 1.45 | 8.80 | 1.450 | 1.20 | 2.65 | 15.82 | 13.80 |
| 167.1 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 1.60 | 9.30 | 1.467 | 1.34 | 2.95 | 17.98 | 14.42 |

Chute flow design for the gabion and rock riprap-lined chutes on 25% slope.

| Flow Rate (cfs) | Bottom Slope (ft/ft) | Manning's n | Side Slope (left) | Side Slope (right) | Bottom Width (ft) | Normal Depth (ft) | Flow Vel. (fps) | Froude Number | Velocity Head (ft) | Energy Head (ft) | Flow Area (sf) | Flow Top Width (ft) |
|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| 27.8 | 0.25 | 0.04 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.36 | 8.83 | 2.696 | 1.21 | 1.57 | 3.15 | 9.44 |
| 55.7 | 0.25 | 0.04 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.54 | 11.30 | 2.860 | 1.98 | 2.53 | 4.93 | 10.17 |
| 83.5 | 0.25 | 0.04 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.69 | 12.96 | 2.951 | 2.61 | 3.30 | 6.44 | 10.75 |
| 111.4 | 0.25 | 0.04 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.81 | 14.26 | 3.015 | 3.16 | 3.97 | 7.81 | 11.25 |
| 139.2 | 0.25 | 0.04 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.92 | 15.34 | 3.069 | 3.66 | 4.58 | 9.08 | 11.69 |
| 167.1 | 0.25 | 0.04 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 1.02 | 16.24 | 3.104 | 4.10 | 5.12 | 10.29 | 12.10 |

Chute flow design for the gabion and rock riprap-lined chutes on 28.6% slope.

| Flow Rate (cfs) | Bottom Slope (ft/ft) | Manning's n | Side Slope (left) | Side Slope (right) | Bottom Width (ft) | Normal Depth (ft) | Flow Vel. (fps) | Froude Number | Velocity Head (ft) | Energy Head (ft) | Flow Area (sf) | Flow Top Width (ft) |
|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| 27.8 | 0.286 | 0.04 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.35 | 9.22 | 2.867 | 1.32 | 1.67 | 3.02 | 9.39 |
| 55.7 | 0.286 | 0.04 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.52 | 11.81 | 3.043 | 2.17 | 2.69 | 4.72 | 10.09 |
| 83.5 | 0.286 | 0.04 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.66 | 13.55 | 3.140 | 2.85 | 3.52 | 6.16 | 10.64 |
| 111.4 | 0.286 | 0.04 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.78 | 14.92 | 3.209 | 3.46 | 4.24 | 7.47 | 11.12 |
| 139.2 | 0.286 | 0.04 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.89 | 16.04 | 3.262 | 4.00 | 4.89 | 8.68 | 11.55 |
| 167.1 | 0.286 | 0.04 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.99 | 17.01 | 3.306 | 4.50 | 5.48 | 9.82 | 11.94 |

EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURE DESIGN
GABION, TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT, ROCK RIPRAP, OR CONCRETE GROUTED RIPRAP-LINED CHUTE

Conclusions: Maximum acceptable normal depth is 1.60 feet. Chute design depth is 2.0 feet; therefore, 30 acres is the maximum allowable drainage area for a gabion or rock rip-rap lined chute on a 5% slope.
Maximum velocity is 42.72 fps. As noted in footnote No. 2 below, the lining material will be selected so that the permissible velocity is not exceeded for erosion control.

1. Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC Hydraulics for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010).
2. Permissible velocities are listed below, and lining material will be selected so that these are not exceeded.

| Description | Permissible Velocity (fps) |
|---|----------------------------|
| Turf Reinforcement Mat (based on Pyramat or equivalent. Refer to Sheet III-F-2-21.) | 25 |
| Rock Riprap (based on Sheet III-F-2-22 and a D_{50} of 12 inches. (If other riprap is used, it will meet the D_{50} requirements listed on Sheet III-F-2-22.) | 9 |
| Gabion/Concrete Grouted Riprap (based on Sheet III-F-2-23 and a D_{50} of 0.62 ft. If other gabion is used, it will meet the D_{50} requirements listed on Sheet III-F-2-23. (The permissible velocity for concrete grouted riprap will actually be greater than 21 fps because it is classified as a rigid channel lining material.) | 21 |

EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURE DESIGN
GABION, TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT, ROCK RIPRAP, OR CONCRETE GROUTED RIPRAP-LINED CHUTE

Chute flow design for the concrete grouted riprap and turf reinforcement-lined chutes on 5% slope.

| Flow Rate (cfs) | Bottom Slope (ft/ft) | Manning's n | Side Slope (left) | Side Slope (right) | Bottom Width (ft) | Normal Depth (ft) | Flow Vel. (fps) | Froude Number | Velocity Head (ft) | Energy Head (ft) | Flow Area (sf) | Flow Top Width (ft) |
|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| 27.8 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.49 | 6.33 | 1.682 | 0.62 | 1.11 | 4.39 | 9.96 |
| 55.7 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.73 | 8.02 | 1.775 | 1.00 | 1.73 | 6.94 | 10.93 |
| 83.5 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.93 | 9.16 | 1.830 | 1.30 | 2.23 | 9.11 | 11.70 |
| 111.4 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 1.09 | 10.03 | 1.866 | 1.56 | 2.65 | 11.10 | 12.36 |
| 139.2 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 1.24 | 10.75 | 1.895 | 1.80 | 3.03 | 12.95 | 12.95 |
| 167.1 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 1.37 | 11.37 | 1.919 | 2.01 | 3.38 | 14.70 | 13.48 |

Chute flow design for the concrete grouted riprap and turf reinforcement-lined chutes on 25% slope.

| Flow Rate (cfs) | Bottom Slope (ft/ft) | Manning's n | Side Slope (left) | Side Slope (right) | Bottom Width (ft) | Normal Depth (ft) | Flow Vel. (fps) | Froude Number | Velocity Head (ft) | Energy Head (ft) | Flow Area (sf) | Flow Top Width (ft) |
|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| 27.8 | 0.25 | 0.03 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.30 | 10.61 | 3.507 | 1.75 | 2.05 | 2.62 | 9.22 |
| 55.7 | 0.25 | 0.03 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.46 | 13.63 | 3.728 | 2.89 | 3.35 | 4.09 | 9.83 |
| 83.5 | 0.25 | 0.03 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.58 | 15.68 | 3.849 | 3.82 | 4.40 | 5.33 | 10.32 |
| 111.4 | 0.25 | 0.03 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.69 | 17.28 | 3.935 | 4.64 | 5.33 | 6.45 | 10.75 |
| 139.2 | 0.25 | 0.03 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.78 | 18.61 | 4.001 | 5.38 | 6.16 | 7.48 | 11.13 |
| 167.1 | 0.25 | 0.03 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.87 | 19.75 | 4.055 | 6.06 | 6.93 | 8.46 | 11.48 |

Chute flow design for the concrete grouted riprap and turf reinforcement-lined chutes on 28.6% slope.

| Flow Rate (cfs) | Bottom Slope (ft/ft) | Manning's n | Side Slope (left) | Side Slope (right) | Bottom Width (ft) | Normal Depth (ft) | Flow Vel. (fps) | Froude Number | Velocity Head (ft) | Energy Head (ft) | Flow Area (sf) | Flow Top Width (ft) |
|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| 27.8 | 0.286 | 0.03 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.29 | 11.07 | 3.729 | 1.90 | 2.20 | 2.51 | 9.17 |
| 55.7 | 0.286 | 0.03 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.44 | 14.24 | 3.965 | 3.15 | 3.59 | 3.91 | 9.76 |
| 83.5 | 0.286 | 0.03 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.56 | 16.39 | 4.095 | 4.17 | 4.73 | 5.09 | 10.24 |
| 111.4 | 0.286 | 0.03 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.66 | 18.07 | 4.187 | 5.08 | 5.74 | 6.16 | 10.64 |
| 139.2 | 0.286 | 0.03 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.75 | 19.47 | 4.258 | 5.89 | 6.64 | 7.15 | 11.01 |
| 167.1 | 0.286 | 0.03 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0.84 | 20.67 | 4.316 | 6.64 | 7.47 | 8.08 | 11.34 |

EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURE DESIGN
GABION, TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT, ROCK RIPRAP, OR CONCRETE GROUTED RIPRAP-LINED CHUTE

Conclusions: Maximum normal depth is 1.37 feet. Chute design depth is 2.0 feet; therefore, design is acceptable.
Maximum velocity is 20.67 fps. As noted in footnote No. 2 below, the lining material will be selected so that the permissible velocity is not exceeded for erosion control.

1. Calculations were performed using the HYDROCALC Hydraulics for Windows program developed by Dodson and Associates (Version 2.01, 1996-2010).
2. Permissible velocities are listed below, and lining material will be selected so that these are not exceeded.

| Description | Permissible Velocity (fps) |
|--|----------------------------|
| Turf Reinforcement Mat (based on Pyramat or equivalent. Refer to Sheet III-F-2-21.) | 25 |
| Rock Riprap (based on Sheet III-F-2-22 and a D_{50} of 12 inches. If other riprap is used, it will meet the D_{50} requirements listed on Sheet III-F-2-22.) | 9 |
| Gabion/Concrete Grouted Riprap (based on Sheet III-F-2-23 and a D_{50} of 0.62 ft. If other gabion is used, it will meet the D_{50} requirements listed on Sheet III-F-2-23. The permissible velocity for concrete grouted riprap will actually be greater than 21 fps because it is classified as a rigid channel lining material.) | 21 |

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
0771-368-11-123
OPEN CHANNEL LETDOWN
RIPRAP EROSION PROTECTION DESIGN

Required: Design the riprap erosion protection at the downstream end of the open channel letdown.

Method: Use HEC-RAS to model the open channel geomembrane-lined letdown to determine the hydraulic characteristics of the hydraulic jump that will occur at the downstream end of the letdown. Based on the results, design the riprap erosion protection area.

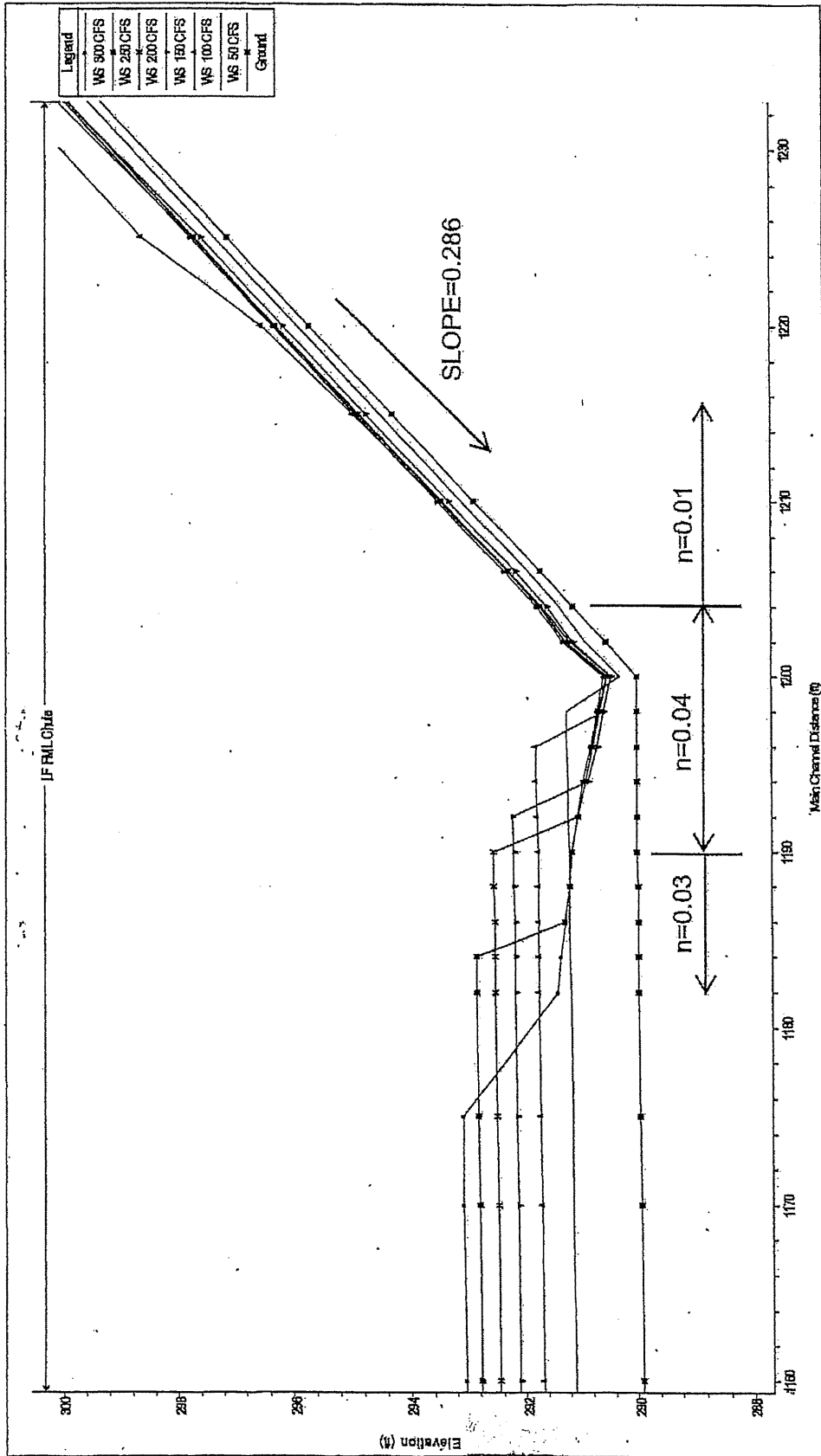
Note: This example calculation is shown for geomembrane-lined letdowns to conservatively estimate the length of riprap needed. As seen on pages IIIF-F-2-3 through IIIF-F-2-6, the geomembrane-lined letdowns have the highest velocities and represent the worst-case scenario. Therefore, this riprap design is applicable to all lined letdowns.

Solution: Page IIIF-F-2-9 shows the water surface profile for incremental flows up to 300 cfs for the geomembrane letdown into a channel, as modeled in HEC-RAS. The modeling output is presented on pages IIIF-F-2-10 through IIIF-F-2-20. The following table summarizes the erosion protection design for the various flows.

| Flow (cfs) | Drainage Area* (ac) | Length of Hydraulic Jump (ft) | Specified Runout of Riprap (ft) |
|------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 50 | 9 | 2 | 10 |
| 100 | 18 | 4 | 10 |
| 150 | 27 | 8 | 10 |
| 200 | 36 | 10 | 10 |
| 250 | 45 | 16 | 16 |
| 300 | 54 | 18 | 25 |

* Drainage areas are approximated based on the calculation methodology listed on page IIIF-F-2-2.

The values listed in the above table are specified riprap lengths for letdowns terminating into a perimeter channel. If the letdown terminates into a pond, 10 feet of riprap erosion control will be sufficient because the water in the pond will provide additional energy dissipation.



IIIF-F-2-9

HEC-RAS HEC-RAS 5.0.3 September 2016
 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
 Hydrologic Engineering Center
 609 Second Street
 Davis, California

```

X   X   XXXXXX   XXXX   XXXX   XX   XXXX
X   X   X       X   X   X   X   X   X   X
X   X   X       X   X   X   X   X   X   X
XXXXXXXX XXXX   X   XXX XXXX XXXXXX XXXX
X   X   X       X   X   X   X   X   X   X
X   X   X       X   X   X   X   X   X   X
X   X   XXXXXX   XXXX   X   X   X   X   XXXXX
    
```

PROJECT DATA

Project Title: Hydraulic Jump
 Project File : HydraulicJump.prj
 Run Date and Time: 1/23/2019 1:17:24 PM

Project in English units

PLAN DATA

Plan Title: Rio Grande Runup 0.3%
 Plan File : p:\Solid waste\IESI\Turkey Creek\Expansion_Vertikal\SDP\App III-F\App IIIF-F (from Maloy)\Hydraulic Jump HEC-RAS\HydraulicJump.p09
 Geometry Title: Rio Grande FML CHUTE with 4' RUNUP .003
 Geometry File : p:\Solid waste\IESI\Turkey Creek\Expansion_Vertikal\SDP\App III-F\App IIIF-F (from Maloy)\Hydraulic Jump HEC-RAS\HydraulicJump.g08
 Flow Title : Rio Grande FML CHUTE 0.3%
 Flow File : p:\Solid waste\IESI\Turkey Creek\Expansion_Vertikal\SDP\App III-F\App IIIF-F (from Maloy)\Hydraulic Jump HEC-RAS\HydraulicJump.f04

Plan Summary Information:

Number of: Cross Sections = 36 Multiple Openings = 0
 Culverts = 0 Inline Structures = 0
 Bridges = 0 Lateral Structures = 0

Computational Information

Water surface calculation tolerance = 0.01
 Critical depth calculation tolerance = 0.01
 Maximum number of iterations = 20
 Maximum difference tolerance = 0.3
 Flow tolerance factor = 0.001

Computation Options

Critical depth computed only where necessary
 Conveyance Calculation Method: At breaks in n values only
 Friction Slope Method: Average Conveyance
 Computational Flow Regime: Mixed Flow

FLOW DATA

Flow Title: Rio Grande FML CHUTE 0.3%
 Flow File : p:\Solid waste\IESI\Turkey Creek\Expansion_Vertikal\SDP\App III-F\App IIIF-F (from Maloy)\Hydraulic Jump HEC-RAS\HydraulicJump.f04

Flow Data (cfs)

| River | Reach | RS | 50 CFS | 100 CFS | 150 CFS | 200 CFS | 250 CFS | 300 CFS |
|-------|-----------|------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| LF | FML Chute | 5000 | 50 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 |

Boundary Conditions

| River | Reach | Profile | Upstream | Downstream |
|-------|-----------|---------|-------------------|------------------|
| LF | FML Chute | 50 CFS | Normal S = 0.2857 | Normal S = 0.003 |
| LF | FML Chute | 100 CFS | Normal S = 0.2857 | Normal S = 0.003 |
| LF | FML Chute | 150 CFS | Normal S = 0.2857 | Normal S = 0.003 |
| LF | FML Chute | 200 CFS | Normal S = 0.2857 | Normal S = 0.003 |
| LF | FML Chute | 250 CFS | Normal S = 0.2857 | Normal S = 0.003 |
| LF | FML Chute | 300 CFS | Normal S = 0.2857 | Normal S = 0.003 |

GEOMETRY DATA

Geometry Title: Rio Grande FML CHUTE with 4' RUNUP .003
 Geometry File : p:\Solid waste\IESI\Turkey Creek\Expansion_Vertikal\SDP\App III-F\App IIIF-F (from Maloy)\Hydraulic Jump HEC-RAS\HydraulicJump.g08

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 5000

INPUT

Description:

| Station | Elevation | Data | num= | 4 | Sta | Elev | Sta | Elev |
|---------|-----------|------|--------|----|--------|------|--------|------|
| 0 | 528.79 | 20 | 518.79 | 28 | 518.79 | 48 | 528.79 | |

Manning's n Values

| Sta | n Val | Sta | n Val | Sta | n Val |
|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|
| 0 | .01 | 0 | .01 | 48 | .01 |

| Bank Sta: | Left | Right | Lengths: | Left Channel | Right | Coeff Contr. | Expan. |
|-----------|------|-------|----------|--------------|-------|--------------|--------|
| 0 | 48 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | .1 | .5 |

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4900

INPUT

Description:

| Station | Elevation | Data | num= | 4 | Sta | Elev | Sta | Elev |
|---------|-----------|------|--------|----|--------|------|--------|------|
| 0 | 500.19 | 20 | 490.19 | 28 | 490.19 | 48 | 500.19 | |

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .01 0 .01 48 .01
 Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 48 100 100 100 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4800

INPUT
 Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 471.59 20 461.59 28 461.59 48 471.59

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .01 0 .01 48 .01
 Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 48 100 100 100 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4700

INPUT
 Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 442.99 20 432.99 28 432.99 48 442.99

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .01 0 .01 48 .01
 Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 48 100 100 100 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4600

INPUT
 Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 414.39 20 404.39 28 404.39 48 414.39

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .01 0 .01 48 .01
 Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 48 100 100 100 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4500

INPUT
 Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 385.79 20 375.79 28 375.79 48 385.79

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .01 0 .01 48 .01
 Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 48 100 100 100 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4400

INPUT
 Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 357.19 20 347.19 28 347.19 48 357.19

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .01 0 .01 48 .01
 Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 48 100 100 100 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4300

INPUT
 Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 328.59 20 318.59 28 318.59 48 328.59

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .01 0 .01 48 .01
 Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 48 75 75 75 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
REACH: FML Chute RS: 4225

INPUT

Description:
Station Elevation Data num= 4
Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
0 307.14 20 297.14 28 297.14 48 307.14

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
0 .01 0 .01 48 .01

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
0 48 5 5 5 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
REACH: FML Chute RS: 4220

INPUT

Description:
Station Elevation Data num= 4
Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
0 305.71 20 295.71 28 295.71 48 305.71

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
0 .01 0 .01 48 .01

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
0 48 5 5 5 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
REACH: FML Chute RS: 4215

INPUT

Description:
Station Elevation Data num= 4
Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
0 304.29 20 294.29 28 294.29 48 304.29

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
0 .01 0 .01 48 .01

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
0 48 5 5 5 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
REACH: FML Chute RS: 4210

INPUT

Description:
Station Elevation Data num= 4
Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
0 302.86 20 292.86 28 292.86 48 302.86

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
0 .01 0 .01 48 .01

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
0 48 4 4 4 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
REACH: FML Chute RS: 4206

INPUT

Description:
Station Elevation Data num= 4
Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
0 301.71 20 291.71 28 291.71 48 301.71

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
0 .01 0 .01 48 .01

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
0 48 2 2 2 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
REACH: FML Chute RS: 4204

INPUT

Description:
Station Elevation Data num= 4
Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
0 301.14 20 291.14 28 291.14 48 301.14

Manning's n Values num= 3
Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
0 .04 0 .04 48 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
0 48 2 2 2 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
REACH: FML Chute RS: 4202

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 300.57 20 290.57 28 290.57 48 300.57

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .04 0 .04 48 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 48 2 2 2 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4200

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 300 30 290 42 290 72 300

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .04 0 .04 72 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 72 2 2 2 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4198

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 300 30 290 42 290 72 300

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .04 0 .04 72 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 72 2 2 2 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4196

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 300 30 290 42 290 72 300

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .04 0 .04 72 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 72 2 2 2 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4194

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 300 30 290 42 290 72 300

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .04 0 .04 72 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 72 2 2 2 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4192

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 300 30 290 42 290 72 300

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .04 0 .04 72 .04

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 72 2 2 2 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4190

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 310 60 290 72 290 132 310

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val

0 .03 0 .03 72 .03
 Bank Sta: Left 0 Right 72 Lengths: Left Channel 2 Right 2 Coeff Contr. .1 Expan. .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4188

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 309.994 60 289.994 72 289.994 132 309.994

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .03 0 .03 132 .03

Bank Sta: Left 0 Right 132 Lengths: Left Channel 2 Right 2 Coeff Contr. .1 Expan. .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4186

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 309.988 60 289.988 72 289.988 132 309.988

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .03 0 .03 132 .03

Bank Sta: Left 0 Right 132 Lengths: Left Channel 2 Right 2 Coeff Contr. .1 Expan. .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4184

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 309.982 60 289.982 72 289.982 132 309.982

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .03 0 .03 132 .03

Bank Sta: Left 0 Right 132 Lengths: Left Channel 2 Right 2 Coeff Contr. .1 Expan. .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4182

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 309.976 60 289.976 72 289.976 132 309.976

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .03 0 .03 132 .03

Bank Sta: Left 0 Right 132 Lengths: Left Channel 7 Right 7 Coeff Contr. .1 Expan. .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4175

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 309.955 60 289.955 72 289.955 132 309.955

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .03 0 .03 132 .03

Bank Sta: Left 0 Right 132 Lengths: Left Channel 5 Right 5 Coeff Contr. .1 Expan. .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4170

INPUT

Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 309.94 60 289.94 72 289.94 132 309.94

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .03 0 .03 132 .03

Bank Sta: Left 0 Right 132 Lengths: Left Channel 10 Right 10 Coeff Contr. .1 Expan. .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4160

INPUT
 Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 309.91 60 289.91 72 289.91 132 309.91

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .03 0 .03 132 .03

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 132 10 10 10 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4150

INPUT
 Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 309.88 60 289.88 72 289.88 132 309.88

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .03 0 .03 132 .03

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 132 10 10 10 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4140

INPUT
 Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 309.85 60 289.85 72 289.85 132 309.85

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .03 0 .03 132 .03

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 132 10 10 10 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4130

INPUT
 Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 309.82 60 289.82 72 289.82 132 309.82

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .03 0 .03 132 .03

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 132 10 10 10 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4120

INPUT
 Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 309.79 60 289.79 72 289.79 132 309.79

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .03 0 .03 132 .03

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 132 10 10 10 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4110

INPUT
 Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 309.76 60 289.76 72 289.76 132 309.76

Manning's n Values num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .03 0 .03 132 .03

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 132 10 10 10 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4100

INPUT
 Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4

| Sta | Elev | Sta | Elev | Sta | Elev | Sta | Elev |
|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|
| 0 | 309.73 | 60 | 289.73 | 72 | 289.73 | 132 | 309.73 |

Manning's n Values
 num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .03 0 .03 132 .03

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 132 100 100 100 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 4000

INFUT
 Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 309.43 60 289.43 72 289.43 132 309.43

Manning's n Values
 num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .03 0 .03 132 .03

Bank Sta: Left Right Lengths: Left Channel Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 132 1000 1000 1000 .1 .5

CROSS SECTION

RIVER: LF
 REACH: FML Chute RS: 3000

INFUT
 Description:
 Station Elevation Data num= 4
 Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev Sta Elev
 0 306.43 60 286.43 72 286.43 132 306.43

Manning's n Values
 num= 3
 Sta n Val Sta n Val
 0 .03 0 .03 132 .03

Bank Sta: Left Right Coeff Contr. Expan.
 0 132 .1 .5

SUMMARY OF MANNING'S N VALUES

River: LF

| Reach | River Sta. | n1 | n2 | n3 |
|-----------|------------|-----|-----|-----|
| FML Chute | 5000 | .01 | .01 | .01 |
| FML Chute | 4900 | .01 | .01 | .01 |
| FML Chute | 4800 | .01 | .01 | .01 |
| FML Chute | 4700 | .01 | .01 | .01 |
| FML Chute | 4600 | .01 | .01 | .01 |
| FML Chute | 4500 | .01 | .01 | .01 |
| FML Chute | 4400 | .01 | .01 | .01 |
| FML Chute | 4300 | .01 | .01 | .01 |
| FML Chute | 4225 | .01 | .01 | .01 |
| FML Chute | 4220 | .01 | .01 | .01 |
| FML Chute | 4215 | .01 | .01 | .01 |
| FML Chute | 4210 | .01 | .01 | .01 |
| FML Chute | 4206 | .01 | .01 | .01 |
| FML Chute | 4204 | .04 | .04 | .04 |
| FML Chute | 4202 | .04 | .04 | .04 |
| FML Chute | 4200 | .04 | .04 | .04 |
| FML Chute | 4198 | .04 | .04 | .04 |
| FML Chute | 4196 | .04 | .04 | .04 |
| FML Chute | 4194 | .04 | .04 | .04 |
| FML Chute | 4192 | .04 | .04 | .04 |
| FML Chute | 4190 | .03 | .03 | .03 |
| FML Chute | 4188 | .03 | .03 | .03 |
| FML Chute | 4186 | .03 | .03 | .03 |
| FML Chute | 4184 | .03 | .03 | .03 |
| FML Chute | 4182 | .03 | .03 | .03 |
| FML Chute | 4175 | .03 | .03 | .03 |
| FML Chute | 4170 | .03 | .03 | .03 |
| FML Chute | 4160 | .03 | .03 | .03 |
| FML Chute | 4150 | .03 | .03 | .03 |
| FML Chute | 4140 | .03 | .03 | .03 |
| FML Chute | 4130 | .03 | .03 | .03 |
| FML Chute | 4120 | .03 | .03 | .03 |
| FML Chute | 4110 | .03 | .03 | .03 |
| FML Chute | 4100 | .03 | .03 | .03 |
| FML Chute | 4000 | .03 | .03 | .03 |
| FML Chute | 3000 | .03 | .03 | .03 |

SUMMARY OF REACH LENGTHS

River: LF

| Reach | River Sta. | Left | Channel | Right |
|-----------|------------|------|---------|-------|
| FML Chute | 5000 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| FML Chute | 4900 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| FML Chute | 4800 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| FML Chute | 4700 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| FML Chute | 4600 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| FML Chute | 4500 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| FML Chute | 4400 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| FML Chute | 4300 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| FML Chute | 4225 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| FML Chute | 4220 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| FML Chute | 4215 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| FML Chute | 4210 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| FML Chute | 4206 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| FML Chute | 4204 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| FML Chute | 4202 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| FML Chute | 4200 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| FML Chute | 4198 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| FML Chute | 4196 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| FML Chute | 4194 | 2 | 2 | 2 |

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| | | | | |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|
| FML Chute | 4192 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| FML Chute | 4190 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| FML Chute | 4188 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| FML Chute | 4186 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| FML Chute | 4184 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| FML Chute | 4182 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| FML Chute | 4175 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| FML Chute | 4170 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| FML Chute | 4160 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| FML Chute | 4150 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| FML Chute | 4140 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| FML Chute | 4130 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| FML Chute | 4120 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| FML Chute | 4110 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| FML Chute | 4100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| FML Chute | 4000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| FML Chute | 3000 | | | |

SUMMARY OF CONTRACTION AND EXPANSION COEFFICIENTS
River: LF

| Reach | River Sta. | Contr. | Expan. |
|-----------|------------|--------|--------|
| FML Chute | 5000 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4900 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4800 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4700 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4600 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4500 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4400 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4300 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4225 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4220 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4215 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4210 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4206 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4204 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4202 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4200 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4198 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4196 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4194 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4192 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4190 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4188 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4186 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4184 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4182 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4175 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4170 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4160 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4150 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4140 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4130 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4120 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4110 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4100 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 4000 | .1 | .5 |
| FML Chute | 3000 | .1 | .5 |

Profile Output Table - Standard Table 1

| Reach | River Sta | Profile | Q Total (cfs) | Min Ch El (ft) | W.S. Elev (ft) | Crit W.S. (ft) | E.G. Elev (ft) | E.G. Slope (ft/ft) | Vel Chnl (ft/s) | Flow Area (sq ft) | Top Width (ft) | Froude # | Chl |
|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|----------|-----|
| FML Chute | 5000 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 518.79 | 519.01 | 519.77 | 530.72 | 0.286102 | 27.46 | 1.82 | 8.86 | 10.68 | |
| FML Chute | 5000 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 518.79 | 519.12 | 520.27 | 538.67 | 0.286125 | 35.47 | 2.82 | 9.30 | 11.36 | |
| FML Chute | 5000 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 518.79 | 519.20 | 520.66 | 545.37 | 0.286041 | 41.04 | 3.66 | 9.66 | 11.76 | |
| FML Chute | 5000 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 518.79 | 519.28 | 521.00 | 551.33 | 0.286018 | 45.42 | 4.40 | 9.96 | 12.04 | |
| FML Chute | 5000 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 518.79 | 519.35 | 521.29 | 556.76 | 0.285889 | 49.06 | 5.10 | 10.24 | 12.26 | |
| FML Chute | 5000 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 518.79 | 519.41 | 521.56 | 561.79 | 0.285857 | 52.22 | 5.74 | 10.49 | 12.44 | |
| FML Chute | 4900 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 490.19 | 490.41 | 491.17 | 502.12 | 0.285966 | 27.46 | 1.82 | 8.86 | 10.68 | |
| FML Chute | 4900 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 490.19 | 491.67 | 491.67 | 492.26 | 0.001489 | 6.15 | 16.26 | 13.93 | 1.00 | |
| FML Chute | 4900 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 490.19 | 492.06 | 492.06 | 492.79 | 0.001415 | 6.81 | 22.03 | 15.50 | 1.01 | |
| FML Chute | 4900 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 490.19 | 492.40 | 492.40 | 493.23 | 0.001361 | 7.29 | 27.43 | 16.84 | 1.01 | |
| FML Chute | 4900 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 490.19 | 492.69 | 492.69 | 493.61 | 0.001320 | 7.68 | 32.56 | 18.01 | 1.01 | |
| FML Chute | 4900 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 490.19 | 490.81 | 492.96 | 533.20 | 0.285954 | 52.23 | 5.74 | 10.49 | 12.44 | |
| FML Chute | 4800 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 461.59 | 461.81 | 462.57 | 473.52 | 0.285966 | 27.46 | 1.82 | 8.86 | 10.68 | |
| FML Chute | 4800 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 461.59 | 463.07 | 463.07 | 463.66 | 0.001489 | 6.15 | 16.26 | 13.93 | 1.00 | |
| FML Chute | 4800 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 461.59 | 463.46 | 463.46 | 464.19 | 0.001415 | 6.81 | 22.03 | 15.50 | 1.01 | |
| FML Chute | 4800 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 461.59 | 462.11 | 463.80 | 490.05 | 0.231587 | 42.40 | 4.72 | 10.09 | 10.93 | |
| FML Chute | 4800 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 461.59 | 462.22 | 464.09 | 490.43 | 0.186161 | 42.60 | 5.87 | 10.53 | 10.06 | |
| FML Chute | 4800 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 461.59 | 464.36 | 464.36 | 465.35 | 0.001289 | 8.01 | 37.47 | 19.07 | 1.01 | |
| FML Chute | 4700 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 432.99 | 433.21 | 433.97 | 444.92 | 0.285966 | 27.46 | 1.82 | 8.86 | 10.68 | |
| FML Chute | 4700 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 432.99 | 434.47 | 434.47 | 435.06 | 0.001489 | 6.15 | 16.26 | 13.93 | 1.00 | |
| FML Chute | 4700 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 432.99 | 434.86 | 434.86 | 435.59 | 0.001415 | 6.81 | 22.03 | 15.50 | 1.01 | |
| FML Chute | 4700 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 432.99 | 435.20 | 435.20 | 436.03 | 0.001361 | 7.29 | 27.43 | 16.84 | 1.01 | |
| FML Chute | 4700 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 432.99 | 433.57 | 435.49 | 468.18 | 0.253958 | 47.19 | 5.30 | 10.31 | 11.61 | |
| FML Chute | 4700 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 432.99 | 433.73 | 435.76 | 462.18 | 0.156799 | 42.79 | 7.01 | 10.96 | 9.43 | |
| FML Chute | 4600 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 404.39 | 404.61 | 405.37 | 416.32 | 0.285966 | 27.46 | 1.82 | 8.86 | 10.68 | |
| FML Chute | 4600 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 404.39 | 405.87 | 405.87 | 406.46 | 0.001489 | 6.15 | 16.26 | 13.93 | 1.00 | |
| FML Chute | 4600 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 404.39 | 406.26 | 406.26 | 406.99 | 0.001415 | 6.81 | 22.03 | 15.50 | 1.01 | |
| FML Chute | 4600 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 404.39 | 404.91 | 406.60 | 432.85 | 0.231587 | 42.40 | 4.72 | 10.09 | 10.93 | |
| FML Chute | 4600 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 404.39 | 404.95 | 406.89 | 441.52 | 0.276060 | 48.51 | 5.15 | 10.26 | 12.06 | |
| FML Chute | 4600 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 404.39 | 405.05 | 407.16 | 442.29 | 0.235109 | 48.95 | 6.13 | 10.63 | 11.37 | |
| FML Chute | 4500 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 375.79 | 376.01 | 376.77 | 387.72 | 0.285966 | 27.46 | 1.82 | 8.86 | 10.68 | |
| FML Chute | 4500 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 375.79 | 377.27 | 377.27 | 377.86 | 0.001489 | 6.15 | 16.26 | 13.93 | 1.00 | |
| FML Chute | 4500 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 375.79 | 377.66 | 377.66 | 378.39 | 0.001415 | 6.81 | 22.03 | 15.50 | 1.01 | |
| FML Chute | 4500 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 375.79 | 378.00 | 378.00 | 378.83 | 0.001361 | 7.29 | 27.43 | 16.84 | 1.01 | |
| FML Chute | 4500 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 375.79 | 378.29 | 378.29 | 379.21 | 0.001320 | 7.68 | 32.56 | 18.01 | 1.01 | |
| FML Chute | 4500 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 375.79 | 376.42 | 378.56 | 416.93 | 0.266963 | 51.06 | 5.88 | 10.54 | 12.05 | |
| FML Chute | 4400 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 347.19 | 347.41 | 348.17 | 359.12 | 0.285966 | 27.46 | 1.82 | 8.86 | 10.68 | |
| FML Chute | 4400 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 347.19 | 348.67 | 348.67 | 349.26 | 0.001489 | 6.15 | 16.26 | 13.93 | 1.00 | |
| FML Chute | 4400 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 347.19 | 349.06 | 349.06 | 349.79 | 0.001415 | 6.81 | 22.03 | 15.50 | 1.01 | |
| FML Chute | 4400 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 347.19 | 347.71 | 349.40 | 375.65 | 0.231587 | 42.40 | 4.72 | 10.09 | 10.93 | |
| FML Chute | 4400 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 347.19 | 347.82 | 349.69 | 376.03 | 0.186161 | 42.60 | 5.87 | 10.53 | 10.06 | |
| FML Chute | 4400 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 347.19 | 347.82 | 349.96 | 399.53 | 0.279062 | 51.81 | 5.79 | 10.50 | 12.30 | |
| FML Chute | 4300 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 318.59 | 318.81 | 319.57 | 330.52 | 0.285966 | 27.46 | 1.82 | 8.86 | 10.68 | |
| FML Chute | 4300 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 318.59 | 320.07 | 320.07 | 320.66 | 0.001489 | 6.15 | 16.26 | 13.93 | 1.00 | |

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|-----------|------|---------|----------|---------------------|--------|--------|----------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| FML Chute | 4300 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 318.59 | 320.46 | 320.46 | 321.19 | 0.001415 | 6.81 | 22.03 | 15.50 | 1.01 | |
| FML Chute | 4300 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 318.59 | 320.80 | 320.80 | 321.63 | 0.001361 | 7.29 | 27.43 | 16.84 | 1.01 | |
| FML Chute | 4300 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 318.59 | 321.17 | 321.09 | 353.78 | 0.253958 | 47.19 | 5.30 | 10.31 | 11.61 | |
| FML Chute | 4300 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 318.59 | 321.36 | 321.36 | 322.35 | 0.001289 | 8.01 | 37.47 | 19.07 | 1.01 | |
| FML Chute | 4225 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 297.14 | 297.36 | 298.12 | 309.07 | 0.285966 | 27.46 | 1.82 | 8.86 | 10.68 | |
| FML Chute | 4225 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 297.14 | 298.62 | 298.62 | 299.21 | 0.001489 | 6.15 | 16.26 | 13.93 | 1.00 | |
| FML Chute | 4225 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 297.14 | 297.60 | 299.01 | 318.78 | 0.206306 | 36.92 | 4.06 | 9.82 | 10.12 | |
| FML Chute | 4225 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 297.14 | 297.73 | 299.35 | 319.22 | 0.155225 | 37.19 | 5.38 | 10.35 | 9.09 | |
| FML Chute | 4225 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 297.14 | 297.71 | 299.64 | 333.92 | 0.272009 | 48.27 | 5.18 | 10.27 | 11.98 | |
| FML Chute | 4225 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 297.14 | 297.97 | 299.91 | 319.94 | 0.106674 | 37.61 | 7.98 | 11.31 | 7.89 | |
| FML Chute | 4220 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 295.71 | 295.93 | 296.69 | 307.64 | 0.286102 | 27.46 | 1.82 | 8.86 | 10.68 | |
| FML Chute | 4220 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 295.71 | 296.53 | 297.19 | 299.00 | 0.012073 | 12.61 | 7.93 | 11.29 | 2.65 | |
| FML Chute | 4220 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 295.71 | 296.16 | 297.58 | 317.70 | 0.211610 | 37.23 | 4.03 | 9.81 | 10.24 | |
| FML Chute | 4220 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 295.71 | 296.29 | 297.92 | 318.37 | 0.161683 | 37.69 | 5.31 | 10.32 | 9.27 | |
| FML Chute | 4220 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 295.71 | 296.30 | 298.21 | 329.73 | 0.240900 | 46.38 | 5.39 | 10.35 | 11.33 | |
| FML Chute | 4220 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 295.71 | 296.52 | 298.48 | 319.31 | 0.112581 | 38.29 | 7.83 | 11.26 | 8.09 | |
| FML Chute | 4215 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 294.29 | 294.51 | 295.27 | 306.22 | 0.285966 | 27.46 | 1.82 | 8.86 | 10.68 | |
| FML Chute | 4215 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 294.29 | 294.97 | 295.77 | 298.79 | 0.023128 | 15.67 | 6.38 | 10.78 | 3.58 | |
| FML Chute | 4215 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 294.29 | 294.74 | 296.16 | 316.60 | 0.216539 | 37.51 | 4.00 | 9.80 | 10.24 | |
| FML Chute | 4215 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 294.29 | 294.86 | 296.50 | 317.48 | 0.167784 | 38.15 | 5.24 | 10.29 | 9.42 | |
| FML Chute | 4215 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 294.29 | 294.88 | 296.79 | 328.50 | 0.243016 | 46.52 | 5.37 | 10.34 | 11.38 | |
| FML Chute | 4215 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 294.29 | 295.09 | 297.06 | 318.65 | 0.118329 | 38.94 | 7.70 | 11.21 | 8.28 | |
| FML Chute | 4210 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 292.86 | 293.08 | 293.84 | 304.79 | 0.285966 | 27.46 | 1.82 | 8.86 | 10.68 | |
| FML Chute | 4210 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 292.86 | 293.46 | 294.34 | 298.52 | 0.035420 | 18.04 | 5.54 | 10.41 | 4.36 | |
| FML Chute | 4210 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 292.86 | 293.31 | 294.73 | 315.48 | 0.221360 | 37.78 | 3.97 | 9.79 | 10.46 | |
| FML Chute | 4210 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 292.86 | 293.43 | 295.07 | 316.58 | 0.173797 | 38.60 | 5.18 | 10.27 | 9.58 | |
| FML Chute | 4210 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 292.86 | 293.44 | 295.36 | 327.26 | 0.245111 | 46.65 | 5.36 | 10.34 | 11.42 | |
| FML Chute | 4210 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 292.86 | 293.65 | 295.63 | 317.97 | 0.124040 | 39.56 | 7.58 | 11.17 | 8.46 | |
| FML Chute | 4206 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 291.71 | 291.93 | 292.69 | 303.65 | 0.286238 | 27.46 | 1.82 | 8.86 | 10.68 | |
| FML Chute | 4206 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 291.71 | 292.27 | 293.19 | 296.26 | 0.045794 | 19.63 | 5.09 | 10.23 | 4.91 | |
| FML Chute | 4206 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 291.71 | 292.15 | 293.58 | 314.57 | 0.225053 | 37.98 | 3.95 | 9.78 | 10.53 | |
| FML Chute | 4206 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 291.71 | 292.27 | 293.92 | 315.83 | 0.178523 | 38.94 | 5.14 | 10.25 | 9.70 | |
| FML Chute | 4206 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 291.71 | 292.29 | 294.21 | 326.26 | 0.246742 | 46.75 | 5.35 | 10.33 | 11.46 | |
| FML Chute | 4206 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 291.71 | 292.49 | 294.48 | 317.41 | 0.128598 | 40.04 | 7.49 | 11.13 | 8.60 | |
| FML Chute | 4204 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 291.14 | 291.37 | 292.12 | 301.42 | 0.285966 | 27.46 | 1.82 | 8.86 | 10.68 | |
| FML Chute | 4204 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 291.14 | 291.69 | 292.62 | 297.98 | 0.079065 | 20.13 | 4.97 | 10.19 | 5.08 | |
| FML Chute | 4204 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 291.14 | 291.60 | 293.01 | 312.86 | 0.2319764 | 36.99 | 4.05 | 9.82 | 10.15 | |
| FML Chute | 4204 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 291.14 | 291.71 | 293.35 | 314.58 | 0.1730099 | 38.36 | 5.21 | 10.28 | 9.50 | |
| FML Chute | 4204 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 291.14 | 291.73 | 293.64 | 324.32 | 0.2407006 | 45.79 | 5.46 | 10.38 | 11.13 | |
| FML Chute | 4204 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 291.14 | 291.93 | 293.91 | 316.67 | 0.1207098 | 39.91 | 7.52 | 11.14 | 8.57 | |
| FML Chute | 4202 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 290.57 | 290.91 | 291.55 | 295.26 | 0.285966 | 27.46 | 1.82 | 8.86 | 10.68 | |
| FML Chute | 4202 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 290.57 | 291.19 | 292.05 | 295.55 | 0.051682 | 17.50 | 5.71 | 10.47 | 4.18 | |
| FML Chute | 4202 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 290.57 | 291.13 | 292.44 | 304.39 | 0.1606705 | 29.20 | 5.14 | 10.25 | 7.27 | |
| FML Chute | 4202 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 290.57 | 291.24 | 292.78 | 306.98 | 0.1549898 | 31.83 | 6.28 | 10.69 | 7.32 | |
| FML Chute | 4202 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 290.57 | 291.27 | 293.07 | 313.79 | 0.2120330 | 38.07 | 6.57 | 10.80 | 8.60 | |
| FML Chute | 4202 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 290.57 | 291.45 | 293.34 | 310.52 | 0.1383043 | 35.03 | 8.56 | 11.51 | 7.16 | |
| FML Chute | 4200 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 290.00 | 290.31 | 290.76 | 292.81 | 0.284808 | 12.69 | 3.94 | 13.83 | 4.19 | |
| FML Chute | 4200 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 290.00 | 290.47 | 291.17 | 294.45 | 0.0593764 | 16.00 | 6.25 | 14.80 | 4.34 | |
| FML Chute | 4200 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 290.00 | 290.47 | 291.48 | 299.27 | 0.1299564 | 23.79 | 6.30 | 14.82 | 6.43 | |
| FML Chute | 4200 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 290.00 | 290.54 | 291.75 | 301.81 | 0.1393216 | 26.92 | 7.43 | 15.27 | 6.80 | |
| FML Chute | 4200 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 290.00 | 290.57 | 291.99 | 306.52 | 0.1873075 | 32.04 | 7.80 | 15.42 | 7.94 | |
| FML Chute | 4200 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 290.00 | 290.69 | 292.21 | 305.69 | 0.1415111 | 31.07 | 9.65 | 16.12 | 7.08 | |
| FML Chute | 4198 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 290.00 | 291.26 | 290.76 | 291.36 | 0.004652 | 2.52 | 19.82 | 19.54 | 0.44 | |
| FML Chute | 4198 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 290.00 | 291.17 | 292.85 | 0.247006 | 12.03 | 8.31 | 15.61 | 2.91 | 2.91 | |
| FML Chute | 4198 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 290.00 | 290.59 | 291.48 | 295.80 | 0.081150 | 18.31 | 8.19 | 15.57 | 4.45 | |
| FML Chute | 4198 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 290.00 | 290.66 | 291.75 | 297.85 | 0.101609 | 21.30 | 9.30 | 15.99 | 4.97 | |
| FML Chute | 4198 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 290.00 | 290.69 | 291.99 | 301.12 | 0.186180 | 25.91 | 9.65 | 16.12 | 5.90 | |
| FML Chute | 4198 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 290.00 | 290.80 | 292.21 | 301.33 | 0.082843 | 26.03 | 11.53 | 16.80 | 5.54 | |
| FML Chute | 4196 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 290.00 | 291.25 | 291.35 | 291.35 | 0.004810 | 2.55 | 19.59 | 19.47 | 0.45 | |
| FML Chute | 4196 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 290.00 | 291.81 | 291.17 | 291.97 | 0.004914 | 3.17 | 31.52 | 22.85 | 0.48 | |
| FML Chute | 4196 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 290.00 | 290.72 | 291.48 | 294.08 | 0.298341 | 14.70 | 10.21 | 16.32 | 3.28 | |
| FML Chute | 4196 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 290.00 | 290.78 | 291.75 | 295.68 | 0.1394176 | 17.75 | 11.27 | 16.71 | 2.48 | |
| FML Chute | 4196 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 290.00 | 290.80 | 291.99 | 298.07 | 0.234884 | 14.83 | 13.40 | 17.46 | 3.00 | |
| FML Chute | 4196 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 290.00 | 290.91 | 292.21 | 298.64 | 0.0521966 | 22.29 | 13.46 | 17.48 | 4.48 | |
| FML Chute | 4194 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 290.00 | 291.23 | 291.34 | 291.34 | 0.004983 | 2.58 | 19.36 | 19.40 | 0.46 | |
| FML Chute | 4194 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 290.00 | 291.80 | 291.96 | 0.005043 | 3.20 | 31.23 | 22.78 | 0.48 | 0.48 | |
| FML Chute | 4194 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 290.00 | 290.86 | 291.48 | 293.09 | 0.162258 | 11.99 | 12.51 | 17.15 | 2.48 | |
| FML Chute | 4194 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 290.00 | 290.91 | 291.75 | 294.37 | 0.134984 | 14.83 | 13.40 | 17.46 | 3.00 | |
| FML Chute | 4194 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 290.00 | 291.00 | 291.99 | 296.19 | 0.153371 | 18.42 | 13.57 | 17.52 | 3.69 | |
| FML Chute | 4194 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 290.00 | 291.03 | 292.21 | 296.86 | 0.0344253 | 19.37 | 15.49 | 18.16 | 3.70 | |
| FML Chute | 4192 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 290.00 | 291.22 | 291.33 | 0.005160 | 2.61 | 19.13 | 19.33 | 0.46 | 0.46 | |
| FML Chute | 4192 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 290.00 | 291.78 | 291.95 | 0.005173 | 3.23 | 30.95 | 22.70 | 0.49 | 0.49 | |
| FML Chute | 4192 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 290.00 | 292.21 | 291.48 | 292.42 | 0.005182 | 41.24 | 15.40 | 25.28 | 0.50 | |
| FML Chute | 4192 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 290.00 | 291.05 | 291.75 | 294.52 | 0.143243 | 12.62 | 15.84 | 18.28 | 2.39 | |
| FML Chute | 4192 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 290.00 | 291.04 | 291.99 | 294.96 | 0.227825 | 15.88 | 15.75 | 18.25 | 3.01 | |
| FML Chute | 4192 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 290.00 | 291.15 | 292.21 | 295.62 | 0.233729 | 16.97 | 17.68 | 18.87 | 3.09 | |
| FML Chute | 4190 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 290.00 | 291.21 | 291.32 | 0.002884 | 2.76 | 18.87 | 19.25 | 0.47 | 0.47 | |
| FML Chute | 4190 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 290.00 | 291.77 | 291.94 | 0.002882 | 3.44 | 30.54 | 22.59 | 0.50 | 0.50 | |
| FML Chute | 4190 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 290.00 | 292.19 | 292.41 | 0.002883 | 3.89 | 40.70 | 25.15 | 0.51 | 0.51 | |
| FML Chute | 4190 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 290.00 | 292.55 | 291.77 | 292.80 | 0.002889 | 4.24 | 49.99 | 27.27 | 0.52 | 0.52 |
| FML Chute | 4190 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 290.00 | 291.15 | 292.01 | 294.33 | 0.085931 | 14.61 | 17.78 | 18.90 | 2.55 | |
| FML Chute | 4190 | 300 CFS | 300.00 | 290.00 | 291.25 | 292.23 | 294.97 | 0.091072 | 15.82 | 19.74 | 19.52 | 2.66 | |
| FML Chute | 4188 | 50 CFS | 50.00 | 289.99 | 291.20 | 291.31 | 0.002999 | 2.64 | 18.91 | 19.26 | 0.47 | 0.47 | |
| FML Chute | 4188 | 100 CFS | 100.00 | 289.99 | 291.76 | 291.93 | 0.003002 | 3.27 | 30.62 | 22.61 | 0.49 | 0.49 | |
| FML Chute | 4188 | 150 CFS | 150.00 | 289.99 | 292.19 | 292.40 | 0.003001 | 3.68 | 40.81 | 25.17 | 0.51 | 0.51 | |
| FML Chute | 4188 | 200 CFS | 200.00 | 289.99 | 292.54 | 292.79 | 0.003003 | 3.99 | 50.13 | 27.31 | 0.52 | 0.52 | |
| FML Chute | 4188 | 250 CFS | 250.00 | 289.99 | 291.20 | 291.99 | 293.95 | 0.076566 | 13.31 | 18.78 | 19.22 | 2.37 | |
| FML Chute | 4188 | 300 CFS | 300.00</ | | | | | | | | | | |

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PROPEX

GEOSYNTHETICS

Pyramat® Turf Reinforcement Mat Technical Data Sheet

Roll Sizes - 8.5 ft x 90 ft, 85 sq yd (2.6m x 27.4m, 8.44 sq m)

PYRAMAT high performance turf reinforcement mat (HPTRM) is a three-dimensional, lofty, woven polypropylene geotextile that is available in green or tan which is specially designed for erosion control applications on steep slopes and vegetated waterways. The matrix is composed of polypropylene monofilament yarns featuring X3® technology woven into a uniform configuration of resilient pyramid-like projections. The material exhibits very high interlock and reinforcement capacity with both soil and root systems, demonstrates superior UV resistance, and enhances seedling emergence.

PYRAMAT conforms to the property values listed below and is manufactured at a Propex facility having achieved ISO 9001:2000 certification. Propex performs Internal Manufacturing Quality Control (MQC) tests that have been accredited by the Geosynthetic Accreditation Institute - Laboratory Accreditation Program (GAI-LAP).

| PRODUCT TEST DATA | | |
|--|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Property | Test Method | MARV ² |
| Physical | | |
| Mass Per Unit Area | ASTM D-6556 | 13.5 oz sq yd (455 g sq m) |
| Thickness | ASTM D-6525 | .4 in (10.2 mm) |
| Light Penetration (% Passing) | ASTM D-6567 | 10% (10%) |
| Color | Visual | Green, Tan |
| Mechanical | | |
| Tensile Strength (Grab) | ASTM D-6818 | 4000 x 3000 lbs/ft (58.4 x 43.8 kN/m) |
| Elongation | ASTM D-6818 | 65% max (65% max) |
| Resiliency | ASTM D-6524 | 80% (80%) |
| Flexibility | ASTM D-6575 | .534 in/lbs (515000 mg/cm) avg |
| Endurance | | |
| UV Resistance @ 6000 hrs | ASTM D-4355 | 90% (90%) |
| Performance | | |
| Velocity ³ (Vegetated) | Large Scale | 25 ft/sec (7.6 m/sec) |
| Shear Stress ³ (Vegetated) | Large Scale | 15 lbs sq ft (718 Pa) |
| Manning's "n" ⁴ (Unvegetated) | Calculated | .028 (.028) |
| Seedling Emergence | ECTC Draft Method #4 | 296% (296%) |

NOTES

- The property values listed are effective 08/2005 and are subject to change without notice.
- MARV indicates minimum average test values calculated as the typical minus two standard deviations. Statistically, it yields a 97.7% degree of confidence that any sample taken during quality assurance testing will exceed the value reported.
- Maximum permissible velocity and shear stress has been obtained through vegetated testing programs featuring specific soil types, vegetation species, flow conditions, and failure criteria. These conditions may not be relevant to every project nor are they replicated by other manufacturers. Please contact Propex for further information.
- Calculated as typical values from large-scale flexible channel lining test programs with a flow depth of 5 to 22 inches.

The information presented herein, while not guaranteed, is to the best of our knowledge true and accurate. Except when agreed to in writing for specific conditions of use, no warranty or guarantee expressed or implied is made regarding the performance of any product, since the manner of use and handling are beyond our control. Nothing contained herein is to be construed as permission or as a recommendation to infringe any patent.

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P.O. Box 810 Johnson City, NY 13790

Phone: (607) 729-5111 (800) 859-5111 Fax: (607) 729-5158

www.ivindustries.com

IV-EC-3462-0101-01A7

| Type | Thickness
m | Size
mm | d_s
m | velocity
m/s | velocity
ft/sec |
|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| Reno mattress | 0.15 - 0.17 | 70 - 100 | 0.085 | 3.5 | 4.2 |
| | | 70 - 150 | 0.110 | 4.2 | 4.5 |
| | 0.23 - 0.25 | 70 - 100 | 0.085 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| | | 70 - 150 | 0.120 | 4.5 | 6.1 |
| | 0.50 | 70 - 120 | 0.100 | 4.2 | 3.5 |
| | | 100 - 150 | 0.125 | 5.0 | 6.4 |
| Gabions | 0.50 1.64 | 100 - 200 | 0.150 0.49 | 5.8 11 | 7.6 25 |
| | | 120 - 250 | 0.190 0.62 | 6.4 21 | 8.0 26 |

When the revetment has to be placed under water the thickness of the Reno mattress remains the same since it can be launched from a position whereas rip rap has to be increased by 50% (12, 13, 49, 50, 51).

The big reduction in the revetment thickness, which is achieved using Reno mattress instead of rip rap, is of economic significance in protection projects in large rivers, given the same area of work, and, therefore, the quantity of material used.

2.2 Semi permeable and impermeable linings with sand asphalt mastic.

a) General characteristics of sand asphalt mastic covered Reno mattress.

The combination of the stone filled Reno mattress and sand asphalt mastic has the characteristics of both gabion work and asphalt concrete. The addition of bituminous mastic to the Reno mattress produces a structure which combines the properties and performance of both materials. The mattress retains its flexibility, while the density of the filling is increased and therefore the efficiency of the protection. If all the voids between the stones in the layer are filled and the surface of the mattress covered, the lining will be completely impervious. The mastic also protects the wire mesh against corrosion and an abrasion by transported material.

The wire mesh reinforces the grouted stone layer and gives it strength in tension. Hence, the thickness of the combined structure can be considerably less than that of ordinary mastic grouted stone to withstand the same stresses. The resulting saving in binmen and aggregate, and the increased flexibility due to the reduced thickness, have given rise to extensive use of this type of lining for protection in a variety of waterways.

b) Mix design of sand asphalt mastic.

To avoid excessive detail, only the fundamental data on mix design is given here. For fuller information, reference should be made to the specific publications listed in the bibliography (5, 6).

SIZE OF RIPRAP TO BE USED DOWNSTREAM FROM STILLING BASINS

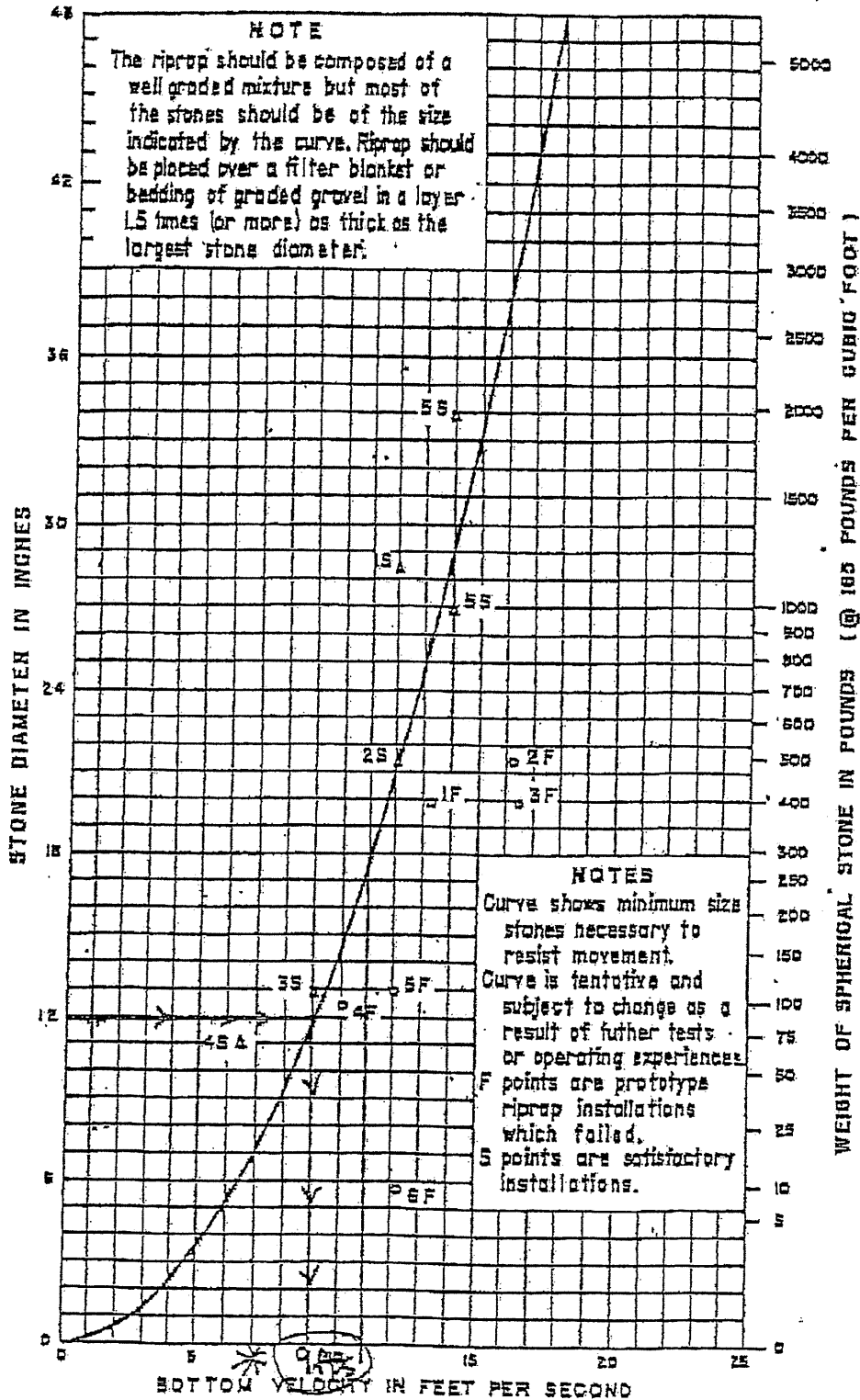


FIGURE 163.—Curve to determine minimum stone size in riprap mixtures.

SOURCE: HYDRAULIC DESIGN OF STILLING BASINS AND ENERGY DISSIPATORS, US DEPT OF THE INTERIOR - BUREAU OF LAND RECLAMATION, 1954.

Required: Determine the maximum drainage area for 24-inch and 36-inch diameter letdown pipes using the BCAP computer program.

Method:

1. Determine the maximum flow for 24-inch and 36-inch diameter letdown pipes on the 28.6% side slope.
2. Determine the maximum drainage areas for the flows calculated in Step 1.

Reference:

1. State of Texas, Department of Transportation, Bridge Division, Hydraulic Manual, September 2019.

Note: The pipe letdown analysis has been performed using "Broken-Back" Culvert Analysis Program (BCAP) which is available from the Federal Highway Administration Web Page:
<http://www.dor.state.ne.us/roadway-design/> [follow link to downloadable files and info]

The program was developed to analyze culverts with changing slopes.

Solution:

1. Determine the maximum flow for 24-inch and 36-inch diameter letdown pipes on the 28.6% side slope.

The following pages include the program outputs for the 24-in dia culvert and 36-in diameter culvert. Pages III-F-2-26 and III-F-2-31 include rating tables that show if the hydraulic jump occurs within the pipe or not [YES/NO]. The results also include pipe outlet velocity for each flow rate as well as the tailwater depth and velocity in the channel ("Tailwater Velocity").

The flow ratings are used to calculate the maximum allowable top dome drainage area for each pipe size analyzed (Step 2). The maximum flow rate that has hydraulic jump within the culvert is used for allowable drainage area calculations on page III-F-2-35. The computer program does not have corrugated plastic pipe option; therefore, the corrugated metal pipe option has been used with a Manning's Coefficient of 0.024.

Results:

| | | | |
|-------|------|-----|--|
| Q24 = | 28.9 | cfs | maximum allowable flow in 24-in-dia pipe |
| Q36 = | 52.0 | cfs | maximum allowable flow in 36-in-dia pipe |

NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
Broken-Back Culvert Analysis Program (BCAP)

PROJECT INFO

Project: TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL EXPANSION
Station or Location: JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Date: 11 / 04 / 2021

DISCHARGE DATA

Minimum: 1.00 cfs
Design Discharge: 25.00 cfs
Maximum: 32.00 cfs
Number of Barrels: 1

TAILWATER DATA

Type: Downstream
Channel Shape: Trapezoid
Left Side Slope: 3 H:1V
Right Side Slope: 3 H:1V
Bottom Width: 10 ft
Bottom Slope: 0.005 ft/ft
Roughness Coefficient: 0.04

CULVERT DATA

Type: Circular Pipe
Pipe Diameter: 2 ft
Culvert Material: Corr. Metal Pipe
Inlet Type: Mitered to Conform to Slope
Roughness Coefficient: 0.024
Outlet Section Roughness Coeff.: 0.024
Inlet Section Slope: 0.06 ft/ft
Steep Section Slope: 0.2857 ft/ft
Outlet Section Slope: 0 ft/ft

CULVERT PROFILE DATA

Type: Double Broken-Back
Inlet Station: 100.00 ft
Inlet Elevation: 930.00 ft
Upper Break Station: 110.00 ft
Upper Break Elevation: 929.40 ft
Lower Break Station: 982.90 ft
Lower Break Elevation: 680.00 ft
Outlet Station: 1020.00 ft
Outlet Elevation: 680.00 ft

NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
Broken-Back Culvert Analysis Program (BCAP)

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL EXPANSION
JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
11/04/2021

Project:
Station or Location:
Date:

| Discharge | Headwater Depth | Inlet Control Elevation | Break Control Elevation | Critical Depth | Outlet Depth | Outlet Velocity | Outlet Froude Number | Tailwater Depth | Tailwater Velocity | Hydraulic Jump |
|-----------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------|
| cfs | ft | ft | ft | ft | ft | ft/s | | ft | ft/s | |
| 4.1 | 1.02 | 931.02 | 930.45 | .71 | .71 | 4.07 | 1.0 | .33 | 1.13 | YES |
| 7.2 | 1.40 | 931.40 | 930.85 | .95 | .95 | 4.91 | 1.0 | .45 | 1.41 | YES |
| 10.3 | 1.74 | 931.74 | 931.22 | 1.13 | 1.13 | 5.61 | 1.0 | .55 | 1.61 | YES |
| 13.4 | 2.13 | 932.13 | 931.62 | 1.29 | 1.29 | 6.24 | 1.0 | .65 | 1.73 | YES |
| 16.5 | 2.61 | 932.61 | 932.03 | 1.43 | 1.43 | 6.84 | 1.0 | .73 | 1.85 | YES |
| 19.6 | 3.19 | 933.19 | 932.49 | 1.56 | 1.56 | 7.44 | 1.0 | .79 | 2.01 | YES |
| 25.0 | 4.43 | 934.43 | 933.38 | 1.77 | 1.77 | 8.52 | 1.0 | .91 | 2.16 | YES |
| 25.8 | 4.63 | 934.63 | 933.52 | 1.79 | 1.79 | 8.69 | 1.0 | .93 | 2.17 | YES |
| 28.9 | 5.45 | 935.45 | 934.11 | 1.90 | 2.00 | 9.20 | .9 | .99 | 2.25 | YES |
| 32.0 | 6.48 | 936.48 | 934.80 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 10.19 | 1.0 | 1.05 | 2.32 | NO |

NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
Broken-Back Culvert Analysis Program (BCAP)

PROJECT INFO

Project: TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL EXPANSION
Station or Location: JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Date: 11/04/2021

CULVERT DATA

Discharge: 25.0 cfs
Shape: Circular
Material: Corr. Metal Pipe
Size: 1-2.0 ft x 2.0 ft
Inlet Type: Mitered to Conform to Slope

WATER SURFACE PROFILE

Inlet Depth: 2.00 ft
Inlet Velocity: 7.96 ft/s
Upper Break Depth: 1.77 ft
Upper Break Velocity: 8.52 ft/s
Lower Break Depth: 0.86 ft
Lower Break Velocity: 19.35 ft/s
Depth at End of Hydraulic Jump: 2.00 ft
Velocity at End of Hydraulic Jump: 7.96 ft/s
Depth at End of Hydraulic Jump: 0.91 ft
Velocity at End of Hydraulic Jump: 2.16 ft/s

OUTPUT DATA

Head Water Depth: 4.43 ft
Inlet Control Elevation: 934.43 ft
Break Control Elevation: 933.38 ft
Critical Depth: 1.77 ft
Tailwater Depth: 0.91 ft
Hydraulic Jump? YES
Jump Station: 1005.38 ft
Jump Length: 13.79 ft
Outlet Depth: 1.77 ft
Outlet Velocity: 8.52 ft/s
Outlet Froude No.: 1.0

Circle Pipe Culvert

Inlet Type

Diameter=2 ft

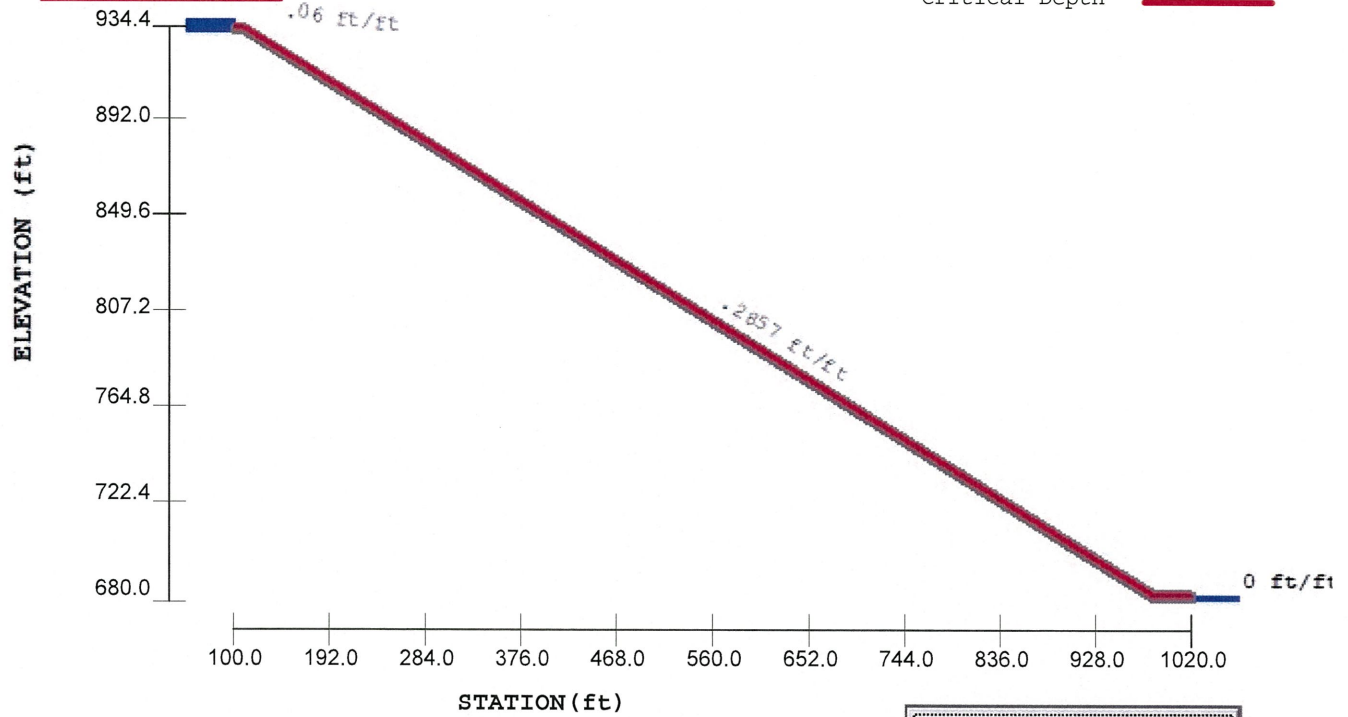
Mitered to Conform to Slope

Culvert Material: Corr. Metal Pipe Rough. Coeff.= 0.024

Outlet Sec. Rough. Coeff.= 0.024

Q = 25 cfs

Critical Depth



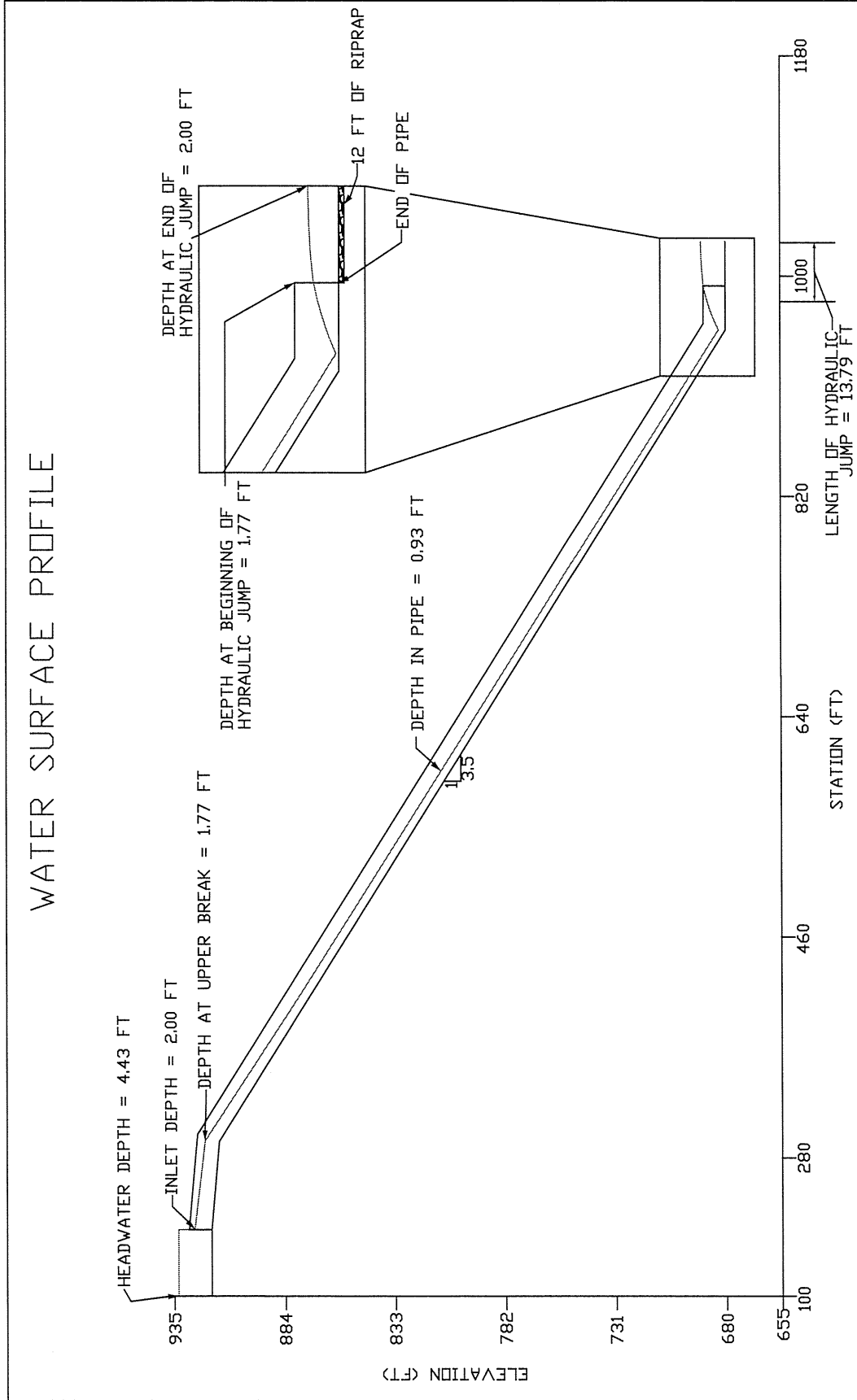
Source:

P:\Solid waste\WC\Turkey Creek\Expansion 2021\Par

Press to Return to Output Form

F\BCAF

WATER SURFACE PROFILE



NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
Broken-Back Culvert Analysis Program (BCAP)

PROJECT INFO

Project: TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL EXPANSION
Station or Location: JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Date: 11 / 04 / 2021

DISCHARGE DATA

Minimum: 10.00 cfs
Design Discharge: 25.00 cfs
Maximum: 80.00 cfs
Number of Barrels: 1

TAILWATER DATA

Type: Downstream
Channel Shape: Trapezoid
Left Side Slope: 3 H:1V
Right Side Slope: 3 H:1V
Bottom Width: 10 ft
Bottom Slope: 0.005 ft/ft
Roughness Coefficient: 0.04

CULVERT DATA

Type: Circular Pipe
Pipe Diameter: 3 ft
Culvert Material: Corr. Metal Pipe
Inlet Type: Mitered to Conform to Slope
Roughness Coefficient: 0.024
Outlet Section Roughness Coeff.: 0.024
Inlet Section Slope: 0.06 ft/ft
Steep Section Slope: 0.2857 ft/ft
Outlet Section Slope: 0 ft/ft

CULVERT PROFILE DATA

Type: Double Broken-Back
Inlet Station: 100.00 ft
Inlet Elevation: 930.00 ft
Upper Break Station: 110.00 ft
Upper Break Elevation: 929.40 ft
Lower Break Station: 982.90 ft
Lower Break Elevation: 680.00 ft
Outlet Station: 1040.00 ft
Outlet Elevation: 680.00 ft

NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
Broken-Back Culvert Analysis Program (BCAP)

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL EXPANSION
JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
11/04/2021

Project:
Station or Location:
Date:

| Discharge | Headwater
Depth | Inlet
Control
Elevation | Break
Control
Elevation | Critical
Depth | Outlet | | Tailwater | | Tailwater
Velocity | Hydraulic
Jump |
|-----------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | Depth | Velocity | Depth | Velocity | | |
| cfs | ft | ft | ft | ft | ft | ft/s | ft | ft/s | ft/s | |
| 17.0 | 1.93 | 931.93 | 931.39 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 5.70 | 1.0 | .73 | 1.91 | YES |
| 25.0 | 2.41 | 932.41 | 931.91 | 1.59 | 1.59 | 6.55 | 1.0 | .91 | 2.16 | YES |
| 31.0 | 2.78 | 932.78 | 932.28 | 1.78 | 1.78 | 7.11 | 1.0 | 1.03 | 2.30 | YES |
| 38.0 | 3.28 | 933.28 | 932.72 | 1.97 | 1.97 | 7.74 | 1.0 | 1.15 | 2.46 | YES |
| 45.0 | 3.87 | 933.87 | 933.21 | 2.14 | 2.14 | 8.34 | 1.0 | 1.27 | 2.57 | YES |
| 52.0 | 4.56 | 934.56 | 933.73 | 2.30 | 2.70 | 7.76 | .7 | 1.37 | 2.69 | YES |
| 59.0 | 5.36 | 935.36 | 934.28 | 2.45 | 2.90 | 8.44 | .7 | 1.47 | 2.79 | NO |
| 66.0 | 6.25 | 936.25 | 934.87 | 2.59 | 3.00 | 9.34 | .7 | 1.55 | 2.91 | NO |
| 73.0 | 7.21 | 937.21 | 935.49 | 2.73 | 3.00 | 10.33 | .8 | 1.65 | 2.96 | NO |
| 80.0 | 8.23 | 938.23 | 936.17 | 2.85 | 3.00 | 11.32 | .9 | 1.73 | 3.04 | NO |

NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ROADS
Broken-Back Culvert Analysis Program (BCAP)

PROJECT INFO

Project: TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL EXPANSION
Station or Location: JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS
Date: 11/04/2021

CULVERT DATA

Discharge: 25.0 cfs
Shape: Circular
Material: Corr. Metal Pipe
Size: 1-3.0 ft x 3.0 ft
Inlet Type: Mitered to Conform to Slope

WATER SURFACE PROFILE

Inlet Depth: 2.49 ft
Inlet Velocity: 3.98 ft/s
Upper Break Depth: 1.59 ft
Upper Break Velocity: 6.55 ft/s
Lower Break Depth: 0.72 ft
Lower Break Velocity: 19.16 ft/s
Depth at End of Hydraulic Jump: 2.08 ft
Velocity at End of Hydraulic Jump: 4.79 ft/s
Depth at End of Hydraulic Jump: 0.91 ft
Velocity at End of Hydraulic Jump: 2.16 ft/s

OUTPUT DATA

Head Water Depth: 2.41 ft
Inlet Control Elevation: 932.41 ft
Break Control Elevation: 931.91 ft
Critical Depth: 1.59 ft
Tailwater Depth: 0.91 ft
Hydraulic Jump? YES
 Jump Station: 1016.11 ft
 Jump Length: 12.46 ft
Outlet Depth: 1.59 ft
Outlet Velocity: 6.55 ft/s
Outlet Froude No.: 1.0

Circle Pipe Culvert

Inlet Type


Diameter=3 ft

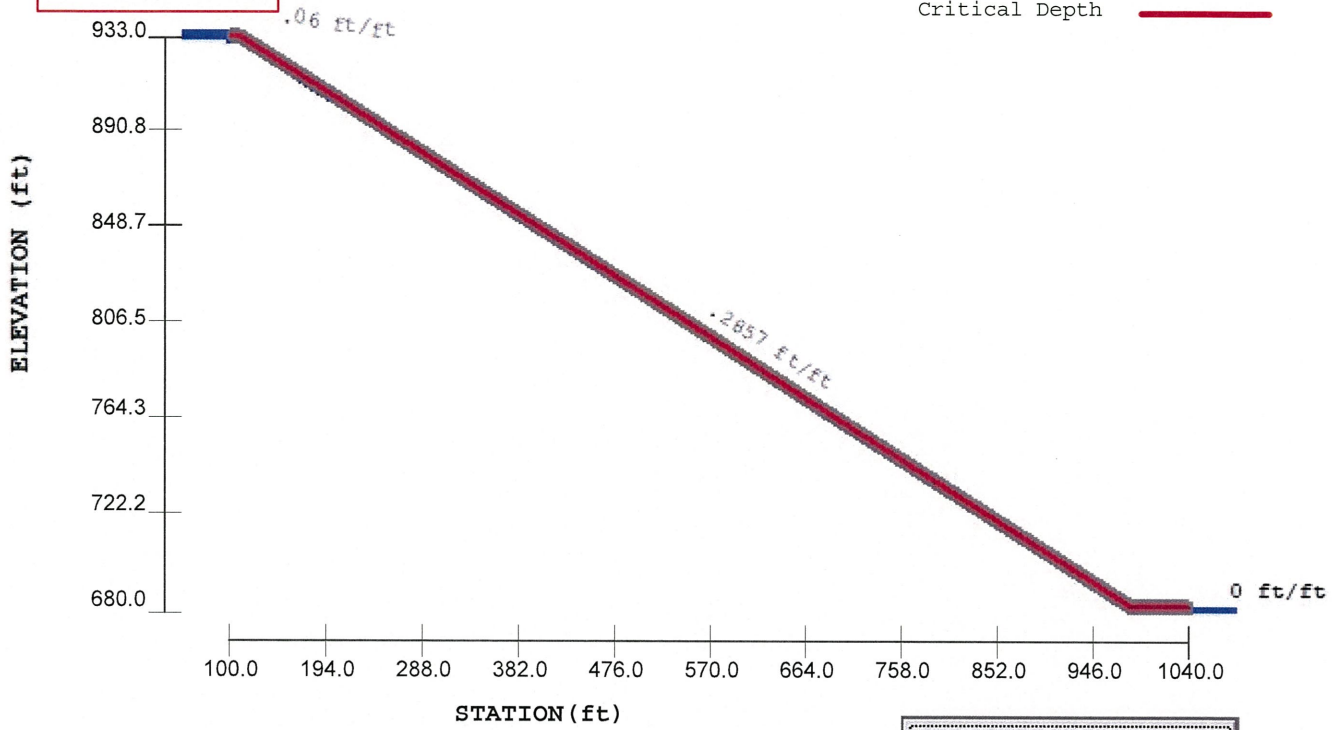
Mitered to Conform to Slope

Culvert Material: Corr. Metal Pipe Rough. Coeff.= 0.024

Outlet Sec. Rough. Coeff.= 0.024

Q = 25 cfs

Critical Depth 



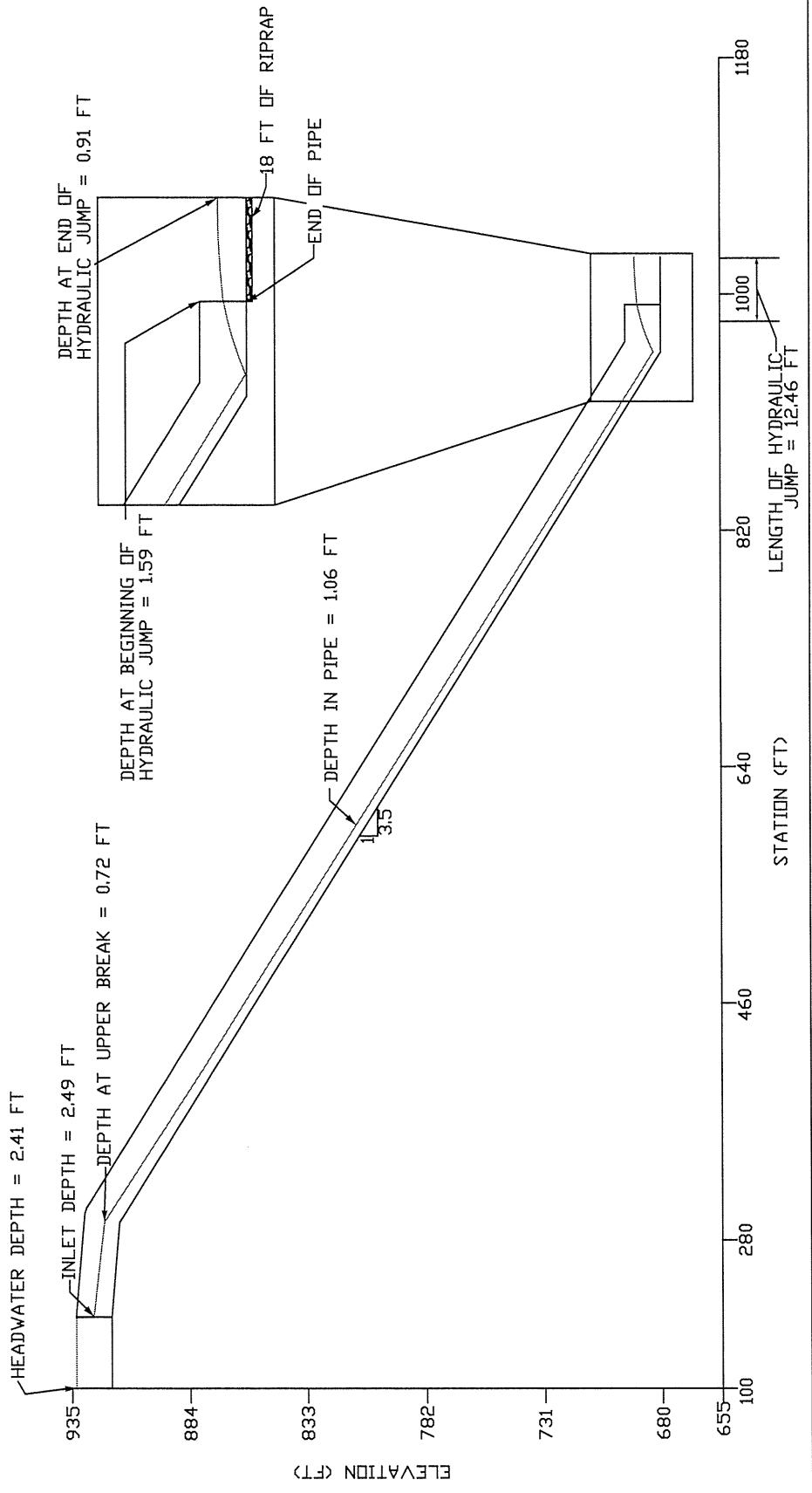
Source:

P:\Solid waste\WC\Turkey Creek\Expansion 2021\Par

Press to Return to Output Form

F\BCAF

WATER SURFACE PROFILE



2. Determine the maximum drainage areas for the flows calculated in Step 1.

$$Q = CIA$$

Where: C = 0.7 (runoff coefficient, Ref 1.)
I = intensity, in/hr
A = drainage area, ac

$$I = \frac{b}{(t_c + d)^e}$$

b = 83.01 From Ref. 1, for Johnson County
d = 10.65 25-year storm event
e = 0.775
t_c is assumed to be 10 min.

$$I = 7.95 \text{ in/hr}$$

$$A = Q / (CI)$$

| Pipe Diameter (in) | Flow (cfs) | Area (ac) |
|--------------------|------------|-----------|
| 24 | 28.9 | 5.2 |
| 36 | 52.0 | 9.3 |

Conclusion:

The maximum allowable drainage area for a 24-inch diameter letdown pipe is 5.2 acres for each inlet and for a 36-inch diameter letdown pipe is 9.3 acres for each inlet. The minimum berm height is 3 feet for a 24-inch diameter pipe and 4 feet for 36-inch diameter pipe. (Figure 3 details indicate 1 foot berm above the pipe).

Required: Determine the Riprap size and Dimensions for 24-inch and 36-inch diameter letdown pipes using Riprap Apron Design provided by the Reference 1.

Method:

1. Determine the hydraulic conditions at the outlet of 24-inch and 36-inch diameter letdown pipes using the hydraulic design developed using the BCAP computer simulation.
2. Determine the riprap size and apron dimensions for each pipe letdown

Reference:

1. U.S. Department of Transportation - Federal Highway Administration. Hydraulic Engineering Circular No. 14, Third Edition. *Hydraulic Design of Energy Dissipators for Culverts and Channels*. Publication No. FHWA-NHI-06-086, July 2006.

Solution:

1. Determine the hydraulic parameters from pages III-F-2-27 (pipe diameter 24-inches) and III-F-2-32 (pipe diameter 36-inches):

| Parameter | Symbol | 24-inch Dia. Culvert | 36-inch Dia. Culvert |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Design flow rates, cfs | Q= | 28.9 | 52.0 |
| Pipe Diameters, ft | D= | 2 | 3 |
| Depth at the pipe outlet, ft | y _n = | 1.77 | 1.59 |
| Adjusted culvert rise, ft | D'= | 1.77 | 2.39 |
| Tailwater Depth ¹ , ft | TW= | 0.91 | 0.91 |

¹Tailwater depth is the pipe diameter when the calculated tailwater depth is higher per Reference 1.

$$D_{50} = 0.2 \times D \left[\frac{Q}{\sqrt{g} \times D^{2.5}} \right]^{4/3} \times \left[\frac{D}{TW} \right] \quad \text{Eq. 10.4 (page 10-17 of Ref. 1)}$$

$$D' = \frac{D \times y_n}{2} \quad \text{Eq. 10.5 (page 10-17 of Ref. 1)}$$

D₅₀ = Riprap Size in feet

Riprap Classes and Apron Dimensions¹

| Class | D ₅₀
(in) | Apron
Length ²
(ft) | Apron
Depth
(ft) |
|-------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | 5 | 4xD | 3.5xD ₅₀ |
| 2 | 6 | 4xD | 3.3xD ₅₀ |
| 3 | 10 | 5xD | 2.4xD ₅₀ |
| 4 | 14 | 6xD | 2.2xD ₅₀ |
| 5 | 20 | 7xD | 2.0xD ₅₀ |
| 6 | 22 | 8xD | 2.0xD ₅₀ |

¹This table has been reproduced from Table 10.1 included on page 10-18 of Reference 1.

²D is the culvert rise.

| Design Parameter | 24-inch Dia. Culvert | 36-inch Dia. Culvert |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| D ₅₀ , calculated, inches = | 9.2 | 11.7 |
| D ₅₀ , selected, inches = | 10 | 12 |
| Apron Length, calculated, feet = | 10 | 15 |
| Apron Length, selected, feet = | 12 | 18 |
| Apron Depth, calculated, inches = | 24.0 | 28.8 |
| Apron Depth, selected, inches = | 30 | 30 |

Conclusion:

Riprap sizes for pipe diameters of 24-inches and 36-inches are selected conservatively. The calculated apron length is increased to 10 feet in the design. The apron depth used is higher than the calculated apron depth. Therefore, the design of the pipe letdown outlet energy dissipator calculations are acceptable and channels at the pipe outlets will be stable.

APPENDIX III F-F-3
SEDIMENT CONTROL POND DESIGN

Includes pages III F-F-3-1 through III F-F-3-7



SEDIMENT CONTROL POND DESIGN

This appendix includes supporting information for the sedimentation pond sizing procedure presented on Sheet III-F-13 (refer to Section 2.2 of the Erosion Control Plan for All Phases of Development). In the event that certain percent ground cover that limits the soil loss to 50/tons/acres/year is not achieved and soil loss is temporarily greater than 50 tons/acre/year, a sedimentation pond will be used along with other structural and non-structural BMPs approved as part of this plan to limit the discharge of eroded soil. The sedimentation pond option is a secondary erosion control option, similar to mulch, wood chips, compost, or straw/hay, and will only be used if the required percent vegetation specification is not met. If the sedimentation pond option is implemented, the swales and letdowns specified will remain in-place. The sedimentation pond option simply allows for the control of sediment while vegetation is being established. The pond design procedure has been developed for reducing discharge of eroded soil to less than the allowable amount for external side slopes (i.e., 50 tons/acre/year) if the required percent vegetation coverage is not obtained soil loss is greater than 50 tons/acre/year. The stormwater sedimentation pond design provided is for a 25-year frequency storm event. This provides for a conservative design because the efficiency of the pond will be higher for more frequent storms (e.g., one year frequency). The example calculation included on pages III-F-3-2 through III-F-3-6 demonstrates that a 0.5-acre detention pond is capable of reducing the discharge of 60 tons/acre/year of soil to less than 50 tons/acre/year of soil from the external slopes for a 20-acre area. A factor has been calculated that will be used to determine the required pond size for a specified external slope area. For a summary of the efficiencies of ponds for various required soil loss reduction amounts, refer to Sheet III-F-13 – Sediment Control Pond Plan as well as the table on page III-F-3-7.

Required: Develop a procedure to size a sedimentation pond to reduce sediment discharge from the external embankment area to 50 tons/acre/year or less.

Method:

1. Determine the 25-year frequency peak flow rate upstream of the sediment control pond using the Rational Method.
2. Calculate the settling velocity of sediment particles using Stokes equation.
3. Calculate the fraction of sediment trapped under dynamic conditions.
4. Calculate the fraction of sediment trapped under quiescent conditions.
5. Calculate the total fraction of sediment trapped under combined conditions.
6. Verify that pond design is adequate to reduce given soil loss to 50 tons/acre/year or less.

Reference:

1. State of Texas, Department of Transportation, Bridge Division, Hydraulic Manual, 3rd Edition, September 2019.
2. NOAA Atlas 14 - Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the United States, Volume 11, Version 2.0: Texas (U.S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and National Weather Service, 2018)
2. Chin, David. A. Water-Resources Engineering. Prentice Hall, Inc., 2000.
3. Haan, C.T., et al. Design Hydrology and Sedimentology for Small Catchments, 1994.
4. Cooperative Studies Section, Hydrologic Services Division. U.S. Department of Commerce. *Technical Paper No. 40.*

Solution:

1. Determine the 25-year frequency peak flow rate upstream of the sediment control pond.

$$Q = CIA$$

Where: C = 0.7 (runoff coefficient, Ref. 1)
I = intensity (in/hr)
A = upstream drainage area (ac)

Note: A runoff coefficient of 0.8 is used for all areas regardless of slope.

$$I = \frac{b}{(t_c + d)^e}$$

b = 83.01 From Ref. 2, for Johnson County
d = 10.65 25-year frequency storm event
e = 0.775
t_c is assumed to be 10 min.

$$I = 7.95 \text{ in/hr}$$

$$A = 20.0 \text{ acres}$$

$$Q = 111.37 \text{ cfs}$$

2. Calculate the settling velocity, V_s (ft/hr), of sediment particles using Stokes equation.

$$V_s = \frac{\alpha (\rho_s / \rho_w - 1) g \phi^2}{18 \nu_w} \quad (\text{Ref. 3})$$

Where:

α = factor that measures the effect of particle shape (assume spherical, α = 1)
ρ_s = density of sediment particle (pcf)
ρ_w = density of ambient water (62.4 pcf)
g = gravity (32.2 ft/s²)
φ = particle diameter (ft)
ν_w = kinematic viscosity of the ambient water (ft²/s)

$$\alpha = 1$$

$$\rho_s = 165 \text{ pcf}$$

$$\nu_w = 1.08E-05 \text{ ft}^2/\text{s}$$

| Particle Class ¹ | Percent in Class | Particle Diameter ² (ft) | Settling Velocity, V _s (ft/hr) |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| 1 | 10 | 1.31E-05 | 0.17 |
| 2 | 20 | 1.97E-05 | 0.38 |
| 3 | 30 | 2.62E-05 | 0.68 |
| 4 | 20 | 3.28E-05 | 1.06 |
| 5 | 20 | 3.94E-05 | 1.52 |
| Total | 100 | | |

¹ Particle class corresponds to particle diameter.

² Particle diameter ranges from 4μm to 12μm, which is typical for clay and silt particles.

3. Calculate the fraction of sediment trapped under dynamic conditions.

a. Determine the overflow rate.

$$V_c = Q/A_p \quad (\text{EPA Pond Performance Model from Ref. 4})$$

Where:

V_c = overflow rate
 A_p = area of sediment control pond (ac)

$Q = 111.37$ cfs (from Step 2)
 $A_p = 0.50$ acre

$V_c = 18.41$ ft/hr

b. Determine the fraction of sediment removed.

$$F = 1 - (1 + 1/\beta * V_s/V_c)^{-\beta} \quad (\text{Ref. 4})$$

Where:

F = single-storm trapping of sediment
 β = turbulence or short-circuiting parameter reflecting non-ideal performance of pond (assume good performance, $\beta = 3$)

$\beta = 3$

$$D_R = L_F [(1/CV_Q^2) / (1/CV_Q^2 - \ln(E_m/L_F))]^{(1/CV_Q^2)+1} \quad (\text{Ref. 4})$$

Where:

D_R = long-term dynamic removal fraction for stormwater
 L_F = removal ratio for very low flow rates
 E_m = mean storm removal fraction
 CV_Q = coefficient of variation of flows

$L_F = 1$
 E_m = assume equals single-storm trapping, F
 $CV_Q = 1.74$ (from Table 9B.1, p. 570, Ref. 4)

Table 1 - Summary for Dynamic Conditions

| Particle Class | Percent in Class | Particle Diameter (ft) | Settling Velocity, V_s (ft/hr) | Single-storm Trapping, F | Fraction Removed Over All Storms, D_R | Fraction Captured Under Dynamic Conditions, E_D ¹ |
|----------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| 1 | 10 | 1.31E-05 | 0.17 | 0.009 | 0.027 | 0.27 |
| 2 | 20 | 1.97E-05 | 0.38 | 0.020 | 0.034 | 0.67 |
| 3 | 30 | 2.62E-05 | 0.68 | 0.036 | 0.041 | 1.22 |
| 4 | 20 | 3.28E-05 | 1.06 | 0.055 | 0.048 | 0.96 |
| 5 | 20 | 3.94E-05 | 1.52 | 0.078 | 0.056 | 1.12 |
| Total | 100 | | | | | 4.3 |

¹ E_D is the product of percent in class and D_R .

4. Calculate the fraction of sediment trapped under quiescent conditions.

$$RR = \frac{T_{IA} V_s A_Q}{V_R} \quad (\text{Ref. 3})$$

$$V_R = RA$$

Where:

RR = removal ratio
 T_{IA} = average time interval between storms (hr)
 V_s = settling velocity (ft/hr) from Step 2
 A_Q = average surface area under quiescent conditions (ft²)
 V_R = mean runoff volume (ft³)
 R = runoff depth for 25-year, 24-hour storm (ft)
 A = upstream drainage area (ac)

A_Q = 21,780 ft² (assume equal to A_p)
 T_{IA} = 108 hrs (from Table 9B.1, p. 570 of Ref. 4)
 R = 0.61 ft (Ref. 5)
 A = 20.0 ac (from Step 1)

$$V_R = 529,980 \text{ ft}^3$$

Table 2 - Summary for Quiescent Conditions

| Particle Class | Percent in Class | Settling Velocity, V_s (ft/hr) | Removal Ratio, RR (ft ³ /hr) | Effective Volume Ratio, V_E/V_R ¹ | Fraction Removed Under Quiescent Conditions ² | Fraction Captured Under Quiescent Conditions, E_Q |
|----------------|------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|--|---|
| 1 | 10 | 0.17 | 0.75 | 0.120 | 0.12 | 1.20 |
| 2 | 20 | 0.38 | 1.69 | 0.130 | 0.12 | 2.40 |
| 3 | 30 | 0.68 | 3.00 | 0.140 | 0.13 | 3.90 |
| 4 | 20 | 1.06 | 4.68 | 0.145 | 0.14 | 2.80 |
| 5 | 20 | 1.52 | 6.74 | 0.150 | 0.15 | 3.00 |
| Total | 100 | | | | | 13.3 |

¹ Based on Figure 9.29 from Ref. 4, using RR and V_B/V_R .

V_B = reservoir volume = 87,120 ft³, assuming a 0.5-acre pond with an average depth of 4 feet.

$$V_B/V_R = 0.164$$

² Based on Figure 9.30 from Ref. 4 with $CV_R = 1.74$.

5. Calculate the total fraction of sediment trapped under combined conditions, E_T .

$$E_T = 1 - (1 - E_D) * (1 - E_Q) \quad (\text{Ref. 3})$$

$$E_T = 17.0 \%$$

Refer to page III-F-3-7 for the total efficiency of ponds for different soil loss reduction amounts.

6. Verify that pond design is adequate to reduce given soil loss to 50 tons/acre/year or less.

a. Calculate net soil loss (i.e., sediment not captured by pond).

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total Soil Loss} &= 60.0 \text{ tons/ac/yr} \\ E_T &= 17.0 \% \quad (\text{from Step 5}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Net Soil Loss} &= \text{Total Soil Loss} \times (1 - E_T/100) \\ \text{Net Soil Loss} &= 49.8 \text{ tons/ac/yr} \end{aligned}$$

Refer to page III-F-3-7 for the net soil loss for different soil loss reduction amounts.

b. Calculate the required pond size per unit drainage area factor.

$$\text{Drainage Area} = 20.0 \text{ acres} \quad (\text{from Step 1})$$

$$\text{Pond Area} = 0.5 \text{ acres} \quad (\text{from Step 3})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Required Pond Size /} \\ \text{Unit Drainage Area Factor} &= 0.025 \end{aligned}$$

This factor was calculated using a drainage area of 20 acres and a pond area of 0.5 acres. If a 40-acre drainage area drains to the pond, then a 1.0-acre pond will be required to achieve the above efficiency and net soil loss estimate (40 acres x 0.025 = 1.0 acre). Refer to page III-F-3-7 for the required pond size/unit drainage area factor for different soil loss reduction amounts.

Conclusion:

A 0.5-acre pond will sufficiently capture enough sediment from a 20-acre drainage area so that no more than 50 tons/acre/year of net soil loss occurs on external embankment slopes. If the size of the drainage area changes, this procedure will need to be updated. Refer to the table on page III-F-3-7 for a summary of the pond efficiencies and net soil loss estimates for different soil loss reduction amounts.

SEDIMENT CONTROL POND SUMMARY

| External Slope Area
Soil Loss
(Tons/Acre/Year) | Percent Efficiency
of Pond
(Dynamic
Conditions) | Percent Efficiency of
Pond
(Quiescent
Conditions) | Total Efficiency of
Pond
(%) | Net Soil Loss
(Tons/Acre/Year) | Pond Area Required
Per Unit Drainage
Area ¹ | 50 Tons/Acre/Year
or Less? |
|--|--|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| 60 | 4.3 | 13.3 | 17.0 | 49.8 | 0.025 | YES |
| 70 | 5.1 | 25.5 | 29.3 | 49.5 | 0.040 | YES |
| 80 | 6.1 | 34.0 | 38.1 | 49.6 | 0.060 | YES |
| 90 | 6.9 | 41.5 | 45.5 | 49.0 | 0.075 | YES |
| 100 | 8.4 | 46.4 | 50.9 | 49.1 | 0.110 | YES |
| 200 | 16.4 | 71.2 | 75.9 | 48.2 | 0.300 | YES |

¹ This factor multiplied by a given drainage area will give the required pond size to achieve the efficiencies shown in the table.

APPENDIX III-F-G
EXCERPTS FROM PROPOSED CLOMR



CONTENTS

FLOODPLAIN SUMMARY

IIIF-G-1

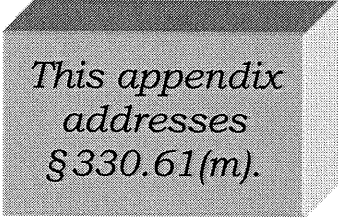
APPENDIX IIIF-G-A

Excerpts from the Proposed CLOMR Application



FLOODPLAIN SUMMARY

As discussed in Parts I/II in Section 11, Parts I/II-Appendix I/IIC, and Part III-Appendix IIIF, the floodplain for Turkey Creek is located on the north and west sides of the permit boundary. A Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) was developed for the proposed expansion to revise the floodplain limits as a part of the proposed landfill development.



*This appendix
addresses
§ 330.61(m).*

Excerpts from the CLOMR are included in Appendix IIIF-G-A. As shown in Appendix IIIF-G-A, the proposed solid waste fill areas will not be located within the limits of the post-development 100-year floodplain in the proposed CLOMR.

APPENDIX IIIF-G-A

EXCERPTS FROM THE PROPOSED CLOMR APPLICATION



1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this study is to request a Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) from Johnson County and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for proposed revisions to Flood Hazard Zones within a 219.6-acre tract of land in Johnson County, Texas. This property is owned by Texas Regional Landfill Company, LP. All proposed revisions are within the property and associated with the existing Turkey Creek Landfill which is operated within its boundaries. The proposed revisions to the landfill design are necessary to increase the landfill capacity as part of ongoing efforts to address long term waste disposal needs of the communities in Johnson and surrounding counties. The proposed expansion to the landfill will increase the currently permitted 146.4 acres (per MSW 1417C and MSW 1417D – Part I/II-1-1) waste disposal area to 171.9 acres, once the proposed expansion is approved by Texas Commission of Environment Equality (TCEQ).

A general site location map is shown on Figure 1.1, showing the landfill being located approximately 2.5 miles south of Alvarado, Texas. The site entrance is located off the Southbound Interstate Highway 35 West (IH-35W) Frontage Road immediately north at County Road 107.

This CLOMR request has been developed to obtain approval to revise the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) if the proposed expansion of the landfill and its infrastructure is constructed as proposed. The scope of this study is limited to two unnamed tributaries of Turkey Creek near the landfill, referenced as Stream A which is located west of the landfill, and Stream B which is located southeast of the landfill. Stream A is proposed to be impacted by the west landfill expansion area and Stream B is proposed to be impacted by southeast landfill expansion area.

These waterways are shown on the aerial photo included in Figure 1.2. This CLOMR will allow for the relocation of portions of the two streams and the continued development of the existing landfill operation as demonstrated on Figure 1.3. Figures 1.4 and 1.5 demonstrate comparisons of the current and proposed conditions of the landfill property. A summary of the effective and post-project floodplain delineations are provided on Figures 1.6 and 1.7, respectively and listed below.

- **Relocation of the Stream A.** Stream A currently flows through the west landfill expansion area as it traverses southwest to northeast. This CLOMR proposes to relocate the stream around the west parts of the proposed expansion area footprint. The proposed relocated channel ties into the existing Stream A alignment within the landfill permit boundary at the upstream and downstream end of the project. At the north side of the landfill property boundary, the original stream stays unchanged as it continues downstream towards Turkey Creek, as depicted on Figure 1.3.
- **Relocation of the Stream B.** Stream B currently flows through the southeast landfill expansion area as it travels south to northeast. This CLOMR proposes to relocate the stream around the east parts of the proposed expansion area footprint. Relocation of the stream ends upstream of the existing culverts that run underneath southbound IH-35W frontage road at the landfill property boundary and the original stream continues downstream of the culvert towards Turkey Creek as depicted on Figure 1.3.

The results of this study will be used to revise floodplain boundaries and to provide FEMA with the required technical data to issue a CLOMR for the proposed project. The proposed stream relocations included in this CLOMR request is detailed on the drawings presented in Appendix A.

1.2 Project Background

The Turkey Creek Landfill is an existing Type I municipal solid waste (MSW) landfill operating under TCEQ Permit No. MSW-1417C. The existing landfill currently provides solid waste disposal services for residences and businesses in Johnson County and communities in surrounding counties. With this expansion, the landfill disposal footprint will increase from approximately 146.4 acres currently permitted by the TCEQ to 171.9 acres. Turkey Creek Landfill is owned and operated by Texas Regional Landfill Company, LP. As shown on Figure 1.1, the site is located approximately 2.5 miles south of Alvarado, Texas. The site entrance is located off the Southbound Interstate Highway 35 West (IH-35W) Frontage Road immediately north of County Road 107. Figure 1.2 shows the existing landfill development, as well as the proposed landfill expansion area, on a recent aerial photograph. For over 35 years, the landfill has been a part of the community and is one of the main providers of waste disposal services to the residents and businesses of Johnson County and surrounding areas.

1.3 Proposed Site Development

As demonstrated on Figure 1.3, relative to the currently permitted landfill configuration, the landfill is proposed to develop on the west and southeast side of the existing disposal area. Figures 1.4 and 1.5 show the Zone A, existing and post-project floodplain delineations for the different site conditions for both stream

models discussed in this CLOMR. The specifics of each condition are discussed in Sections 1.5.1 and 1.5.2, respectively. The post-project condition includes proposed revisions to the floodplain, as discussed in Section 1.5.2 and shown in detail on Figure 1.7.

1.4 Scope

The scope of this study is limited to the Stream A west of the landfill area, and Stream B southeast of the landfill area, as shown on Figure 1.3. The proposed landfill development included in this CLOMR request is detailed on Figure 1.7 and the drawings presented in Appendix A.

The following conditions are included in this CLOMR request and shown on Figures 1.4 and 1.5.

- Duplicate Effective Conditions – The Turkey Creek Landfill is located near the Zone A floodplain of Turkey Creek and Steams A and B. No stream has a detailed study associated with the floodplain delineation on the effective FIRM, and no base flood elevations have been established. Therefore, the effective condition floodplain is based on the graphical delineation on the effective FIRM only.
- Existing Conditions – The existing condition represents the current existing conditions of Stream A and B. In order to create a baseline for comparison, existing hydrologic and hydraulic models were developed for the current conditions of Streams A and B. The existing condition was developed by using composite topography and on-site survey. Peak flow rates were calculated using HEC-1 modeling software. Streams A and B were modeled in HEC-RAS as two separate rivers. Stream A and Stream B are shown on Figures 1.6 and 1.7.
- Post-Project Condition – The post-project condition represents the proposed condition of the landfill development after the landfill expansion, and related site improvements have been made as shown on Figure 1.7. Refer to Drawing A.8 for tie-in locations between proposed and effective floodplains. For Stream A, the post-project hydraulic models include effective condition cross sections A-1500 through A-5600 (called A-1500 through A-5430 in post-project condition). Because the relocated Stream A channel length is different than the effective channel length, cross sections upstream of cross section A-1500 were renamed to represent the cross section location along the stream centerline. For Stream B, the effective condition hydraulic model includes cross sections B-0 through B-3350 (called B-0 through B-3310 in the post-project condition). Because the relocated Stream B channel length is different than the effective channel length, cross sections upstream of cross section B-520 were renamed to represent the cross section location along the stream centerline. Also included in the post-project condition is a tributary to Stream B named “Stream B West.” Stream B West runs east of Stream B

along the southern side of the landfill area as shown on Figure 1.7. For Stream B West, the post-project hydraulic model includes cross sections BW-100 through BW-1050. Cross sections B-2585 through B-3310 were modeled on a separate reach named “Stream B South.”

1.5 Scenarios Investigated

The analysis for all scenarios investigated in this CLOMR are discussed in detail below. The HEC-RAS output files and hydraulic models for each condition are provided electronically. The existing and proposed stream layouts with details of the hydraulic structures modeled can be found on Figures 1.4 and 1.5.

1.5.1 Existing Condition

The existing condition of Stream A and B (Figure 1.4) contains Zone A flood hazard areas as shown on the effective FIRM panels for the area. These floodplain delineations were not based on a detailed study and were therefore not used as the basis of comparison for the CLOMR. Detailed existing hydrologic and hydraulic models were developed for Streams A and B to establish the baseline 100-year floodplain areas, as shown on Figure 1.6. The existing condition was created using composite topography from FirmaTek, Dallas Aerial Surveys, North Central Texas Council of Governments, and U.S.G.S. 7.5 minute topography. A 42-inch corrugated metal pipe, running underneath the landfill’s perimeter road southwest of the disposal area, was modeled in Stream A.

Two 42-inch corrugated metal pipes running underneath County Road 313 were modeled in Stream B. In addition, a series of box culverts running underneath IH-35W and access roads were modeled. The culverts included a 5-foot by 14-foot box culvert underneath the west access road, three 5-foot by 6-foot box culverts underneath IH-35W, and three 4-foot by 5-foot box culverts underneath the east access road. The culverts underneath I-35W were modeled with the bottom 2 feet blocked based on photographs of the culverts. This provides a conservative analysis as the blocked culverts results in higher water surface elevations in comparison to a clean, unblocked condition.

1.5.2 Post-Project Condition

- Stream A: The post-project condition hydraulic model for Stream A incorporates the proposed relocation of Stream A included in the proposed landfill development, shown on Figure 1.5 and Drawing A.5 (Post-Project 100-Year Floodplain Delineation). The proposed landfill development relocates the existing Stream A around the west side of the landfill disposal footprint, to allow for the development of a continuous landfill disposal area.

The runoff entering Stream A from upstream areas of the landfill discharges into Stream A at the same location as in the effective condition.

The proposed stream relocation includes an earthen section with typical sideslopes of 2.5:1, an armored section with a left sideslope of 1.5:1, a right sideslope of 2.5:1, and a detention pond with three 54-inch corrugated metal pipes (CMP). Gabions will be used at the beginning of the channel to prevent erosion. Within the armored section of the channel, the left sideslope will be lined with gabions and the bottom and right sideslopes will be lined with Turf Mat. An Erosion Protection Plan with additional information is provided in Appendix B.3, Attachment 1.

Cross sections 1750 through A-4510 in Stream A were added to the post-project hydraulic model. Cross sections upstream of A-4510 in Stream A were renamed to represent the change in flow length from the stream relocation. The cross section A-1500 remains consistent with the effective condition. The limits of the 100-year floodplain, as well as tie-in points, are shown on Figure 1.7. A profile of the study area is also shown on Drawing A.7 in Appendix A.

- Stream B: The post-project condition hydraulic model is illustrated on Figure 1.5. The proposed landfill development relocates the existing Stream B around the southeast side of the landfill disposal footprint, to allow for the development of a continuous landfill disposal area. The runoff entering Stream B from upstream areas of the landfill discharges into Stream B at the same downstream location as in the effective condition.

The proposed stream relocation includes an earthen portion with typical sideslopes of 2.5:1 throughout the channel and a detention pond with five 42-inch Reinforced Concrete Pipes (RCP). After the detention pond, flow exits the site through the existing culverts underneath IH-35W and access roads. Gabions and turf reinforcement mats will be used to reduce velocities and prevent erosion in several locations. Locations of the erosion structures are shown on Figure 1.5, and an Erosion Protection Plan is provided in Appendix B.3, Attachment 1.

Cross sections upstream of B-2585 in Stream B were renamed to represent the change in flow length from the stream relocation. The cross sections B-0 through B-520 remain consistent with the effective condition. The limits of the 100-year floodplain, as well as tie-in points, are shown on Figure 1.7. A profile of the study area is also shown on Drawing A.7 in Appendix A.

- Stream B West: The post-project condition hydraulic model includes the Stream B West tributary of Stream B included in the proposed landfill development, shown on Figure 1.5. The proposed landfill development adds Stream B West south of the landfill disposal area to add capacity and storage for upstream flow. A profile of the study area is also shown on Drawing A.7.

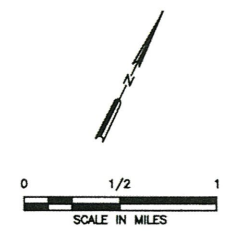
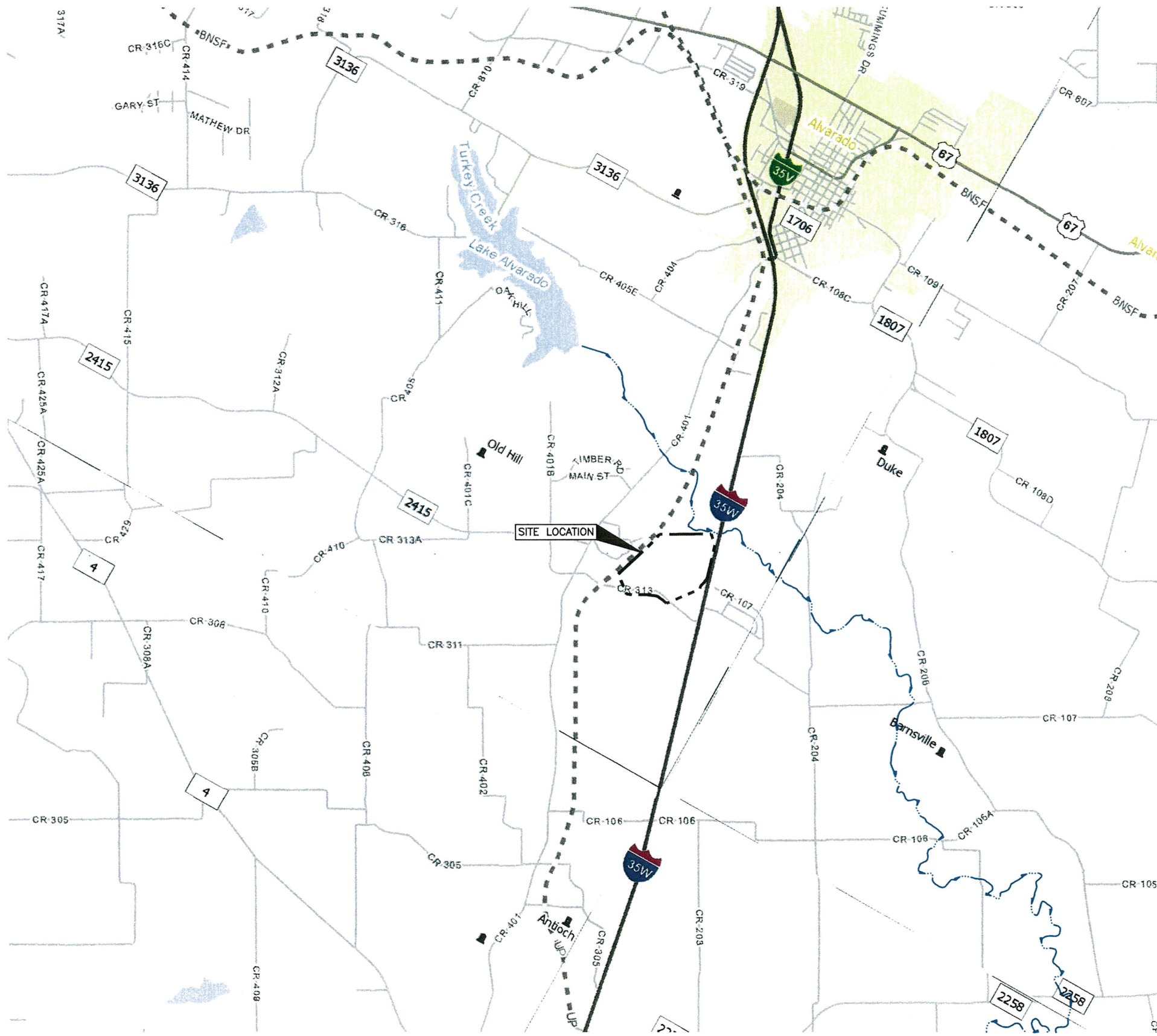
1.6 Concepts and Methods

The hydrologic and hydraulic methods employed in this study are consistent with the requirements of FEMA, Johnson County, and the Texas Department of Environmental Quality. Peak flow rates were determined from a hydrologic analysis of the study area. The 100-year storm event within the study area were evaluated using the HEC-1 modeling software. Hydrologic calculations are presented in Appendix C. The USACE HEC-RAS (Ref. 2) computer program, Version 6.0.0, was used to determine water surface profiles and floodplain limits. The floodplain presented in this study represent effective and post-project conditions (after completion of proposed development). Analyses of the peak flow rates, floodplains and floodplain limits, for these conditions proceeded in the following sequence:

- (1) Peak flow rates were calculated using HEC-1 modeling software. HEC-1 output files can be found in Appendix C.
- (2) Hydraulic models were developed to evaluate flood elevations for the streams under peak flow conditions using HEC-RAS.
- (3) The floodplains were delineated using the results of the hydraulic modeling.

Peak flow rates, water surface elevations, and floodway boundaries are based on 100-year storm frequency.

O:\0771\368\EXPANSION 2021\CLOMR\1.1-SITE LOCATION MAP.dwg, Farrington, 1:2



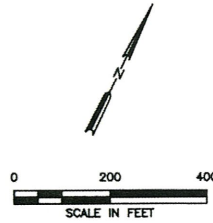
LEGEND
 - - - - - PROPERTY/PERMIT BOUNDARY
 - - - - - CREEK FLOW LINE

- Unincorporated Community
- ⊕ County Seat
- ⊕ Border Crossing
- ⊕ Cemetery
- ⊕ Cemetery (Inside City)
- ⊕ Deep Draft Port
- ⊕ Shallow Draft Port
- Railroad
- Dam
- River or Stream
- TXDOT District
- Lakes
- Education
- Military
- Airport Runway
- Airport
- Prison
- Parks and Other Public Land



NOTE:
 1. REPRODUCED FROM 2018 TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION COUNTY MAPS, JOHNSON COUNTY.

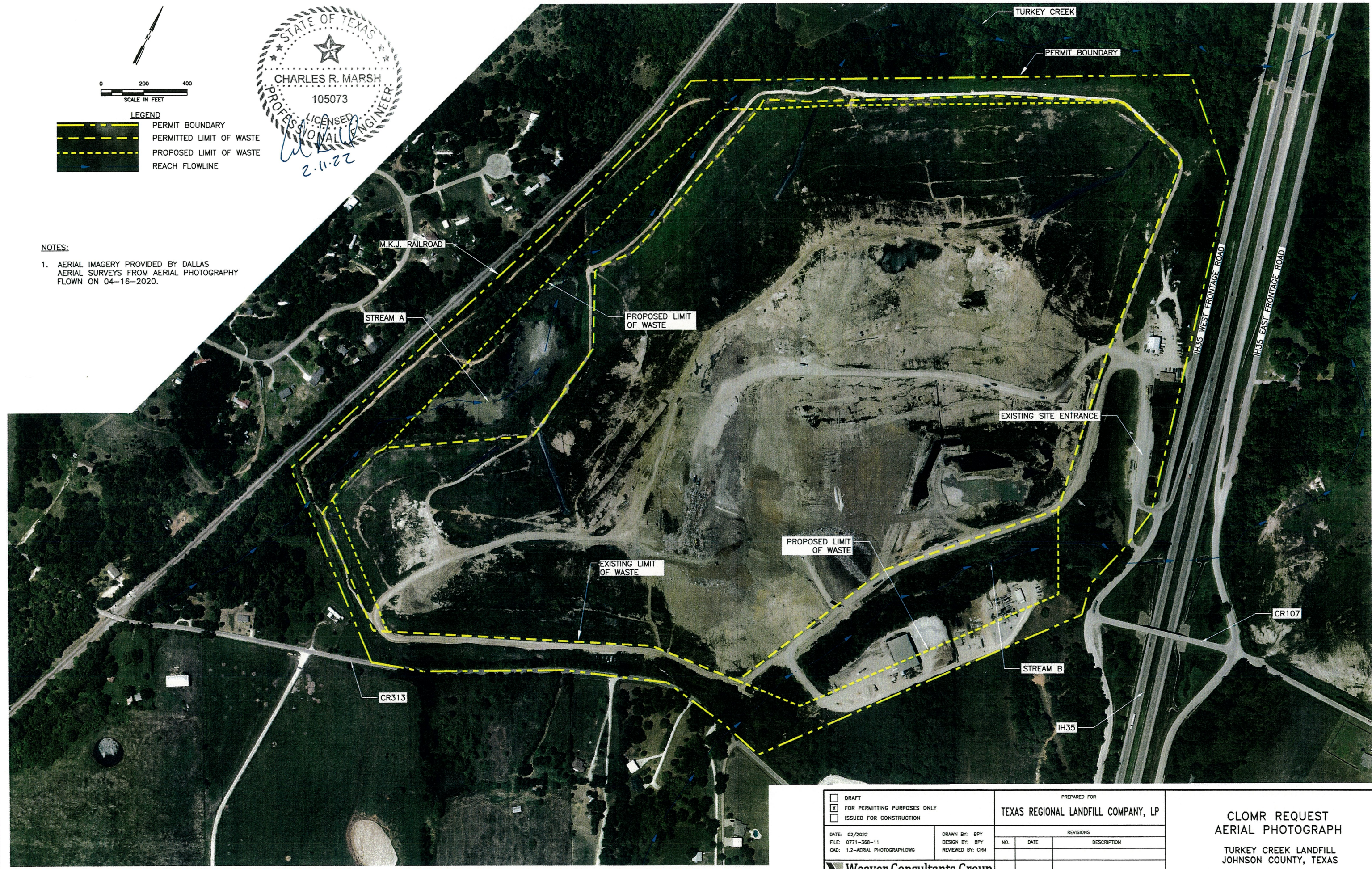
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SITE LOCATION MAP | |
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FILE: 0771-368-11
CAD: 1.1-SITE LOCATION MAP.DWG | DRAWN BY: RAA
DESIGN BY: BPY
REVIEWED BY: CRM | TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS |
| REVISIONS | | WWW.WCGRP.COM | |
| Weaver Consultants Group
TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727 | | FIGURE 1.1 | |



LEGEND

| | |
|--|--------------------------|
| | PERMIT BOUNDARY |
| | PERMITTED LIMIT OF WASTE |
| | PROPOSED LIMIT OF WASTE |
| | REACH FLOWLINE |

NOTES:
 1. AERIAL IMAGERY PROVIDED BY DALLAS AERIAL SURVEYS FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 04-16-2020.



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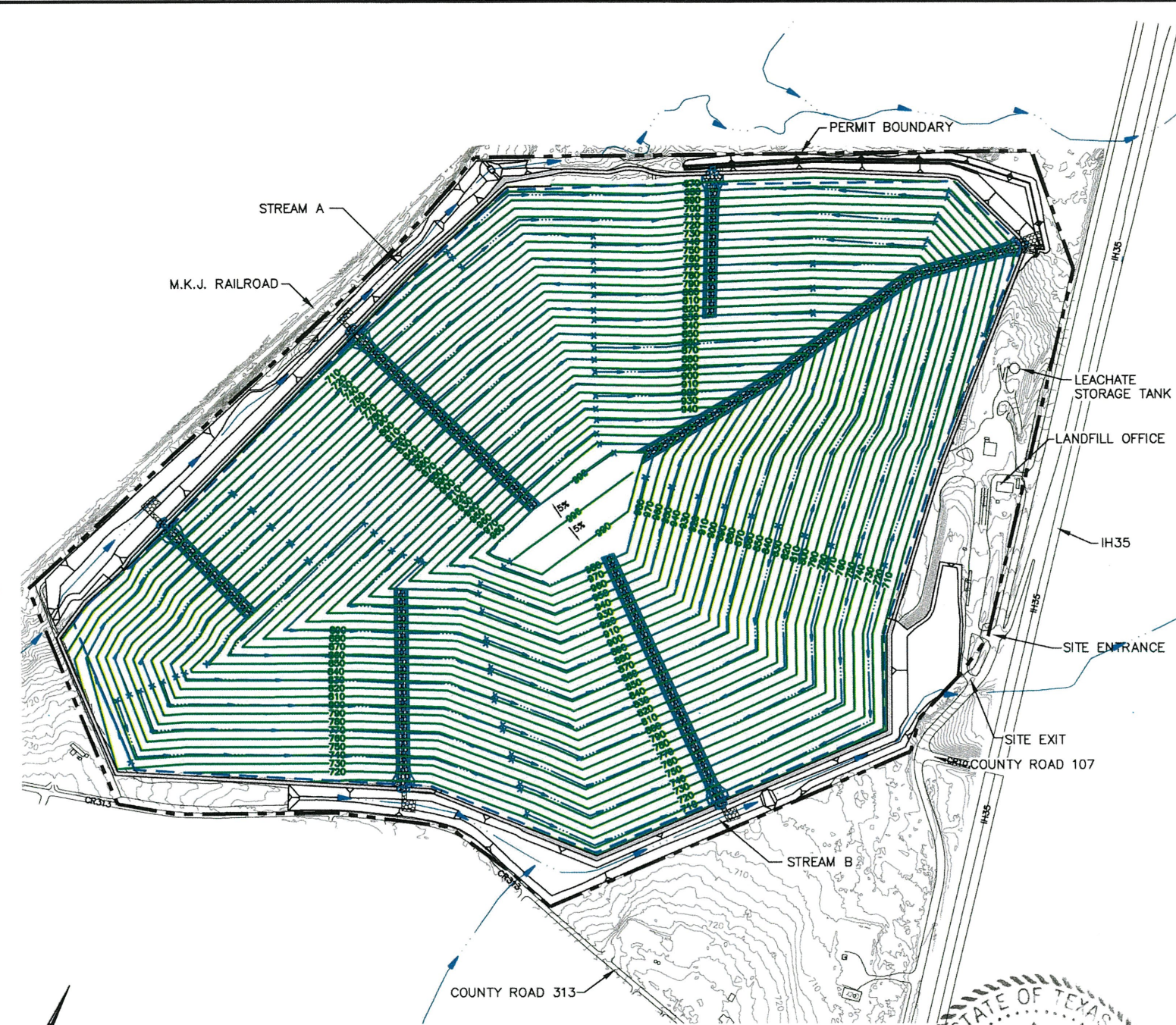
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| CLOMR REQUEST
AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH | |
| TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS | |
| WWW.WCGRP.COM | FIGURE 1.2 |

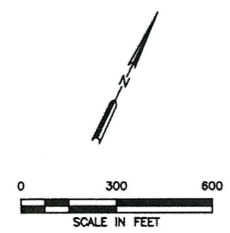
O:\0771\366\EXPANSION 2021\CLOMEX\1.3-EXPANSION COMPARISON SUMMARY.dwg, rarrington, 1:2



PERMITTED LANDFILL COMPLETION PLAN

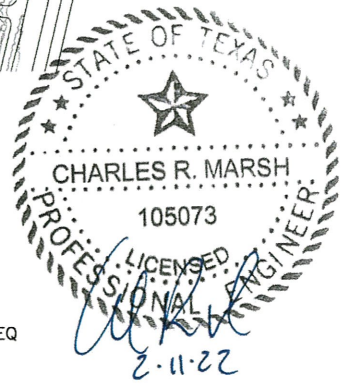


PROPOSED LANDFILL COMPLETION PLAN



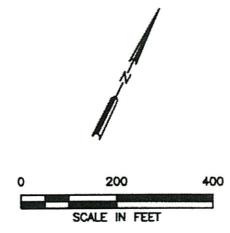
- LEGEND**
- PERMIT BOUNDARY
 - LIMITS OF WASTE
 - 750 --- EXISTING CONTOUR
 - EASEMENT
 - 870 --- FINAL COVER CONTOUR
 - REACH FLOWLINE
 - DRAINAGE LETDOWN
 - DRAINAGE SWALE

- NOTES:**
- EXISTING CONTOURS AND ELEVATIONS PROVIDED BY FIRMATEK FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY FLOWN ON 01-08-2021.
 - PERMITTED LANDFILL COMPLETION PLAN, INCLUDING DRAINAGE FACILITIES HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE CURRENT SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN APPROVED BY TCEQ ON 10-08-2020.

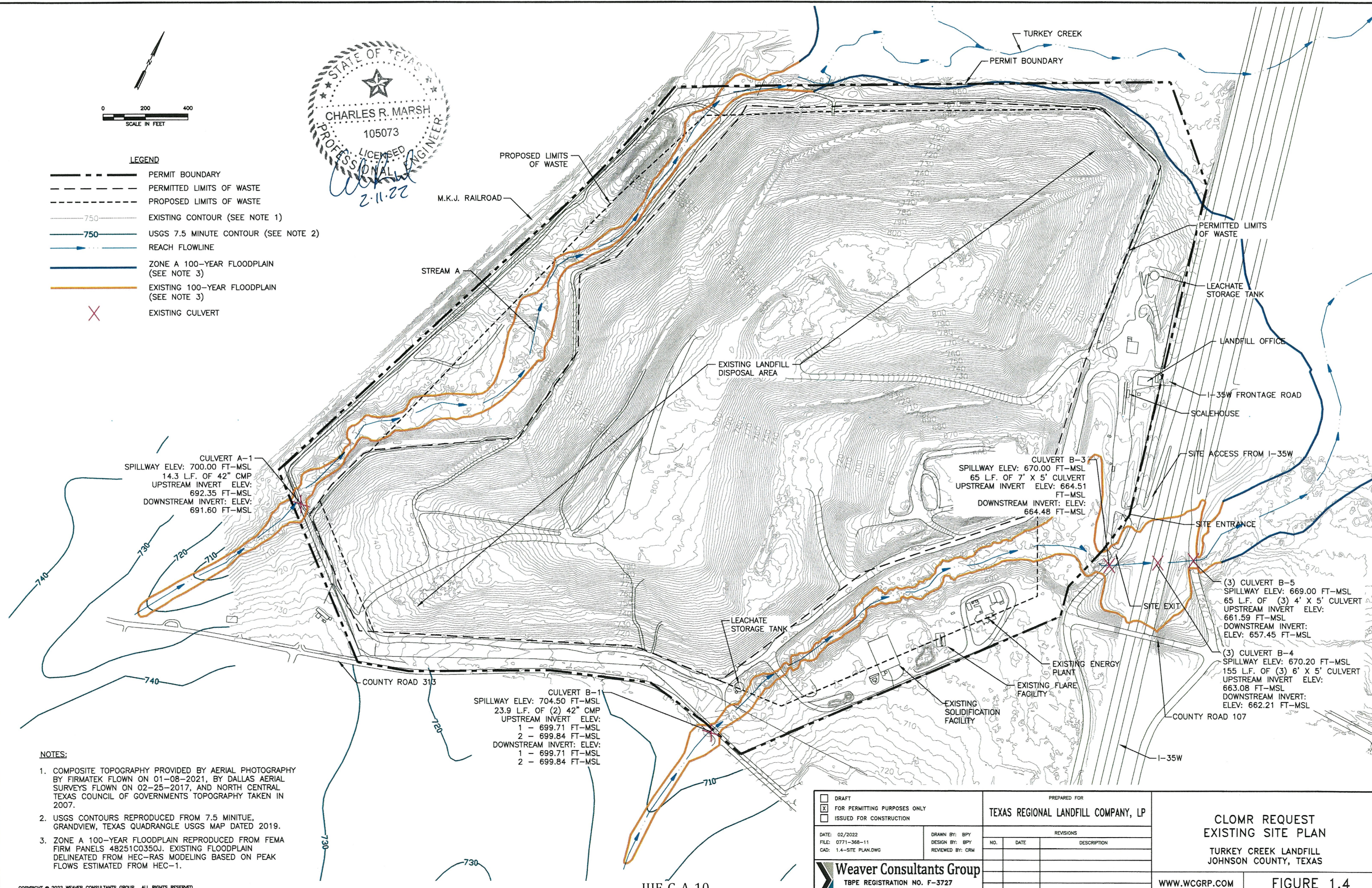


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 EXPANSION COMPARISON
 SUMMARY

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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FILE: 0771-366-11
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DESIGN BY: BPY
REVIEWED BY: CRM | | | | REVISIONS
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- LEGEND**
- PERMIT BOUNDARY
 - - - PERMITTED LIMITS OF WASTE
 - - - PROPOSED LIMITS OF WASTE
 - 750 --- EXISTING CONTOUR (SEE NOTE 1)
 - 750 --- USGS 7.5 MINUTE CONTOUR (SEE NOTE 2)
 - REACH FLOWLINE
 - ZONE A 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN (SEE NOTE 3)
 - EXISTING 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN (SEE NOTE 3)
 - X EXISTING CULVERT



CULVERT A-1
 SPILLWAY ELEV: 700.00 FT-MSL
 14.3 L.F. OF 42" CMP
 UPSTREAM INVERT ELEV:
 692.35 FT-MSL
 DOWNSTREAM INVERT: ELEV:
 691.60 FT-MSL

CULVERT B-3
 SPILLWAY ELEV: 670.00 FT-MSL
 65 L.F. OF 7' X 5' CULVERT
 UPSTREAM INVERT ELEV: 664.51
 FT-MSL
 DOWNSTREAM INVERT: ELEV:
 664.48 FT-MSL

(3) CULVERT B-5
 SPILLWAY ELEV: 669.00 FT-MSL
 65 L.F. OF (3) 4' X 5' CULVERT
 UPSTREAM INVERT ELEV:
 661.59 FT-MSL
 DOWNSTREAM INVERT:
 ELEV: 657.45 FT-MSL

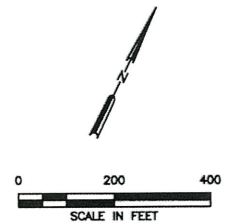
(3) CULVERT B-4
 SPILLWAY ELEV: 670.20 FT-MSL
 155 L.F. OF (3) 6' X 5' CULVERT
 UPSTREAM INVERT ELEV:
 663.08 FT-MSL
 DOWNSTREAM INVERT:
 ELEV: 662.21 FT-MSL

CULVERT B-1
 SPILLWAY ELEV: 704.50 FT-MSL
 23.9 L.F. OF (2) 42" CMP
 UPSTREAM INVERT ELEV:
 1 - 699.71 FT-MSL
 2 - 699.84 FT-MSL
 DOWNSTREAM INVERT: ELEV:
 1 - 699.71 FT-MSL
 2 - 699.84 FT-MSL

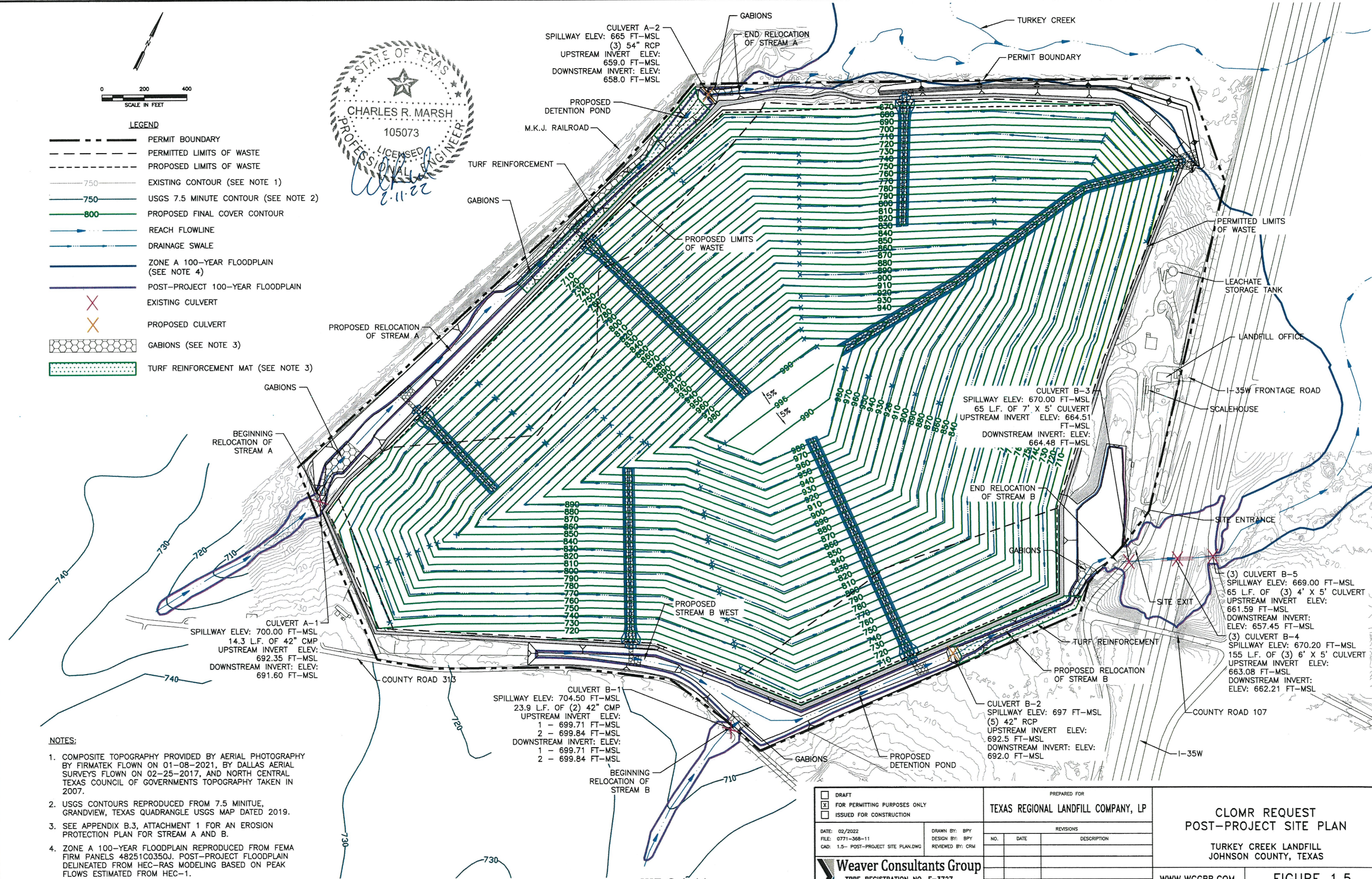
- NOTES:**
- COMPOSITE TOPOGRAPHY PROVIDED BY AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY BY FIRMATEK FLOWN ON 01-08-2021, BY DALLAS AERIAL SURVEYS FLOWN ON 02-25-2017, AND NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS TOPOGRAPHY TAKEN IN 2007.
 - USGS CONTOURS REPRODUCED FROM 7.5 MINUTUE, GRANDVIEW, TEXAS QUADRANGLE USGS MAP DATED 2019.
 - ZONE A 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN REPRODUCED FROM FEMA FIRM PANELS 48251C0350J. EXISTING FLOODPLAIN DELINEATED FROM HEC-RAS MODELING BASED ON PEAK FLOWS ESTIMATED FROM HEC-1.

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 EXISTING SITE PLAN | | | | | | | | | | | |
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CAD: 1.4-SITE PLAN.DWG | | | | DRAWN BY: BPY
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JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| | | WWW.WCGRP.COM | | FIGURE 1.4 | | | | | | | | | | | |

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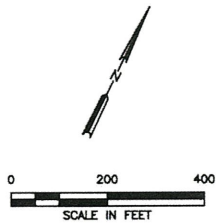
- LEGEND**
- PERMIT BOUNDARY
 - - - PERMITTED LIMITS OF WASTE
 - - - PROPOSED LIMITS OF WASTE
 - 750 EXISTING CONTOUR (SEE NOTE 1)
 - 750 USGS 7.5 MINUTE CONTOUR (SEE NOTE 2)
 - 800 PROPOSED FINAL COVER CONTOUR
 - REACH FLOWLINE
 - DRAINAGE SWALE
 - ZONE A 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN (SEE NOTE 4)
 - POST-PROJECT 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN
 - ✕ EXISTING CULVERT
 - ✕ PROPOSED CULVERT
 - ▨ GABIONS (SEE NOTE 3)
 - ▨ TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT (SEE NOTE 3)



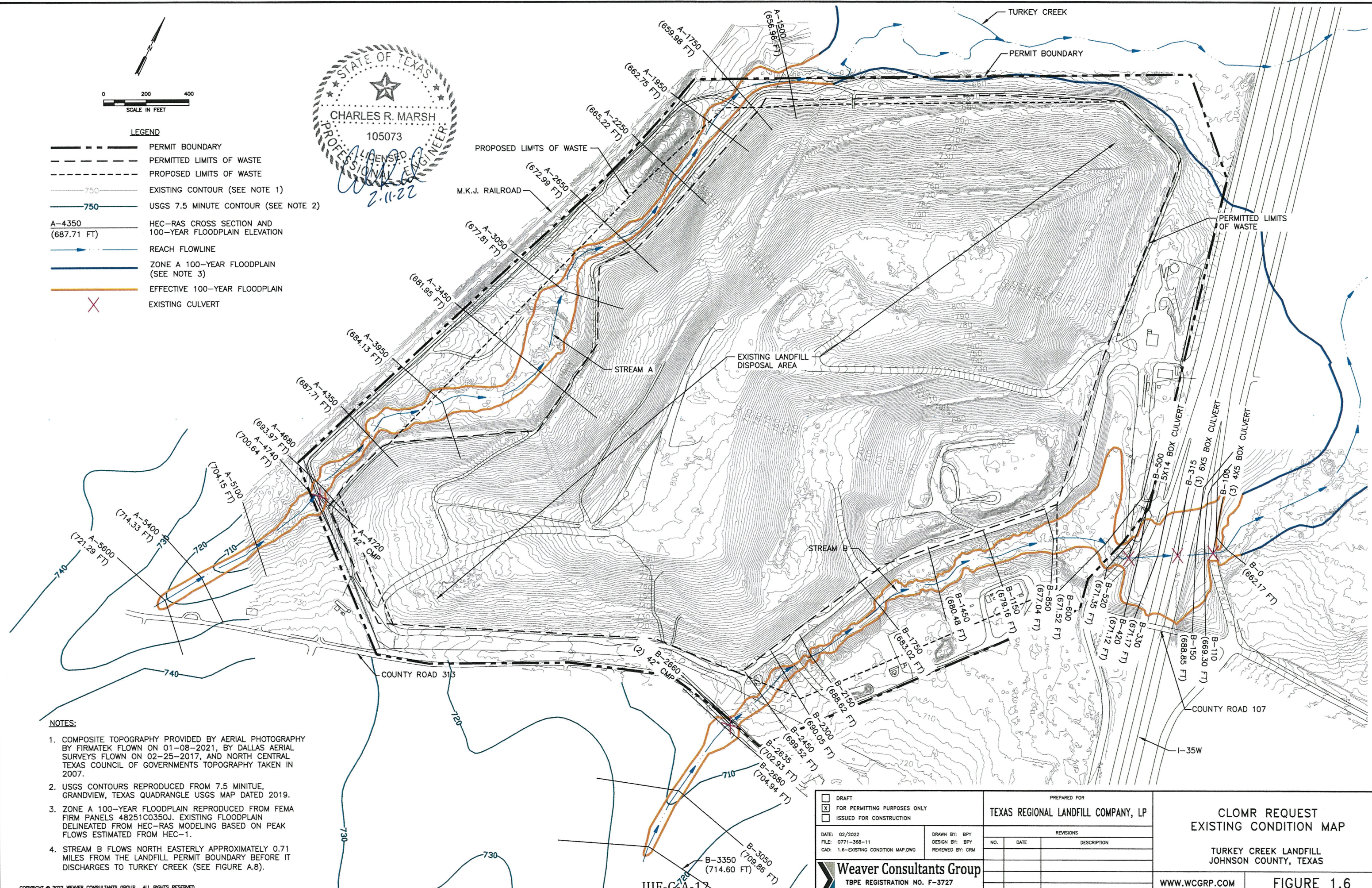
- NOTES:**
- COMPOSITE TOPOGRAPHY PROVIDED BY AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY BY FIRMATEK FLOWN ON 01-08-2021, BY DALLAS AERIAL SURVEYS FLOWN ON 02-25-2017, AND NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS TOPOGRAPHY TAKEN IN 2007.
 - USGS CONTOURS REPRODUCED FROM 7.5 MINUTE, GRANDVIEW, TEXAS QUADRANGLE USGS MAP DATED 2019.
 - SEE APPENDIX B.3, ATTACHMENT 1 FOR AN EROSION PROTECTION PLAN FOR STREAM A AND B.
 - ZONE A 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN REPRODUCED FROM FEMA FIRM PANELS 48251C0350J. POST-PROJECT FLOODPLAIN DELINEATED FROM HEC-RAS MODELING BASED ON PEAK FLOWS ESTIMATED FROM HEC-1.

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- LEGEND**
- PERMIT BOUNDARY
 - - - PERMITTED LIMITS OF WASTE
 - - - PROPOSED LIMITS OF WASTE
 - 750 EXISTING CONTOUR (SEE NOTE 1)
 - 750 USGS 7.5 MINUTE CONTOUR (SEE NOTE 2)
 - A-4350 HEC-RAS CROSS SECTION AND 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN ELEVATION (687.71 FT)
 - REACH FLOWLINE
 - ZONE A 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN (SEE NOTE 3)
 - EFFECTIVE 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN
 - X EXISTING CULVERT

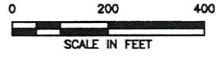


- NOTES:**
1. COMPOSITE TOPOGRAPHY PROVIDED BY AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY BY FIRMATEK FLOWN ON 01-08-2021, BY DALLAS AERIAL SURVEYS FLOWN ON 02-25-2017, AND NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS TOPOGRAPHY TAKEN IN 2007.
 2. USGS CONTOURS REPRODUCED FROM 7.5 MINUTUE, GRANDVIEW, TEXAS QUADRANGLE USGS MAP DATED 2019.
 3. ZONE A 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN REPRODUCED FROM FEMA FIRM PANELS 48251C0350J. EXISTING FLOODPLAIN DELINEATED FROM HEC-RAS MODELING BASED ON PEAK FLOWS ESTIMATED FROM HEC-1.
 4. STREAM B FLOWS NORTH EASTERLY APPROXIMATELY 0.71 MILES FROM THE LANDFILL PERMIT BOUNDARY BEFORE IT DISCHARGES TO TURKEY CREEK (SEE FIGURE A.8).

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EXISTING CONDITION MAP | | | | | | | | |
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JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS | |
| NO. | DATE | DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WWW.WCGRP.COM | | FIGURE 1.6 | | | | | | | | | |

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III-F-G-A-12



LEGEND

- PERMIT BOUNDARY
- PERMITTED LIMITS OF WASTE
- PROPOSED LIMITS OF WASTE
- 750 EXISTING CONTOUR (SEE NOTE 1)
- 750 USGS 7.5 MINUTE CONTOUR (SEE NOTE 2)
- 800 PROPOSED FINAL COVER CONTOUR
- A-4350 HEC-RAS CROSS SECTION AND 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN ELEVATION (687.71 FT)
- REACH FLOWLINE
- DRAINAGE SWALE
- ZONE A 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN (SEE NOTE 3)
- FORMER STREAM LOCATION
- POST-PROJECT 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN
- EXISTING CULVERT
- PROPOSED CULVERT



M.K.J. RAILROAD

TURKEY CREEK

PERMIT BOUNDARY

PERMITTED LIMITS OF WASTE

PROPOSED LIMITS OF WASTE

PROPOSED RELOCATION OF STREAM A

FORMER STREAM A LOCATION

FORMER STREAM B LOCATION

PROPOSED STREAM B WEST

PROPOSED RELOCATION OF STREAM B

COUNTY ROAD 313

COUNTY ROAD 107

NOTES:

1. COMPOSITE TOPOGRAPHY PROVIDED BY AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY BY FIRMATEK FLOWN ON 01-08-2021, BY DALLAS AERIAL SURVEYS FLOWN ON 02-25-2017, AND NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS TOPOGRAPHY TAKEN IN 2007.
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3. ZONE A 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN REPRODUCED FROM FEMA FIRM PANELS 48251C0350J. POST-PROJECT FLOODPLAIN DELINEATED FROM HEC-RAS MODELING BASED ON PEAK FLOWS ESTIMATED FROM HEC-1.
4. STREAM B FLOWS NORTH EASTERLY APPROXIMATELY 0.71 MILES FROM THE LANDFILL PERMIT BOUNDARY BEFORE IT DISCHARGES TO TURKEY CREEK (SEE FIGURE A.8).

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**CLOMR REQUEST
 POST-PROJECT CONDITION MAP**

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
 JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS

Weaver Consultants Group
 TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727

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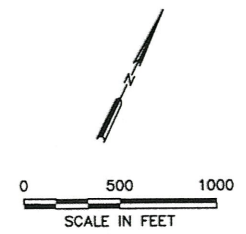
FLOOD HAZARD INFORMATION

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR DRAFT FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

| | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS | | Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE)
Zone A, V, A99 |
| | | With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR |
| OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD | | Regulatory Floodway |
| | | 0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X |
| | | Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Zone X |
| | | Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee See Notes Zone X |
| | | Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D |
| OTHER AREAS | | NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X |
| | | Effective LOMRs |
| GENERAL STRUCTURES | | Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D |
| | | Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer |
| OTHER FEATURES | | Levee, Dike, or Floodwall |
| | | 20.2 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance |
| | | 17.5 Water Surface Elevation |
| | | Coastal Transect |
| | | Coastal Transect Baseline |
| | | Profile Baseline |
| | | Hydrographic Feature |
| | Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE) | |
| | 513 Limit of Study | |
| | Jurisdiction Boundary | |



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LEGEND

PROPERTY BOUNDARY

NOTES:

- REPRODUCED FROM FEMA FIRM NUMBERS 4808810350J AND 4808790350J FOR CITY OF GRANDVIEW, AND JOHNSON COUNTY, UNINCORPORATED AREAS, EFFECTIVE DECEMBER 4TH, 2010.

| <input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY
<input type="checkbox"/> ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION | PREPARED FOR | | TEXAS REGIONAL LANDFILL COMPANY, LP

CLOMR REQUEST
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM)

TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | DATE: 02/2022
FILE: 0771-368-11
CAD: A.2-FIRM.DWG | | | DRAWN BY: BPY
DESIGN BY: BPY
REVIEWED BY: CRM | | | | | | | | |
|
TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727 | | REVISIONS
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>NO.</th> <th>DATE</th> <th>DESCRIPTION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | NO. | | DATE | DESCRIPTION | | | | | | |
| NO. | DATE | DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| IIF-G-A-14 | | FIGURE A.2 | | | | | | | | | | |

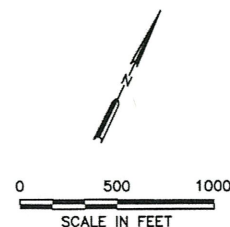
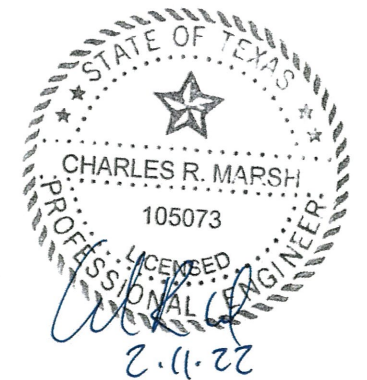
O:\0771\368\EXPANSION 2021\CLOMR\A.B-REVISED FIRM.dwg, Farrington, 1:2



FLOOD HAZARD INFORMATION

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR DRAFT FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

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| SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS | | Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE)
Zone A, V, A99 |
| | | With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR |
| OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD | | Regulatory Floodway |
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| | | NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X |
| OTHER AREAS | | Effective LOMRs |
| | | Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D |
| GENERAL STRUCTURES | | Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer |
| | | Levee, Dike, or Floodwall |
| OTHER FEATURES | | 20.2 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance |
| | | 17.5 Water Surface Elevation |
| | | 8 Coastal Transect |
| | | Coastal Transect Baseline |
| | | Profile Baseline |
| | | Hydrographic Feature |
| OTHER FEATURES | | 513 Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE) |
| | | Limit of Study |
| | | Jurisdiction Boundary |



| LEGEND | |
|--------|-----------------------|
| | PROPERTY BOUNDARY |
| | POST-PROJECT FLOODWAY |

NOTES:

- REPRODUCED FROM FEMA FIRM NUMBERS 4808810350J AND 4808790350J FOR CITY OF GRANDVIEW, AND JOHNSON COUNTY, UNINCORPORATED AREAS, EFFECTIVE DECEMBER 4TH, 2010.

| <input type="checkbox"/> DRAFT
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOR PERMITTING PURPOSES ONLY
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CLOMR REQUEST
REVISED FLOOD INSURANCE
RATE MAP (FIRM)
TURKEY CREEK LANDFILL
JOHNSON COUNTY, TEXAS | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | DATE: 02/2022
FILE: 0771-368-11
CAD: A.2-FIRM.DWG | | DRAWN BY: BPY
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| REVISIONS | | WWW.WCGRP.COM | | | | | | | | |
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| NO. | DATE | DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Weaver Consultants Group
TBPE REGISTRATION NO. F-3727 | | FIGURE A.8 | | | | | | | | |